First In Everything.
First in news, first in enterprise and first in the hearts of the people is The Sun.
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

Always on the Move!
Always progressive, never taking a vacation, but alert and alive; that's the continual condition of
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

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GONE TO JURY

Verdict is Awaited in the Hicks Case

At the opening of the session of superior court this morning, Judge Waite charged the jury in the case of Hicks vs. New England Kennell club, which was started yesterday morning. As this case was the first to be tried at this term he court gave quite a lengthy discourse on the duties of the jurors. He said he did not know how many of the men had served as jurors before, but he was going to take it for granted that the majority of the men had never sat on a jury before. The court then informed the jurors of the oath which they had taken, also the different actions brought, describing actions of tort, contract and replevin.

The court told the jury to examine the witnesses carefully and observe if they are biased or interested on either side of the case in which event they may make a favorable or an unfavorable answer. The jurors were told that witnesses are not allowed to give opinions excepting in cases where experts are on the stand.

"You must be impartial and without fear or favor," said Judge Waite. "You are to agree upon a verdict if possible, and the 12 men must agree, it is not a mere matter of majority. The burden of proof is laid upon the plaintiff so that the plaintiff must have the greater weight on his side or he fails, whether or not the defendant has proven anything."

The court after giving instructions charged the jury in the Hicks vs. New England Kennell club case, and the jury retired at 10.45.

RATIFY TICKET

Bourke Cockran Will Address Democrats

Saturday evening at Faneuil hall, Boston, the democrats will ratify the nominations of Gaston and Olney, and the principal speaker on that occasion will be Hon. W. Bourke Cockran of New York.

Mayor Collins will preside and will make one of his famous campaign speeches, dealing with state and city affairs and their relative connection. The mayor intends to make reference to the state commissions, which rule Boston in whole or in part.

The four democratic congressmen, McNary, Keliher, Sullivan and Thayer—are also to speak, and the candidates on the state ticket will be heard.

W. C. T. U.

The annual meeting will be held at the rooms, Thursday, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. W. F. Courtney wishes to inform her lady friends and customers that she will occupy her new parlors Saturday, Oct. 10, at 204 Merrimack street.

POET
10¢ CIGAR
NOTHING BETTER

SUITS | SKIRTS

YOU MUST COME

And we will make it worth your trouble as we shall offer today and tomorrow some values in New Suits and Skirts that you cannot afford to pass by. We will not tire you with extended argument, but quote these few leaders.

Suits at $13.75

A fine quality cheviot, long skirt effect, satin lined, metal buttons, and has all the earmarks of a $20.00 suit. The colors are black and blue.

Skirts at $2.98

A Walking, 5 gore, flare skirt, nicely trimmed in mixed material; also black and blue, value $6.00. A rare bargain.

Other exceptional values now ready in Jackets and Capes, Waists, Furs and Raincoats.

Correct Styles. Advanced Ideas. Lowest Prices.

The New York Cloak and Suit Co.
12 JOHN STREET

JACKETS | FURS

MULE SPINNERS

Delegates Are Holding a Secret Session Today

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 7.—PROMPTLY AT NINE O'CLOCK PRESIDENT MICHAEL DUGGAN OF LOWELL CALLED TO ORDER THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 33 TEXTILE DISTRICTS OF NEW ENGLAND, NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY, WHO ARE ATTENDING THE NATIONAL MULE SPINNERS' CONVENTION HERE. THE CONVENTION WENT INTO SECRET SESSION AT ONCE.

HIS FLESH TORN

Stolen Horse Went Over 25 Foot Embankment

Entangled in portions of a barbed wire fence, his flesh torn and bleeding and fastened beneath the wagon to which he had been attached, a valuable green horse, valued at $225, struggled at the foot of a 25 foot embankment down which he had tumbled in South Lowell, at daybreak this morning.

The horse is owned by Mr. Demerais, the Lakeview avenue plumber, and he was stolen at Riverside Park last evening while Mr. Demerais was visiting a friend.

The horse was found by Peter Stanhope of Liberty street, South Lowell, between four and five o'clock this morning.

The poor brute was kicking and slashing but the weight of the heavy wagon held him down, while the cruel steel thorns of the wire fence pierced his flesh in a hundred places.

Whoever stole the horse drove him along the top of the embankment of the Lawrence & Lowell division of the Boston & Lowell railroad. They hitched him to a stake about four feet from the edge of the embankment and some time during the night the horse broke away from the stake and with the wagon tumbled down the embankment carrying a portion of a barbed wire fence with him.

The veterinaries think the horse will live, but his condition is serious.

LOWELL MAN

Was Shot While Trying to Enter a House

By Associated Press to The Sun

CAMDEN, Me., Oct. 7—Detected while apparently in the act of breaking into the residence of Fred A. Packard, on Chestnut street, W. F. Kelley of Rockport, the son of a well-known contractor of Lowell, Mass., was shot in the back by Mr. Packard, and is now at the Knox hospital, with a serious and possibly fatal wound.

Mr. Packard has not been arrested, but the police are making a thorough investigation of the affair.

The shooting occurred just before midnight last night. According to Mr. Packard, his [illegible] saw a man prowling around the house when she was preparing to retire and called the fact to his attention.

Armed with a shotgun, Packard went to the orchard to investigate, and was just in time to see the stranger approach the house and peer through a window.

A minute later the fellow, Packard says, stealthily climbed up a trellis and was about to force a second story window when Packard called to him to throw up his hands.

The man, who was armed with a stout club, made no sign of hearing the command and continued his attack on the window.

When a second call was unheeded, Packard says he fired the full charge, striking Kelley in the back. He lost his balance and fell to the ground, where he remained until officers and a physician, who were summoned, took him in charge and ordered his removal to the hospital.

Packard, who is 32 years old, has been employed in a shipyard at Rockport. He has a wife and several children.

After long waiting, Mrs. W. F. Courtney will occupy her new millinery store at 204 Merrimack street Saturday, Oct. 10th. All are invited [illegible]

DEATHS

COBURN—J. V. B. Coburn died Monday at his home in Revere, after a long illness from heart disease. He was 78 years old. Mr. Coburn was a native of Dracut and was formerly a manufacturer in Lowell. He went to Revere to live about 25 years ago, dealt in real estate for himself and as agent during the most of his residence in the town. He was a widower, and leaves no children. Mr. Coburn was one of the most liberal contributors to the building fund of the Boston Evangelical Institute.

LEE—Mr. Michael A. Lee of Livermore street, got a despatch today stating that his mother is dead at Lee Hill, N. H. She was 70 years old and a venerable old lady, who leaves eight children, all full grown, namely Michael A., John J., Patrick J., William H., James M., Hannah, Norah E., and Nellie M. She was widely esteemed for her sincere piety and her devotion to her family. The funeral will take place from the village church Friday.

The best doctors say:—If it's Ayer's Sarsaparilla, it's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

G. W. BONNEVILLE, D. D. S.
LOWELL DENTAL PARLORS
Painless Extraction. 109 Merrimack St.
We give Green Trading Stamps.

FOR SALE—Small lodging house for sale cheap for cash. Inquire 350 Middlesex street.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Local forecast: Cloudy, probably with occasional rain tonight and Thursday; warmer tonight; warmer Thursday; fresh to brisk east to south winds, increasing in force.

If we lie, we contract debts that have to be met in future loss and unpleasantness. The publisher who lies about the circulation of his paper, not only injures himself, but attracts the average merchant to an atmosphere of injustice and falsehood.

BISSELL IS DEAD

Was a Member of Cleveland's Cabinet

By Associated Press to The Sun

BUFFALO, Oct. 7—Wilson S. Bissell died at 10.05 last night of Bright's disease. He suffered a sharp relapse during the day and gradually sank hour by hour. Dr. De Witt H. Sherman spent the latter half of the day and all the night up to the time of the former postmaster general's death in the Bissell home.

At 6 in the evening he announced that Mr. Bissell would probably survive the night, but that death was certain within 36 hours. A few hours before dying Mr. Bissell brightened up and told Dr. Sherman that he realized the end was near. He asked to have his family called to his bedside.

Soon afterward he sank into a profound coma and remained practically in that condition until death. He had been sick some weeks.

The beautiful millinery parlors of Mrs. W. F. Courtney will be open for inspection Saturday, Oct. 10th. The ladies are cordially invited to attend.

A rare opportunity to get shoes at cost. 20th Century Shoe Store.

VICTORIOUS MUNYON

Captures the Country from Maine to Oregon

200,000 BOTTLES SOLD

Last Week Laboratories Running Day and Night

THOUSANDS CURED

Testimony of Prominent People from All Over the Country

Dyspepsia, Nervousness and All Stomach Troubles

Yield to This New Vegetable Elixir of Life

The mayor of Augusta, Me., says:
Augusta, Me., Aug. 31, 1903.
Prof. Munyon,
Dear Sir: For the past year or more I have been troubled with dyspepsia and indigestion and can truthfully state that after the use of part of one bottle of Paw Paw I find my stomach very much improved and expect to become entirely free from this ailment with the further assistance of your vegetable pepsin, Paw Paw.
(Signed),
G. A. ROBSIN,
Mayor of Augusta, Me.

Mr. E. P. Wood, buyer of Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston, says:
Prof. Munyon,
Dear Sir—I have been taking Paw Paw for some time as a strengthening tonic and it has proven itself a most wonderful medicine. I eat well and can truthfully state that the food I eat digests perfectly. After taking Paw Paw I feel braced up and I recommend this wonderful remedy to all brain workers who are in need of a superior tonic.
(Signed),
E. G. WOOD,
[illegible]

[illegible] of Boston, [illegible]
Prof. Munyon,
Dear Sir: I have taken [illegible] of remedies for dyspepsia and have received absolutely no benefit until I tried your Paw Paw. This wonderful remedy seemed to act at once. I am more than glad to state that I have not had a particle of my old trouble since using Munyon's Paw Paw.
(Signed),
JOHN SCOTT,
18 Kandall Street.

M. W. Dempsey, of Boston, says:
Prof. Munyon,
Dear Sir: For some time I have suffered with nervous depression, due to poor digestion, in fact I could eat nothing but soup and a few cereals. Since taking Munyon's Paw Paw I have made a decided improvement, eat well, sleep well and feel very much happier in spirit. It is the finest remedy I have ever taken. My wife also uses it as a tonic with the most pleasing results.
(Signed),
M. W. DEMPSEY,
114 South Street.

These almost at random. Nothing like it ever been known. A wave of enthusiasm for Munyon's Paw Paw is sweeping the country. Men and women in every rank of life are joyously telling of the wonderful cures it has effected.

It ends nervousness.
It brings refreshing sleep.
It cures stomach troubles.

None of these ailments can exist in the presence of Munyon's Paw Paw. It stimulates the stomach to such natural activity that a normal appetite and normal digestion are assured. The digestive process throughout is as it should be. Assimilation is as it should be. Every organ of the body is put in perfect tone and kept there. Paw Paw stimulates by bringing perfect health. It kills the appetite for whiskey or beer. It lifts and holds you up.

At all drug stores, $1.00 per bottle. Paw Paw Laxative Pills, 25 cents per bottle.

SAD ACCIDENT

Chelmsford Boy Hanged With Hitching Rope

Sad and strange was the death of Leon, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Almon W. Hoit of North street, Chelmsford, which occurred last evening.

He was found dead in the barn at his home, having died from strangulation.

He had ridden into the barn on his bicycle and in some way his head slipped into the noose of a hitching rope attached to one of the beams. His foot was caught in the bicycle and it is supposed that when his head first came in contact with the rope the noose did not tighten, but that in an endeavor to free his head, he slipped and his weight came upon the rope, tightening the noose and securing him so that he could not move.

Dr. Howard was summoned, but the boy was dead when the summons went out to the doctor. He was a good boy, careful in his habits, of cheerful disposition and a favorite with his associates. His sad and untimely death is a hard blow to his family.

Assignee's sale at the 20th Century Shoe Store. Bargains for everyone.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST.

The regular monthly meeting of Star of Lowell lodge, Companions of the Forest, was held last night. It was voted to hold a sociable early in November.

Assignee's sale at the 20th Century Shoe Store—Goods must be sold.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer
OFFICE, 162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Heirs' Sale of Real Estate at Public Auction
SATURDAY, Oct. 10, 1903, at 2 P. M.
RAIN OR SHINE

By consent of the heirs of the late Thomas Gallagher, I will sell to the highest bidder, the eight room house and about 3623 square feet of land, more or less, situated on the southerly side of West Sixth street, No. 152.

This house was built of the very best material and great pains was taken to have a very comfortable home. It has three very pleasant chambers up stairs, large hall, parlor, sitting room, dining room, sewing room, kitchen, bath room with hot and cold water; all lighted with gas, with pretty gas fixtures in every room. Has a high posted, well lighted cellar, with cemented bottom; water closets, sewer, and everything that a person would wish in a home.

The house is 1½ story, with bay window, set up well from the street, with piazza on the side that leads to a very pretty garden, with grass lawn, set out with pear, plum, apple, cherry, and peach trees; grape vine trails over shed in rear, also shrubs, etc. Has concrete walks, sidewalks and edge stones all in, is well fenced, in fact there is not one thing to be done to this place that could improve it.

As this is an heir sale to settle this estate, it is a positive sale, and I invite the public to attend.

TERMS: $200 must be paid to the auctioneer at time and place of sale. Other terms made known at sale.

Per D. J. DONOHUE, ESQ.

THE Bon Marche

TWELVE SPECIAL ITEMS
From the
Domestic Basement Section

"About the emptyest thing I kno ov iz a pocketbook with nothing in it. It is rather wuss than a knot hole." Josh Billings.

If you shop in the Bon Marche, you'll always have "something" in your pocketbook. Read about these [illegible]

BLEACHED SHEETS, Each 39c.
Size 72x90, good cotton, 50c would be the proper price.

SKIRT PATTERNS, Each 23c.
Plain and Fancy Flannelettes.

FACE CLOTHS, Each 2c.
Turkish—5c value.

TOWELS, Each 10c.
Huckaback—size 19x41, (please note the size), always 12½c each.

COMFORTERS, Each 98c.
Full size, filled with pure white cotton. $1.25 would be a reasonable price.

DOMET FLANNEL, Yard 3½c.
White, good width, always 5c yard.

DIAPER CLOTH, Piece 39c.
18 inches wide, slightly imperfect. Perfect goods, sell at 69c piece.

BERKSHIRE PLAIDS, Yard 12½c.
Best quality, excellent for school dresses.

BLANKETS, Pair 49c.
10x4, white, grey or tan, all perfect.

HANDKERCHIEFS, Each 2c.
Women's hemstitched. A big bargain.

BATH ROBE BLANKETS, Each $2.39.
31 styles and colorings, a leader at above price.

SASH CURTAINS, Pair 25c.
All made, ready to put up, full yard long, stripes and dots.

FROM YESTERDAY'S LATE EDITIONS

$10,000 DAMAGES

Suit of Lowell Woman Against N. E. Kennel Club

The testimony in the case of Hicks vs. the N. E. Kennell company, on trial in the superior court, reported in yesterday's late edition only, is given below:—

"My bill for services was $125.

On cross-examination, witness said that he had been the ordinary family physician and had previously treated Mrs. Hicks for neuralgia. Witness said that Mrs. Hicks was as strong as the average woman.

Dr. George F. Thomas was the next witness placed on the stand. He testified to Mrs. Hicks summoning him on the second of April of this year. His testimony was substantially the same as that offered by Dr. Pillsbury.

On cross-examination witness said that if there had been any foreign substance on the handkerchief it would be possible for it to become absorbed and make the injury worse. On redirect examination witness said that he thought his bill for services was $25.

William Bell, of this city, said he was familiar with the regulations of the New England Kennell club. Witness said he had exhibited dogs and had dogs on exhibition in Boston in February. Witness said he should say that the club was responsible for attendance to the dogs on exhibit, stating that the dogs were fed by attendants of the show.

On cross-examination witness said that the owners of valuable dogs had their own attendants.

Leslie Barnes testified in part as follows: "I met Mrs. Hicks at the show at 1.30 o'clock. We went over to the lunch counter and I ate my dinner." Witness then told of Dr. and Mrs. Hicks going to look at the dogs and described the accident in practically the same manner as did Mrs. Hicks in her testimony. Witness said: "There was no attendant near Puritan when Mrs. Hicks was bitten, but soon after a man came up dressed in overalls and sweater with the club's letters on his sweater. He said that the regular attendant was away and he was taking his place that day."

Witnes then described Mrs. Hicks' condition at her home and testified to seeing her almost every day after the accident and said that she spent three or four nights a week with Mrs. Hicks.

On cross-examination, Miss Barnes said that while the trained nurse was asleep she looked after Mrs. Hicks.

"Did you ever tell anyone that Mrs. Hicks patted Puritan on the head?" asked Mr. Perry.

"No sir, I did not," answered the witness.

At this point a recess of ten minutes was taken and the kennell in which Puritan was, was erected in the court room.

Upon resuming the session Annie R. Lacey was placed on the stand. Witness said she was a trained nurse and after telling the names of some of the physicians she has served under, said that she was now in the employ of Mrs. Hicks and that the latter never went out without her. She also testified to hearing Mrs. Hicks complaining of severe pains.

In answer to a question put by Mr. Perry, witness said she was not a regular hospital trained nurse.

William E. Hicks was the next witness and he testified to being the husband of Mrs. Hicks and also that he met his wife in the Mechanics building in Boston, where the dog show was held on the 24th of February. Witness then told of accompanying his wife and Mrs. Barnes around the hall and related how the accident happened which was practically the same as the description offered by Mrs. Hicks. Continuing witness said: "I saw signs bearing the inscription, 'Dangerous, do no handle' on some of the kennels, but there was no such sign on the kennel occupied by Puritan."

Witness said that he had gone to a considerable expense for doctors, medicine, nursing and household work made necessary owing to the injury to his wife. Witness read an itemized account which footed up to $1,017.50.

"Did you ever make the statement that your wife gently patted the dog on the head?" asked Mr. Perry.

"No sir," replied Mr. Hicks.

"Are you perfectly sure of that?"

"Yes, sir."

"What train did you come home on that night?"

"11.20."

"What did you do from two o'clock, the time which Mrs. Hicks claims to have been bitten, until you took the train for home?"

Mr. Hicks told of visiting different parts of the hall and attending the theatre in the evening.

The plaintiff rested his case at this point.

Lawyer Perry in opening the case for the defense, said that the conducting of a dog show was not a money making affair and went into the description of the benches and other things connected with the show.

The first witness for the defense was John M. Brogan, a chemist in Swampscott.

TREASURER BROGAN'S TESTIMONY.

Mr. Brogan testified in part as follows: "I am the treasurer of the New England Kennel club. I was at the dog show held in Boston in February every day during the show. The club was organized about 20 years ago for the purpose of improving generally the breeds of dogs and giving dog shows and things of that sort. In fact we gave a small dog show in Lowell."

"Do the entry fees that are paid for the entries of different dogs shown in the shows pay the expenses of said shows?" asked Lawyer Perry.

Counsel for the plaintiff objected to this question and the court excluded it. Continuing, witness said that there were at least two dozen placards, and possibly thirty, bearing the inscription, "Visitors are requested not to handle dogs" and "Visitors are warned not to handle dogs," placed in different parts of the hall.

"Do you know where this dog Puritan was benched?" asked Mr. Perry.

"Yes, practically," answered Mr. Brogan.

"Was there any sign in the immediate vicinity?"

"There was on that side of the hall."

"What size were they?"

"22 by 28."

Witness said that Dr. Longest, who had Puritan on exhibition, was there himself and took full charge of his dogs, and would not allow the attendants of the club to handle them at all. Witness said: "The first that I heard of Mrs. Hicks being injured at the show was about the latter part of March, when I received a letter from her attorney.

On cross-examination Mr. Harris asked Mr. Brogan: "Was there an entrance fee charged for dogs?"

Witness answered: "Yes, sir."

"What was the price?"

"50 cents."

"Do you remember the dog 'Puritan?'"

"Yes, sir."

"Who owned him?"

"Mrs. Longest, I think."

"Whether or not the Kennel club supplies food which is given the dogs?"

"No, sir. Austin and Young supplied the food free of charge. Many owners supplied their own food."

TOOK CARE OF PURITAN.

William Castleton, who had charge of Dr. Longest's kennels at Franklin, Mass., was then called and placed on the stand. His testimony in part was as follows: "I was at the dog show in Boston during February and always looked after the dogs under my care. Puritan was under my care. I was in constant attendance, being in the show hall from 6.30 o'clock in the morning until 10.30 o'clock at night. In fact, I never went out of the hall during the time while the show was going on."

At this point the chain and dog collar which were worn by Puritan were put in evidence. Witness then gave a description of how "Puritan" was chained in the kennel.

"Did you see the dog Puritan bite anybody?" asked Lawyer Perry.

"No, sir," said the witness.

"Did you hear from anyone that Puritan had bitten anybody?"

"No, sir."

"Who fed the dog?"

"I fed the dog."

"Whether or not the dogs were constantly under your supervision?"

"They were."

William B. Emery, secretary of the New England Kennel club, was the next witness and he said: "I was in constant attendance at the show. The bench in the court room came from Braintree, where the club stores its goods. I received no notice from Mrs. Hicks of being bitten by a dog. The first I knew of it was when Mr. Brogan notified me. The price of admission was 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children."

Mr. Harris asked witness if he knew who owns the dog Puritan.

Witness answered: "I think he is in heaven."

"Who?" asked counsel, who did not hear the answer given by witness.

"I think Mrs. Longest owned it, but the dog is dead."

Just before the noon adjournment Dr. Robert E. Bell was placed on the stand. He said that he had examined Mrs. Hicks this morning and that her arms were exactly alike in measurements and looks.

At this point court adjourned till 2.15 o'clock. Judge Waite cautioned the jury men sitting on the case about discussing the case outside or with each other. He told them to wait until the case was over and then discuss the facts together in the jury room. This was the first case that the jury sat on and were the preliminary words of advice usually given by the court to the jury.

Court adjourned.

Court was resumed at 2.15 o'clock with Dr. Bell on the stand. In answer to questions put by Mr. Perry, witness said that he did not consider a dog bite very dangerous. He said that in his opinion a dog bite would not cause the nervous temperament now possessed by Mrs. Hicks. Dr. Bell said that he had treated a number of cases of dog bites and cited one case where a person was bitten in about fifty places.

On cross-examination Dr. Bell said he spent at least five or six minutes on the examination of Mrs. Hicks this morning. Witness said that in his opinion he had never seen Mrs. Hicks before.

On redirect examination witness said that in his opinion the present condition of Mrs. Hicks would not result from a dog bite.

Miss Leslie, who testified this morning, was recalled to the stand and said that the chain holding the dog was of a white color, and that after Mrs. Hicks was bitten the dog was lying down and his head was hanging out of the kennel.

Dr. Hicks was recalled and corroborated the testimony of the preceding witness. "We stayed around the kennel two or three minutes after Mrs. Hicks was bitten. I stayed around there to see if he was a vicious dog. I did not go to the dog show after that day."

William Castleton when recalled said that the chain and collar which he held in his hand were the ones used on Puritan at the dog show in Boston. He said that only brass chains were used on the St. Bernard dogs, steel chains being used to hold bloodhounds.

The defense rested its case at this point, and the arguments were commenced. The court said that the case would not be given to the jury until tomorrow morning.

The list of jurors for this term is as follows:

Avander N. Blood, Pepperell, laborer; Paris N. Bond, Carlisle, farmer; Edward C. Butterfield, Sudbury, carpenter and farmer; Frank O. Bray, Pepperell, painter; Alvah Carr, Carlisle, farmer; Rockwood D. Colburn, Dracut, farmer; Dennis Donohoe, Lowell, machinist; Arthur E. Dutton, Chelmsford, farmer; J. Allen Eames, North Reading, farmer; John Feeney, Westford, harness maker; David L. B. Fitch, Bedford, farmer; Joseph Foley, Wilmington, farmer; Frank E. Gerry, Sudbury, jeweler; George A. Glover, Dunstable, farmer; Arthur E.'s Hatch, Lowell, foreman; Charles A. Holt, Chelmsford, farmer; Solon O. Holt, North Reading, carpenter; Benjamin G. Hutchins, Billerica, carpenter; Walter J. Hutchins, Billerica, carpenter; Paul Kelley, Dunstable, farmer; Daniel A. Lawrence, Tyngsboro, contractor; Irving M. Locke, Tewksbury, clerk; Augustus Lovejoy, Ayer, cooperage; John J. McCarthy, Lowell, clerk; Murdock McKinnon, Tewksbury, grocer; Wilbert E. Parsons, Westford, provision dealer; George O. Perham, Tyngsboro, farmer; Joseph H. Richardson, Ayer, carpenter; James H. Rodgers, Dracut, insurance agent; Jeremiah Ryan, Lowell, tinman; Asa G. Sheldon, Wilmington, trader; Edward S. Sherman, Lowell, clerk; George A. Skilton, Bedford, farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ordloy Sherburn and two daughters, Lottie and Marion, left Lowell Monday morning for their home in Richmond, Maine. While in this city they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. G. Hall of 174 Howard street.

Thomas McCarthy, teacher of flute and piccolo, who is now playing at the Columbia theatre, Boston, has accepted an engagement to play at Lakewood, N. J., for the winter season.

To Cleanse and Beautify Your Teeth

Give bright healthy color to your gums and sweeten your breath, use

Hood's Tooth Powder

All druggists, 25c.; mammoth size 50c. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

WATSON AGAIN

Named for Councillor in the Sixth District

Harmonious Gathering of Republicans in Huntington Hall This Morning—Candidate Banquets His Delegates

The sixth district republican councillor convention was held in Huntington hall at 11 o'clock this morning and Walter S. Watson of this city was unanimously renominated. Aside from the fine lunch provided the delegates by Mr. Watson the convention was without features.

The convention was called to order by Alvin E. Bliss of Malden, chairman of the district committee, and the call was read by Sec. George W. S. Dockum of Everett.

On motion of Arthur S. Salmon of Lowell, Mr. Bliss was elected temporary chairman and Mr. Dockum, secretary.

On motion, a committee on credentials, consisting of George W. Poore of Lowell; Charles M. Shute of Melrose; George Mowatt of Lawrence; Dr. E. C. Newton of Everett and John McCabe of Waltham was appointed.

The committee on credentials reported as follows.

Convention entitled to 256 delegates, representing 44 cities and towns; delegates present 147, representing 21 cities and towns.

The report of the credentials committee having been accepted the temporary organization was made permanent and nominations were in order.

WATSON NOMINATED.

Frank L. Weaver of Lowell arose and in brief remarks nominated Walter S. Watson of Lowell, moving his nomination by acclamation. An out of town delegate seconded the motion and Mr. Watson was nominated by a rising vote.

Dr. Newton of Everett moved that a committee of three be appointed to escort Mr. Watson to the convention and the chair appointed Dr. Newton, Frank L. Weaver, and Mr. Sullivan of Malden.

On motion of Mr. Baird of Malden a committee of five was appointed to bring in a district committee.

The entrance of Mr. Watson was greeted with great applause.

Mr. Watson made a graceful speech of acceptance after which he took the 12.11 train for Boston and from there will go with the governor and council and their families to the western part of the state for the remainder of the week.

The district committee was appointed as follows: A. E. Bliss of Malden, G. E. Dockman of Everett, J. E. Boultwell of Manchester, A. P. Nelson of Medford, A. N. Willis, Medford; E. S. Sawyer, Marlboro; C. E. Howe, Lowell; A. F. Salmon, North Chelmsford; C. H. Kittredge, Lawrence; John A. Tolman, Waltham; Atherton W. Rogers, Sudbury.

After the usual motion in regard to the filling of vacancies, the convention dissolved and proceeded to lunch.

BRASS THIEVES

Stripped Engines and Ruined Machinery

Hundreds of dollars worth of copper has been stolen from the American Shuttle Co.'s factory, at the corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets. It was formerly the old Donovan shuttle building and has been closed for several months.

The building, or the greater portion of it, has been used as a storehouse and machinery of all kinds is stored there and the thieves who got away with the copper had no regard for the cost or mechanism of the machine.

It was copper they were after and it didn't matter where it came from. They stripped engines and boilers. The brass that they couldn't unscrew they pounded with an axe or hammer and the result is that they not only did they lug away hundreds of dollars worth of brass, but they also ruined costly pieces of machinery.

The theft was not discovered until yesterday but it is evident that it has been going on for a long time. The police have not given the story to the newspapers. They are at a loss to know how such wholesale robbery could be carried on without the thieves being intercepted early in the game.

A Sun representative viewed the premises this forenoon. In conversation with a man employed near the Bobbin factory he learned that boys are suspected of having committed the depredations. The man in question said he did not understand how boys could succeed in getting away with as much brass and other fixtures as he had heard were missing.

"The thieves, I understand," he said, "took everything in sight. Boston and Lawrence parties as well as local concerns have machinery stored there and I understand that a general inventory of the place will be taken today in order that a correct estimate of the loss can be made.

"I was told this morning that it would reach the thousands and some valuable pieces of machinery, I understand, have been destroyed. It must be that some one had a key to the place. I know there is one key at the fire house but you may depend that boys couldn't get a hold on it. If the thieves worked in the night they must have worked quietly. They must have been operating for weeks."

Entrance to the storehouse was gained through a window that had been boarded up and upon leaving the building the thieves replaced the boards.

THE REBEKAHAS

Highland Lodge Observed 25th Anniversary

Highland Union Rebekah lodge observed its 25th anniversary in a very fitting manner in Highland hall last night, a fine banquet and entertainment being held.

The lodge entertained as guests the officers of the grand lodge, special deputy and suite, and the elective officers of the Evening Star and Centralville lodges.

During the early part of the evening the regular meeting of the lodge was held, but it was a short one, owing to the fact that the members were thinking more of the observance of the anniversary than the business. After the meeting the party repaired to the dining hall headed by Brother John Hibbs. After all were seated the divine blessing was given by Past Grand Master Frank E. Saunders, after which a fine collation was served. During the repast an orchestra played selections.

The post-prandial services brought out several very interesting remarks. The following toasts were answered: Grand Lodge, Grand Master, L. P. Lawrence; Our Special Deputy, Special Deputy Ellen Richardson; Our Sister Lodges, Noble Grands of Evening Star and Centralville lodges; Our Charter Members, Past Grand Alonzo L. Russell; The Work of a Quarter of a Century, Past Noble Grand Sarah L. Beede; Our Past Officers, Past Noble Grand Maud A. Lang; Our Present Officers, Noble Grand Inez V. Livingston.

The toasts were all responded to very cheerfully and gave evidence of the interest that was being taken to make the anniversary a pleasant one for all.

The executive committee which had in charge the celebration, consisted of the past noble grands. This committee selected another committee which consisted of the following sisters: Rebecca Clark, L. A. Russell, Sarah L. Beede, Elmira C. Webster, Sarah E. Romaine, Miriam Hosmer, Elida B. Chase, Mary A. Adams, Nellie E. Burton, Lizzie A. Davis, L. E. Shipley, Grace E. Lawrence, Maud A. Lang, Etta M. Locke, Dora Fletcher, with the present noble grand, Inez V. Livingston. This committee held a meeting a few weeks following its appointment and elected Sister Larinda A. Russell, chairman, and Grace E. Lawrence, secretary, and then made the initial arrangements to observe the twenty-fifth birthday. The following committees were appointed:

Supper committee, Maud A. Lang, Nellie E. Burton, Lora E. Shipley; committee on decorations, Maud A. Lang; entertainment of the grand officers, Inez V. Livingston and Etta M. Locke.

The entertainment was under the direction of the entertainment committee of the lodge, of which Sister Emily Kittredge is chairman. The committee in charge of the distribution of tickets worked under the chairmanship of Maud A. Lang.

STATE DEMOCRATS

HELD CONFERENCE WITH LOCAL COMMITTEE LAST NIGHT.

Congressman William S. McNary and Edward F. McSweeney, chairman and secretary of the democratic state committee, visited Lowell last evening and held a conference with the executive committee of the democratic city committee and the democratic candidates for senatorial and legislative honors.

HUNTINGTON HALL

DATES FOR REMAINDER OF THE WEEK.

The dates for Huntington and Jackson halls for the remainder of the week are as follows:

Ward room Wednesday evening, 7.30, 25th district democratic representative convention.

Huntington hall Thursday at 8, socialist rally.

Saturday, Ward room, democratic county convention, 2.30 o'clock. Democratic councillor convention, 3.30 o'clock.

Jackson hall, Sunday afternoon, United Irish league.

KING'S DAUGHTERS' BANQUET.

The Whatsoever circle of the King's Daughters of the Eliot church gave a banquet last night to Miss Florence Gelino, one of the members of the circle, who is soon to be married and leave the city. The affair was held at the home of Miss Gelino. A fine repast was served after which the following toasts were responded to: "Our Past, Present, and Future," Miss E. Greene; "Any Rags, Any Bones, Any Bottles Today," Miss Russell; "If You Ain't Got No Money You Needn't Come Around," Miss Snow; "The Bride Elect," Miss Chase; "Response," Bride Elect.

HILLSIDES SECONDS ORGANIZE.

The Hillsides Seconds have organized for the season with the following lineup: Oakes, centre; H. McCormack, right guard; T. McCormack, left guard; Healey, right tackle; Benoit, left tackle; McGrath, quarter back; Chase, full back; Fournie, right half back; Pickson, left half back, Jordan, right end, Ryan, left end.

They would like to arrange a game for next Saturday. Send all challenges to Richard Ryan, to this office.

ELLIOTT A CRANK

He Spoke Only of Killing Himself

By Associated Press to The Sun

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 6—A. A. Swan of this city, who is required by Peter Olson Elliott, to come to Washington, is a contractor and has known Elliott for five years. He said last night:

"I was very much surprised to learn that Elliott had gone to Washington and when he reached there is a mystery to me. He is a crank, but I think an entirely harmless one. About a year ago he came to me about some mechanical invention of his, and wanted to interest me, saying he intended to organize a stock company. The plan fell through and ever since then he has worried about the matter, believing that those whom he interested were planning to take his invention away from him and have it patented. He talked continually of this. He always felt that he was a great man and was desirous of meeting great men. He believed that he was in their class and often spoke of wanting to meet President Roosevelt. For this reason, and this only, do I think he went to Washington. I would not believe that he desired to kill the president. He spoke too highly of the nation's head for that. He spoke of only killing himself, but never of killing any one else. No, I shall not go to Washington. Why he should ask me to go to him is a mystery to me."

INSURGENTS GIVE UP

TURN OVER ARMS TO THE AMERICAN AUTHORITIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANILA, Oct. 6.—General Ola, leader of the insurgent armies in the province of Albay, Luzon, continues to turn over the guns of his command to the American authorities. During the campaign 100 insurgents were killed and 700 men and 100 guns were captured. At the time of the surrender Ola's men were in rags, hungry and covered with sores. He has promised to help the authorities to capture Tolena and Laria, the insurgent leaders still at large. General Allen says he promised to grant immunity to Ola.

MUNICIPAL GRAFTERS

TO BE SHADOWED BY SYSTEM OF ESPIONAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—After hearing an explanation from Mayor Harrison, concerning the municipal "grafts" charges the city council last night voted to establish a system of espionage over the city employes. It also appointed a committee of nine aldermen to conduct an investigation of the city departments.

A PRINCE ON BOARD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

HONOLULU, Oct. 6.—The steamer Siberian, which sailed for San Francisco, has on board Prince Cupid Kalanianaole and wife. The prince, who goes as a delegate to congress, is accompanied by his secretary, Mossis K. Keoahalole.

Children's Rockers WITH One Pound of Our 60 Cent Tea

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Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Building, New York.

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COAL, LIME, CEMENT, BRICKS OF ALL KINDS

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For stricture and kindred diseases, especially in old cases where doctors fail, use

ZY-MO

a non-poisonous vegetable CURE for all private urinary diseases and weakness of men and women. ZY-MO is GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED. Cures new cases in 48 hours without pain. Especially advised for old obstinate cases. Druggists, or sent prepaid, $1. Address Dr. Ray & Co., 87 Prager building, Boston, Mass. Free medical advice given. Write for book sent sealed —FREE. ZY-MO sold in Lowell by ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cen. 1 St.

SHORTHAND IN 20 LESSONS

Absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods, position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson, no difficulties, everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers, thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamp. Department 56 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

(CUT IT OUT.)

THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE

100 and 102 Middlesex Street

This advertisement is good for $1.00 on first purchase of $20.00 or more.

CASH OR CREDIT.

PETER J. BRADY GROCER

Corner Gorham and South Streets

CHOICE TEAS COFFEES and SPICES

Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold" and "Banquet."

Are You Going Away

If so you should call at Devine's Trunk Store. We can save you money enough to pay your car fare, either on a trunk or dress suit case or any other thing in the trunk line. Remember the place.

P. F. DEVINE'S TRUNK STORE

83 MERRIMACK STREET.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

RICHARD F. MURPHY, Prop. and Mgr.

Three Nights and Usual Matinees Commencing Monday, Oct. 5

William Bonnelli's Latest and Best American Melodrama

A GREAT GAME

THE BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THRILLING ADVENTURE.

Matinee Prices for Ladies - 10c and 20c

TEMPLE - THEATRE

LOWELL'S HOME OF POLITE VAUDEVILLE

Odd Fellows' Temple - 84 Middlesex St

M. W. Murray, Manager.

Week Commencing With MONDAY MATINEE OCT. 5

BOHE & HEYER.
MARVELL & GLEASON.
CUNNINGHAM & COVENEY.
THE MUSICAL HOLBROOKS.
BILLY HINES.
NELL BURGESS.
THE ELMIRA SISTERS.

POPULAR PRICES—Evening, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinee, 10c and 20c. Doors Open at 2 and 7. Performances commence at 2.30 and 8 o'clock.

$100,000

This represents the actual sum Invested and Expended on MERCHANTS and MANUFACTURERS' EXPOSITION

Oct. 5 MECHANICS' BUILDING Oct. 31

The Greatest Fair Ever Held in Boston

Creatore's Band, U. S. Government Exhibits, Kiltie's Band, The Midway of Fairyland, The Air Ships, Infant Incubators, Wireless Telegraphy, Liquid Air, Japanese Theatre with Tea Garden and Geisha Girls, The Laughing Mirror Maze, Jim Key, the celebrated Educated Horse, and a Hundred Other World Wonders.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS

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ALL WEEK AFTERNOON AND EVENING OCT. 5

FAVOR & SINCLAIR

Box Office Open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Don't Delay But have YOUR EYES EXAMINED today by Optician George C. Rogers, 145 MERRIMACK STREET, Up One Flight

THE SIGN BUSINESS

Formerly Conducted by SPENCER & CO., 29 Middle Street

NOW DONE BY J. H. BROWN

At the Same Old Stand

FOR A RESTORATIVE NERVINE TONIC

WE SELL MARIANI FRENCH WINE OF COCA

Have just received a fresh supply. We sell it for $1.50 a bottle.

WE ALSO SELL METCALF'S WINE OF COCA

for 90c a bottle.

And we sell our own Wine of Coca for 69c a bottle. They are all standard preparations and will give satisfaction.

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RELIABLE DRUGGISTS, 418 Middlesex St.

Opposite Northern Station. Cor. Thorndike St.

Open from 6 a. m. to 11.30 p. m.

Kennedy's Oysterettes

The Oyster Cracker with a taste to it.

DOUBLE BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS BEGINNING OCT. 5-10 INCLUSIVE.

JOHN F. SAUNDERS,

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Telephone 582-3.

ON BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS.

100 stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Baking Powder.
60 stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Tea.
20 stamps with 1 lb. 20c. Coffee.
10 stamps with 1 lb. 14c. Force
10 stamps with 1 lb. 18c. Butterine.
5 stamps with 1 pkg. 10c. Presto.

ON GREEN TRADING STAMPS.

50 stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Baking Powder.
50 stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Tea.
10 stamps with 1 lb. 20c. Coffee.
5 stamps with 1 lb. 18c. Butterine.
5 stamps with 1 lb. 14c. Force.
3 stamps with 1 pkg. 10c. Presto.

CORNED BEEF..........5c to 6c lb.

Smoked Shoulders .... 9c. lb.
Best canned Tomatoes .... 3 for 25c.
Best canned Peas .... 3 for 25c.
Best canned Corn .... 9c.
Best canned Peaches .... [illegible]
Condensed Milk .... 3 for 25c.
Minced Meat .... 8c. pkg.

BEST GLOBE BUTTERINE.

15c lb., tubs from 11c lb. up.

CHOICE LINE OF TEAS.

The best Oolong .... 50c. lb.
[illegible]

NEW INDICTMENTS

Fifteen More in Postoffice Fraud Cases

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6—Fifteen new indictments were brought in by the supreme court for the District of Columbia today as the final result of the investigation in the postoffice department.

Several of these findings were against persons who have already been indicted.

The new indictments involve James N. Tyner, the late assistant attorney-general for the postoffice department, and his assistant, Harrison J. Barrett; James T. Metcalf, superintendent of the money order system of the postoffice department; Norman Metcalf, son of James T.; Harry C. Hallenback, president and general manager of the Wynkoop, Hallenback & Crawford company of New York, the firm which for several years supplied the department with its money order blanks, and Wm. D. Doremus, who is connected with a house which has been supplying a stamp canceling machine.

There were additional indictments against August W. Machen, former superintendent of free delivery; George W. Beavers, former chief of the salary and allowance division; W. Scott Towers, who was in charge of a substation of the Washington city postoffice, and State Senator George A. Green of New York.

In some cases there were several indictments against one person. Concerning the indictments against Tyner and Barrett, the following statement was made by the postoffice department:

"Three indictments charge Tyner and Barrett with conspiracy and two additional indictments charge Barrett with agreeing, while still in office, to receive fees for services rendered or to be rendered in cases pending before him as an officer. All the indictments are founded upon the treatment by Tyner and Barrett of the business of the so-called bond investment companies.

"The indictments cite specific cases in which Barrett, while still in office, sought or agreed to receive fees, or in which, after Barrett retired, Tyner referred clients to him and approved new contracts at his suggestion without even reading them over."

The charge against Hallenback and the Metcalfs is that of conspiracy to defraud the United States. The company of which Hallenback is the head had a contract with the United States to furnish the postal service with its money order blanks. Norman Metcalf was employed as a clerk in the office of the Wynkoop, Hallenback & Crawford company at a salary of $30 a week.

It is alleged that a conspiracy existed between Hallenback and the Metcalfs in that there was an agreement between them that there should be no inspection of the forms supplied by the company; that on account of this agreement the forms were printed on inferior paper; that only one side of them was lithographed, while the contract called for the lithographing of both sides, and that by other devices the company was enabled to save large sums of money at the expense of the government.

The new charge against Machen is that of accepting a bribe in connection with the delivery of badges worn by rural free delivery carriers which were made by Chas. J. Heller of Philadelphia.

There are two new indictments against Beavers, one of them charging him with accepting $25 each on a number of book typewriting machines sold to the government by Scott Towers and the other alleging misconduct in the purchase of stamp canceling machines from W. D. Doremus.

The present understanding is that this series of indictments is the last which there will be any present effort to secure and the postoffice authorities generally consider that the departmental investigation is at an end.

LOST HIS FAMILY

Lowell Man Deserted by His Wife and Children

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 6—Phelix Lefleur of Lowell, Mass., was in this city yesterday and reported that he was in quest of his wife and five children, whom he claims deserted him two months ago. He learned that they had been in this city and while here secured information to the effect that they had gone to Magog, P. Q. Mr. Lefleur left for Magog last night.

CIVIL TERM OPENED

IN SUPREME COURT AT BANGOR, MAINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 6.—The October civil term of the supreme court opened in this city this morning with a large attendance of attorneys from this and other counties. Judge Spear presided in place of Judge Powers who was originally assigned for the term. The term promises to be a long one as there are many cases on the docket that have been carried over for the last two terms of court.

The suits against the Great Northern Paper company for the holding back of water to the detriment of the down river lumbermen will probably not be heard this term, although there is a possibility of their coming up at the very last.

The suit against the City of Bangor by the Bangor Bridge company will also go over.

There are several other important cases to be heard.

BISHOP DOHERTY ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANILA, Oct. 6.—Bishop Doherty, the first American clerical dignitary appointed for the islands, has just arrived here. An enthusiastic welcome was extended to him by the Filipinos and Spanish-American residents.

KNITTING CO. FAILED

CREDITORS LOSE HEAVILY IN CHICAGO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Creditors in Chicago and other cities have lost heavily by the failure of the Racine Knitting company, owning factories in Racine, Beloit, Ripon and Stevens Point, Wis., and employing several hundred people. Creditors have forced it to file a petition in bankruptcy. The liabilities are more than $350,000 with assets of $150,000. The factories will not be shut down. The investment of large sums in factories outside of Racine is given as the cause of the failure.

MILLBURY MILLS SOLD

TO THE UNITED STATES LINEN COMPANY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MILLBURY, Mass., Oct. 6.—The Millbury Cotton mills have been transferred to the United States Linen company. The new company is incorporated under the laws of Maine, with a capital stock of $250,000. The mills have been idle for some years, but were formerly one of the most important industries of Millbury. Linen goods will be manufactured by the new company and the plant will be operated as soon as the machinery can be installed. It is expected that about 150 hands will be employed.

YELLOW ASTOR MINE BUSY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Oct. 6.—The Yellow Astor mine at Randsburg, Cal., is now running with 175 employes, almost the full complement of men needed in the mine and mill. At the other mills in the vicinity of Randsburg all are in operation, excepting only the Butte, which, it is said, will open again within a few weeks. The former members of the miner's union have for the most part found employment for themselves somewhere in the district or have left the camp for other parts. The new miners are for the most part inexperienced men from the middle west and many of them are men of families.

Young or inexperienced housewives should always use

Cleveland's Baking Powder

It admits of no failures,—no soggy cake,—no biscuit to be thrown away; but digestible and nourishing food at every baking,—food that causes a look of satisfaction to go all around the table.

STATE POLICE

Not Doing Its Duty Says Secy. Driscoll

JAMES B. CROZIER, State President of the American Federation of Labor.

Child Labor and Employment of Women Discussed at Convention of A. F. of L.—Supt. Whitcomb Denies That Lowell Officials are Careless

By Associated Press to The Sun

WORCESTER, Oct. 6—The annual convention of the state branch of the American Federation of Labor opened yesterday in Hibernian hall.

The features of the day were the report of Sec. Dennis D. Driscoll and the address of Pres. James B. Crozier.

"The state police are not doing their duty in the enforcement of the child-labor laws and factory inspection," declared Sec. Driscoll. "If they were only half as zealous in seeing that these laws were lived up to as they were in closing up Crescent beach, where the toilers for six days take their families on Sundays, they would be doing a far greater benefit to the bona fide wage earners of the state."

Pres. Crozier referred to the matter at length in his address, declaring that despite the hue and cry at the horror of child labor in the south it could be seen in all its worst forms in Massachusetts, which is supposed to be in the lead in all humanitarian matters.

Joseph H. Jackson of Fall River and Charles H. Winslow of Fitchburg, both members of the legislature, reported their findings as the investigating committee of the state branch. They found, they stated, many children under age working in the factories of Lowell, Lawrence, Maynard, Fitchburg, Leominster, Fall River and Cambridge.

Chief Wade of the state police informed the committee that if any children were working illegally the fault lay with the authorities who issued the certificates, and the state police could not go behind the certificate of a child's age, even where they were sure that the children working were under the legal age limit.

The personal investigation of the issuance of certificates in the mill cities were farcical in the extreme, the committee reported.

The convention opened at 9.30, with the full representation of nearly 200 delegates present from every section of the state.

Thomas F. Harvey, president of the Worcester C. L. U. and of the State Plumbers' union, greeted the delegates with a warm welcome.

Pres. Crozier, Sec. Driscoll, Frank K. Foster, for the legislative committee, and Messrs. Jackson and Winslow, then made their reports.

Pres. Crozier's most important recommendation was for an appropriation and an energetic campaign to organize the women workers of every craft in the state.

His story of women now doing the most laborious and heavy work in the tanneries of Peabody aroused great indignation. "These women," he declared "now handle great hides, that once taxed the strength of men. Why is this change from men to women? Because, after weeks of experimenting and careful tests as to the cost and quality of work produced, this great corporation has decided that woman labor can be obtained much cheaper than that of men.

"Where this corporation formerly paid men $10, $12 and more a week, they now have women doing the same class of work for $6 to $7 a week, so you can see that the purpose of this corporation in making the change is something more than having the society of women in their factory.

"The total number of strikes in Massachusetts for the past year was 231. The greater number were for higher wages or a shorter work-day, and some for both. Of the 231 reported, 66 succeeded, 16 were compromised, 92 failed, five are pending, and in 22 the result was not known.

"There are many who believe that the system of compulsory arbitration would put a stop to many of our labor disputes and prevent strikes. Our movement seeks to avoid strikes. We make every effort in that direction and are largely successful therein. We realize, however, that the best means of avoiding strikes is the thorough organization of the workers. We should never be asked and will never surrender our right to strike.

"Organized labor wants arbitration, but only as a last resort after reconciliation has failed, and then, arbitration voluntarily entered into by both the employer and employes, the award voluntarily, honorably and faithfully adhered to by both sides.

"The demand for incorporation of trade unions is the last trench of those who are opposed to organized labor. It is impudent and presumptuous. No friend of trades unions ever believed in it or advocated or called for it.

"That organized labor did not forget the good work done by our late brother, John F. O'Sullivan, was manifested by the very generous way in which they contributed toward the fund. The total amount received by Gen. Chas. H. Taylor of the Boston Globe, the treasurer of the fund, was $5200."

Labor legislation is one of the most important matters concerning the A. F. of L. convention, and the report of the legislative committee, which was presented by Frank K. Foster, was listened to with great interest.

After a detailed statement of the disposition of every labor matter before last year's legislature, the report summarized the legislative action thus.

"It will be observed, upon analysis of the record, that, in the words of the popular song, it is 'the same old story told in the same old way' that the verdict, 'leave to withdraw' and 'ought not to pass,' recurs with monotonous and discouraging frequency; that the few labor measures which chanced to meet the approbation of the lower branch were usually, after a well-established custom more honored in the breach than in the observance drawn and quartered in the senate, and that the governor's veto ended the legislative hopes of the [illegible] eight-hour bill, which in some miraculous manner had escaped the senatorial ambuscade.

"And yet it would be unfair to say that the result of the past year's experience is wholly disheartening. From the slaughter of the innocents there escaped a few minor measures and the possibility of greater gains to come."

The report of Sec. Driscoll, besides referring to child labor, vigorously rapped those unions guilty of breaking or violating agreements with employers, and called for united action for public baths all the year round in all cities and towns, and the reduction of the [illegible] from 25 cents to 10 cents at the [illegible].

Among the most important of the numerous resolutions presented were: one of appreciation for the services to the labor cause performed by Henry D. Lloyd, the author, Henry C. Hiles, the statesman, and Representative Frederick O. MacCartney of Rockland, all of whom have recently died; that Carroll D. Wright, chairman of the state commission, be asked to delay the hearing before that body at the state house this week so that the labor men now at the convention can attend; that the employers' liability act is interpreted by the judiciary unfairly that the burden of proof of contributory negligence should be on the defendant, the assumption of risk should be a matter of fact for the jury; for the pensioning of city and town employes incapacitated by injury or long years of service.

P. H. Shaughnessy of Boston street cleaning department union introduced a resolution calling attention to alleged biased adjudications of the judiciary and calling for an effort through the convention to correct these alleged wrongs.

Speaking on this resolution, Henry Sterling of the Boston Typographical union and a member of the state commission on the relations between employers and employes, said:

"The judiciary has arrogated to itself powers which it really has not. Its decisions are always on the side of capital and opposed to labor.

"It is difficult to overthrow the usurped methods of the judiciary. Now is the time to begin the battle for the people to regain their rights and liberties, as far as the judiciary is concerned.

"To establish our rights we must agitate all over the state. We must arouse the people to a realization that the judiciary is usurping rights that do not belong to it."

The delegates to the convention were given a complimentary banquet last night by the Worcester labor men in A. O. H. hall, where covers were laid for 200. Peter F. Maloney was toastmaster, and speeches were made by Pres. Crozier, Secy Driscoll, Joseph G. Jackson of Fall River, Frank K. Foster of Boston, Frank J. Park of Brockton, James H. Melen of Worcester, James S. Nugent of Worcester, and Thomas F. Harney of Worcester.

SUPT. WHITCOMB

DENIES THAT THE OFFICIALS ARE CARELESS.

Supt. Whitcomb, of the Lowell school department, denied last night statements made yesterday at the American Federation of Labor convention in Worcester that truant commissioners had been careless in granting mill certificates to minors.

Mr. Whitcomb said:

"I have been aware that men were in the corridor of city hall recently watching the granting of mill certificates and that they questioned boys in the corridors. The truant commissioners are James Kelley, William F. Thornton and Camille Rousin. They have charge of granting mill certificates and I am confident they are doing their work well.

"It has been shown that Harvard college officials and members of the civil service commission in Boston have been deceived by young men taking part in the examinations and then transferring certificates to men who might not have passed in the examinations. It is possible also that the Lowell truant commissioners may have been deceived in the giving of ages by applicants for mill certificates.

"Men have said they saw boys going into the mills who were too small to be of the required age for a mill certificate. You cannot always tell by the size of a boy what is his age. The commissioners had a boy in their office recently who they thought was too small to be of the required age. They compelled his relatives to send to the old country for a birth certificate before they would allow him a certificate.

"If I knew that a boy obtained a mill certificate wrongfully I would not hesitate to notify the overseer who employed him that he was not of the required age. If a boy obtained a mill certificate and we ascertained afterward that he was not of the required age, I do not know if the law would allow us to take it away from him."

In the opinion of a former member of the school committee who served within five years on the board there are weaknesses in the school law which require attention. He says in his judgment the certificate cannot be taken from a minor unless the school department proves that the holder is not of age. Where the minor was born abroad it is hard work to get the certificate of birth.

For some unknown reason, he says, the prosecution of minors for not attending evening school is placed in the hands of the district police instead of the truant commissioners of cities and towns. He expressed surprise that Chief Wade of the district police has not noticed these defects in the school laws.

DOES YOUR

Husband Drink?

"ORRINE"

Will Surely and Permanently Cure Him, Without his Knowledge.

Drunkenness is a disease and is so recognized by the medical profession. Don't expect impossibilities of your husband, son or father. If he has acquired a taste for strong drink, it is your duty to save him, yourself and family from the terrible consequences of the excessive use of whiskey, beer, wine, etc.

We guarantee that "ORRINE" will permanently destroy all desire for liquor, restore the stomach, nerves and digestion to normal conditions and improve the health of the patient, or we will refund the purchase money. "ORRINE" is tasteless, odorless and colorless and can be given in tea, coffee, water or milk without the knowledge of the patient.

Mrs. E. Wycliff, New York City, writes: "ORRINE" cured my husband, who was a steady drunkard for many years. He now has no desire for stimulants, his health is good and he is fully restored to manhood. He used only five boxes of "ORRINE."

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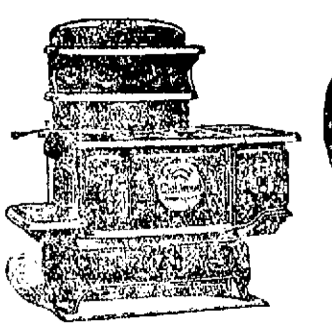

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GOOKIN BROS., LOWELL, MASS.

BOTH TO BLAME

Mr. and Mrs. Constantineau in Court

JUDGE SAID THEY SHOULD BOTH FORBEAR

She Sues for Separate Maintenance

The subjoined story of a suit for separate maintenance brought by Mrs. Cyril Constantineau against her husband, is from the Fall River News. Mr. and Mrs. Constantineau when in Lowell were very popular. They were both talented as singers and comedians and were prominent in amateur theatricals. The trial story is as follows:

The suit for separate maintenance brought by Mrs. Cyrille Constantineau, was given further public airing Friday afternoon, when Judge Fuller granted a hearing in the probate court on Mrs. Constantineau's petition for separate maintenance and custody of the couple's two young children.

Milton Reed, Esq., appeared for the petitioner, and Max L. Lizotte, Esq., appeared on behalf of Constantineau.

The hearing occupied something over two hours and resulted in the court finding both husband and wife partly at fault for existing circumstances. He took the evidence under consideration, stating that he would pass upon the petition on the third Friday in November.

The petition alleged intoxication, cruel and abusive treatment of the wife, and requested separate maintenance and the custody of the two minor children, Floribert, aged four years, and Fereol, aged two years.

Mrs. Constantineau was the first witness. Her testimony was as follows:

My name is Minnie and I am the wife of Cyril Constantineau. We were married in Lowell about eight years ago. We have two children, who are now living with my parents in St. Johnsbury, Vt. They have never lived in this city. Our marriage was his second and my first. From Lowell we moved to St. Johnsbury and from the latter place we came here last February. He is an insurance agent and earns $18 per week. I am a singer and vocal teacher. Occasionally I sing in churches. I sang at St. Paul's on one occasion and expected to sing at the First Congregational church next Sunday. I studied music in Lowell, Lewiston and Boston. I have eight pupils now.

My husband and I have not lived together for three weeks. I left him four years ago in Lowell and again I left him here eight weeks ago. I left him three weeks ago because of his drunkenness, his cursing me and general abusive conduct which has been going on ever since our marriage. It was for the same reason that I left him eight weeks ago. I went back to him on his promise to behave better.

On leaving him the last time we had a room on Second street and boarded with Mrs. Henry L. Thuot. Prior to that we lived on South Main street and at Cote's hotel. I have sung on the stage here, in Lowell, Worcester and Boston but not as an actress. My husband sings, too. I never saw him sober from the time of the separation of eight weeks ago until I left him the last time. He was never pleasant to me. I left him in Lowell and went to my parents because he did not support me. I have paid my own board for the past eight weeks, excepting for four days spent at Cote's hotel. He never refused me money because I never asked for any, knowing that he had none. I have no means of my own. The board of my children is $5 per week, and it has not been paid promptly. He clothed me until the past winter, since which time I have purchased my own clothing. He had steady work and never gave me a cent except to pay bills.

"He tore a dress off me and struck me before my first baby was born. He was drunk at the time. I do not feel safe to live with him as he has threatened me only recently. He has a fall coat of mine now and will not give it to me. Our children have not been with us since February."

The cross-examination brought out that while living in Lowell, Mrs. Constantineau received a present of a horse and that her husband purchased a carriage and she went driving when she liked. They lived alone for a year and then took up a house with Mrs. Constantineau's people. He was out of work for a time and then secured a position with the piano firm in Burlington at $50 per month. His wages were soon raised to $75 per month as a travelling salesman and then she said he dragged her about from place to place. He purchased her only one dress during the three years they lived in St. Johnsbury.

She said she was not jealous of her husband, still she refused to return to live with him even if he would start housekeeping and send for the children.

She admitted having slept at Thuot's house on two nights in Mrs. Thuot's absence. She said her husband had never told her not to go to Thuot's, and that he had never forbidden her riding with Thuot.

The witness, who is a pronounced blonde, was very indignant when Attorney Lizotte asked her at this point in the examination if her husband had not found fault with her for having colored her hair. She answered very sharply that she never bleached her hair; that she used a wash to clean her hair and make it more lustrous. She denied that her hair was ever darker than at present.

Attorney Reed objected to further questioning on that line and the cross-examination came to an end.

Mr. Constantineau testified in his own behalf that he was 31 years of age, that he had paid his children's board up to the last two months, when it became impossible on account of bills contracted by his wife. He said he never saw a cent of the money earned by his wife. He admitted that he took a glass of liquor occasionally, yet was never was so drunk but what he knew what he was doing. They broke up housekeeping in Lowell because his wife did not want to do housework. He always earned large wages and supported his own and his wife's family. He paid seven-eighths of the expenses of the house, though his father-in-law worked most of the time. He was out of work eight weeks in St. Johnsbury. His wife always wanted to be a star actress. She was very desirous of crossing the water to study. He did not know that she would ever become a Melba, but he hoped she might.

When a piano drummer witness said he made $75 per month and expenses and turned every cent of his income over to his wife. Later as an insurance agent he made $20 a week and turned all that into the house. He said he had been without clothes to give his wife luxuries and that he only had one suit of clothes at present and that was on his back. He had averaged about $25 a week salary since coming to Fall River. He had offered to set up housekeeping here and had agreed to send for his children and his wife's parents. She refused to take care of the children.

He denied tearing a dress off his wife, denied having ever abused her, but admitted that he might have used some names toward her when she lost her temper, as she often did. He said she had told him often that he was no man for a husband and that he did not support her. He said the first separation was due to his taking liquor, that the last was for some other reason. She left without saying a word. He went to Thuot's in search of her and warned Thuot not to harbor her.

He said he was perfectly willing to care for his children and would like to have his wife return to him.

Under cross-examination witness practically admitted that the whole trouble was due to his using liquor. He had no objection to his wife's public life.

When asked if there was anything else he had not mentioned, his counsel said that suit had been instituted against Mr. Thuot for alleged alienation of Mrs. Constantineau's affections.

The court said there was one distinct thought in his mind all through the hearing, namely that the husband and wife should re-unite. "There is one commendable objection on the part of the wife, that the husband uses liquor. And then he broke his promise to stop drinking following the separation of eight weeks ago. He has further widened the breach by bringing suit. They could better bear their living expenses together. There is nothing shown to warrant a divorce. There should be concessions on both sides. That is not easy for either, though there have been worse cases than this cured in that way. They cannot afford to keep up this quarrel. He says that he is willing to support the children and it would be better for him to do so without a decree from the court. The wife is bound to give some concessions. The case was continued to Friday, Nov. 20.

YOU CAN CURE BABY'S ECZEMA

Thousands of babies suffer terribly from Eczema or some other skin trouble and mothers have for many years been seeking a medicine which would quickly relieve and fully cure.

Here is the sure, SAFE cure in the world—ZEMA-CURA. ZEMA-CURA is not a salve or ointment, but a liquid, and the very first application gives the much sought relief and the baby will go promptly to sleep. One application won't cure, but ZEMA-CURA used regularly will absolutely and positively cure Eczema as well as Pimples, Acne, Hives, and every other disease and eruption of the skin.

Read what Dr. Snell says:

"I received a sample and found it all you claim, and feel confident of its having a large sale when its virtues are known."

DR. H. SNELL, Washington, N. C.

ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER

is invaluable in the treatment of skin diseases. It is not only soothing and healing, but it creates new, firm, healthy skin, and makes a lovely, clear complexion. It not only possesses all the merits of the best and most widely known talcum powders, but in addition to these it has medicinal properties possessed by no other powder in the world. ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER allays itching, chafing or irritation. ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER used after bathing and shaving has no equal. It is an ideal powder for babies as it is absolutely pure and healing. 25 cents per box. All druggists or The Zema-Cura Co., 7 W. 22d St., N. Y.

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Streets; GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street; C. E. CARTER (two stores), Cor. Branch and Smith Streets, and Cor. Westford and Pine Streets; LOWELL PHARMACY, 632 Merrimack Street; FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex Street.

TWO MORE SUITS

Belangers Want $50,000 From Cartridge Company

By Associated Press to The Sun

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 6—Two attachments in suits of $25,000 each as a result of the explosion at the United States Cartridge company's magazines in July, were filed with the clerk of the county court here today. The suits are brought in behalf of Almede and Joseph Belanger, who were injured in the explosion and the defendants named are the American Powder mills and the United States Cartridge company, Paul Butler and D. B. Ames, being named as co-partners. The defendants are charged with failure to inform their employes of danger and to inform the chief of the fire department of the amount of powder on hand; also failure in other ways to comply with the statutes and to safe-guard their employes.

TIES ON TRACK

Bold Attempt to Wreck a Train

By Associated Press to The Sun

COLLINSVILLE, Conn., Oct. 6.—An attempt has been made to wreck a train on the Collinsville branch of the Northampton division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. A. L. Cooney, a baker of New Hartford, was driving across the line about a mile and a quarter below Burlington station when he noticed a pile of ties on the track. He hastened to remove the obstruction, finishing his work only a short time before the passing of the south bound freight. The ties were placed just beyond a curve in the line so that it would have been impossible for an engineer to have stopped his train in time to prevent striking them.

The beautiful millinery parlors of Mrs. W. F. Courtney will be open for inspection Saturday, Oct. 10th. The ladies are cordially invited to attend.

500 ARE OUT

STEEL CORPORATION MINES ARE CLOSED DOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 6—Five hundred employes of the Minnesota iron company are out of work through the closing down indefinitely of the Soudan mines.

This is the first of the steel corporation mines in Minnesota to cease operations.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

OF STREET RAILWAYS ADVOCATED IN CHICAGO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 6—Discussion of the public ownership of the street railways of the city was a feature of the city council meeting last night.

A petition from the municipal ownership convention said to contain 80,000 names and favoring an ordinance providing for submission of the Mueller act to a popular vote, was presented and referred to the committee on local transportation. The aldermen were urged not to pass street railroad franchises until the Mueller act had been submitted to the people.

VOTE WAS A TIE

NO CHOICE IN THE CANTERBURY ELECTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 6—Returns from all the towns in the state where elections were held yesterday, with the exception of Killingworth, show that 123 went republican, 37 returned democratic majorities and in one, Canterbury, there was a tie vote.

Last year 122 towns were republican and 39 democratic. Should the result from the missing town prove to be the same as last year the republicans will have 124 towns and the democrats 37.

There is a possibility of another election in Weston, where the democrats claim the voting was illegally done.

A review of the license vote throughout of the state shows that 76 towns favor license, while 51, not counting Killingworth, are against license. Last year Killingworth had no license. The license standing of the towns last year was: License 82, no-license 96.

BOLD FUGITIVES

MANILA OFFICIALS SEIZED A STEAMER AND ESCAPED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANILA, Oct. 6—George Forman, chief inspector and C. J. Johnson, constabulary supply officer, both stationed at Missamis, Mindanao, whose accounts were under investigation, took $6,000 from the safe, seized a steamer and have started for Borneo.

Running short of coal they stopped a native vessel and took from her a new supply. A steamer has been sent to Borneo to intercept the fugitives.

LICENSE COMMISSIONERS

INDICTED FOR ALLEGED BRIBERY AND CONSPIRACY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 6.—Joseph T. Lodge and Patrick P. Murphy, license commissioners of the city of Chicopee, were indicted by the grand jury today on three counts of bribery and one count of conspiracy to extort bribes. They pleaded not guilty and were held in $3,000 bail each for trial in the superior court. The indictments named two saloon-keepers, a former hotel-keeper and the owner of a block in Chicopee in which a saloon was located as the persons compelled to pay the bribe money.

OMNIBUS DRIVERS STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BERLIN, Oct. 6—The strike of omnibus drivers and conductors which began here September 24, involving about 1,100 men, who demanded 12 hours' work (instead of 12 to 17 hours) and time for lunch, ended today, the men giving up conditionally.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN

Starts on a Speech Making Tour Today

By Associated Press to The Sun

BIRMINGHAM, Eng., Oct. 6.—Joseph Chamberlain set out from here this morning on his fiscal campaign amid every demonstration of good will from his fellow townsmen. Hundreds gathered at the railroad station and alternately sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and shouted "Good bye, old Joey" and "The country's with you."

Vain appeals were made for a speech, but the only expressed opinion that could be extracted from the former secretary for the colonies was in reply to congratulations on the appointment of his son Austen as chancellor of the exchequer, when Mr. Chamberlain admitted that there were a "lot of difficulties before the party," but he thought they would "get through with them all right."

Mrs. Chamberlain, Mrs. Endicott, her mother; Miss Chamberlain nd Austen Chamberlain, acompanied the former secretary. The two latter will escort Mrs. Endicott to Liverpool where she will embark on the Cunard line steamer Saxonia for Boston today. Mrs. Chamberlain accompanies her husband on his speech-making tour which begins at Glasgow today.

COKE MINERS

ATTEMPT WILL BE MADE TO ORGANIZE THEM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6.—For the first time since the disastrous strike of 13 years ago, when the coke miners' organization was completely wiped out, efforts will be made this week to organize the 18,000 coke miners in the Connellsville region.

Thousands of dollars of the national officers funds have been placed at the disposal of the local officers of the United Mine Workers for this purpose, and it is the intention to place in the field the best organizers in the association.

There are 37,000 organized miners in the Pittsburg district now. Another 25,000 are being organized in the Irwin field of the district. With these and the coke miners the district would have a membership of nearly 80,000, making it the largest regularly divided district miners in the world.

ANNUAL CONVENTION

OF THE W. C. T. U. OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 6.—Members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of New Hampshire to the number of about 300 assembled in this city today for their annual convention which will occupy three days. Mrs. Ella R. Richardson of East Haverhill, president of the state body, called the delegates to order, in the Washington street Free Will Baptist church, after which several brief papers were read on pertinent subjects by Mrs. Ada P. Shaw, of Wolfboro; Mrs. W. G. Cain of Epping, Mrs. C. S. Gilion of Lisbon; Mrs. Idelia Gibson of Rindge; Mrs. F. G. Osgood of New Market, and Mrs. Adelle E. Richards of Haverhill.

The annual address of the president was read and was followed by the reports of the state corresponding secretary, state treasurer and state auditor. Music was furnished by members of the local union.

This evening, Mayor A. G. Whittemore will welcome the delegates to the city.

AMERICAN MECHANICS MEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 6.—The 14th annual session of the state council of New Hampshire, Order of United American Mechanics, is in progress in this city. Reports presented show that there are 33 councils in the state with a membership of 1,850. This morning Joseph A. Moore of Concord was elected state councillor; Leon C. Hall of Milford, vice-councillor; and Frank O. Loring of Milford, secretary. This afternoon the other elective officers were filled and installation exercises followed.

The first fall social to be given by Kirk St. church will be Wednesday evening (tomorrow) and will be in nature of a reception by the pastor and deacons to all the members of the congregation and friends. A pleasant evening has been planned out and a cordial invitation is extended.

Confessions of a Priest.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox of Wake, Ark., writes, "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for 12 years." If you want a reliable medicine for Liver and Kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by E. C. Goodale, druggist. Only 50c.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

THEY DRANK WOOD ALCOHOL

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, OCT. 6.—FRANK AND THOMAS HELMS, BROTHERS, AGED 43 AND 24 YEARS RESPECTIVELY, AND WILLIAM CONN, AGED 41, DIED TODAY FROM THE EFFECTS OF WOOD ALCOHOL, ACCORDING TO THE POLICE THE THREE HAD BEEN DRINKING HEAVILY. THEY PROCURED A QUANTITY OF WOOD ALCOHOL FROM A DRUG STORE AND WITH LEMON AND SUGAR MADE A PUNCH OF THE EXTRACT. OF THIS THEY IMBIBED FREELY.

NEWS WRITERS

To be Organized by the A. F. of L.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 6.—A large amount of business, much of it of a routine nature, came before today's session of the state branch, American Federation of Labor, for action. The convention re-assembled in A. O. H. hall here at 9.30. The delegates are particularly pleased on account of the unusual volume of work accomplished yesterday, the opening day of the deliberations. It is said that never since the organization of the state branch has so much business been transacted on an opening day. While the debates have been lively at times, there have been no serious disputes. Many of the addresses were eloquent and often agressive in tone, but all were directed toward measures that would satisfy the majority.

Among the most interesting topics before the convention is the question of organizing newspapers writers in all important centers, the proposed unions to be conducted in affiliation with the other organized departments of newspapers. Unions of editors and reporters have existed for several years in New York, Boston and other cities.

All the news writers of Worcester have been requested to meet tonight to consider the question of organization.

MULE SPINNERS

Annual Meeting Opened in Boston

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—A three days' convention of the national Mule Spinners' union opened here today with representatives from all the principal cotton centers in New England present. Michael J. Duggan of Lowell, president of the union, called the delegates to order and after the appointment of several committees, an adjournment was taken until afternoon.

It was expected that little important business would be taken up before tomorrow.

SENATOR McCARREN

COMES OUT FOR THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The local political situation was quiet today pending the action to be taken by the fusion conferees with reference to replacing Grout and Fornes by new candidates for comptroller and president of the board of aldermen. The only development of interest early in the day was a statement by State Senator Patrick H. McCarren, organization democrat of Brooklyn, that he intended to support the democratic ticket including both Grout and Fornes. He did this, he said, because they had been nominated at the city democratic convention.

IRON FURNACES SHUT DOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The iron furnaces at Port Henry, N. Y., owned by Witherbee, Herman & Company, which have been operated for about 14 months past by Pilling & Crane of Philadelphia, have been shut down. It is rumored that the furnaces will be remodelled at a cost of $60,000 and blown in again.

RIOTERS PLEADED GUILTY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Oct. 6—The rioters who were arrested in the Canadian Soo a week ago, have, with the exception of one named Denes, pleaded guilty. Leonard Lavergne, Baptiste Roscoe, Albert Robinson, Frank Latond, Edouard Glasson and Fred Winer, were fined $25 or two months in jail for assault.

Morse Dupont was fined $25 for riot, as was also Andrew Denes. The court held the company was much to blame in aggravating the riot by firing from the windows and ordering the hose turned upon the men.

FOR MANSLAUGHTER

JOSEPH GOYETTE GOT THREE YEARS' SENTENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 6—Among the sentences imposed by supreme judicial court was one of three years against Joseph Goyette of Nashua, N. H., who pleaded to manslaughter by causing the death of a woodman whom he pushed overboard from a Rumney lake steamer.

MOODY MERRILL

AGAIN INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—It leaked out today that the Suffolk grand jury had indicted Moody Merrill, formerly a well-known lawyer, again. The new indictment which was returned in September is said to be one of 20 counts, involving not only the Sarah Cohen case, but several others. Mr. Merrill will be called upon to plead to the new indictments at the present term of the Suffolk superior criminal court.

EXCHANGES AND BALANCES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—Exchanges $23,563,868. Balances $1,819,635.

DOUBLE DIVORCE

Granted Jewish Bride of Two Husbands

By Associated Press to The Sun

BALTIMORE, Oct. 6—A curious matrimonial complication has been finally settled by Judge Sharp, granting Samuel Oren a divorce from Marie Roypen. Last October the couple were married. As the couple approached the altar Joseph Goldberg, formerly a suitor, slipped a coin into the girl's hand and accord'ng to old Jewish custom claimed her as his wife. The incident created a sensation among the crowd in the synagogue, but the rabbi concluded to marry the girl to Oren.

Next day Goldberg and the girl eloped to Boston. Oren tried to secure a warrant for the girl's arrest. Failing in this he went to Philadelphia and consulted a number of Orthodox rabbis respecting the case. Meanwhile Goldberg and the Roypen girl returned to Baltimore and went to live with Goldberg's parents. Goldberg contended that the girl's marriage to Oren was null and void, that his was binding because she was forced to marry Oren by her parents.

The case was finally submitted to a council of Jewish rabbis, who decided that the girl had to be divorced from both husbands.

After long waiting, Mrs. W. F. Courtney will occupy her new millinery store at 204 Merrimack street, Saturday, Oct. 10th. All are invited to call.

THE CANAL LINE

Counsel Dickinson Sums up Question

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 6—On entering this morning on the third day of his argument before the Alaska boundary commission, Jacob M. Dickinson, of counsel for the United States, summed up the question of the Portland canal line.

He declared that the American contention was the usual, simple, natural and consistent method of determining the boundary. He held that Great Britain's contention arbitrarily changed the direction of the line through the canal to the fifty sixth parallel and introduced a new direction in the boundary line, unprovided for in the treaty and which instead of carrying the line direct on the fifty sixth parallel, only seven miles distant, carried the line sixty miles to the coast before reaching that parallel.

Counsel denied Attorney General Finlay's and Solicitor General Carson's arguments that the tribunal had no power to determine what constituted the coast. If that was true the proceedings might as well have not been commenced, for an answer to every question submitted required a determination in regard to what constituted the coast.

Dealing with the British argument that article seven of the treaty of 1825 applied only to the lisiere (or strip which Russia was to obtain by the treaty) Mr. Dickinson quoted Chief Justice Alverstone's and the late Lord Russell's own arguments as showing that they, as counsel for Great Britain at the fur seal arbitration of 1893, took exactly the opposite view from that now advanced by Attorney General Finlay and Solicitor General Carson.

Counsel said he was surprised at Great Britain's change of attitude on the lisiere question without adducing any new grounds therefore.

Lord Alverstone listened with evident amusement to Mr. Dickinson's use of the interpretations which he and the late Lord Russell of Killowen, the former lord chief justice, formerly urged in Paris.

The commission then adjourned for the day and proceeded to the memorial service for the late Sir Michael Herbert.

HIGH SPEED RATE

ELECTRIC CAR TRAVELLED 125 4-5 MILES AN HOUR.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BERLIN, Oct. 6—An electric car on the Marienfelde-Zossen experimental line reached a speed of 125 4-5 miles per hour today, or a kilometer more than the highest previous record. The current was between 13,000 and 14,000 volts, capable of driving the car at the rate of over 200 miles. This power is reduced by transformers to about 450 volts. The car used today had four motors, having together about 1100 horsepower. It was the car used in the previous tests this year and is constructed on the Siemens-Hasken system. Another car of somewhat different equipment as to motors and transformers has been built for additional high speed tests.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Powers of 30 Saratoga street.

A Cure for Asthma

The worst cases of Asthma in the world succumb readily to the one great cure that never fails. Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann's Asthma Cure almost performs miracles.

Mr. R. M. Spencer, 2380 Vermont avenue, Toledo, O., says: "Asthma has been growing on me for 3 years, until last summer the attacks became so severe that many nights I spent half the time gasping for breath. Doctors seemed to give no relief whatever, and I felt there was no hope for me, when a drug clerk recommended your Asthma Cure. Its effect is truly magical and gives complete relief in from 2 to 5 minutes."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 293, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

From Late Editions Yesterday

REGISTRATION

Democrats are Gaining on Republicans

AS COMPARED WITH OTHER YEARS

Will Beat Them Out at Registration

The clerks at democratic headquarters are quite enthusiastic as the result of the manner in which registration progresses and they are confident that no matter how hard the republicans may work from now until the close of registration, the democracy will add more names to the check lists than the republicans.

Joseph H. Callahan, clerk at the headquarters, who is an expert on election figures, the rise and fall of registration and in fact all political matters of a statistical nature, estimates that of the 1834 names dropped by the assessors this year, five more republicans were dropped than democrats and past experience teaches that Mr. Callahan's estimates are never more than 25 out of the way.

Up to October 6, 395 names were added to the list of which 186 were those of democrats and 209 republicans. These figures are the cause of democratic enthusiasm for ordinarily the republicans have 200 more and the democrats about 100 less on the list at this time for the democrats never begin to register until the last days. Furthermore, the state central committee has decided to pay more attention to registration in Lowell this year and from now on democratic registration will begin to boom.

MADE TROUBLE

Lowell Men Were Noisy in Lawrence

The Lawrence Eagle says:

Charles Jones, painter, Bernard B. Golden, carpenter, and John McKenzie, plumber, were arrested Monday on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. The prisoners say that they live in Lowell.

Jones, Golden and McKenzie were on Lowell street near Greenwood late Monday afternoon and caused much annoyance by quarreling among themselves and by bothering other people.

The three disturbers were approached by Janitor Ford of the Bruce school, who asked them to behave themselves. Their only response was a threat to injure Ford. At this interesting period Policeman Lewis and Kimball appeared on the scene and escorted the troublesome trio to a patrol box, from whence they were sent to the police station.

DEATHS

McCAFFREY—Mary J. McCaffrey, aged ten years and ten months, child of Owen and Mary, died this morning at the home of her parents, 19 Mill street.

CHARETTE—Omer, aged 10 months, child of Joseph and Leda Charette, died last night at the home of his parents, 67 Davidson street.

CHARBONNEAU—Joseph, aged 9 months, son of Hormisdas and Marie Charbonneau, died last night at the home of his parents, 32 Ward street.

VIGNEAULT—William, aged 4 months and 29 days, child of Ludger and Clara, died last night at the home of his parents, 467 Moody street.

MISKO—Helene, aged three years, eight months and fourteen days, child of Ian and Olympia, died last night at the home of her parents, 25 Amory street.

PERSONALS

The many friends of Mr. Lewis Greeley will be pleased to hear that he is rapidly recovering from his recent illness.

Frederick L. McCarthy, pianist of this city, was acompanist at the banquet given to the "Ancients and Honourables" at Faneuil hall, Boston, Friday evening, Oct. 2.

Miss May Taylor of B street, assisted by Miss Lottie Rice, entertained members of the Nashua high school football team Saturday evening.

Miss Susie Ellison of Nashua has been the guest of Miss May Taylor of B street for a few days.

Mrs. A. C. Crochet of 317 Westford street has returned from a four weeks' vacation.

Judge Samuel P. Hadley left yesterday for a two weeks' vacation which will be spent at Northampton.

FOR WIGGINVILLE MISSION.

Wm. H. Wigin, treasurer of fund for repairing Wigginville Mission, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of ten dollars from Worthen St. Baptist Sunday school of Lowell. Five dollars from Baptist church of Billerica and one dollar from Miss Emily N. Wiggin. Total receipts to date $110.50.

Mrs. W. F. Courtney wishes to inform her lady friends and customers that she will occupy her new parlors Saturday, Oct. 10, at 204 Merrimack street.

J. F. SAUNDERS' MARKET.

There is no more positive sign of business prosperity than the necessity of enlarged quarters, and that is just what John F. Saunders has had to do at his popular cash market on Gorham street. It makes a great improvement in the looks of his store. It is finished in the natural wood and is very ornamental, giving ample room. This improvement had to be made to accommodate Mr. Saunders' customers, as almost everybody knows what splendid bargains are offered at Mr. Saunders' market.

FOR ROOSEVELT

Rhode Island Republicans Make Pledge

THE STATE TICKET HAS BEEN NAMED

Governor Garvin Severely Scored

By Associated Press to The Sun

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 6.—The republicans of Rhode Island, in annual convention assembled, today placed themselves on record as supporters of President Roosevelt's administration and believers in the principles of protection as expressed by the national body.

The platform, in effect, stated that the gold standard should be wisely supplemented so as to make the system less rigid; and that combinations of capital which inflate values and destroy competition should be suppressed. The aim of the party was to secure rights for the disfranchised, the peaceful arbitration of labor troubles, and the restriction of immigration.

Governor L. F. C. Garvin was severely arraigned on the ground that throughout his executive career he had impeached the name of the state by his public speeches and writings.

When chairman of the state central committee F. E. Holden of Woonsocket called the convention to order at 11 o'clock, there was a full representation of accredited delegates present. A temporary organization was formed with Mayor Alphonse Gauden Jr., Woonsocket, as chairman, and N. M. Wright, C. H. Howland, and Felix Hebert, secretaries. The roll call was completed and the credentials of the delegates were approved, when, at noon, on motion of the chairman a committee of resolutions was selected and it immediately went into conference.

Chairman Gaudin arose to address the convention during the intermission.

The following state ticket was unanimously nominated:

For governor, Colonel Samuel Pomroy Colt of Bristol.

For lieut.-governor, George H. Utter of Westerly.

For secretary of state, Charles P. Bennett of Providence.

For attorney-general, Charles F. Stearns of Providence.

For general treasurer, Walter A. Read of Gloucester.

The election of the members of the republican state committee was taken up and at its conclusion, Newport was represented by one delegate, Providence by three, and Warwick, Pawtucket, Lincoln and Central Falls by one each. On motion of the executive committee of the state central committee, it was empowered to fill any vacancies which may occur during the coming year.

The schedule of business having been completed, on motion of Chairman Gaudin the convention was closed and adjournment was taken.

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

Following is an abstract of the platform adopted:

The republican party of Rhode Island in annual convention, assembled, most cordially endorses the administration of chief executive, Theodore Roosevelt; a worthy successor of the great republican presidents, Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, Harrison, McKinley. His ability, courage, honesty and sound practical statemanship has won for him and his administration the high regard of the American people as well as the admiration of rulers and people the world over, and we pledge to President Roosevelt our united and hearty support in the campaign of 1904.

On national issues it stands on the platform of the national republican party which has fought and won so many battles for the rights of men, giving emancipation from slavery in America, Cuba and the Philippines; protecting the labor of toiler by just laws, securing constitutional rights to the disfranchise, establishing a gold standard as the basis of the reward of labor; making wise and peaceful arbitration a means of ending destructive labor wars and adjusting proper relations between capital and labor; and restricting immigration to those nations and people who shall add to our productive wealth as well as national growth.

The republicans of Rhode Island believe in the efficacy and wisdom of the policy of protecting by intelligent legislation the industries and labor of the United States from the destructive competition of countries where labor conditions and earnings are entirely unlike our own; they believe it to be the highest duty of a republican congress to ever fully maintain the integrity and value of our national currency. The great work of firmly establishing a gold standard may wisely be supplemented by modifications relieving rigidity of existing laws, relating to the currency and the collection of the revenues. Governmental action producing at critical times disastrous congestion, affecting the business of the entire country should be prevented.

On state issues the party proposes to amend the constitution according to popular will when legally and constitutionally expressed; to advocate home rule on all matters which concern the individual rights of the citizens and to equalize the laws of taxation.

The party declares against bribery and corruption and while it condemns such practices in either party it finds no words of criticism too severe to apply to the chief executive who has preached and written throughout his executive career concerning the debauchment of Rhode Island voters, thereby impeaching his own party and defiling the fair name of the state which he has taken the oath of honor to defend.

The party is opposed to the immense trusts of the country so far as they inflate values beyond their normal condition, destroy competition and build up barons of wealth on the earnings of the common people; and it commends the courage of President Roosevelt and his advisers in bringing the operations of great trusts into publicity and their illegal proceedings to the bar of justice.

The platform was received with enthusiasm and it was formally reported unanimously adopted.

The announcement that Col. S. P. Colt would head the ticket was loudly applauded and as the names of the other officers, including Messrs. Utter, Bennett, Stearns and Read were announced, they received a noisy approval.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devoe Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

THE TOUR BEGUN

Ancients and Honourables Leave Boston

FINE ENTERTAINMENT WAS PROVIDED IN FALL RIVER

All the Schools Were Closed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6.—The much heralded tour throughout this country and Canada of the Ancient and Honourable Artillery company and its guests, the Honourable Artillery of company of London, began today after four days of entertainment and sightseeing in this section. All officers and members of the London company, about 160 in number, started on the trip. The escorting column of the Ancient and Honourables is 150 strong. After yesterday's strenuous day, the members of both companies were allowed to take a rest during the morning.

The members of the home company began to assemble at the armory in Faneuil Hall at noon. An hour later they appeared on the street and marched to Court square, where they took their guests under escort and conducted them to the South Terminal station.

By special train, a start was made for New York via Fall River, where the two companies were to be entertained until the departure of the steamer, by the First Heavy Artillery, M. V. M., and the Massachusetts Naval brigade.

IN FALL RIVER

BUILDINGS DECORATED FOR THE HONOURABLES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 6.—The Ancient and Honourables of Boston and the Honourable Artillery company of London, arrived here this afternoon on their way to New York and Washington. Preparations in their honor were made by the local militia and by a committee of civilians. Buildings in the centre of the city were quite generally decorated.

The escort consisted of four batteries of the First Heavy Artillery, M. V. M., and six companies of the Naval brigade, including companies from Taunton, Boston, Brockton, Lynn, and Springfield.

The Grand Army veterans met the procession at the library and continued with it in the review by the mayor and city government at city hall. Following a short stop at the Quequechan club, the procession reformed and at 5 p. m. marched through the centre of the city to the New York boat. The schools were closed at 3 o'clock in order to allow the pupils to view the procession. Automobiles were supplied during the short stop at the club to such of the visitors as desired to view points of interest in the city.

KITTKAR BATTLE

The Fighting Lasted 36 Hours

By Associated Press to The Sun

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 6—Details of the fighting at Kittkar, near Kratovo, (38 miles from Uskub), October 1 and 2, have reached the revolutionary headquarters here. The battle was waged for 36 hours.

The Turks found it impossible to dislodge the band of eighty insurgents from their strong position and brought up two cannon. The shots, however, went over the insurgents and wrought havoc among the Turks on the other side of the position. The insurgents ultimately escaped.

The Turkish losses are variously estimated at from 60 to 80 men killed or wounded.

The political situation is regarded over favorably.

BURNED TO GROUND

WILLARD'S HOUSE AND MANY PAINTINGS BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

STURBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 6.—With many of his treasured early paintings, the house of William Willard, the famous artist in this town, was burned to the ground today, causing a loss of $8000. There is insurance to the amount of $1500 on the house. Mr. Willard, who is 85 years old, did not discover the flames until they had gained much headway and made his escape from the house with difficulty.

CABINET MEETING

POSTOFFICE AND NAVAL AFFAIRS DISCUSSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—For nearly two hours today, the president and members of his cabinet, now in the city, were in consultation at the executive offices. It was the first formal meeting of the cabinet since the conclusion of the president's summer vacation. Secretaries Root, Hay and Hitchcock were the only members absent.

While all those present were reticent as to the details of the meeting, it is known that some matters of importance, particularly relating to the navy and the postoffice departments were under consideration.

The investigation of the affairs of the postoffice department which has been in progress for many months, was stated by Postmaster-General Payne to be practically concluded, although a few matters of importance remain to be cleared up.

STEAMER OLD COLONY LAUNCHED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHELSEA, Mass., Oct. 6—The new side-wheel steamship Old Colony was launched at the yard of her builders here today. The vessel was christened by Miss Eva Gallano, daughter of Captain J. E. Gallano, who will command the new boat when it is put on the route between Boston and Plymouth next spring. The Old Colony is 290 feet in length, 32 feet beam with 12 feet depth of hold.

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-Law
And Public Administrator.
137 Central Street. Telephone 639-4.

MUST LEAVE CITY

Boston Police Will Stop Chinese Feuds

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—To prevent further bloodshed among the Chinese societies in Chinatown, the police of station 4 have determined to investigate every new Chinese arrival in the district and learn his business. Yesterday afternoon three Chinese were arrested on suspicion and taken to the Lagrange street station. It was reported to Captain Cain that at least one of them had come to Boston for the purpose of doing harm to other members of the Hep Sing Tong, the society to which Wong Yak Chong, the man murdered Friday night, belonged.

The three Chinese reached Boston early in the morning. It was afternoon before the police located them. Two of them are educated Chinamen and are dressed in American clothing. The other does not talk English at all, and wore his native costume. When word came to the police where the men were, a large detail of police was ordered to seize them. They were hustled to station 4 and put through a rigid examination.

ONE HAD A LETTER.

Tucked away in the underclothing of one of the men was a letter written in Chinese, which Capt. Cain translated. The letter when written out in English, appeared to be a jumble of sentences. The only intelligible idea which appeared according to Capt. Cain, was that some brothers of the society were in trouble and needed aid. The latter was evidently written at the headquarters of the society in Mott street, New York.

Under the circumstances Capt. Cain thought he had not sufficient evidence to send the men to court, despite the information he received. But he determined that they should no remain in Boston. His officers had found in the room where the three Chinese had been found, a revolver, fully loaded. They seized it and brought it to the station with the prisoners. The police tried to unload the cartridges from the chamber, but didn't succeed, so they went down cellar and fired them all off. Each of the prisoners denied that the revolver was his.

After a talk with the prisoners, Capt. Cain decided what his course of action would be.

MADE THEM LEAVE BOSTON.

"We don't want you in Boston," we told them. "You must go away at once."

"We mean no harm," said one of the Chinese.

"I am told you do mean harm," replied Capt. Cain. "That's why I don't want you here. Will you go away?"

The Chinese looked glum and protested. But when Capt. Cain explained the matter through an interpreter they consented."

"There's a train at 6. Will you take that? It will give you two hours to get ready."

"Yes," meekly responded the three.

Capt. Cain called three of his policemen and gave them orders to go with the Chinese and not lose sight of them until they took the train. While he was giving the policemen his orders, counsel for the men appeared and was admitted to the captain's private office. He said he was Lawyer Sheehan and that he proposed to see that the legal rights of his clients were guarded.

"But they have agreed to go back to New York," replied Capt. Cain.

"If they are willing to do that," replied Mr. Sheehan, "I can't stop them, but I want to see that they are properly used while they are here.'

MEANS TO CHECK FEUD.

"It is the first time," said Capt. Cain yesterday, "that such a bloody feud has broken out among the Chinese in Boston. We must check it. That is the reason we have had to resort to such extreme measures. The community must be protected from such high-handed acts. We intend to prevent them and so we must take every precaution, even if innocent men are brought to the station.

PRESTIGE GONE

Balfour Has Missed Great Opportunity

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 6—There is practically but one opinion of the reconstructed British cabinet and that is that Premier Balfour missed his opportunity to rehabilitate the character of his government and that so far as the unionist policy at large is concerned the ministry has lost most of its prestige and authority. This estimate of what already commonly designated as the "transitional cabinet" seems largely due to the sense of chaos arising from the unexpected defection of the duke of Devonshire, as with the notable exception of the colonial secretaryship, the premier has reconstructed the cabinet in a manner closely agreeing with public opinion.

It was rumored today that the marquis of Londonderry, president of the board of education, may follow the duke of Devonshire into retirement.

The new colonial secretary, Alfred Lyttleton, has made only one pronouncement on the fiscal question. On that occasion he defended Mr. Chamberlain's actions in launching the discussion, but contended that the poor man's budget must not be weighed and said he would be especially sorry to add to the food bill. He anticipated a readjustment rather than additional taxation and thought the government should have a weapon for use in the negotiation of commercial treaties

ATTEMPT TO KILL

The Charge Against H. Hanson at Alfred, Me.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ALFRED, Me., Oct. 6—The defence opened their case in the supreme judicial court today by introducing the respondent, Harlan P. Hanson, who is charged with an assault with intent to kill Frank Hagerman during an altercation on the night of August 14. It was expected the case would continue into tomorrow.

Hanson testified he was 61 years old, had served two years in the regular army and since 185 had been employed on the Biddeford & Saco street railway. He acknowledged firing two shots without taking aim after hearing Hagerman exclaim: "I will cut your heart out," and seeing him show a knife. He testified Hagerman when he arrived at Hanson's house with a friend at 10 o'clock had been drinking, that with Hanson's daughter he sat in the yard until midnight, when he was requested by Hanson to enter the house. The trouble followed, during which Hanson claims Hagerman made the exclamation quoted and tried to cut him and the two shots were fired. Hanson, who did not know the shots had taken effect, flatly contradicted the testimony of City Marshal Bradbury by saying he passed through the house and meeting Bradbury gave the revolver to him without making any trouble. Hanson's direct evidence was all in at noon, when the examination of about 20 witnesses for the defence commenced.

McMANUS SUMMONED

BEFORE GRAND JURY TO CLEAR MURDER MYSTERY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MIDDLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 6.—In the belief that he can give some important information regarding the cause of the riot in this town July 4, last, when one policeman was shot, Thomas McManus has been summoned to appear before the grand jury at Plymouth, today, to tell his version of the affair.

The riot occurred as the result of dissatisfaction on the part of some of the townspeople with the recently appointed police force.

GENERAL DUFFIELD

ACTED AS UMPIRE IN THE GERMAN CLAIMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—Brevet Major General Henry M. Duffield, the umpire at the tribunal to adjust the German claims against Venezuela for damages to persons and property that arose during the revolution in Venezuela, arrived here on the steamer Maracaibo today. He said it had been decided between the commissioners and himself that the details of the claims and the decision would not be given out for publication until after the decision had been presented to the various governments. There were 76 claims presented, two were withdrawn, 37 were decided by the commissioners and 31 were sent to the umpire, General Duffield for determination. General Duffield will proceed immediately to Washington to deliver his report.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS

WIN VICTORY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE SUPREME COURT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 6.—The regular October term of the supreme court opened in this city this morning, a large number of decisions being rendered. The most important was in the case of Speed vs. Tomlinson, a suit for damages on the grounds of malpractice and fraud brought against a Christian science practitioner of this city. In the superior court the judge took the case from the jury and sent it up to the higher court for a decision of the points of law involved. As regards the count of malpractice, the supreme court decides in favor of the defendant. This establishes the right to practice Christian science in this state and is regarded as a decision of importance. On the ground of fraud the court sustains the plaintiff and a retrial of the case in the superior court so far as this count is concerned may follow.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of

You Cannot Ask for Anything in the
ELECTRIC LINE
That You Cannot Get at
DERBY & MORSE'S
All orders promptly attended to. 64 Middle street. Telephone 468-4.

ATTORNEY JEROME

Raided Gambling Houses in New York

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—District Attorney Jerome raided an alleged gambling house today at 107 West 45th street.

With the district attorney and assisting in the raid were Inspector Walsh, several detectives and a squad of policemen in plain clothes. The place is a five story brown stone front house and is handsomely furnished.

The raid lacked the sensational features that have characterized former ones made by the district attorney. No axes, sledge hammers and ladders were called into play. The doors were quickly opened on an order from Phil Daly, Jr., who was taken in a restaurant nearby and accompanied the raiders to the house. Two men, said to be employes, were arrested in the rooms.

The house was examined from cellar to roof; even the walls were sounded by the officers. Only two or three faro boxes were found. However, a bridge was discovered which led from a back window to a livery stable across the alley, so that escape was an easy matter in cases of unexpected calls by raiders.

A house in West 26th street was raided earlier in the night by a squad of police. They found gambling implements hidden in the ceiling of an upper room and chopped them out with axes. No prisoners were made and it was asserted that news of the intended raid preceded the officers.

KING EDWARD

SENT A REPRESENTATIVE TO HERBERT'S FUNERAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 6—The body of Sir Michael Herbert, the late British ambassador at Washington, was interred this afternoon in the family burial ground at Wilton, Wiltshire.

The funeral was largely private. King Edward and the Prince of Wales sent representatives. Ambassador Choate, Secretary White and Second Secretary Carter, of the American embassy, represented the United States.

Simultaneously there was an impressive memorial service in the Marlborough house chapel, St. James palace. The service, which was fully choral, was attended by the Earl of Kintore, (lord in waiting), representing King Edward; Mr. McCormick, the United States ambassador to Russia; the Alaska Boundary commissioners, the members of the United States embassy who were not at Wilton, Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, Lord Strathcona, the high commissioner for Canada, Lady Strathcona, Lady and Miss Pauncefote, Lord and Lady Cromer and Sir Clinton Dawkins.

Among the senders of wreaths to Wilton, were Ambassador Choate, Senator Wetmore, Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador to the United States and the Pilgrims club.

COMPANY WILL REORGANIZE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—After several meetings of creditors and important stockholders, it has been decided to reorganize the international Fire Engine company which is capitalized at $9,000,000, Charles E. Becker, vice-president and George R. Bidwell, former collector of the port of New York and managing director of the combination, have resigned.

A committee has been appointed for the purpose of drawing up a new plan of capitalization and readjustment of the company's finances.

The company has a controling interest in properties at Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Baltimore, Elmira and Seneca Falls, N. Y., and St. Paul, Minn., and Worcester, Mass.

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WALL STREET—10.10 a. m.—Opening prices declined quite uniformly a slight fraction. There was some special pressure against Brooklyn Transit, which carried it down about a point. Wabash pfd., and Missouri Pacific were the only exceptions to the depression and hardened a little.

11 a. m.—A further small decline in prices occurred before the selling ceased. Lack of offerings rather than any evidence of demand seemed to be the factor in checking the downward movement. Prices stiffened somewhat later under the lead of Brooklyn Transit and U. S. Steel, which recovered their losses. Hardly any of the railroad stocks fluctuated more than a slight fraction and the market was practically at a standstill at 11 o'clock. Operators were inclined to await the action of the U. S. Steel dividend.

MONEY ON CALL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Noon.—Money on call steady at 2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper 6 @ 6½ per cent.

Exchanges $218,420,268.

Balances $13,591,326.

SENATOR PLATT

Aged Seventy to Wed a Widow

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The Hon. Thomas Collier Platt, senior United States senator for the state of New York, has made the formal announcement that he is to be married Oct. 16, to Mrs. Lillian T. Janeway of Washington. Senator Platt has been a widower since February 13, 1901, when his first wife, who was his cousin, Ellen Lucy Barstow, died at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Mrs. Janeway's first husband, Dr. Theodore Janeway, died six months ago. She has one daughter and Senator Platt has three sons. They will go to Washington almost immediately after the ceremony and will reside at the Arlington. The senator was 70 years old in July.

STUDENTS TROUBLE

THE NIGHT ROBE PARADE WAS BLOCKED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BRUNSWICK, Me., Oct. 6—As President Hyde had not been informed of the affair he made no reference at chapel this morning to the trouble last night between 250 students and an equal number of towns people in which a number of students were slightly injured.

The trouble was caused by opposition to the annual "Night Robe Parade" of the freshmen, the towns people stretching a rope across the street at the railroad crossing and presenting a solid front.

The students have obtained the names of the leaders. They claim they can readily identify them and have a good case against several. A mass meeting to decide upon a course of action will be held before arrests are made.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

DEDICATED AT ALFRED, ME., THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ALFRED, Maine, Oct. 6.—Former Governor D. H. Chamberlain of South Carolina, was the principal speaker at the dedicatory exercises this afternoon of a public library, presented to the town by Rev. John Parsons of Brookline, and George Parsons of Kennebunk. The building is a granite structure and including an endowment of about $30,000, represents a gift of $45,000.

Congressman Amos L. Allen, as president of the day, introduced Rev. John Parsons, who presented the gift to the town for which town agent Samuel M. Came acknowledged acceptance. A reception at the library following the exercises in the town hall was largely attended.

ELLIOTT NOT AN ANARCHIST.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Inquiry among the few anarchists left in Paterson, N. J., since the crusade against them following the dyers' riots, failed to show that Peter Olsen Elliott, who attempted to force his way into the presence of President Roosevelt, had ever mixed with Paterson anarchists. The incident at the White House was discussed in resorts frequented by the Italian and French anarchists but none of the men had any knowledge of Elliott. One of the men said:

"While we are opposed to rulers, we have no particular grievance against Mr. Roosevelt. My personal opinion is that Elliott is simply a crank."

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—Arrived steamers Armenian from Liverpool; Anchoria from Glasgow; Potsdam from Rotterdam; Kaiserin Maria Theresa from Bremen; Deutschland from Hamburg.

DYNAMITE USED

To Wreck a Train on No. Pacific

By Associated Press to The Sun

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 6—The Northern Pacific suffered again last night from the work of dynamiters. When an extra west bound freight was three miles west of Birdseye, a station eight miles west of Helena, an explosion occurred.

A portion of the tracks was destroyed and the pilot and headlight of the engine were blown off. The engineer stopped the train in time to prevent its being ditched.

No one was hurt, but the roadbed was damaged and freight trains were tied up until repairs could be made.

News of the outrage was received here by the railroad detectives early today and a special train left for the scene at once.

Chief Detective McFittridge was in charge of a party composed of several detectives and sheriffs. Six blood hounds were taken.

JAPANESE FLEET

IS IN THE HARBOR MA-SAN-PHO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PARIS, Oct. 6—Official advices show that the Japanese fleet is in the harbor Ma-San-Pho (south of Corea.) No troops have yet been landed.

It is accepted as practically settled that Russia will not evacuate parts of Manchuria Oct. 8, the date fixed for the evacuation. The Russian ambassador to Japan, Baron de Rosen, having plenary powers, is now negotiating with the foreign minister at Tokio and there is reason to believe that the possible basis of a solution of the difficulty having some prospects of adoption is Russia conceding Japan a foothold in Corea.

TO AMALGAMATE GOULD LINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6—President Joseph Ramsey, Jr., of the Wabash railroad, began a thorough inspection of the construction work on the Pittsburg, Carnegie & Western railroad today, with a view to perfecting plans for the amalgamation of all the Gould lines east of Toledo.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Wabash will be called in a short time and the proposition for the purchase of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, Pittsburg, Toledo & Western and Pittsburg, Carnegie & Western railroads will be submitted. The lines east of Toledo will be operated as one grand division.

CONSERVATIVES WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 6.—The latest returns from the provincial election, held Saturday, show that 22 conservatives, 17 liberals, two socialists and one labor representative have been elected. This includes returns from Similkameen.

COTTON WASTE COMPANY FAILS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—K. Egan & Co., manufacturers of cotton waste, with a mill at Baltimore, announce that the receivership into which the affairs of the company were taken on April 28, has been dissolved and the assets of the corporation are again in the hands of its own officers.

STEAM HEATING
WATER HEATING
FURNACE HEATING
CARROLL BROS.'
Tel. 640. 86 Middle St.

SPECIAL NOTICES

DOUBLE STAMPS, BLUE—All this week, 60 with a pound of Baking Powder, 40 with a pound of Tea, 20 with a pound of coffee. Double stamps on crockery and glassware. Dickson's tea store, 63 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The two o'clock and five o'clock editions of The Sun are on sale every day at both newsstands in the Union station, Boston.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—The public is hereby notified that the co-partnership hitherto existing under the firm name and style of Dwyer & Mitchell is dissolved this date. All bills due the firm must be paid to John Dwyer, who will carry on the business and will pay all outstanding debts. Signed
JOHN DWYER,
ALDRIC MITCHELL.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Small picture pin somewhere between Coburn street and Hamilton mill. Reward for return to 90 Coburn street.

LOST—Pocketbook in 5 and 10 cent store Tuesday afternoon. If the lady who picked it up will return same to 5 and 10 cent store she will receive reward.

LOST—Saturday evening, purse containing small sum of money between John Nolan's residence and Chapel street. Finder rewarded at Sun office.

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have by calling at 52 Willow street, proving property and paying adv.

LOST—A bay mare on the Tyngsboro road between Long Sought For pond and Tyngsboro. Finder return to W. H. Downs, Brick tavern, Westford, and receive reward.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eight-room house near Sacred Heart church; gas, bath, hot water. Particulars 3 Elm street.

J. W. BRUCE & CO.
29 Central Street

Farm, 13 acres	$900
Farm, 80 acres	$3100
Farm, 22 acres	$1450
Farm, 150 acres	$1900
Lodging house, 16 rooms	$700
Bakery, best in city	$800
Variety Store	$300

For full descriptions of above property, call at J. W. Bruce & Co.'s, 29 Central street.

TO LET
LOW PRICES. GOOD REPAIRS.

5 rooms, Hosford Sq	$ 8.00
4 rooms, Abbott St	6.00
7 rooms, bath, Bleachery St	10.00
7 rooms, Lawrence St	11.00
3 rooms, Central St	5.00
Store and 3 rooms, Central St	12.00
Cottage and barn, Rogers St	8.00
Cottage and barn, Rogers St	7.00
Store and 3 rooms, Lawrence St	8.00
Store, Merrimack St	15.00
Blacksmith shop, Charles St	13.00
5 rooms, Central St	10.00
5 rooms, Liberty street	8.00
9 rooms, Westford St	18.00

APPLY 468 CENTRAL STREET

BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD

Corrected to June 22, 1903. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston 5.43, 6.22, x6.42, *7.45, *8.50, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.26, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS 5.46 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.28, *6.39, x6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.24, 7.31, *7.48, w*8.00, *8.57, w9.25 *9.50, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, w3.10, x3.03, *3.47, w3.55, *4.02, 4.25, w5.06, 5.22, x5.49, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, 8.42, w9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.21, w8.15, 8.48, 9.20 a. m.; 12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28 (to Lawrence only), w2.30, w3.55, w5.06 w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30, w8.45 p. m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, Western Division, 6.50, 9.26, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06, 7.00, 9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.30, 8.45, p. m.

For Salem, Mass., 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, 12.30, 13.55, w5.06, 5.28 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill Bridge, Newburyport, Hampton, Northampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 2.55 p. m. until Sept. 18, 1903, inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 6.28, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, z7.31, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.28, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.28 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. (5.06 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor and Jonesport, (via Steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.48, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 4.28, *5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.43 a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.46, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.50, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 3.66, 4.28, 5.22, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.21, 8.48, 9.20, a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer and way stations, 7.07, 11.55, a. m.; 5.01 and 6.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Ponemah, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 5.29 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.03, *9.39, *9.59, *10.39 a. m.; *12.09, 1.00, 1.39, *1.54, 3.40, *5.39, 6.27, *5.10, *9.10, p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m.; 2.00, 6.05, *8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, *9.39 a. m.; 12.09, 1.39, 5.39, *b8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.30, 9.39 a. m.; 1.39, 5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.00 p. m.

For Tilton, Laconia, Lakeport, Weirs, Meredith and Plymouth, 7.30, *9.59 a. m.; 1.54, 5.39 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, 10.39 a. m.; 1.54, *b9.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.39 a. m.; *12.09 *b8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *10.39 a. m.; *b9.10 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, 1.54, *b9.10 p. m.

References:—
†Via Wakefield Junction.
*Express. bDaily.
qWednesdays and Saturdays only.
wVia Western Division.
xVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junc.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Experienced cook at Osgood's, 20-21 Boott corp.

WOMEN WANTED to sell a necessity to mothers; $12 a week clear. Dept. M., Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Middle aged Catholic lady to do general housework; must be sober and upright. Call after 6 o'clock evenings at 36 Chamber street.

WANTED—At once, girl to do light housework. Apply 209 Appleton street.

TABLE GIRL wanted at 599 Market street.

WANTED—Housegirls, kitchen and mill help at Phil's employment agency, 29 Central street.

WANTED—At once, a smart, tidy girl about 14 years. Call 141 Market street.

WANTED—An old lady to do light housework and care for two children. Call 1 rear 31 Coburn street.

WANTED—Young men to learn pulling over. Apply at Stover & Bean's, Hood building, Thorndike street.

WANTED—Two smart, experienced kitchen girls at 52 Lee street.

WANTED—Two or three housegirls at 487 Central street.

WANTED—Lady agents not over 35 by a gentleman having a good article for sale. Write R. Stone, general delivery, Lowell.

WANTED—A thoroughly capable housework girl; must be a good cook and laundress. Call afternoons at 581 Westford street.

AGENTS for accident and health insurance; large commissions to energetic solicitors; attractive policies; low premiums; applications easily obtained. Imperial Registration Co., 11 Broadway, New York.

TO MANUFACTURERS—Special inducements will be offered to manufacturers locating factories in a southern seaport city, the location of which is unexcelled for the speedy and economical distribution of manufactured products by rail or water to the largest consuming centres of the United States and foreign countries, it being only about 300 miles from New York city by sea; will furnish and require good references. For further information address "Development," care The Sun, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—A few more ladies to bead slippers. 13 East Merrimack street, one flight up.

WANTED—Girl to do light housework at once. Call 46 Bartlett street.

WANTED—Meat cutter as a partner in the meat business; we have the horse and cart. Call after 7 p. m. 173 Merrimack street, room 2.

WANTED—Six good carpenters. Apply at 11 Wilson street or 140 D street.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to keep house for two people and one child; good home to the right party. Call this evening and Sunday, rear 124 High street.

WANTED—Housegirl at Employment office, 584 Gorham street.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 548 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants, and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, Room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Lainhas, Room 9, Barristers hall.

WANTED

YOUNG LADIES to learn the fastest system of shorthand in 20 lessons; absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods; position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties; everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers; thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamps. Department 35 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms (running water in one) in house with telephone, near cars; reasonable price. Address J. M., Sun office.

HOUSE CLEANING—By the hour or day by woman. Address A. E., 452 Suffolk street.

WANTED—Small children to board; $1.50 per week. Mrs. Ellen Gower, Pelham, N. H.

WANTED—To buy home in the city for cash; only those that wish to sell and sell low need apply. Box 435, city.

YOUNG MEN to learn the fastest system of shorthand in 20 lessons; absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods, position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation, 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties; everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers, thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamp. Department 31 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

LADIES wishing to make their own dresses will now have the opportunity to learn the Penley Dress Cutting System at 62 London street. Come now.

WANTED—Amateur photographers to know that this is the best place in town to have your work done. Price Right. Work Right. Special attention given to retouching, viewing and mechanical work of all kinds. Open evenings, 7 to 9. A. Ernest Clark, photographer, 68 Middle St.

TO LET

TO LET—A store in Little Canada, corner Aiken and Cheever streets; this store can be used as an office. Mrs. J. B. Chagnon, 18 Decatur street.

TO LET—Three or four room tenement, use of bath, hot and cold water. 161 Bridge street.

TO LET—Pleasant upstair tenement of 7 rooms; pantry, bath and good piazza; separate doors; at 320 Fairmount street, junction of Rogers. Apply 311.

TO LET—Desk room in one of the best fitted up offices in Lowell; steam heat, 'phone, large safe, etc. Inquire at rooms 47 and 48 Central block.

TO LET—Half double house, 110 Sixth street; 8 rooms; on car line. Apply 69 Myrtle street.

TO LET—An apartment of five rooms with bath and modern conveniences. 33 Branch street, corner Nichols street.

TO LET—Nice 7 room cottage on State street. Inquire at 78 Tyler street.

TENEMENTS TO LET—On Ludlam street, containing five rooms, with bath, pantry and large yard. Inquire on premises or Wm. Clements, 414 Broadway.

TO LET—Steam heated rooms, gas and bath at 253 Gorham street.

TO LET—Cottage house on Batchelder's court. Key and information at next door.

TO LET—Our aim is to furnish tidy, attractive tenements to quiet, self-respecting families at the lowest possible cost; if you are looking for a tenement that is pleasant and healthful, with good neighbors and at the same time is low in price, call and see us. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Tenement at 1 Branch place; rent $11. Inquire 36 Willie street.

DEFECTIVE AGENCIES.

H. C. GREENE
LICENSED DETECTIVE.
Evidence secured in all matters. All business confidential.
29 CENTRAL STREET

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—First-class retail liquor saloon on Westminster street, Providence, R. I.; rent reasonable; part cash, balance can remain on mortgage. James McGinn, 26 Ames street, Providence, R. I.

FOR SALE—Cheap, nice chiffoniere bed. Apply 22 Third avenue, Pawtucketville; upstairs.

FOR SALE—Bay mare, 1000 lbs., natural roader and stylish; concord wagon, nearly new. Inquire at this office.

WOOD LOT FOR SALE—15½ acres, two miles from Pawtucket bridge; price $650; a great bargain. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen building.

FOR SALE—A well furnished lodging house doing a good business in a central location. Address B. A. C., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Barber shop furniture cheap for cash. Apply 67 Charles street.

FOR SALE—Good paying boarding house of 21 furnished rooms; fine location; will sell for $1100. Apply 27 Orchard street, Lawrence.

AUCTION SALE Thursday, Oct. 8, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, fine line of household furniture at 21 Powell street, near Shaw hosiery.

FOR SALE—Carload of new milch cows and springers from Vermont. Jason Fuller's farm, Wamesit, Mass.

FOR SALE—Fine cabinet $95 organ; good as new; $45, easy terms; $35 cash. Room 2, No. 13 Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—New White and Household sewing machines, wholesale price; one good White $10, one Domestic $6. Room 2, No. 13 Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred B. P. Rock and R. I. Red pullets cheap. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmere, Dracut. Call day time

FOR SALE—Oldsmobile 1902 model, emergency brake; has been but little used. Inquire Upton & Gilman's, Middlesex St.

FOR SALE—Portable pool and billiard table, suitable for house use; will sell cheap if taken at once. Inquire No. 10 Sydney street.

FOR SALE—Restaurant doing a good business; a good investment; ill health the cause for wishing to sell. Call at 60 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Two nice male collie puppies, 4 months old, kind and affectionate; cheap to good home. Apply Billings' livery stable, Merrimack street, opposite Tremont.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices, 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1½ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c. linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS

DR. A. THOMPSON'S PREVENTION AND CURE. It prevents and cures colds, pneumonia, attacks of fever, sore throat, sore lungs, hard or painful coughs, la grippe and rheumatism in any stage. All druggists, 25c. per bottle.

MRS. ADAMS, Clairvoyant and Card Reader and ladies' employment office. 355 Gorham street, opp. Court house.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen, Bon Marche studio.

MADAME LENORE, clairvoyant and card reader, corner Lawrence and Tyler streets. Ladies 25c, gentlemen 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 12 and 2 to 10 p. m.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 340 Central St.

PARLOR MILLINERY—Mrs. A. Van Hise, 106 Gates street; opening Friday and Saturday; choice line of trimmed hats and latest millinery novelties.

IF YOU WANT to sell your house or farm let me hear from you quickly; if you want fire, life or accident and sickness insurance, it will pay you well to know what I can give you. M. J. Sharkey, Swan's building, 26 Central street.

MRS. FLETCHER, 709 Gorham street, trance business medium and card reader.

J. W. GREENLAW, carpenter and general jobber, 58 Middle street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 836-13.

DRINK GLORIA—Look out for imitations and don't be an easy mark for frauds. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

PRIVATE LESSONS in English given to those who desire for 25 cents an hour; also lessons in drawing and painting for children; oils, water colors or crayon; 25 cents an hour; hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. Miss Wilkins, 150 Andover street.

TEXTILE SCHOOL TABLETS and stationery at S. A. Garson's, successor to E. A. Burgess, stationer and newsdealer, 8 Central street, Lowell

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 281 Middlesex street.

LANDSCAPE GARDENER and turf grading. Apply M. J. Bloomfield, 31 West Fourth street.

THE COLONIAL COLLEGE of Dramatic Arts, Swan building; acting, elocution, oratory, dramatic literature. Call or write for prospectus.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ, corner Market and Palmer streets, makes all kinds of shoes for cripples and deformed feet at lowest prices; also all kinds of repairing done in first-class manner.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack street, opp. City hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief. Powerful combination. Used by 200,000 women. Price 25 cents. Druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects. Cures dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents falling hair. Harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—By a dressmaker, to go out sewing by the day; terms moderate. Address Dressmaker, Sun office.

WANTED—At once; position by an experienced bookkeeper. Best of references. Address W., Sun office.

ENGINEER, second class, wants position, 15 years' experience with high speed and compound engines; also experienced with hoisting engines. Address Engineer, Sun office.

WANTED—Situation as coachman; married, total abstainer, thoroughly understands the care of horses; first-class reference. Call 81 Chestnut street.

WANTED—A situation as meat or pastry cook; restaurant preferred. Inquire 280 Appleton street.

WANTED—Position as seamstress by experienced hand. Address 552 Lawrence street, city.

COMPETENT GENERAL HOUSEGIRL would like position in private family. Apply 151 East Merrimack street.

YOUNG LADY wants employment in office or as saleslady; experienced; can also operate typewriter. Address box 9, Sun office.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper by widow with child 6 years old; very reliable housekeeper and first-class cook; to good family, none others need apply. Address X. Y. Z., Sun office.

WANTED—Situation at light housework. Address 82 Bridge street.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

This is good political weather.

Lowell wants no powder magazines within her limits, unless they are put deeply underground, and enclosed in the heaviest stonework.

Four weeks from today the election returns will bring the republicans some very serious surprises. They will find some of their leading candidates sent down in defeat.

The popularity of Col. Ripley of Chelmsford swept away the claims of Caleb Smith in the republican convention of the 25th representative district; but it should not be allowed to overcome the candidacy of a good democratic in that district.

CHAMBERLAIN VS. BALFOUR.

Joseph Chamberlain has taken the stump for the propagation of his protectionist ideas.

Premier Balfour has gone so far towards Chamberlain's position on the tariff that there is little ground for dispute between them.

The fight will be a hot one and the outcome uncertain; but had Balfour held firmly to the free trade policy, Chamberlain's chances of victory would not be nearly as great. His triumphs on this question would make him Prime Minister of England and send Mr. Balfour back to the ranks. The latter would still, however, be regarded as a leader and he has gone so far towards agreement with Chamberlain that instead of maintaining opposition, he would probably become a supporter, provided Chamberlain's views met popular approval.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republican platform is regarded as one of the most ingenious pieces of non-committal platitudes ever put forward as the summary of principles of any political organization. In this respect alone is it an able document. Ex-Governor Crane understands what the present governor wants in the form of a platform. He wants nothing that will hamper his freedom of action or his freedom to take any position he may find to his advantage on the stump. The platform is therefore mainly negative in its character. Perhaps the most positive statement is this that "to uphold law and order should be the first duty of every American citizen." No doubt in this there is a veiled attempt to defend the governor's course in harassing the town of Revere by sending down the state officers to deal with matters purely local; but while this plank in the platform may be intended as a defense of his course in Revere it reminds the public of the manner in which he failed to enforce the law to prevent pool selling on the race track. The governor was actually in collusion with these gamblers but that of course is met by a general denial.

"The republican party," says this platform, "favors legislation that is just and fair to all interests, that encourages and protects the enterprises of capital and promotes and safeguards the welfare of labor." Would it be possible to frame a better straddle between capital and labor?

So the whole platform is made up of non-committal generalities. No declaration in favor of any reform demanded by the people, nothing in favor of regulating the trusts nothing against the tariff abuses except that the present tariff law should not be revised or changed until the need of such action and the benefit to be derived from it be clearly shown.

Thus the republican platform from first to last is one of platitudinous generalities and cunning evasions. What has such a platform to invite loyal support? When contrasted with the democratic platform it would seem that the latter should commend itself strongly to every voter desirous of promoting the general interests of the people of the commonwealth.

THE LUCE LAW SHOULD BE ADOPTED.

The question of adopting the Luce caucus law is now up for consideration.

The main and indeed the only objection urged against it in this city is that there are not ward rooms enough to accommodate all who would wish to attend, but this might be overcome by keeping the polls open long enough.

A fair discussion of the merits of this law seems to indicate that it is highly calculated to correct abuses and to give effect to the will of the majority.

The trial of the law in Boston was highly satisfactory and it proved efficacious especially in removing the disgraceful faction fights which had for years been a feature of some of the ward caucuses. Above all, it protects the rights of the citizen against the undue domination of political machines. It makes it utterly impossible for any clique, faction or combination to capture caucuses by actual force, something that has not been unfrequent under the old system.

If the Luce law will prevent political machines from pocketing political parties and guarantee every citizen's right to become a candidate and to secure all the votes cast for him, then it will be a vast improvement upon the present system, and the sooner we have it the better. Under such a method of selecting candidates there will be no excuse for any class of citizens to keep away on the pretext that the nominations are agreed upon in advance by the machine and that it matters not how the voting goes.

The objection made by Judge Richardson against declaring his political affiliations is nonsensical as every man who attends a caucus thereby declares that he is a member of that particular political party.

The law imposes the necessary restriction that no voter shall attend the caucus of more than one party in the same year, but it does not interfere with any voter's freedom of choice on election day.

The independent voter may consider himself left out in the cold; but all that such voters want, it seems, is freedom of choice on election day which remains wholly unrestricted. There is no reason why independent voters should object to their exclusion from the caucus of a party to which they do not belong. They can put forward their candidates on nomination papers as formerly.

On the whole it seems that there are very substantial advantages to be derived from the adoption of this law, and that the sooner it be adopted the better for the body politic and for all political parties. The only forces which may be expected to oppose it are the grafters who manage to get into public office by unfair means and who are likely to lose their power under the Luce law. Consequently even though the application of the law may cost more than the old style primaries it will be worth all it will cost in promoting the purity of the ballot and giving effect to the will of the majority in selecting candidates, even as the majority rules on election day in deciding what candidates shall take office.

That the Luce law affords protection against caucus packing, caucus stealing and fraudulent counting, while protecting every citizen's right to run a candidate is sufficient reason why it should be favored by every party that stands for political purity and reform in municipal government.

SEEN AND HEARD

Weddings will be brisk until Thanksgiving.

The marketmen report that turkeys will be high, as the meat trust has a "corner" in the birds.

A workman who is employed by a local contractor would make an ideal member of a "Don't Worry" club. Nothing ever excites him, nothing ever causes him to move out of his customary gait or to raise his voice from a slow monotone. Everything that he does he does with automatic deliberation, whether it is picking or shoveling out of a ditch to seek shelter from a dynamite blast. We will call him Smith, for that is not his name. There is a mercurial little hold-headed man in the same gang who insists that Smith is a philosopher. "You may think he hasn't the sense to be anything else," he said recently, "but he'll beat out the crowd for sense, so he will, and I don't even except myself. Look at him, will you? He's 20 years older than I am at the least and he's got hair to burn, while I have to sandpaper the sides of my head to get my hat to stay on. That comes of fretting."

Since the advent of no license the local cigar manufacturers have been handicapped for help, for cigarmakers are not partial to no license as a class. Not that they are heavy drinkers for they care little for "hard" liquors, but they do like beer. Many of the best workmen have left town because of the lack of saloons, while those who remain get bottled goods by express. A large proportion of cigarmakers are Germans and they bring their tastes from Fatherland. They are steady, hard-working men and do not allow their partiality for malt beverages to interfere with their work.

It's the same old story, in the same old way:

It is jolly, jolly, jolly from the candidates all day.

Cruelty to animals by people of supposed intelligence and refinement is often surprising. One of our leading families is very fond of dogs and gives the animals as much care and attention as babies receive, yet this same family thinks nothing of leaving cows out in the cold and rain. Last Saturday night was disagreeable, and the family left a valuable cow in the open field, tied to a stake with about 25 feet of rope, and the poor animal bellowed all night, within hearing distance of its owner and numerous neighbors. It matters not what their cruelty is due to, it is reprehensible and deserves condemnation.

J. W. Gurney, inspector for the state board of agriculture, who visits Lowell annually to inspect the Middlesex North fair, is in harmony with Pres. Roosevelt on the "race suicide" question. Speaking of a recent visit to Lowell, he says:

"The best feature of the outdoor exhibit was the farmers' parade, made up mostly of market gardeners, who, in this way, made a fine display of the products of their farms. We noticed one in particular, very ingeniously gotten up, the proprietor having on the seat beside him his young son and daughter, representing the best product of the New England farm."

Here is a conundrum charged to John Nolan of old ward three:

"What is the most musical route to Boston?"

"Give it up?"

"Why, via Lynn, of course."

In Peabody, which at one time was in our congressional district, a tannery, run by two men, shut down the other day. One of the partners went to Boston, leaving the other in the shop. At noon the hero of the tale went to the boiler shop, got up steam, and then blew the whistle for himself to go home to dinner.

It is comforting news to hear that the price of coal is down to normal figures, after the harrowing experiences of last winter. About this time, a year ago, the gloomy tidings of a coal famine were wafted about, and later on, its full significance was felt in nearly every home. It was a "hard winter" for the housekeeper, and let us trust we shall never see its like again. But even the worst adversities teach valuable lessons, and the coal famine was no exception, for it taught the people the value of coal, and the lesson will not soon be forgotten. There is now more economy in the use of coal than there ever was, and the "coal barons" cannot but feel the change. The ash sifter is at work in the land, and "black diamonds" no longer grace the ash piles, while the thrifty housewife carefully nurses the coal bins, mindful of former experiences with cold rooms and cheerless hearths. The ditty of childhood, so pregnant with hard sense and thrift, is now applied to the coal problem:

Wilful waste brings woeful want,
And you may live to say--
"Ah! how I wish I had the coal
That once I threw away!"

The appointment by the late Mayor Dimon of Mrs. Rowena Palmer as one of the trustees of the public library, was a very happy selection. Mrs. Palmer, who has been on the board two years, is an active and earnest worker for the library's best interests. A woman of excellent judgment and rare scholarship, she brings to the position most desirable qualities, and she is especially useful in selecting foreign literature. Women are entering the public service more and more, and nowhere are they more desirable than in public libraries.

NORTH GERMAN LINE

WITHDRAWS FROM NORTH ATLANTIC CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7. Gustav Schwab agent of the North German Lloyd line here, said yesterday that this company had given notice that it will withdraw from the North Atlantic conference agreement regulating first and second class passenger rates. Mr. Schwab does not think that the withdrawal will affect passenger rates, or mean any material cut in those now prevailing.

Eugene Boeande, New York agent of the French line, said that he had received no notice from his company of the proposition to withdraw from the agreement.

"Of course it is in the air that trouble is brewing because of the Cunard line's announcement that it is going into the Mediterranean service, but I have nothing definite of any contemplated change so far as our line is concerned," he said. "We have received a letter from the home office however, stating positively that the Italian government has not granted the Cunard line the privilege of doing business at Italian ports and this looks as though it is still doubtful whether that company will be able to come into the continental field."

COMMISSION NAMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The president has appointed O. H. Ernst, corps of engineers at Chicago; Professor G. S. Williams of Cornell university and George Clinton of Buffalo, N. Y., as the representatives of the United States on the proposed international commission to investigate the condition of water routes from the great lakes to the Atlantic. Great Britain has accepted an invitation to appoint a similar commission, but has not yet announced its personnel.

GOFF NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 7—George Nelson Goff of Rehoboth was nominated by acclamation for the state senate yesterday at the republican senatorial convention of the first Bristol district. Silas G. Reed of Taunton was elected a member of the republican state committee.

Headache?

This Torturing Ailment Yields Easily to Rational Treatment by a Non-Poisonous Remedy to be Had From Any Druggist.

Imperfect digestion and its attendant evil—constipation—are responsible for 98 cases of headache, out of every hundred.

Iron-Ox Tablets cure headache by assisting digestion and regulating the bowels.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action. They do far more harm than good.

The result does not come as rapidly as with violent purgatives or cathartics, but it comes to stay. There is no resulting weakness to fear; and a course of Iron-Ox Tablets will cure any trouble arising from indigestion or constipation, no matter of how long standing.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Do not confound Iron-Ox Tablets with liquid preparations which depend upon drug-disguised alcohol for immediate effect, and which create a habit which is nothing more nor less than alcoholism. Iron-Ox Tablets build up the system naturally—they cannot create a "habit."

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit Mich.

Chiffonier...

The chiffonier is considered by housekeepers as one of the most convenient articles of furniture in the home. One we specially mention today is 28 in. wide and 4 ft. high, containing five drawers. Birch wood, golden oak color, and the price

$4.00

Adams & Co.,

Furniture and Carpets,

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block.

FOR 23 YEARS THE

7-20-4

has been the New England favorite 10c cigar. Competent judges say they are now better than ever.

LITTLE COLD DUST

as a 5c. cigar has a record that speaks for itself. For sale by all dealers.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N.H.

50c BEST WALTHAM MAIN SPRING. Warranted

Watches cleaned, 50 cents, warranted. Clocks repaired, 50 cents up. Jewelry repaired. Cash paid for old gold and silver. 25 per cent saved on all kinds of watches and clocks, as we buy direct from factory. Open evenings.

WALTHAM WATCH REPAIRING CO.
195 Middlesex Street.

CARTER'S
Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICE DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street

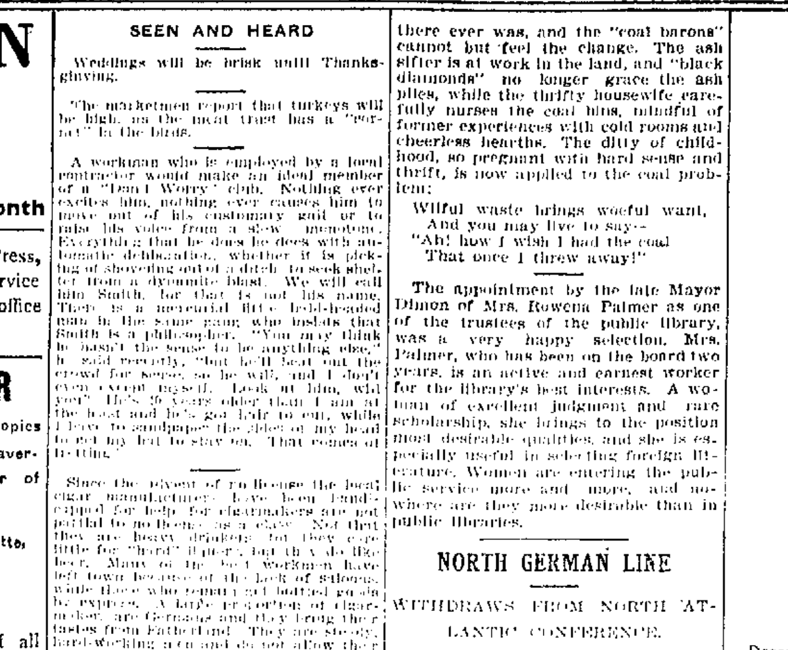
Dr. Emmons'

Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. W. EMMONS CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.



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166 CENTRAL STREET

EVERYTHING for the blushing bridegroom, but the ring, and correct clothes for other men when they need to dress up. In evening clothes, Tuxedos and Prince Albert suits, we sell only those garments made by Rogers, Peet & Co., as, in our opinion, these alone fill the bill, much better than the average merchant tailor turns out, in fit, quality and finish; much less expensive.

Evening Suits (tail coats) of twilled worsted, unfinished worsted or crepes, silk lined or serge lined, - $23 to $45
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Tuxedo Suits, of same cloths, coats from - - - - - $15 to $22

Prince Albert Suits, of fine worsteds or English Vicunas, from $27 to $40
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Dress Waistcoats—White, Double Breasted—Dress Shirts, Gloves for afternoon or Evening. Neckwear, Etc., Etc.

A GREAT SUCCESS

Mathews Hold Enjoyable Smoke Talk

MUCH ENTHUSIASM OVER THE PEABODY PARADE

Lynn Mathews Extend Invitation to Local Society

The Mathew Temperance institute formally opened its course of lectures and entertainments last evening with a grand smoke talk and entertainment in its rooms. The attendance at the affair was the largest of any similar event held by the society, the capacity of the spacious hall being fully taxed.

At the business meeting held prior to the entertainment 11 propositions for membership were read and 10 members admitted. A delegation from the Fr. Mathew society of Lynn, consisting of President Sheehan, ex-Presidents McKeon and Casey addressed the meeting, extending an invitation to the society to become its guests on next Saturday evening after the great state temperance parade in Peabody. All three gentlemen spoke briefly, stating that unusual interest is manifested in Essex county over the turnout of the Mathews of Lowell next Saturday. The Lowell boys intend to be present 60 strong and will be received with open arms in Peabody.

The invitation from Lynn was unanimously accepted and cheers were given for the Lynn Mathews. The report of the committee in charge of the arrangements for the Peabody parade showed that all preparations had been practically completed. The special train bearing the Mathews and their friends will leave the Merrimack street depot at 1.15 o'clock, the members marching from the society rooms to the depot, headed by the Lowell Military band.

A set of seven legislative books was received, the gift of Hon. James H. McKinley. A rising vote of thanks was extended to the gentleman for his courtesy.

The business session over, the literary exercises were opened with a piano selection by Richard Noonan. A solo entitled "Lenore," was finely rendered by Mr. Robert Lindsay. Mr. Lindsay was recalled and for an encore sang "Erin's Call," and "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." The singer was enthusiastically applauded at the close.

Martin Maguire, Lowell's favorite tenor soloist, sang himself into favor when he rendered "When I Was Mary's Sweetheart," and for an encore sang "Love's Sorrow."

Professor Sharrett, a reader of wide repute, recited a poem entitled "The Vagabonds," and on being recalled recited an old favorite, "Sheridan's Ride."

An intermission was here taken while refreshments were passed around and "T. D.'s" lighted.

REV. FR. MULLIN.

On resuming the entertainment program Rev. W. George Mullin, spiritual director of the society, was introduced by President Sullivan and spoke interestingly about the proposed parade in Peabody on next Saturday. He hoped that the members would turn out in large numbers and uphold the reputation gained by the Mathews throughout New England. In conclusion Fr. Mullin felt that the presence of the Mathews in the Peabody parade would be an inspiration and incentive to the Essex county societies to further effort as regards membership and influence.

Ex-President William P. Thornton gave a scene from a minstrel play which completely brought down the house. For an encore Mr. Thornton recited "The Seminole's Defence," a scene laid in Florida at the time of the trouble between Osceola, the leader of the Indians, and the whites. This selection, too, was warmly applauded.

EDWARD P. SLATTERY

Edward P. Slattery, a charter member of the society, spoke reminiscently of the Mathews in the early days and of the time when the good feeling existed between the Mathews of Lynn and the local society. He urged the members to turn out in large numbers on next Saturday and show to the people in Essex county that Middlesex county [illegible] temperance cause. The speaker [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Mr. Thomas P. [illegible] [illegible] popular entertainers, gave a whistling solo.

The exercises closed with all singing "The Old Oaken Bucket," accompanied on the piano by Mr. Richard Noonan, who also served in a like capacity during the evening.

The committee in charge consisted of the following members:

Messrs. William P. Boyle, chairman; P. H. Crowley, Bernard F. Kane, Denis J. Sullivan, Henry Thomas, John J. Lyons, Bernard McNally, John M. Costello, William Quirk, John A. McKenna, John J. Murphy, James McGreevey, John J. Townsend, James F. Rourke and George L. Hunt.

The institute will meet in special session on Friday evening, at which time new members will be enrolled and also when the railway tickets for the Peabody trip can be procured of the financial secretary.

GOLF EXPERTS

INVITED TO MEET THE BRITISH CHAMPIONS

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7—The invitation golf tournament tendered by Mrs. Griscom to Miss Rhona Adair, the champion of England and Scotland, began yesterday on the links of the Merion golf club at Haverford, a suburb. Among the golf experts who will meet the British champion are Mrs. Charles T. Stout, the 1901 and 1902 American champion; Miss Frances Griscom, the 1900 American champion; Miss Florence Harvey of Hamilton, champion of Canada; Miss Mabel G. Thompson of St. John, N. B., the former Canadian champion, and such well known experts of Mrs. C. F. Fox, Mrs. E. A. Manice, Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Miss Ruth Underhill and the Misses Spence of England.

The course yesterday called for a distance of 5567 yards for 18 holes. The outward journey is 2607 yards and the home coming 2960 yards.

Miss Adair was paired with Miss Maude Adams of this city. The British champion played a splendid game, but suffered through lack of familiarity with the course. Taking her play generally she excelled in direction shots through fair greens and approach shots, but at times was a little erratic in putting. Her driving was consistent.

She took 47 for the outward journey, which equalled the men's bogie. The cards of the pair for the outward journey follow:

Miss Adair	5	6	5	7	4	5	4	7	4	—47
Miss Adams	3	8	5	7	4	6	4	5	3	—52

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NOT IDENTIFIED

Headless Body of Man Found

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Two unsuccessful efforts yesterday were made to identify the mutilated body of an unusually large man who was found Thursday in the Hoboken ferry slip with the legs and top of the head missing.

Michael Yorks of Kansas, who came to this city at the request of his aunt, Mrs. Michael Nealy of Philadelphia, who had identified the body as that of her husband, declared that the identification was erroneous. The body was also declared not to be that of Jerome J. Smith of this city, who has been missing since Wednesday. The autopsy revealed the presence of water in the lungs and throat of the dead man but physicians said this might be accounted for by the mutilations of the head and body and did not necessarily indicate death by drowning.

It was at first supposed that the legs were amputated by the propeller of a steamer, but it is now asserted that the cuts could not have been made in that way.

THE FIRST FALL FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION ROOMS TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

CASTO THEATRE

Comedy is the keynote of the offering at the Casto theatre this week, and the show is one of the best ever presented at the Shattuck street theatre. The act of Favor and Sinclair alone is worth the price of admission. Reserved seats may be obtained by calling telephone 815-3.

You Can Be Sure

of the condition of the Oven if you use

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

They have a Heat-Indicator that is *reliable.* It is larger than others, easy-to-read, and the mechanism is not exposed to the direct heat of the oven nor can it be clogged by steam or grease from the cooking.

Crawfords have more improvements than all the other ranges combined. Single Damper (*patented*): Improved Dock-Ash Grate: Improved Oven, with heat-saving, cup-joint flues and asbestos back; Removable Nickeled Rails.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

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COAL

ALL SIZES BEST GRADES

$7.25 Per Ton

YARD: Cor. Hale and Thorndike Streets
OFFICE: 15 Central Street.

LUCE LAW EXPLAINED

By Its Author to Fair Sized Audience in Jackson Hall

Simultaneous Nomination Prevents the Packing of Caucuses—Independent Voters Fully Provided for—Advantages of the Law Explained

At Jackson hall last night the Luce caucus law was explained by its author, Representative Luce of Somerville, to a fair sized audience. After the meeting Rep. Luce was tendered an informal reception at the headquarters of the Lincoln club at Barristers' hall.

In opening his address Rep. Luce explained the object of the law to be the holding of the caucuses of all political parties at the same time and place. On election day the people hold what was originally a mass meeting, and is still such in character, to select between the candidates put forward as party nominees and those named by independent groups of voters on nomination papers.

On caucus day the members of political parties, and those only, are to hold mass meetings for the nomination of candidates.

In providing that the caucuses of all parties shall be held on the same day, we have not deviated one whit from the long established theory that the work of party caucuses shall be confined to party members. Yet we are criticised by the independent journals of the state, by some party leaders on the democratic side, and by various people who appear not to believe in our American theory of party government, as if we had incorporated some new principle into the making of nominations.

Possibly government by parties may not be the best way of administering the affairs of a republic. Perhaps our fathers were wrong in developing the system. But in trying to provide that whether right or wrong, it should be the best possible, I for one did not undertake to overthrow the established theory.

Party government involves party responsibility. Of late years we have not been able to secure the full benefits of this by holding parties to strict accountability for their nominations, because when taken to task they have been able to say that these were determinated by the aid of members of other parties. Caucus packing has been developed to a fine art. To illustrate, take Ward 25 in Boston, where last year the Foss-Adams contest was raging, 1600 men took part in caucuses; this year 1408 men took part in primaries. Last year the democratic caucus attendance in that ward was 165; this year 780 asked for democratic ballots in the primaries. The fair inference is that last year about 600 democrats helped the republicans in that ward alone to decide whether Mr. Foss or Mr. Adams should be the republican nominee.

The purpose of that bill in this regard was simply to provide that the caucuses of all parties should be conducted under conditions that would carry out the provisions of existing law restricting participation in caucuses to party members. To prevent men from voting in the caucuses of all parties in the same campaign, as they had been doing by hundreds, we provided that the caucuses of all parties should be held at the same time and place, and that no man should receive the ballot of more than one party. To secure that the ballot given to him should be that of his own party, we provided that he must make request for it publicly. We deemed it unwise to insist that he should declare himself a member of the party whose ballot he asked, and as the old oath had resulted in nothing but a great mass of perjury, we avoided its evils by securing our end indirectly through the publicity of the ballot choice and through the proviso that it should act as a party enrollment. It was frequently predicted that this chance for men of one party to call for ballots of another, without question or challenge, would result in an increase of the wrong we were fighting, but on the contrary, the actual test of the law by nearly 50,000 voters of the city of Boston proved our own expectations right, and caucus packing disappeared. For the first time in many years the republican candidates in Boston were nominated solely by republicans and the democratic candidates solely by democrats. For the first time in many years each party can be held strictly accountable for its action.

This has displeased those members of the community who refuse to ally themselves with any party. They are the men who want to share party privileges without sharing party burdens. They want to help name party candidates and evade all responsibility for the result. They want the reward without the work.

It also displeases such party men as have been accustomed to profit by help from the other side.

And it displeases some people who have been deceived by the representation that the secrecy of suffrage given by the Australian ballot has somehow been infringed. On the contrary, in the many places where the Australian ballot has not been used in caucuses, adoption of the new law will secure its benefits. The system does not in the slightest degree disclose a voter's expression of preferences as between the individual candidates of the party to which he chooses to ally himself. It discloses exactly what the old system disclosed—the identity of the party with which he acts.

But it is said that the new system puts his act on record, and makes the record public property. So did the old system, for any 10 voters could get a certified copy of the check list used as the old caucus, by law, and it was frequently done.

There is the further misconception that the voter's action on nominating day is to have some relation to his action on electing day. Misinformed people are saying that the voter's ballot choice at the primary is to restrict him to use of the ballot of the same party on electing day. But the new law has absolutely nothing to do with the electing day procedure. The blanket ballot is still to be used on electing day. Whether a voter will then mark candidates of the party whose ballot he took on nominating day, will as of old, rest entirely with his own judgment and his own conscience.

It was of course absurd to contemplate that once a voter had automatically enrolled himself with one party, he should never be able to change to another for nominating purposes. On the other hand, the opportunity to change at a moment's notice would continue the old evil of selling a caucus vote to the highest bidder. It seemed prudent to stipulate an interval long enough to insure that the change was made in good faith, and not through the use of money, nor by reason of personal friendships for candidates. So we stipulated that a change of enrollment should not take effect until 90 days after request for it had been made of the authorities. We do not believe that any sincere convert will demur at this reasonable precaution.

The machinery of the new law worked with perfect smoothness and to the satisfaction of everybody, so that nothing need be said in its defense. To be sure, there was some criticism of the hours, but they were the choice of the election commissioners, the law leaving the decision in this regard to the local authorities. Such cities and towns as desire to keep the polls open in the evening may so do.

Various useful results were accomplished. Most important of them was the effect in increasing attendance, for all students of our political affairs agree that a most desirable improvement is the increase of attendance at the primaries. The Boston nominating vote this year was the largest on record, being about 6000 larger than last year. Compared with the election day vote of the last three off-years it appears that at the very start the primary system brought out 70 per cent. of the natural voting strength of the city. The same thing followed in Minneapolis, Detroit, Baltimore and Grand Rapids upon its introduction. In Boston the democratic vote increased, the republican fell off, but that was partly because the democrats kept in their own primaries this year and the republicans in theirs, partly because there were no republican contests to bring out the vote in most wards, while the democrats had several. The alignment had no relation to the principle of the system.

Attendance will be larger under the new plan because the voter will feel that it is worth his while to vote. Now he thinks everything has been cut and dried in advance, and that it is useless to go to the caucus. Furthermore he will find everything easier than when there is a contest, no standing in line, to delays, no disagreeable surroundings, no ballot distributers and solicitors. In brief, he will find all the conditions of nominating day as convenient and comfortable and simple as on electing day.

The machinery of the plan is not needed in the small towns. Its benefits are most useful in the large cities. Where to draw the line is the problem the legislature has left for each place to determine. My own advice is that the law be adopted in all the places where the caucus has ceased to be a place of discussion and conference, where it is not well attended by representative men of the party, or where members of one party have begun participating in the caucuses of another. But where the town meeting idea still prevails effectively in making nominations, where there are nominating speeches and debates, where attendance is large and where there is no interference from men of opposite political faith, I would counsel adherence to the old system.

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT LUCE

WANT HYDRANTS

LOCKS & CANALS CO. MAKES REQUEST OF WATER BOARD.

At the regular meeting of the water board, last evening, it was voted to grant the request of the Locks & Canals for 13 hydrants to be located near the mill gates, the hydrants to be set as soon as possible, and the president and superintendent were empowered to make a requisition and to purchase the hydrants and necessary fittings.

Several rebates, for excess of water rates, were granted, and the question of the wisdom of granting rebates came under discussion. There was no action taken.

A rebate was voted to James U. Gage, of $8.50; to S. K. Dexter, of $25; and to Bessie Garland, of $25.

WASTE PAPER

OCCUPIES ATTENTION OF BOARD OF HEALTH.

At the meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon the matter of gathering waste paper was taken up. The Lynn Utilization company offered $100 a year and a Mr. Gallagher of this city offered $60. An Armenian is doing it at present, paying $50 a year for the privilege. The board voted to call for sealed bids on the matter at its next meeting.

The matter of licensing hencoops came up, but it was laid on the table, no member thinking seriously of the proposition to make owners of hens take out a license.

Inspector O'Hare stated that his report of the water supply in the mills of the city was not ready as yet, and he was given another week in which to complete his investigations.

The meeting adjourned shortly after 5 o'clock.

CHARLIE ARMSTRONG

IS COMING HOME FROM ENGLAND.

Jack (Twin) Sullivan received a letter yesterday from Charley Armstrong, who is in England, in which the Lowell boxer says he will sail for Boston Friday.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the scattering of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in 10 minutes and cure. Sold by Falls & Burkinshaw.—5.

Layers of Eggs

during fall and winter, pay big profits. To make layers, give the hens daily

Sheridan's CONDITION Powder

It helps the older hens, makes pullets early layers, prevents sickness and is always safe and sure.

In use over 30 years.

If you can't get it, we send, prepaid, one pack, 25c; five $1. A 2 lb. can $1.20; six, $5. Sample of best poultry paper free.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Let Us Add Your Name

to our list of pleased credit patrons. Our easy-payment plan is simple and without embarrassment even to the most sensitive person. You merely say:

"Charge It"

Men's Hats

All the newest shapes and colors known to high class hatters are here—Derbys and Soft Hats—styles are Cuyer, Dunlap, Stanhope, Youman, Young and L. & H.

$2.00

Boys' Clothing

Boys' All-Wool Two-Piece Suits, Scotch mixtures, broken plaids and other irregular effects, at

$4.00

Ladies' Skirts

Ladies' fine quality Black Broadcloth Skirts, seven-gored flare, trimmed with bands of taffeta.

$5.98

Waists

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Etamine Waists, tucked back and front, and new pocket sleeve,

98c

Caesar Misch CASH OR CREDIT

220 CENTRAL STREET - - LOWELL, MASS.

"No Money Down Clothier" to Man, Woman and Child.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

Well the name of

"Harrison's"

Town and Country Paint,

and when you need it order by that name.

By doing so you will insure yourself satisfaction and get what you think you are getting.

Good, Pure Paint.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market Street

FREE FRANCHISES

Alderman Miskella Will Put An End to Them

Significant Remarks by Chairman of Aldermen On Petition for Underground Conduits—$1400 for Storm Guards—Precinct Officers Confirmed—$7000 Was Voted for Cemeteries

Alderman James F. Miskella, at last night's meeting of the board of aldermen intimated strongly that henceforth any corporations obtaining valuable franchises from the city of Lowell while he is a member of the city council will have to compensate the city in some manner or other, and that the time of granting valuable franchises gratis has passed.

The alderman's remarks were made in connection with the reading of a petition for permission to lay underground conduits in Merrimack street and are reported below.

Both branches of the city council met but there was nothing unusually interesting about either session.

Both branches voted $7000 for the cemeteries department, while $2000 for public buildings was held up in the lower branch on notice of reconsideration.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400, for storm guards on the Moody street bridge passed both branches.

The mayor's appointments of precinct officers were confirmed with six exceptions, each a case where the mayor had substituted a name for that sent in by the chairman of the democratic city committee, the aldermen confirming the original list as submitted.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Chairman Miskella called to order at 8.35 with seven members present. Aldermen Burns and McCluskey absent.

A notice of personal injuries from C. H. Bowers, received in a school yard, was referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

The Yorick club's petition, to have Dutton street macadamized from Moody street to a point where the tracks cross the street and run into corporation property, was referred to the committee on wires.

The petition of the telephone company for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street was then read, and after reading the petition Chairman Miskella said: "If there is no objection the petition will be referred to the committee on wires for its very serious consideration, and they will see that no valuable franchises are given away as they were two years ago."

Alderman Hill asked: "Does that go to the committee for final action?"

"I should hope not," replied Chairman Miskella. "It comes back to the board for final action. I will say, though, for your information, aldermen, that two years ago this board of aldermen gave away franchises that have since been recorded as assets."

The following travers jurors were then drawn by Alderman Gerow: John H. Blessington, 53 Second avenue, foreman; Martin L. Kirkby, 84 Clark street, clerk; John McIlovern, 31 Pearl street, driver; William Fury, 126 Adams street, operative.

A number of minor reports and petitions were properly referred.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400 for storm guards on the Moody street bridge was then read. It was expected that the councilman would provide for guards on both bridges, but he feared that the old Pawtucket bridge might not stand the strain and hence the order only included the Moody street bridge. The order was adopted and the faithful representative of ward seven made happy.

Chairman Miskella, after disposing of another batch of minor matters, took up the mayor's appointment of precinct officers, and Alderman Gallagher moved to lay them on the table temporarily.

Alderman Gallagher then called up his motion to reconsider the vote on the matter of grading Christina street at an expense of $1040, which failed to pass the upper branch at the last meeting. Alderman Gallagher made a brief speech on the needs of the street. The order was then put and all the members present voted for it.

A large grist of sidewalk papers were next attended to after which a recess of 30 minutes was voted.

The democratic members held a conference in the mayor's reception room and upon their return to the chamber the list of precinct officers, appointed by the mayor, was read.

On the question of confirmation Alderman Gallagher presented the exception to the original list as follows: James F. Farrell, ward 1, precinct 2; Bernard A. Connor and Thomas D. O'Connell, ward 3, precinct 1; William H. Sheehan, ward 3, precinct 2; Michael Sullivan, ward 3, precinct 2.

The acceptance of the mayor's list with the exception of those names stricken off to make room for the foregoing names was then made unanimous.

The report of the appropriations committee, recommending a loan of $7000 for the city cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for public buildings and schoolhouses, then came up, and Alderman Derby informed the board that he had been unable to find out just what for the $7000 was to be used.

Mr. Derby read the following estimates, which he said were handed to him a short time before: Avenues, $300; barn, $1500; signs, $500; piping and plumbing, $700; manure, $200; grading, $500; payroll, $3000; tools, $312, expenses for horse, $214. He said he had been told that it was the idea of the cemeteries to build a new barn. Mr. Derby said he had been called a "damned fool" by one of the cemetery trustees for inquiring into the details, but that he thought it was his duty nevertheless. The vote in favor of the loan was unanimous.

The public buildings appropriation did not reach the upper board, being held up by a disgruntled councilman. Adjourned at 10.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Councilman Andrew Livingston, Ward Seven's faithful representative, furnished the only business of interest last night when he introduced a joint order for $1400 for storm guards on Moody street bridge. Last spring he introduced a similar order but was told that it was too early in the year, and was advised to let the matter rest until fall. Accordingly, he put in his order last evening and in support of it he said:

"Nearly all of the people who go over this bridge are working people who come from the mills. They have not the slightest protection from the cold blasts of the winter storms. The other bridges have the guards and why should not the long suffering folks of Pawtucketville." He asked for protection for the people, not simply a favor, and would have included the old Pawtucket bridge were it not for the fact that some people question the ability of the present structure to support the guards. The order passed both branches unanimously.

The recent Memorial Day appropriation of $1150, was not enough to meet the expense of the celebration. It was found that $141.91 more was needed and the necessary allowance was advanced by the council.

An invitation from the Highland Council, R. A., to visit the lodge on October 15th next, was unanimously accepted.

The new ordinance by Councilman Pinder was passed favorably upon by the city council. It provides that the chief of police shall be given the power to rope or wire off any streets or part of streets in the city in case of any public demonstration, for the safety of the people.

The report of the appropriations committee recommending $7000 for cemeteries and $2000 for public buildings came up. Both were passed but the public buildings order was held up on reconsideration of Councilman Connors, though the latter offered no expressed objection to the measure.

C. H. Bowers, a small boy, attending the Dover street school, wrote the superintendent of schools to the effect that he fell in the school yard not long ago and sprained his ankle and wanted to complain of the sidewalk. He would be satisfied, he said, if the city repaired the sidewalk. The letter was read and referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

Adjourned to next Tuesday.

BIG FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC

AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 419 Middlesex street.

DOMINION LINE TO EUROPE

Fast Twin-Screw Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL

N. England . Oct. 1 | Com'w'lth . Oct. 22
Mayflower . . Oct. 8 | N. England . Oct. 29
Columbus . Oct. 15 | Mayflower . . Nov. 5

1st class, $50 upwards; 2d class, $42.50; 2d class at low rates.

From Boston TO MEDITERRANEAN DIRECT

AZORES, GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Cambroman . . . . . Oct. 31
Vancouver . . . . . Oct. 10, Nov. 21

1st class, $70 upwards; 2d class, $50.

Company's Office, 77 State St. Boston.

or Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, B. F. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

CUNARD LINE

Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,350 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.
Ivernia sails Nov. 7, Dec. 8.
Ultonia Oct. 17, Nov. 21, Dec. 26.
Saxonia Oct. 24, Nov. 28.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply ALEXANDER MARTIN, agent, 126 State street, Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass.

J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.

O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.

PIHL & WIDEN, 49 Lundberg street, Lowell, Mass.

ANDERS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

Home Endorsement

Hundreds of Lowell Citizens Can Tell You all About It

Home endorsement, the public expression of Lowell people, should be evidence beyond dispute for every Lowell reader. Surely the experience of friends and neighbors cheerfully given by them will carry more weight than the utterances of strangers residing in far-away places. Read the following:

Mrs. J. Ring, of 90 Bartlett street, says: "The great value of Doan's Kidney Pills is an established fact. I not only used them myself with most excellent results, but several friends, to whom I recommended them, gave them a trial and they all speak in high praise of them. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s pharmacy and their use benefitted me greatly. I also bought them for a lady friend, something I would not have done had I not confidence in them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Highland Remnant Store

30 PINE STREET

Reorganized and restocked. 10,000 yards of new goods just opened at lower prices than ever before.

Ottoman Waistings, Mercerized Cheviots, Mercerized Sea Island Waistings and Suitings, Madras Shirtings and Ginghams, Silks, Sateens, Outing Flannels and American Prints, etc., over 5000 yards in pound bundles.

Shirt Waist Patterns given free to our customers for next 30 days. Come and see how we do it.

Highland Remnant Store

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itching, Scabby Skin Diseases, Swellings, Carbuncles, Pimples, Scrofula

Permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm. It destroys the active Poison in the blood. If you have aches and pains in bones, back and joints, Itching Scabby Skin, Blood feels hot or thin; Swollen Glands, Redness and Blemps on the Skin, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples or offensive eruptions; Copper-colored Spots or flash on Skin, all run-down, or nervous, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Carbuncles or Boils, take

Botanic Blood Balm, guaranteed

to cure even the worst and most deep-seated cases where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Heals all sores, stops all aches and pains, reduces all swellings, makes blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition. B. B. B. has cured to stay cured thousands of cases of Blood Poison even after reaching the last stages.

Old Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema

are caused by an awful poisoned condition of the Blood. B. B. B. cures Catarrh, stops Hawking and Spitting; cures Rheumatism, with Aches and Pains; heals all Scabs, Scales, Eruptions, Watery Blisters, with Itching and Scratching of Eczema, by giving a pure, healthy blood supply to affected parts.

Cancer Cured.

Botanic Blood Balm Cures Cancers of all Kinds, Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, ugly Ulcers. It kills the Cancer Poison and heals the Sores or worst Cancer perfectly. If you have a persistent Pimple, Wart, Swelling, Shooting, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer. Many apparently hopeless cases of Cancer cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm.

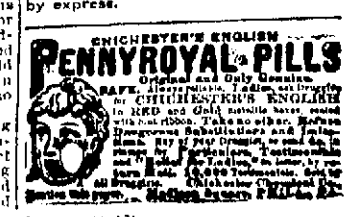
Our Guarantee

Take a large bottle of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) as directed on label, and when the right quantity is taken a cure is certain, sure and lasting. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is

Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens Weak Kidneys and Weak Stomachs, cures Dyspepsia. Sold by all Druggists, $1 per Large Bottle, with complete directions for home cure. SAMPLE SENT FREE by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and special free medical advice, to suit your case, also sent in sealed letter.

Sold in Lowell, Mass., by Ellingwood & Co., corner Merrimack and Central Sts...Call or write...Blood Balm sent by express.



WOMAN FOUND DEAD

Mrs. Sarah M. Piper Had Been Dead Several Days

The Room Broken Into by Officer Murphy Who Discovered That the Woman Was Dead

Mrs. Sarah M. Piper, a woman about 42 years of age, was found dead in her room, No. 13 Spalding block, at the corner of Central and Prescott streets, last night about eight o'clock. The body was in a bad state of decomposition when found and would indicate that death had occurred several days ago. In all probability death was due to apoplexy, and it is thought that Mrs. Piper passed away sometime Sunday afternoon or evening.

The ghastly find was made by Special Officer J. F. Murphy, who patrols the building. For several days past he has noticed that the gas was lighted in Mrs. Piper's room, but did not think this very strange until yesterday he noticed that a hand bag had been hanging on the door knob of her room all day. Officer Murphy generally sees Mrs. Piper about the building some time during the day, and as the last time he saw her was Sunday afternoon he thought that there must be something wrong.

When Mrs. Piper did not put in an appearance yesterday and as the hand bag had not been disturbed, he knocked on the door, but receiving no response he procured a ladder and placing it against the door climbed up and looked through the transom over the door. The sight which met his eyes was a ghastly one. The body of Mrs. Piper was stretched out on the floor, but a few feet from the door, the face being quite black. Officer Murphy rushed down the stairs into Central street and meeting Inspector Brown informed him of the finding of Mrs. Piper's body.

Accompanied by Officer Burke and Inspector Brown he went up stairs to the room occupied by Mrs. Piper and succeeded in removing a pane of glass in the door. The key was turned and the door unlocked, but the officers found it a rather difficult matter to get into the room without disturbing the body, as it was stretched out close to the door.

The officers finally got into the room and found Mrs. Piper lying on her right side with one hand over her heart and the other stretched out on a sofa pillow which was on the floor nearby. A valuable gold bracelet was on the wrist of the left hand. The odor indicated that decomposition had set in.

In the room were two bird cages which were well stocked with food, but the birds were almost dead from suffocation, as the air in the room was stifling owing to the fumes from the body and on account of the windows being closed.

In conversation with a reporter Mr. Murphy stated that he saw Mrs. Piper alive for the last time Sunday afternoon. She was standing in the doorway of her room at the time and had a short conversation with him. Since that time none of the occupants of the building has seen her.

Letters which were discovered furnished the information that the woman was the wife of Charles A. Piper, a hotel keeper in Derry, N. H., but that husband and wife had been living apart for some time. They were married in Lowell in 1886. Capt. Kew notified the Derry police of the facts and it is probable that Mr. Piper will come to Lowell today to take charge of the body.

The woman had left orders with Mr. McKrown of the Concord Express company to call at her room for an empty case of ale bottles on Tuesday. If the curtain was down he was to take that as a signal to come after the case. She had also ordered another case to replace the empty one. The expressman saw the curtain down yesterday and went up to her room as ordered, but could not arouse anybody.

The body was removed to the warerooms of Undertaker Brooks in Market street, where Medical Examiner Irish viewed it. In all probability the cause of death was from apoplexy, but Dr. Irish has not yet signed the return.

"CHALK TALK"

AT THE IMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH.

At the regular meeting of the Junior Endeavor society of the Immanuel Baptist church last night, Rev. Ralph Gilliam gave an interesting "chalk talk" on "The Little Maid" in the incident of "Naaman the Leper," which was greatly enjoyed by the young people.

The society has started out with much earnestness and enthusiasm at the opening of the campaign. At the recent semi-annual election of officers the following young people were chosen for the respective offices: President, Maud Cates; vice president, Gertrude Tallant; secretary, Caroline Pauly; treasurer, Ethel Estabrook.

THE FUN IS ON.

Monday Oct. 12th, J. S. Bauford Co. will open their new store at the old stand, 198 and 200 Merrimack street. Black dress goods and laces will be our specialties. Our black goods are all new and if you want a good, up to-date dress, come here. All next week we offer a handsome souvenir with all $1 purchases. They are pretty and worth from 50c to $1.00. Be on hand Monday.

ON PAYING BASIS

Edson Cemetery Will Soon be Placed

WELCOME NEWS FOR APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

At Its Fall Meeting Last Night

The appropriations committee met yesterday afternoon and heard for the first time in years an encouraging statement from the cemetery trustees, for the trustees have turned $21,000 into the city treasury this year and have $3000 outstanding.

The committee after hearing the trustees and Supt. Conlon of the public buildings department voted to recommend a loan of $7000 for the cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for buildings.

Chairman Derby called to order at 4.30 with five members present and after the reading of the customary communications from the city auditor, Supt. Conlon appeared before the committee.

The latter informed the committee that there were $7 left from the appropriation for public buildings and $20 from the appropriation for schools. He said that $1000 had been spent at the time of the explosion, for repairs. That amount was taken out of the school house appropriation.

Mr. Conlon stated that boilers had been condemned and that a separate appropriation would be needed for them.

Mr. Hilliard wanted to know how Mr. Conlon happened to have spent all of his appropriation.

The appropriation given his department, at the beginning of the year was $17,596.

In response to Councilman Welch's inquiry Supt Conlon stated that the cost of repairing that portion of Huntington hall which fell in came out of the public buildings appropriation and this was $200 more than was figured in at the beginning of the year when the appropriations were made.

Mr. Conlon was then excused.

The cemetery trustees asked for $3000 more and claimed that the city treasurer has received $3000 or $1000 more of late than it ever received before.

Mr. Stevens of the cemetery trustees appeared before the committee and said: "Gentlemen, I made the statement that the cemetery can be made a source of income to the city rather than an expense and that the trustees intend to make it so?"

Mr. Stevens said that the trustees wanted money to build a new barn. The barn was built by the city on leased land owned by Mr. Clark, the former superintendent. The lease has run out and Mr. Clark refuses to give the city a new lease and hence the trustees may lose their barn at any time.

In reply to a question by Councilman Welch, Mr. Stevens said that it was his ambition to make the strip of land owned by the city in the rear of the cemetery (17 acres) a burial place, although Mr. Clark had previously told the committee that the land was no good for burial purposes. This land he said had been used by the cemetery trustees this year for top dressing and filling and he believed that it should be planted with grass seed and used for sods.

"But," said Mr. Stevens, "I am not interested in any new cemetery. I only want to see the present Edson cemetery beautified and put on a paying basis and I want to get off the trustees as soon as I can. I have had about enough of it, although I like notoriety that way. I don't give a damn what they say about me, only I am going to see that the city is protected financially while I am on the trustees."

"The trustees ask for $3,000," began Mr. Derby.

"Not to my knowledge," said Mr. Stevens. "I don't know anything about any $3000. We wanted a new barn and some lots graded, but no amount was fixed to my knowledge. I came here to ask for a new barn and the grading of the lots and I want to ask another thing as a matter of justice, man to man. The superintendent has the best kind of laborers and they get only $1.57 a day and they should get $1.75."

Mr. Stevens was excused shortly afterward and Supt. Wotton, armed with a lot of figures, was called.

CEMETERY NEEDS.

Mr. Wotton made a warm opening, stating that the trustees' estimate of the cost of a new barn and other repairs is $7262. The department, he said, had turned into the city this year $14,556.67 for deeds, work, etc. They had turned in $5959 for perpetual care and were entitled furthermore to $1059 interest on the perpetual care fund, and $1000 from undertakers and the pauper department for opening graves. The total income of the cemetery department was $24,000. The original appropriation was $7000, and this has been somewhat overrun. Now the trustees ask for $7262, making the total appropriation considerably under the amount of the income.

Alderman Derby didn't believe that the collection of old bills for deeds was income. "An income," said Mr. Derby, "is money that comes in yearly."

Mr. Wotton said that all the money given to the department for grading and the like would be turned back into the city treasury.

Mr. Mountford, secretary of the trustees, was then called and he had the affairs of the department at his tongue's end and set the committee right with regard to cemetery affairs. The $3000 order, he said, was merely an estimate and when the figures were inserted he was under the impression that they could be changed by the committee. After explaining the other needs of the department, he stated that the $7262 asked for, included a raise in pay to $1.75 per day. He said that the men worked nine hours a day for $1.57 and that they would be willing to continue the nine-hour day for $1.75.

"Why don't you put them on eight hours per day?" asked Councilman Welch.

"I am willing," replied Mr. Mountford, "though it is hard, owing to the uncertain nature of the work."

"When you go back you had better rearrange your time schedule so as to put your men on eight hours. They have hard work," was Councilman Welch's parting injunction to the trustees as they were excused.

The orders before the committee were then taken up and Councilman Welch moved that the order transferring $3000 from the general treasury fund to be placed, $1000 to school house sundries and $1000 to the public buildings department.

Councilman Welch said that the department had been run very economically this year when compared with other years.

Alderman Gerow of the lands and buildings stated that he did not know how much it cost other years but he did know that the department had got along as cheap as any other department.

Councilman Hilliard said that he thought the committee should go slow, not in the lands and buildings department alone, but in all departments.

"Suppose the departments need more money to move along with?" asked Alderman Gerow.

"Don't give them any money," said Mr. Hilliard.

"Then they will lay dead," said the alderman.

"Let them lay," said Mr. Hilliard.

Mr. Welch believed in conducting the city departments properly and asked Mr. Hilliard if he was crying economy on account of no-license.

"No, I don't consider that because I am a no-license man," said Mr. Hilliard. "I believe that the loss of revenue from license money means a good deal to the city," said Mr. Derby.

It was then voted to recommend the order.

On the cemetery trustees' order Councilman Adams moved that a loan of $7000 be recommended. The motion passed unanimously.

Adjourned at 5.40 o'clock.

COLLISION WITH CAR

TEAM DAMAGED ON MIDDLESEX STREET YESTERDAY.

There was considerable excitement in Middlesex street, near Post Office avenue, yesterday afternoon, about five o'clock, when an inbound Middlesex street car collided with a wagon belonging to the Lowell Packing & Provision Co., which was coming through the avenue.

The wagon and the car came together in such a manner that it was found very difficult to disentangle them. The horse was taken out of the shafts and the power on the car was reversed, releasing the wagon. When the power was reversed the car went back with a jerk and threw the conductor off the rear platform, but he escaped with a few scratches.

MEETING OF COMPANY G.

The regular meeting of Company G was held last night in their rooms at the state armory. One new member was admitted to membership. Arrangements were also made for a complimentary dance next month.

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it, cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it. Just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight, it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell. It is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

PLEASANT SOCIAL

HELD AT THE C. Y. M. L. HEADQUARTERS.

The winter table, connected with the Harvest festival, which is to be conducted by the C. Y. M. L. of St. Patrick's church, held a social last evening in their hall in Suffolk street. There was a good sized attendance and dancing was enjoyed during the evening.

IN AYER COURT

GEORGE NORCROSS CHARGED WITH ILLEGAL SELLING.

In the police court at Ayer Monday, George Norcross was charged with illegally selling liquor. He was arrested at Graniteville Monday.

When asked to plead to the charge of illegal selling the prisoner said he would as yet be unable to plead either guilty or not guilty, as he had not consulted with his lawyer on the matter. On the charge of keeping a nuisance he pleaded not guilty. The case was continued to Saturday.

NORTH BILLERICA.

The Republican club held its semi-annual meeting Monday evening for the ensuing six months, the following being the officers elected:

President, Richard Perry; first vice-president, William Chambers; second vice-president, William Wainright; secretary, D. J. MacDonald; treasurer, J. Thomas Whitehead; executive committee, William McBride, Thomas A. Ellis, Harry G. Sheldon; auditing committee, George H. Perry, Charles Irish and Charles S. Maxwell.

A well attended meeting of the Fr. Mathew Total Abstinence society was held last night in their rooms on Lowell street. Plans were discussed for the anniversary, which will take place on Saturday, Nov. 14. The following committee will have charge of the affair:

James J. Campbell, Edward A. Morris, Edward Riley, Fred Gannon, John Hughes, Frank Hannon, John Bradley, Daniel Twomey, Carrol Delehanty, Joseph O'Toole and Neal Mahoney.

CARDERS UNION MET.

The Carders' union met last evening in McCarthy's block in Palmer street. Twelve members were initiated and 15 applications received. The union has decided to hold a ball on the 23d of October and the following officers have been appointed: General manager, Edward McKeon; assistant general manager, Miss Mary E. Sheridan; floor director, Thomas P. Carthy; assistant floor director, Miss Mary Comiskey; chief aid, John Mullarkey. Arthur Simpson was named as chairman of the reception committee, with a number of aids. All appointments were made by acclamation.

An Expert Druggist's Opinion

Mr. Milton C. Brigham, a prominent druggist of Natick, Mass., states, after having used U-ri-cene, the new Rheumatism Cure: "Without exaggeration I consider U-ri-cene far superior to any Rheumatic Remedy, imported or domestic, for neutralizing uric acid. I am constantly using it, and am receiving much benefit."

U-ri-cene Tablets are guaranteed effective or your money refunded. For sale at leading drug stores everywhere or by mail postpaid upon receipt of price, 50c.

The Woodbury Chemical Co.,
107 Summer Street.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NO WITCHCRAFT

in Sunlight, though Mrs. A. B. Jones, of 20 9th St., Providence, R. I., says of it: "That there must be witchcraft in Sunlight Soap, for the dirt just seemed to fall out of the clothes." Work in the Sunlight way by using

Sunlight

Costs no more than common soaps — Only Five Cents.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR LAUNDRY SHAPE

Music You'll Enjoy

If you'll only get the right basis for it. We offer the leading and best makes of pianos that have tone and character. They'll hold for years and always satisfy.

If You're Looking

for something that will be a pleasure to you and to your friends, remember here is the right place to find it.

M. Steinert & Sons Co.

130 MERRIMACK STREET

The Most Reliable Piano House.

All the Latest and Most Popular Sheet Music.

TEETH

OUR RULE—PERFECT WORK, PAINLESS PROCESS, POPULAR PRICES.

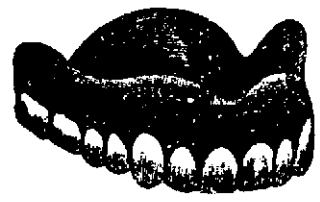
Patrons ordering a

SET OF BEST TEETH

Will be given a Gold Crown or two Gold Fillings FREE.

GOLD CROWNS .....$3.00 to $5.00
GOLD FILLINGS $1.00
SILVER FILLINGS 50c

HOURS—8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.



BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS, Rooms 16-17-18-19 Runels Bldg., Lowell, Mass.

After Baby Comes

there is nourishment for both convalescent mother and nursing child in

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S *Malt-Nutrine* TRADE MARK.

It is an already digested food easily retained by the most delicate stomach.

It restores health and strength—supplies the nutriment needed—builds flesh and tissue.

A real malt extract—not an intoxicant; contains less than 2 % of alcohol.

All druggists sell it. Prepared by the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Cremo is a cigar of invariable goodness that is sold in every town and at the *one price* of 5 cents. Any one that sells it for less does so with the endeavor to reflect on Cremo quality at the cost of profit.

The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

COAL PRICES REDUCED

At prices quoted below we are selling the best quality that can be bought of freshly mined coal. Thoroughly screened.

All Sizes	$6.75 Per Ton
No. 2 Nut	$6.00 Per Ton
Coke $5.00 Chaldron	$2.50 Half Chaldron

DRY BOBBIN WOOD

5 Baskets $1.00

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

LOWELL COAL CO.

43 Central Street 15 Thorndike Street

A Character Study of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria

IT is difficult to strike a balance between the good and the glaringly reprehensible traits of character of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who is just now perhaps the most talked of man in Europe. He is a queer mixture of weakness and strength, of candor and treachery, of bravery and cowardice.

That he is brave seems to be conceded, for in his private life he has done many things from which any but a thoroughly courageous man or a fool would shrink. It is also true that the consuming ambition of his life is to go down in history as the best ruler Bulgaria has ever known. His idea of the means to that end is to be summed up in the two words "territorial aggrandizement." Alexander, his predecessor, was a good soldier; many declared him a military genius. He added to the territory of Bulgaria, and Ferdinand would die happy if he could do so with the knowledge that his country had grown in area under his administration more than under that of Alexander.

But that Ferdinand is also a coward was most fully demonstrated recently by his precipitate flight from his palace in Sofia. News had been brought to him that he was to be assassinated. He doubtless had the fate of his neighbor, Alexander of Servia, in mind, and he fled incontinently. From one city to another he wandered, afraid evidently to return to Sofia. Meanwhile his country had reached a point in her relations with Turkey when an open declaration of war would have ensued, but that Turkey was unwilling thus to dignify a vassal state like Bulgaria. Ferdinand was anxious to be at the head of his armies, for at last there was a chance of the fulfilment of his dream of years—the acquisition of territory, more particularly that of Macedonia, on whose account the difficulty with the sultan was ostensibly begun. But he was afraid to go back; of that there can be no doubt. At last, spurred on by his advisers and probably greatly influenced by the fact that all talk of plotting against the government had been effectually silenced by the danger threatening from outside, he returned to Sofia, but not, it is said, until his mother had exacted from the king of England a promise to keep a war ship within easy reach of her son.

Ferdinand is noted among the members of his official household for his absolute candor in discussing even the most trivial matters, and yet there is ample evidence of his treachery to those whom he has used to further his purposes. For instance, there recently died in Budapest a man named Philip Waldapfel, who after the abdication of Alexander devoted time and money toward making Ferdinand prince of Bulgaria. Toward Waldapfel Ferdinand's conduct was as despicable as can be imagined. When Alexander abdicated, Ferdinand employed Waldapfel to direct a propaganda having for its purpose Ferdinand's selection as Alexander's successor. Immediately thereafter the papers were filled with stories of Ferdinand's fitness for the vacant post. Waldapfel spent a good deal of money in visiting persons supposed to have influence in Bulgaria. When Ferdinand had become the ruler of Bulgaria, Waldapfel, his erstwhile press agent, modestly sent him a bill amounting to about $5,000 for actual expenses. Ferdinand casually sent him a check for $500. Waldapfel was infuriated and went to Sofia to press his claim. But Ferdinand made it so hot for him that he was obliged to leave after having in despair expressed his willingness to compromise for $2,000. Ferdinand refusing, suits were begun in the Austro-Hungarian courts.

The most damaging disclosures were made concerning Ferdinand, but he never paid, and finally succeeded in bringing about Waldapfel's arrest on a charge of conspiracy to get hold of the fortune of a very rich elderly widow, Mrs. Rucker of Vienna. The charge was baseless, and Waldapfel was discharged from custody. Ferdinand evidently concluded at this time that something would have to be done, for shortly after Waldapfel removed to Budapest, where he went into the real estate business. He had very few clients, but seemed to enjoy a comfortable income, supplied, rumor said, by Ferdinand's mother. After brooding over the heartlessness of the prince for some time Waldapfel was committed to an insane asylum, where he died a short time ago.

Another unsavory episode in the career of Ferdinand was the assassination of Stamboloff, prime minister of Bulgaria. Stamboloff was called for in a carriage, which was stopped after it had proceeded a short distance, and the prime minister was literally hacked to pieces by the hired assassins. Stamboloff's widow had her husband's hands embalmed and has since kept them in a case as object lessons to her children of the treachery of monarchs toward ministers whom they are unable to control and as reminders to her offspring that Ferdinand is their inveterate enemy, who must be reckoned with in the future. It was pretty generally admitted that Ferdinand was at least cognizant of the plot to murder Stamboloff, and it was argued that inasmuch as he did nothing to prevent the consummation of the dastardly scheme he was as guilty as the actual slayers. That made him many enemies in Bulgaria, but as Stamboloff was not overpopular with the classes, no matter how he might have stood with the masses, nothing was done to punish his murderers beyond going through the farce of trying some men whose conviction was impossible and who were, of course, discharged.

Ferdinand added largely to his list of enemies by the wide circulation given to the story that he was at the bottom of the abduction of Miss Stone, the American missionary, by Bulgarian brigands. Attempts to prove that he was in no way concerned in the matter were woeful failures, though his actual advance knowledge of the plan was never clearly demonstrated. But it is a fact that Miss Stone's abductors were high in the confidence of the revolutionary committee and that the money paid for her release was used to spread the propaganda of rebellion against the misrule of Turkey.

Ferdinand's position just now is about as follows: If he can assist Macedonia in putting up such a fight against Turkey that the sultan will either find it inexpedient to prolong the struggle or is prevented by the powers from waging a war of extinction Bulgaria's independence would undoubtedly be proclaimed. Naturally, too, Macedonia would have the Turkish yoke lifted from her already well galled shoulders. But Macedonia is confessedly too weak to be permitted to become an independent monarchy, with all the power for making mischief that that implies. What, then, more likely than that Macedonia should be made a part of Bulgaria? If that were done, of course Ferdinand would be the ruler, for is he not now at the head of the government of Bulgaria? And, besides, he would have achieved his consuming ambition to add to Bulgaria more territory than was added by his predecessor, Alexander.

That is Ferdinand's argument, and it affords an excellent illustration of the superficiality of the man. He assumes that in the event of the merging of Macedonia into Bulgaria he, being the ruler of the latter state, would also necessarily be the king of the greater country. While most persons in Bulgaria are doubtless willing to admit that that would probably be the outcome of a coalition following independence, there are very few so bold as to declare that it would be inevitable. Indeed, the smallest politician in either Bulgaria or Macedonia realizes that Boris Sarafoff is a possibility as king of the country, or, rather, as president, for this wily leader of men now declares that he should never consent to wear a crown and that if the people should insist upon honoring him with the rulership of the country he would accept only on condition that a republic be established. He probably does not mean a word of this, but it sounds well and makes friends of the easily deluded Bulgarians, whose ideas of government are vague almost to the point of nothingness.

It has often been said by travelers and keen political observers that Bulgaria is the most lawless country in the world, and there is little exaggeration in this statement. Brigandage there, while not openly countenanced by the state, is winked at and in many cases indirectly participated in by high local and sometimes even national officials. The code of morals of a country in which such crimes are regarded as commonplaces cannot be very high, and the average Bulgarian's idea of meum et tuum are scandalously vague.

The morals of the people might easily have been improved by a man of force determined to do right at all hazards. But he would have to be free from the enervating effect of a hobby. Ferdinand had his hobby, and instead of attempting to lead his people he permitted himself to be led by them, fearing that conscientious action on his part might interfere with that everlasting hobby of his. It is therefore possible that, as many of her enemies assert, Bulgaria is not exactly fitted for strict self government. Certainly with Ferdinand as king she would not be a model for other nations to follow. But, the Bulgarians argue, nothing can be worse than the present conditions, under which they are obliged actually to pay for the privilege of submitting to misrule, and it is therefore not surprising that any demagogue who pitches his song to the tune of "Separation From Turkey" finds thousands of noisily enthusiastic listeners who really imagine themselves to be in earnest. Still it must be admitted that the worst these demagogues can say—and your true Bulgarian politician is nearly always a demagogue—does not go beyond the facts. Turkey's misrule in Bulgaria has been more irritating than in Macedonia, for there is a feeling of resentment toward Bulgaria because of her semiautonomous condition, and the indignities are therefore rubbed into them a little deeper than into the people of Macedonia, whose helpless condition is accepted as a matter of course.

In spite of his unwillingness to do anything to prejudice his people against him, Ferdinand is forever "making a mess" of things. It has always been to his interest to cultivate the friendship of Russia, but the more he tried to do this the further he found himself away from the friendship zone of the Winter palace. At last he hit upon a brilliant scheme. His son and heir, Boris, was about two years old when Ferdinand caused the announcement to be made that the youngster had "accepted the tenets" of the Greek Catholic church, the official church of Russia. All of the little fellow's relatives are Roman Catholics, and from them, including his mother, and a large section of the Bulgarian public arose a hue and cry which caused Ferdinand to realize that he was not such a great diplomat as he had imagined. But the farce was gone through with to the bitter end, and the princelet was formally received into the Greek Catholic church, the czar sending a prominent representative and a handsome present. He also wrote a letter of congratulation, but letters do not bear arms, and while since then there has been a nominal friendship between Ferdinand and the czar the latter has never done anything to forward the plans of the former. Indeed, in the present trouble with Turkey he has appeared to be totally against Ferdinand. At any rate no act of the czar's has warranted Ferdinand in assuming that in the event of serious trouble he will interpose in behalf of Bulgaria. So that, while Ferdinand by his absurd act concerning the changing of the religion of little Boris has really got nothing from the czar in return, he has unquestionably succeeded in alienating the sympathies of hundreds of thousands of his subjects, who would rather enjoy their monarch's discomfiture so long as no danger threatened from the outside. That is why the pretensions of Sarafoff would be more than an empty sound in the event of Bulgaria's securing complete severance from Turkish domination. Sarafoff is popular with the people, and, though in the opinion of keen observers he is as thorough a demagogue as ever lived, circumstances have never afforded him the opportunity to show the cloven foot.

In addition to his other evidences of incapacity, Ferdinand has succeeded in making his country bankrupt. If her present deplorable financial condition is not directly the result of his mismanagement it may at least be charged against him upon the theory that the wise ruler is he who will permit nothing to occur the authorship of which he would not gladly assume. For several years even the Turks have been unable to collect in full from Bulgaria, and when the Turkish government is unable to collect it is pretty safe to assume that there is nothing to collect. Since 1900 not one cent of the eastern Roumelian tribute, payable by the Bulgarian treasury to the council of administration of the Ottoman public debt at Constantinople and pledged to foreign bondholders, has been paid, and it is only through the financial assistance of Russia that the Bulgarian treasury has been able to pay the interest on the debt contracted in France. Russia finds her advantage in lending money to Bulgaria by exacting 6 and 7 per cent interest and obtaining it in Germany and Holland at 4 per cent., being very careful to secure handsome collateral in the shape of hypothecation of customs revenues and in the obtaining of monopolies of one kind and another, all of which strengthen the Muscovite hold on the unfortunate country. But this sort of thing cannot go on forever. Even Ferdinand recognizes that fact, and it is doubtless one of the many causes which have impelled him to welcome war as a temporary diversion.

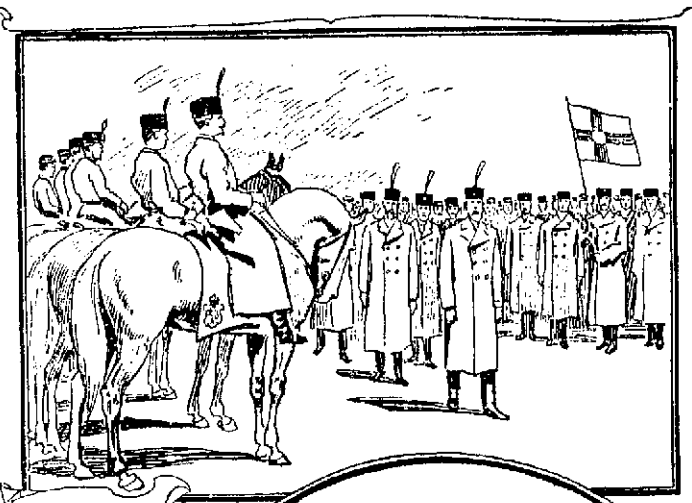
In his personal relations Ferdinand is said to be usually a genial fellow, although when angry he is apt to adapt his rage to the influence of the person who has offended, even here showing that he never has the courage of his convictions. He is generous so far as actual giving is concerned, even though he does not always stop to consider where the money is to come from when the day for settlement shall roll around. He is a fine looking man and socially is very agreeable, alike to men and women. He has never disgraced himself by mingling openly with that class of women who are to be found about every court, women who are supported by the bounty of distant relatives and are not overparticular in the selection of their intimates. Ferdinand is not extravagant in his tastes and spends barely enough money to maintain his dignity as the ruler of a state. He is not much of a sportsman, although he occasionally indulges in hunting in the mountains. Some years ago he was very fond of walking, but since he has been prince of Bulgaria he prefers to ride; walking is so much work. He is credulous to a degree and, like all supercredulous persons, is extremely suspicious. That explains why he has so few men who may be relied upon to support his cause to the death.

Ferdinand's career prior to his advent in Bulgaria is not in any way notable. He was born in February, 1861, his parents being the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg. He was elected ruler of Bulgaria in July, 1887, upon the recommendation of a committee of three appointed to scour Europe in search of an available successor to Alexander, who had abdicated. Six years later Ferdinand married Princess Marie Louise of Bourbon, daughter of the Duke of Parma. She died in 1899, leaving four children. Prince Boris, the heir apparent, is not yet ten years of age; Prince Cyril is eight, and the Princesses Eudoxie and Nadjeda are, respectively, five and four years old.

ARTHUR CRISPIN.

PRINCE FERDINAND

REVOLUTIONISTS FORAGING IN A MACEDONIAN TOWN



PRINCE FERDINAND REVIEWING HIS ARMY.

ROYAL PALACE AT SOFIA

A Mammoth City Extending From Boston to Washington

IMAGINE if you can a city 450 miles in length with a width of from five to ten miles and embracing a population of at least 60,000,000! Never in the history of the world has there been anything approaching such a mammoth municipal organization, and yet in view of conditions developing along the Atlantic seaboard sociologists are freely predicting that within from fifty to seventy-five years the United States will possess just such a city stretching from Boston to Washington and swallowing in its immensity such minor aggregations of humanity as are contained in New York, Philadelphia, Newark, Jersey City, Baltimore, Providence, New London, Stonington, New Haven, Bridgeport, Hartford, Elizabeth, Trenton, Chester, Wilmington and their intermediary connections. The prophecy seems visionary in the extreme, yet those making it advance some very plausible arguments.

They point out, for example, the way in which the various cities and towns comprised in the area named above are yearly growing closer and closer to one another, the villages lying between them being practically suburbs of the larger places. They show further how trolley extension is proceeding on such a gigantic scale that it will not be long before we are able to ride by trolley all the way from Boston to Washington. Today one can ride in trolley cars from Boston to New York with a break of but a few miles. In New Jersey the trolley links town with town in like fashion. Similar conditions prevail in the country around Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore.

All along the route, the prophets argue, may be seen ample signs that the cities are fast eating up what was not so long ago open country. They cite the fact that in the railroad journey from New York to Boston the traveler beholds little but a vivid panorama of flying towns. He scarcely loses sight of the houses and stores of one center before his eyes are greeted by the houses and stores of another. The country is being turned into an almost unbroken line of mansions, villas, tenements, shops, factories, lampposts and electric light and trolley wires. The land unoccupied by buildings is not given up to farms as in the past, but to truck and flower gardens, small pastures, orchards and meadows, and even these are vanishing in the ever greater demand for house lots.

Indeed, it was as much the remarkable growth in population as anything else that first attracted the attention of the scientists who are now planning the colossal city. Between Lynn, Mass., and Mount Vernon, Va., the limits assigned to the coming city by Professor Giddings of Columbia university, who has made a thorough study of the existing conditions, there is a population, according to the last census, of fully 8,500,000, at least 7,500,000 of whom live in twenty cities. If the increase shown in this territory between the years 1890 and 1900 continues at the same average rate for fifty years the total population will be not less than 36,000,000. The chances are, however, that the rate of increase will be much higher than in the decade just cited owing to the increasing attractions of city life and to the fact that immigration from Europe is constantly assuming greater proportions. In view of this the estimated population of the future city at 60,000,000 may well be said to be conservative.

The prophets do not go into detail regarding the solution of the great problems that will inevitably arise if the monster city become a fact. In a rough way they hint what may have to be done and suggest ways of doing it. For instance, there would be the problem of transportation. This they would solve by means of air ships, pneumatic tubes and submarine and supramarine vessels of great speed. They suggest, further, that as a corollary to the development of aerial navigation skyscraper buildings higher than any yet built will inevitably appear, the roofs of the highest being used as landing stages for air ships needing elevated points from which speedily to acquire momentum. Trains will be used to carry heavy freight only; travelers who do not take kindly to air ships being shot in carriages through pneumatic tubes at the rate of 300 miles an hour. Then there will be endless chains of moving sidewalks from New England to Virginia, which will take the place of the present systems of rapid transit. The sidewalks may be built very wide and in parallel strips, each strip moving at a varied speed, so that pedestrians may be carried along at three or sixty miles an hour, as they may elect.

Automobiles of every kind will be in use, but horses will be an absent quantity, save perhaps in the vast system of parks which it is expected will be developed along the seashore and at various inland points as breathing places for the struggling millions.

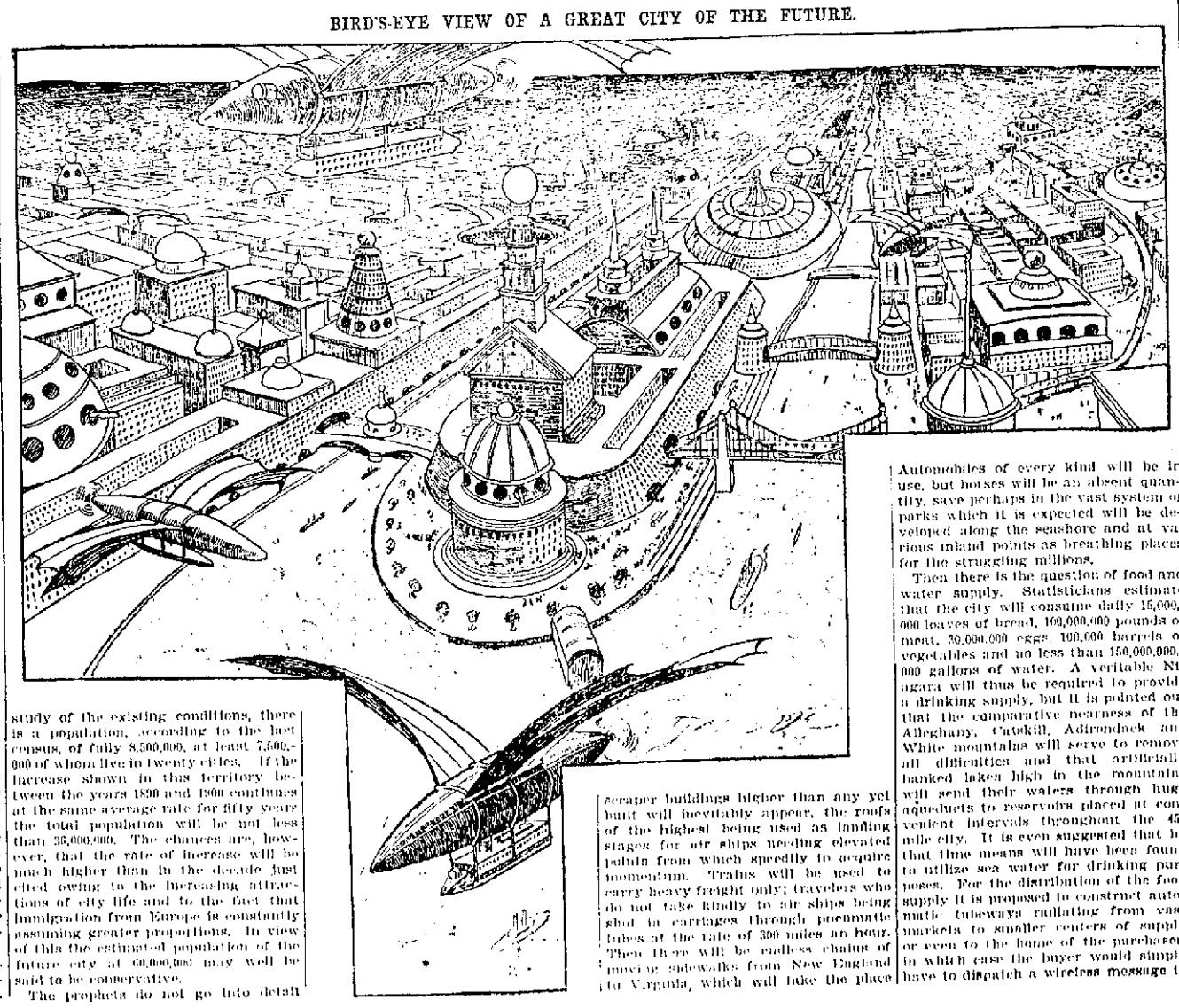
Then there is the question of food and water supply. Statisticians estimate that the city will consume daily 15,000,000 loaves of bread, 100,000,000 pounds of meat, 30,000,000 eggs, 100,000 barrels of vegetables and no less than 150,000,000,000 gallons of water. A veritable Niagara will thus be required to provide a drinking supply, but it is pointed out that the comparative nearness of the Alleghany, Catskill, Adirondack and White mountains will serve to remove all difficulties and that artificially banked lakes high in the mountains will send their waters through huge aqueducts to reservoirs placed at convenient intervals throughout the 450 mile city. It is even suggested that by that time means will have been found to utilize sea water for drinking purposes. For the distribution of the food supply it is proposed to construct automatic tubeways radiating from vast markets to smaller centers of supply or even to the home of the purchaser, in which case the buyer would simply have to dispatch a wireless message to the central market, and his larder would be replenished in double quick time.

Then there are the purely municipal problems to be answered. The prophets do not venture even to guess at the value of personal property in this stupendous organism, but they estimate that the assessed valuation of real estate will be at least 100 times greater than that of the New York of today, or approximately $385,600,000,000! Think of the amount that will annually accrue to the city from taxation! But the civic expenses will be correspondingly heavy. The seers aver, for instance, that a police force of nearly 300,000 men will be necessary to safeguard life and property. In other words, the city will have to maintain a standing army for its internal defense. There will be 42,000 miles of paved streets to be cleaned and kept in repair, and for this an army of "white wings" will be necessary. Still another army will be required to fight fires. Just how the city shall be governed will be a knotty problem, for it is certain that present methods will have to be modified considerably.

So certain of fulfillment do the sociologists deem their prophecy that they are already beginning seriously to consider the question of naming the city. It has been suggested in some quarters that a fitting name would be Atlantis, in memory of the lost continent lying beneath the mighty ocean on which the newborn colossus will raise its head. Possibly a more appropriate name, however, would be Cosmopolis, for the citizens of foreign birth will be numbered not by the hundreds of thousands, but by the millions. Every nation on earth will be represented, and the new city will thus be the most truly cosmopolitan ever known.

ELI J. MILTON.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF A GREAT CITY OF THE FUTURE.



IS IVY INJURIOUS?

So long as the walls of a building are sound and the bricks or stones, well cemented together, offer no fissures or cracks for the plant to force its way into there is nothing whatever to fear. Should the ivy, however, find an opening and so thrust itself into the wall the natural and continuous expansion of its parts will tend to loosen the stones and hasten the decay of the building.

A fair growth of ivy on sound walls that allow of no advances beyond the superficial attachment of the claspers, or aerial roots, as they are called, is altogether beneficial. It promotes dryness and warmth, counteracts the coarseness and warmth, counteracts the corrosive action of the atmosphere and is at once a shelter and an ornament.

These aerial roots are not sources of nutrition, but merely serve as mechanical support to the climbing ivy. The contention that they sap the whole of the moisture from mortar, leaving it excessively dry and crumbling, has therefore no foundation in fact.

JAPANESE WEDDING GIFTS.

Japanese wedding presents are not of the practical character favored in Europe, but are chiefly intended to express some suitable sentiment. Thus at a recent native wedding the most prominent gift was a mountain formed of rolls of white and red floss silk, the ends of each roll being tied with parti-colored twine in hard knots, emblematic of the indissolubility of the marriage tie. The floss silk typified gentle but enduring constancy, the strength of its skeins contrasting with their softness and flexibility. Round the base of the mountain were ornaments of fresh rice straw plaited into the forms of the storks and tortoises of longevity and the pine bamboo and plum of perpetual bloom, while into the loops of the plants were thrust pieces of the dried bonito fish, a favorite accompaniment of wedding presents, its name, katsu wobushi, being a homonym for the three Chinese characters signifying victorious, manly and brave.

THE SHREWD THAKOOR.

Dilatory railway travelers who are in the habit of missing their trains should take a hint from a certain thakoor of Jaipur, who once had important business to transact at Akbaradad, but missed his train on the Rajputana state railway. Nothing daunted, the thakoor gathered up his quilted skirts for a race with the train to the next station, feeling confident he would arrive in time to obtain the vexatious ticket. He was soon ahead, and then knowingly ran in front of the engine between the rails, for he rightly conjectured that it would be manslaughter were he run over. The driver whistled and the stoker shouted, but in vain. At length both driver and stoker jumped off the engine, and, giving chase, caught the breathless thakoor and deposited him in the luggage van. He was fined eight annas (a shilling), a sum considerably less than the cost of a railway ticket, and he caught the train, which was what he wanted.

A TRICK WORTH KNOWING.

Cut a common radish in two, hollow the interior slightly, then rub it gently upon a dinner plate. In a moment you can lift up the radish by the tail and the plate with it, for the plate will adhere as tightly as if the two objects were pasted together. This is known as the "Hercules radish trick."

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.45	6.50	6.00	7.07
6.22	7.40	6.30	7.26
e6.30	7.30	7.04	8.54
6.42	7.53	8.25	9.01
a7.01	8.02	a9.00	9.38
e8.24	9.10	9.20	9.57
7.31	8.50	a10.00	10.37
7.45	8.35	10.17	11.31
8.50	9.40	e11.30	12.07
9.40	10.40	12.00	12.56
11.00	12.03	e1.00	1.38
e11.43	12.25	1.15	1.52
a12.14	1.00	2.00	3.01
1.40	2.50	e3.00	3.38
e3.05	3.24	3.47	5.00
3.03	4.20	4.14	5.30
e3.47	4.30	e5.00	5.38
4.02	4.45	5.38	6.25
4.25	5.30	5.47	6.34
e5.22	6.15	6.14	7.27
5.44	7.10	e7.30	8.08
e6.22	7.05	e8.30	9.08
e7.19	8.00	10.30	11.34
8.42	9.35	11.20	12.22

SUNDAY TRAINS

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
e6.30	7.50	9.00	10.02
7.24	8.10	1.00	1.57
8.45	9.45	5.00	5.58
9.20	10.12	e7.30	8.08
e4.25	5.35	e8.30	9.08
e5.58	7.00	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.50	8.00	7.30	8.34
8.00	8.54	9.23	10.32
9.25	10.39	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.02	11.50	1.08
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.10
12.45	1.57	3.30	4.55
2.30	3.44	4.25	5.45
3.10	4.10	4.50	6.20
3.55	5.04	6.01	7.05
5.06	6.43	6.35	7.48
6.15	7.15	8.30	10.40
7.00	8.06	B11.15	12.15
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.26	12.00	1.02
4.05	5.18	5.00	6.25
5.30	6.55	6.40	9.40
8.45	9.45		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

e Express.

a From Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St. Printer—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

Miss Edith A. Browne is with Mrs. W. F. Courtney, milliner.

Finest Wedding Hacks at O'Donnell's stables, 84 Jefferson street. Tel. 439-4.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF FURNITURE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

MRS. E. TURNER
PERMANENTLY REMOVES
Superfluous Hair and Moles
64 CENTRAL STREET.
Office Hours 9 to 4.

THE ORIENTAL BAZAAR.

Mr. George E. Tradd, a native of Damascus, respectfully invites you to inspect his new establishment of Eastern Art work, including embroideries, table covers, piano covers, silk draperies, Egyptian Zouave jackets and dress trimmings; also crockery, china, jewelry, shoes, cups, etc. In fact the collection comprises rare and valuable pieces from Japan, China, India, Turkey, Persia and Egypt. It is the only store of its kind in Lowell. Patronize home industries. 318 Merrimack street.

BOSTON BEATEN

Collins' Men Made a Great Rally

THREE MEN CROSSED PLATE IN NINTH

Philippe and Dineen in the Box

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 7.—Boston gave Pittsburg a great scare yesterday and came near winning in the last inning. As it was three runs were scored, making the final figures 5 to 4. Boston had two runs in, three men on bases and only one hand out in the last inning. Farrell was sent in to bat for Criger and had his ball landed safely there would have been trouble indeed, but he hit to Clark and was out, Parent scoring on the play.

Then O'Brien was sent to the bat and two strikes were called on him on the first two balls pitched, after which he went out on an easy fly ball to Ritchey and the game was over. In this inning the Bostons made four of their eight hits.

It was the third consecutive win for Phillippe and he has been in the box in three games out of the four. He was extremely effective up to the last inning, for but four hits were made off his delivery in eight innings and but one man got beyond second base off him up to the last inning. He was superbly supported, a dropped thrown ball by Bransfield being the only fielding error for the National league pennant winners. Boston had high hopes that "Bill" Dineen would win, and although hits were more plentiful off him than off Phillippe, he pitched great ball. An omission that was fatal was failure to cover first in the seventh inning when Beaumont hit to Lachance.

Beaumont afterward scored. Boston played finely, the only error was Dougherty's fumble off Phillippe. At that the play at second was very close. Both Ferris and Parent appealed to Umpire Connolly for an out but were denied.

Beaumont, Leach and Wagner were very much in the game with their slicks. Beaumont made his first hits in the series and made up for lost time. Leach did extremely effective work and Wagner drove in what proved to be the winning run by a fly to short centre that Stahl could not reach. Stahl was the only one of the Bostons who managed to get more than one hit.

It was a regular nip and tuck game up to the seventh inning, the score then standing 2 runs to 1.

The score by innings:

Pittsburg	1 0 0 0 1 0 3 0 —	5
Boston	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 —	4

Earned runs—Pittsburg 5, Boston 2. Three-base hits—Beaumont, Leach. Stolen bases—Wagner. Double plays—Ritchey and Bransfield, Criger and Parent. First base on balls—Off Dineen 1. Struck by Phillippe 1, by Dineen 7. Time—1h. 30m. Umpires—O'Day and Connolly. Attendance—7600.

GIRL STRIKERS

Started Street Riot in New York

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Twenty-five striking girl rag sorters, formerly employed in the factory of Steinberg Brothers, in First street, made an attack upon the fifteen girls who were employed in their places as the latter were about to enter the factory early today.

Encouraged by 1,000 spectators, the rioting girls tore the clothing of the workers and pummelled them with their fists.

All the windows in the front of the building were broken by missiles thrown by the combatants. A man who tried to protect the working girls was struck on the head with a brick and after being rescued from the rescuers by the police, sent to the hospital and the police reserves were summoned, but two policemen had quelled the disturbers before the reserves arrived.

One girl, said to be the ring leader, was arrested. The strikers had been out three weeks.

C. F. KEYES - - Auctioneer
OFFICE, OLD B. & M. STATION, GREEN ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Thursday, Oct. 8, 1903, at 1.30 o'clock

AN ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF THE CONTENTS OF TWO HOUSES AT KEYES' AUCTION. THE FURNITURE CONSISTS OF PARLOR SUITS, PIANO, SIDEBOARD, BEDDING, ODD CHAIRS, 3 PARLOR STOVES, ONE INVALID'S CHAIR (RUBBER TIRE, ALMOST NEW), 3 OAK CHAMBER SETS, ONE VERY HANDSOME SIDEBOARD, CUSTOM-MADE, COST $125.00. THE GOODS WILL BE ON EXHIBITION AFTER WEDNESDAY EVENING. THE SALE COMMENCES AT 1.30 SHARP ON THURSDAY, AND EVERYTHING WILL BE SOLD FOR JUST WHAT IT WILL BRING, AS I TAKE NO FURNITURE ON LIMIT.

Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1903, at 3.30 o'clock

A FOUR-TENEMENT HOUSE CONTAINING 20 ROOMS AND ABOUT 2700 SQUARE FEET OF LAND AT NOS. 4 AND 5 BROUGHTON AVENUE, CENTRALVILLE.

The house consists of four tenements, two tenements of four rooms each and two tenements of six rooms. It has the best of sewerage, water closet in cellar, and with little care and attention this property would pay a very large percentage on the amount it will be purchased for. It is always rented for $5.50 a week.

Broughton avenue runs from Lakeview avenue to Front street and is in an excellent neighborhood for small tenements.

As I have not the time to care for property, I have made up my mind to dispose of it on the day advertised, regardless of the weather, for the best bid.

TERMS: $200 must be paid as soon as the property is struck off. Make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneer, who has full charge.

Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1903, at 4 o'clock

A VERY CHOICE BUILDING LOT AT THE CORNER OF WESTFORD AND GIBSON STREETS. THE LOT HAS A FRONTAGE OF 55 FEET ON WESTFORD STREET AND ABOUT 100 FEET ON GIBSON STREET. IT CERTAINLY ADDS GREAT VALUE TO THIS PARCEL BEING A CORNER LOT. IT IS ALSO RIGHT IN THE LOCATION OF MANY BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCES. IF YOU WANT TO LOCATE IN THE HIGHLANDS, YOU WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE YOUR ATTENTION TO THIS SALE, AS IT WILL POSITIVELY BE SOLD ON THE DAY ABOVE ADVERTISED.

TERMS: $150 must be paid as soon as the property is struck off. Make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneer.

C. F. KEYES, in charge.

MARY G. HARRINGTON
VIOLIN
Residence, 110 Fremont Street. Room 9, Old City Hall Building

Miss Nano M. Gallagher
VOICE CULTURE
will receive a limited number of pupils at residence.
26 Lawrence Street

Wilfred Kershaw
(Organist at St. John's Church.)
TEACHER OF PIANO
ROOM 27, ASSOCIATE BLDG.
WEDNESDAYS FROM 2 TILL 7 P. M.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
320, 322, 324 Market St.
Personal attention given to every detail. Funeral chapel, also morgue, connected with this establishment. Tel. 439-3.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON
(Successor to M. O'Hanavan.)
STOVES AND FURNACES
Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
147 MARKET STREET. Tel. 355-12.

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6 HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL
Notary Public. Telephone.

WELCH & DANAHEY
Practical Steam Fitters, Pipers Plumbers
1024 CENTRAL STREET.

CHALIFOUX'S "CHALLENGE SALE"

A Profound Success

How could it be otherwise? What man of good, sound judgment could resist such values as we advertise in this "Challenge Sale?"

Entire Stock Marked at Challenge Prices

We challenge any Clothing or Shoe House in New England to duplicate our goods and our prices at the same time. This may sound big. It does, but we will back it up by delivering the merchandise.

Buy Here and You'll Save From 20 to 50 Per Cent.

Here are a few of the cut prices to give you an idea of what's going on:

The Most Liberal Clothing Offer Ever Made at any Time

$10.00 Warranted All Wool, Black Cheviot Suits, all sizes, Challenge sale price..... $6.00

$10.00 Fine Scotch Mixed Suits, Challenge sale price..... $7.00

$12.00 Handsome Scotch Cheviot Suits, "Coburn cut," Challenge sale price $8.00

$15.00 Extra Nobby Fancy Cheviot, plain Black Thibet and Fancy Worsted Suits, made by "Jour." tailors. Challenge sale price $10.00

$18.00 Suits, the "Lafayette" in [illegible] Challenge sale price $12.00

$20.00 Fancy Overplaid Mixed Suits, hand finished collars, perfect fitting neck and shoulders. Challenge sale price.....$15.00

$22.00 "Donegal" Scotch Mixed Cheviot Suits, finished in the best possible manner. Challenge sale price $16.00

$28, $30 and $35 Suits, made and trimmed better than average custom tailor work. Challenge sale prices .....$20.00, $22.00 and $25.00

Double Breasted Suits, in black Cheviot, Scotch Mixtures and Fancy Worsteds, made with long roll, narrow, graceful lapel, prices $3.00 to $18.00

An Unprecedented Sale in Fall Underwear

42c Men's Fleece Winter Underwear. Challenge sale price.... 23c

50c Men's Derby Ribbed Fleeced Winter Underwear. Challenge sale price 29c

50c Extra Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear. Challenge sale price. 33c

69c Men's Natural Wool, Camel's Hair Underwear. Challenge sale price 45c

69c Heavy Jersey Ribbed Underwear, superior finish, blue, black, brown and bulbriggan color. Challenge sale price 45c

69c Double Breasted, Heavy Fleeced Underwear. Challenge sale price 45c

75c Blue Centaucook Ribbed Underwear. Challenge sale price..48c

$1.00 Wright's Sanitary Fleeced wear, slightly soiled. Challenge sale price $1.00

$1.50 Lamb's White Wool Underwear. Challenge sale price...$1.00

$1.50 Fine Wool, Scarlet Medicated Underwear. Challenge sale price $1.00

$2.00 Men's Mottled Sanitary Wool Underwear, double breasted. Challenge sale price.....$1.69

Boys' Underwear

38c Boys' Fleeced Underwear. Challenge sale price..... 23c

$1.00 Boys' Worsted Sweaters. Challenge sale price..... 50c

$1.50 Boys' Striped Sweaters, all colors. Challenge sale price.... 95c

Stirring Values in Fashionable Footwear

OUR $2.00 "Frazer Shoes" for men, in velour, vici enamel, patent colt and box calf, calf lined, in all the latest lasts, are equal in wear and style to any $3.50 shoes sold elsewhere.

OUR $1.98 Men's Shoes, in box calf, velour and vici kid, lace, and blucher cut, heavy double and light soles, are equal to $3.00 shoes sold elsewhere.

Ladies' Shoes

$2.00 Ladies' dongola and box calf, heavy and single soles. Challenge sale price.....$1.49

$3.00 Ladies' vici, velour, box calf, and patent colt, heavy and light soles, lace and blucher, also Cuban heels. Challenge sale price...$1.97

$4.00 Ladies' warranted patent colt, made on the very latest last, button, lace and blucher, also Cuban heels. Challenge sale price $3.00

Children's Suits

Handsome Red and Blue Serge Sailor Suits, beautifully trimmed, at.....$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 and $4.00

$2.00 Norfolk Blue Cheviot Suits, sizes 4 to 15 years. Challenge sale price $1.50

$3.00 Norfolk Cheviot Suits, sizes 8 to 15, in neat mixtures. Challenge sale price.....$2.00

$4.00 and $5.00 Norfolk Suits, in handsome Scotch cheviot and cassimeres. Challenge sale prices $3.00 and $4.00

Style, Quality and Economy never stood out so boldly as they do in our present "Challenge Sale."

J. L. CHALIFOUX

47 to 59 Central Street

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 7, 1903

A. G. Pollard & Co.

At Our Clearing Out Sale

In the Garment Section Which Begins

Tomorrow Morning

We offer the most extraordinary low prices ever seen in this city. Read the list through thoroughly—you'll find every item one of the greatest money values.

LADIES' SUITS

In making the closing-out prices for our last season's suits, we have marked them so low that the prices make the skirts—which are always good style bargains themselves.

We offer 20 Ladies' Suits, made from cheviots, fancy mixtures and etamines, worth from $10 to $25, at only

$5 Each

We offer 10 Ladies' Suits, made from blue and black cheviots and etamines, worth from $25 to $43, at only

$12.50 Each

LADIES' JACKETS

You may have your choice from the lot of six Jackets for only

$5.00

One Black Silk Blouse, was $12.75; one Broadcloth, was $13.75; four Covert Cloth Coats, were $10.00 each.

LADIES' DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS

We offer 21 Skirts, finely tailored, made from blue and black mohair, etamines, cheviot, broadcloths, and three Velvet Skirts that have been from $7.50 to $18.00, at only

$5 Each

Also 16 Dress and Walking Skirts, mohairs, cheviots and novelties, worth from $5.00 to $7.98 each, at only

$3.98 Each

Two Silk Velvet Skirts, one a gun metal shade, the other a very handsome bluette, have been $26.50, at only

$10 Each

LADIES' SHIRT WAIST SUITS

There are eight Suits here—your choice for only

$1.19

Five Muslins, two Piques, one Gingham. They have been $3.98 to $5.50.

SHIRT WAISTS

Just the thing to wear for the next couple of months with the heavy suits and in the house. Here are about five dozen Lawn and Linen Waists that have been from $1.98 to $5.50, only

98c. Each

Also eight dozen Shirt Waists, made from Lawns, Piques, Ginghams, etc., were 98c to $1.50, only

49c. Each

SILK PETTICOATS

For $4.50 Each—We offer a half dozen last spring Petticoats that were $6.98 each, black and colors.

For $5.50— There are four colored and three black skirts, were $7.00 to $10.00 each.

LADIES' LONG WINTER COATS

We offer these heavy warm coats at much below the cost prices. 30 Coats made from Kerseys, Oxfords, Greys and Heavy Novelty Cloths; they once sold from $7.50 to $15.00, only

$5 Each

Also 12 finer Coats, worth from $15.00 to $25.00, are offered at only

$7.50 Each

LADIES' THREE-QUARTER COATS

At only $5.00 Each—We have four coats—one black, one brown, one castor kersey, and one oxford, marked $10.00 to $20.00.

LADIES' SMALL COATS

Some Misses' sizes among this lot, 13 in all, made from castor, kerseys and fancy cloths, have been $7.50 to $14.75, only

$3.98 Each

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL COATS

We have 10 in the three-quarter length, handsome coats, that have been $3.98 to $5.00, your choice only

$1.98 Each

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS

Thirty-four Wrappers, made from Lawns and Percales, odd sizes that have been 98c and $1.25, only

49c. Each

FINE DRESS WAISTS

Four White Japanese Silk Waists, were $3.98 each, only

$1.49 Each

Thirteen White Silk and Chiffon and Lace Waists, have been from $7.98 to $16.75, only

$5 Each

Six Fancy Mercerized Cheviot Waists, with faggoted yoke and sleeves, were $7.49, only

$2.98 Each

BLACK SILK WAISTS

We have 12 Black Peau de Soie Silk Waists, were $5.50 and $6.49, [illegible]

$4.50 Each

Also 12 Black Peau de Soie and Black and White, were $7.50 and $8.50, for only

$5.98 Each

KIMONAS, ETC.

Ten Flannelette Kimonas, have been 49c and 75c each, only

39c. Each

One French Flannel, full length Kimona, with green silk trimming, was $12.50, only

$5.00

One Japanese Silk Long Kimona, was $10.00, only

$5.00

Two Short Japanese Kimonas, were $6.00, for

$2.98 Each

Sale Tomorrow Morning, East Section, Second Floor

First In Everything.
First in news, first in enterprise and first in the hearts of the people is The Sun,
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

Always on the Move!
Always progressive, never taking a vacation, but alert and alive; that's the continual condition of
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 7 1903 | 10 PAGES ONE CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK

GONE TO JURY

Verdict is Awaited in the Hicks Case

At the opening of the session of superior court this morning, Judge Waite charged the jury in the case of Hicks vs. New England Kennell club, which was started yesterday morning. As this case was the first to be tried at this term he court gave quite a lengthy discourse on the duties of the jurors. He said he did not know how many of the men had served as jurors before, but he was going to take it for granted that the majority of the men had never sat on a jury before. The court then informed the jurors of the oath which they had taken, also the different actions brought, describing actions of tort, contract and replevin.

The court told the jury to examine the witnesses carefully and observe if they are biased or interested on either side of the case in which event they may make a favorable or an unfavorable answer. The jurors were told that witnesses are not allowed to give opinions excepting in cases where experts are on the stand.

"You must be impartial and without fear or favor," said Judge Waite. "You are to agree upon a verdict if possible, and the 12 men must agree. It is not a mere matter of majority. The burden of proof is laid upon the plaintiff so that the plaintiff must have the greater weight on his side or he fails, whether or not the defendant has proven anything."

The court after giving instructions charged the jury in the Hicks vs. New England Kennell club case, and the jury retired at 10.45.

At this point a photograph of the steamboat was submitted as evidence and after witness had testified that it was a fine representation of the boat, the photo was marked "Exhibit A."

"What prevented you from following closer to the shore than you did?" asked counsel.

"Because the water was shallow near the shore," answered the witness.

"After you changed your course, you noticed the steamboat on your right side?"

"Yes, sir."

"While you were rowing for the shore did you keep your eye on the steamboat?"

"Well, I couldn't say."

"But you watched it from time to time?"

"Yes sir."

"Didn't you realize that you were going across the course of the steamer?"

"I realized then that I couldn't get out of the way of the steamer."

"How was Yarnold facing when he stood up in the boat?"

"He was facing the steamer."

"You didn't see him go overboard?"

"No sir."

"Do you know what he stood up for?"

"I do not."

"What was the exact effect on the little boat when the steamer struck it?"

"I turned it around at a right angle from the direction in which it was going."

"Your boat didn't ship any water?"

"No sir."

"Neither you nor the young ladies were thrown out?"

"No sir."

"Did the steamer stop after the boats came together?"

"I am not sure about it, but it seems to me that it did."

On rebuttal Lawyer Donahue asked witness "Whether or not there were any noises besides the noise made by the boat that could be heard out on the lake?"

"There was a concert at Willow Dale," said the witness.

"You could hear the concert?"

"Yes, sir."

"Whether or not there were any other noises?"

"I could hear the people on the shore."

After questioning witness on the course he took after seeing the steamboat, Mr. Donahue asked: "Did you have any particular object in watching the steamer?"

"Yes, to avoid a collision if possible."

"What was your object in continuing to row?"

"It seemed to me that I was getting out of the way of the steamer."

Ida M. Cook was then called to the stand and said she was 19 years of age and was 15 when the accident occurred. She said: "About 6 o'clock I met Yarnold and Thorne at Willow Dale. It was 13 minutes past nine when we got into the boat. I know it was that time, for George looked at his watch before we started. I could not say who noticed the steamer first, but when I saw it I said: 'Look out for the steamer, Walter.' I continued to watch the steamer. Somebody in our boat shouted to the people on the steamer 'Look out or go back.' I think it was Walter, and the answer from the steamer was, 'Look out yourself; we can't.'

"When the boats struck the steamboat struck my hand."

At this point the court said that the counsel had deemed it advisable for the jury to witness the scene of the accident and notified the jurymen to report at the court house at 2 o'clock, when they would be taken to Willow Dale in the care of two sheriffs. He cautioned them about holding any conversations or entering into any discussion with anybody.

Court was then adjourned until 9.30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

At the time of adjournment the jury on the cases of Hicks vs. New England Kennel club had not reported and a sealed verdict will be brought in and read tomorrow morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Prentiss Vose of Robbinston, Me., and Mrs. Jasper Bruce of Billerica Centre, were the guests of Mrs. Bell of Worthen street, Sunday.

SUITS ✿ **SKIRTS**

YOU MUST COME

And we will make it worth your trouble as we shall offer today and tomorrow some values in New Suits and Skirts that you cannot afford to pass by. We will not tire you with extended argument, but quote these few leaders.

Suits at $13.75

A fine quality cheviot, long skirt effect, satin lined, metal buttons, and has all the earmarks of a $20.00 suit. The colors are black and blue.

Skirts at $2.98

A Walking, 5 gore, flare skirt, nicely trimmed in mixed material; also black and blue, value $6.00. A rare bargain.

Other exceptional values now ready in Jackets and Capes, Waists, Furs and Raincoats.

Correct Styles. **Advanced Ideas.** **Lowest Prices.**

The New York Cloak and Suit Co.
12 JOHN STREET

JACKETS ✿ **FURS**

HIS FLESH TORN

Stolen Horse Went Over 25 Foot Embankment

Entangled in portions of a barbed wire fence, his flesh torn and bleeding and fastened beneath the wagon to which he had been attached, a valuable green horse, valued at $125, struggled at the foot of a 25 foot embankment down which he had tumbled in South Lowell, at daybreak this morning.

The horse is owned by Mr. Demerais, the Lakeview avenue plumber, and he was stolen at Riverside Park last evening while Mr. Demerais was visiting a friend.

The horse was found by Peter Stanhope of Liberty street, South Lowell, between four and five o'clock this morning.

The poor brute was kicking and slashing but the weight of the heavy wagon held him down, while the cruel steel thorns of the wire fence pierced his flesh in a hundred places.

Whoever stole the horse drove him along the top of the embankment of the Lawrence & Lowell division of the Boston & Lowell railroad. They hitched him to a stake about four feet from the edge of the embankment and some time during the night the horse broke away from the stake and with the wagon tumbled down the embankment, carrying a portion of a barbed-wire fence with him.

The veterinaries think the horse will live, but his condition is serious.

JOINED MURDERING BAND

ONE LOWELL CHINAMAN HAS BECOME A MEMBER OF THE HEP SING TING, WHICH IS ONE OF THE ORGANIZATIONS ENGAGED IN A BLOODY FEUD IN BOSTON. THE LOCAL CHINAMEN WILL NOT DIVULGE THE NAME OF THE CELESTIAL WHO HAS JOINED THE MURDERING BAND. "ME 'FRAID TELL HIS NAME," SAID THE KEEPER OF A LAUNDRY TO A SUN REPRESENTATIVE THIS FORENOON.

THEY SAY THE MAN WHO JOINED HAS BEEN IN LOWELL ABOUT THREE WEEKS. HE HAS NOT WORKED SINCE HIS ARRIVAL HERE AND ONE CELESTIAL TOLD THE REPORTER THAT THE NEWCOMER IS A BUM.

A CHINAMAN WHO HAPPENED INTO W. S. WONG'S CHINESE AND JAPANESE STORE IN JOHN STREET, WHILE THE SUN REPORTER WAS THERE, SAID HE KNEW THE STRANGER WHO HAD JOINED THE ORGANIZATION BUT HE REFUSED TO TELL HIS NAME.

ANOTHER CHINAMAN SAID THAT WONG YAK CHUNG, WHO WAS MURDERED BY HIGHBINDERS IN BOSTON LAST FRIDAY, HAD AGENTS IN THIS CITY ABOUT THREE WEEKS AGO ON A MISSION TO GET MEMBERS FOR THE HEP SING TING.

WAS BORN HEER

Son of Local Storekeeper Shot in Camden, Me.

Wells F. Kelly who, it is alleged, tried to enter a house in Camden, Me., Monday night and was shot in the act, is the son of John F. Kelley, proprietor of the Highland market in Branch street. Mr. Kelley went to Camden last night, and this morning his daughter, who is a clerk in the store in Branch street, received a telegram from her father stating that the wounded man was resting comfortably. The story of the shooting as sent out by the Associated Press appears in another column.

Wells F. Kelley is 28 years old. He lived in this city until about 8 years ago, when he moved to Maine. His family believe that there must be some mistake in the story of the shooting. Kelley is a strictly temperate man and bore a good reputation while in this city. He is married and has a family. His mother and sisters hope that a message exonerating him from his alleged position, when shot, will be forthcoming.

LOWELL MAN FINED $100

By Associated Press to The Sun

ENFIELD, N. H., OCT. 7.—CHARLES S. WINSLOW OF LOWELL, MASS., WAS ARRAIGNED YESTERDAY ON A COMPLAINT CHARGING HIM WITH HUNTING DEER WITHOUT A LICENSE. HE WAS FINED $100 AND COSTS. A JAIL SENTENCE OF 60 DAYS, WHICH WAS ALSO IMPOSED, WAS SUSPENDED.

POET
10¢ CIGAR
NOTHING BETTER

IN POLICE COURT

Albert Dowd Got Two Months in Jail

FOR ASSAULTING GEORGE H. BLOOD

Dowd Was Superior Court Probationist

Albert Dowd, a probationist from the superior court, was in police court this morning and pleaded guilty to a complaint charging him with assault and battery on Charles H. Blood.

Dowd is the young man who, a few weeks ago, stole $130 from his father and blew it in at Providence, R. I. The case was taken to the superior court and he was placed on probation.

The only excuse he had to offer for assaulting Blood was that the latter had said there was nothing to eat at his, Dowd's house. Blood denied that he made just that statement. Dowd's father is a milkman and Blood worked for him one week. He said that another fellow who had worked for Dowd asked him how he liked his job. "I replied," said Blood, "that I liked the job all right. Then he said to me that the food wasn't very good. I told him the food was good and that there was lots of it, but not much of a variety."

Young Dowd told the court that he didn't think Blood had ought to have said anything about the food at his house. Judge Pickman, however, told him that the statement didn't justify the assault and he sentenced Dowd to two months in the common jail.

LICENSED HIS DOG.

Stephen K. Chase, who was before the court yesterday on a complaint charging him with keeping an unlicensed dog, was there again today and showed the court a license that he purchased at city hall yesterday afternoon. He was fined $2 the cost of court.

Albert C. Wright, a Chelmsford lad, charged with the larceny of $12, had his case continued to Friday, juvenile day.

The sequel to the O'Laughlin liquor case heard in police court yesterday was the court's order to return the liquors to the owners.

For drunkenness, Mary A. Clapp was sentenced to the common jail for a term of five months. She appealed and was ordered to recognize in the sum of $200 for her appearance before the superior court. Mary McDonald, for drunkenness, was fined $6.

GONE TO PATAGONIA

TO GET CHIEF OF INDIAN TRIBE TO VISIT ST. LOUIS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 7. The details of an expedition to Patagonia to enlist the co-operation of the chief of the Tehuelche Indian tribe known since the time of Magellan as the most gigantic people in the world have just been announced by Dr. W. J. McGee, chief of the department of anthropology of the world's fair. The indications are that Chief Nulito will come to the fair with his family, including his son-in-law, and that another group of heroic stature will accompany him.

Dr. Tarleton has been chief of forestry, fish and game and has returned from New York, where he met the New York commission for the world's fair. He reports that the commission decided to make exhibits in his departments and appropriated $15,000 for the purpose. Specimens of all the food and game of New York will be mounted this year which will show the natural colors.

AWAITED TRIAL

AGED MAN SPENT 18 YEARS IN JAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

OAKLAND, Cal., Oct. 7. George Jones, who had been in the county jail for 18 years awaiting trial, has just died there aged 83 years. He had been incarcerated since Jan. 18, 1885, for the murder of Lorenzo Sattio. He was convicted June 5, 1885, of the murder and sentenced to be hanged July 11. He succeeded in gaining a new trial. About the time the trial was to begin Jones was taken with a stroke of paralysis and had never been able to leave his bed. Time and again the case was set for trial but a continuance always was granted.

DEATHS

COBURN—J. V. B. Coburn died Monday at his home in Revere, after a long illness from heart disease. He was 78 years old. Mr. Coburn was a native of Dracut and was formerly a manufacturer in Lowell. He went to Revere to live about 25 years ago, dealt in real estate for himself and as agent during the most of his residence in the town. He was a widower, and leaves no children. Mr. Coburn was one of the most liberal contributors to the building fund of the Boston Evangelical Institute.

LEE—Mr. Michael A. Lee of Livermore street, got a despatch today stating that his mother is dead at Lee Hill, N. H. She was 70 years old and a venerable old lady, who leaves eight children, all full grown, namely Michael A., John J., Patrick J., William H., James M., Hannah, Norah E., and Nellie M. She was widely esteemed for her sincere piety and her devotion to her family. The funeral will take place from the village church Friday.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Local forecast: Cloudy, probably with occasional rain tonight and Thursday; warmer tonight; warmer Thursday; fresh to brisk east to south winds, increasing in force.

MULE SPINNERS

Delegates Are Holding a Secret Session Today

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 7.—PROMPTLY AT NINE O'CLOCK PRESIDENT MICHAEL DUGGAN OF LOWELL CALLED TO ORDER THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 33 TEXTILE DISTRICTS OF NEW ENGLAND, NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY, WHO ARE ATTENDING THE NATIONAL MULE SPINNERS' CONVENTION HERE. THE CONVENTION WENT INTO SECRET SESSION AT ONCE.

RATIFY TICKET

Bourkė Cockran Will Address Democrats

Saturday evening at Faneuil hall, Boston, the democrats will ratify the nominations of Gaston and Olney, and the principal speaker on that occasion will be Hon. W. Bourke Cockran of New York.

Mayor Collins will preside and will make one of his famous campaign speeches, dealing with state and city affairs and their relative connection. The mayor intends to make reference to the state commissions, which rule Boston in whole or in part.

The four democratic congressmen, McNary, Keliher, Sullivan and Thayer —are also to speak, and the candidates on the state ticket will be heard.

FUNERALS

FIFIELD—The funeral of Mrs. Geo. W. Fifield took place from her late home, 150 Middlesex street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Charles T. Billings, pastor of the Unitarian church, conducted the services. Appropriate hymns were sung by the Temple quartet. The bearers were Hon. Charles H. Allen, Hon. William E. Livingston, Messrs. Walter L. Parker and George E. King. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of Mr. J. B. Currier.

CAYER—The funeral of Mrs. Adeline Cayer took place yesterday from her residence, 11 Lakeview avenue, the funeral services being sung at St. Joseph's church. Rev. Fr. Graton, O. M. I., officiated. The bearers were Messrs. Joseph Richard, Pierre Mulloux, John Brunelle and Louis Brunelle.

Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, Rev. Fr. Viaud, O. M. I. reciting the committal prayers at the grave. Undertaker Archambault had charge.

SPAULDING The funeral of Benjamin E. Spaulding took place yesterday afternoon from his residence in Billerica. Rev. Mr. Weir of the Unitarian church officiated at the service, and was assisted by Rev. John H. Dale.

The bearers were Gardner, George and Benjamin Spaulding, sons of deceased, and A. C. Ladd, son-in-law. Burial was in Fox Hill cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Brooks.

BERKETT—The funeral of Clarence O. Berkett, the little boy who is thought to have died from injuries received during the recent disaster at Riverside park, was held yesterday afternoon at the home of his parents in Raymond avenue. Rev. W. H. Yarrow of the Berean Methodist church, was the officiating clergyman. There was singing by Misses Rabie and Jessie Miller. The attendance was large and there was a profusion of flowers. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

ABEL The funeral of John S. Abel took place yesterday afternoon at his home, 21 Bradford street. The bearers were George W. Hartwell, Calvin L. Joy, Isaac Pennell, Lorenzo Smith. There was singing by Mrs. Roberts and Mrs. Wilmar. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

Wanted Six or seven carpenters, Pickering & O'Connell, 29 Middle street.

The best doctors say:—If it's Ayer's Sarsaparilla, it's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

G. W. BONNEVILLE, D. D. S.
LOWELL DENTAL PARLORS
Painless Extraction 109 Merrimack St.
We give Green Trading Stamps.

FOR SALE Small lodging house for sale cheap for cash. Inquire 352 Middlesex street.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

Tomorrow Night at 7 o'clock

At the Textile School, Moody St. and Colonial Ave., Lowell, Mass.

SPECIAL DAY COURSE IN DECORATIVE ART.

While the Decorative Art course is mainly preparatory to textile design, it also prepares for any branch of decorative art, such as wall paper, book illustration, lithography, interior decoration, stained glass, etc., etc., and for pictorial art in water and oil. The facilities now offered permit of thorough instruction in these specialties. The classes are open to ladies and gentlemen in connection with textile design or otherwise and have been especially popular with ladies.

Pupils can enter at any time. Instruction from 9 to 4 p.m., except Saturday and Wednesday afternoons.

To the Honorable the Justices of the Superior Court within and for the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully libels and represents Leona A. Morris of Lowell, in said county, that she was lawfully married to Richard Morris, now of Dawson City, Yukon county, Northwest Territory, Dominion of Canada, at Conway, in the state of New Hampshire, on the ninth day of October, A. D. 1895, and thereafterwards your libellant and the said Richard Morris lived together as husband and wife in this commonwealth, to wit, at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex; that your libellant has always been faithful to her marriage vows and obligations, but the said Richard Morris, being wholly regardless of the same, at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex, in the month of April, 1900, utterly deserted her and has continued such desertion from that time to the date hereof, being more than three consecutive years next prior to the filing of this libel.

Wherefore your libellant prays that a divorce from the bonds of matrimony may be decreed between your libellant and the said Richard Morris and that the care and custody of their minor child, Afraretta V. Morris, may be decreed to her.

Dated this sixth day of October, A. D. 1903.

LEONA A. MORRIS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

Superior Court, Oct. 6, A. D. 1903.

Upon the libel aforesaid it is ordered that the libellant notify the libellee to appear before our justices of said court, at Cambridge in said county, on the first Monday of November next, by causing an attested copy of said libel and of the order thereon, to be published in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, once a week three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before the said last mentioned day, and that an attested copy of said libel and order thereon be sent by registered letter to the residence of the libellee as set out in the libel, that he may then and there show cause, if any he have, why the prayer in said libel set forth should not be granted.

THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and of the order thereon.

Attest THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

NOTICE Will J. L. Smith who got Boston fire book at S. Scott's please return book and avoid further trouble.

WANTED To buy chickens. B. P. Rocks, R. I. Reds. Address, stating number and price, R. N. Maker, Floresth farm, Collinsville, Mass.

THE SUN LATEST
5 O'CLOCK

TEN YEAR OLD BOY

Died of Lockjaw Due to Blood Poisoning

Napoleon Lozeau, aged 10 years, died last night of lockjaw at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lozeau, at Moody street.

The boy received the wound that caused his death two weeks ago while playing with a toy pistol. He was endeavoring to remove a blank cartridge from the pistol with a fork and the cartridge exploded. Napoleon received the contents in his thigh. He remained in bed a few days and was up walking about the house when blood poisoning developed and lockjaw set in.

A FATAL DEFECT

Fitchburg Liquor Case Fell Through

By Associated Press to The Sun

FITCHBURG, Oct. 7.—Judge Gallagher, in police court yesterday, pronounced David B. Walsh not guilty of the charge of a single sale of liquor, in delivering liquors consigned to Alice Tierney, who had a room at the Westmoreland. The judge said the case was submitted upon an agreed statement of facts, and that it was necessary to establish the fact that no licenses of the first five classes had been granted in this city. The absence of such evidence constituted a fatal defect. This ruling, if it be sustained, makes the burden of proof on the government in cases of alleged illegal liquor sale one step harder, and convictions heretofore obtained for places where licenses were not granted may have had a legal defect.

W. C. T. U.

The annual meeting will be held at the rooms, Thursday, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock.

A rare opportunity to get shoes at cost. 20th Century Shoe Store.

FOUR MEN KILLED

Two Others Injured in Collision

FREIGHT TRAIN COLLIDED WITH AN ENGINE

The Accident Blocked All Traffic

By Associated Press to The Sun

SILOAM SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 7.—Four men have been killed and two injured in a head-on collision between a double-header freight train and an extra engine four miles north of here on the Kansas City Southern road. The dead:

ENGINEER WORRELL, Mona, Ark.
ENGINEER PENROD, Mona, Ark.
FIREMAN HAMLIN, Siloam Springs.
FIREMAN ROGERS, Pittsburg, Kas.

The three engines were demolished. Traffic was delayed several hours.

Mrs. W. F. Courtney wishes to inform her lady friends and customers that she will occupy her new parlors Saturday, Oct. 10, at 204 Merrimack street.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Ryan went to Worcester today to see Edward Heelon, Mrs. Ryan's nephew, who has been ill at Holy Cross college for the past week.

The beautiful millinery parlors of Mrs. W. F. Courtney will be open for inspection Saturday, Oct. 10th. The ladies are cordially invited to attend.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

To Cleanse and Beautify Your Teeth

Give bright healthy color to your gums and sweeten your breath, use

Hood's Tooth Powder

All druggists, 25c.; mammoth size 50c.
Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

ON ITS MERITS

Chamberlain's Plan Will be Discussed

COLONIES' STAND WILL BE IMPORTANT FACTOR

Chamberlain Charged With Making Error

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 7.—While there is no evidence of a rush on the part of the exponents of public opinion or of the electorate to give Joseph Chamberlain's fiscal proposals immediate endorsement, there is ample proof of a desire to exhaustively examine his program and accept or reject it on its merits, rather than on party lines. It is realized that the attitude of the colonies is probably the important factor in his scheme and what they will say to his statement that they are prepared to contribute towards imperial preferential trade will largely determine the ultimate decision of this country. The critics of the former secretary for the colonies claim that his whole diagnosis of the present state of the trade of the United Kingdom hangs on a statistical blunder in the comparison of the exports of 1902 with those of 1872. The latter year was notoriously phenomenal as an export year, because of the requirements of Germany and France after the war between those two countries, and it is pointed out that Great Britain furnished the great bulk of these and that her exports consequently bounded up from $1,115,000,000 in 1871 to $1,280,000,000 in 1872, after which they gradually receded to the same total as in 1871. It is, therefore, contended by the critics that the whole fabric of Mr. Chamberlain's argument is based on an elementary error and that while his fiscal arithmetic is disputed, his proposals are hypothetical and unproved. It is anticipated that the colonies will resent Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion that British colonial manufacturing growth should be thwarted for the benefit of British manufacturers. On the whole, the former colonial secretary's pronouncement is not unfavorably received.

On the stock exchange the various departments opened with a better all-round tone.

PETTY THEFTS

THEY ARE CHARGED UP TO 19 YEAR OLD BOY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MONTVILLE, Conn., Oct. 7—Constable Jacob Irons and Edward Day, a Norwich lad of 19 years, before Justice H. A. Boles in the police court here yesterday morning, charged with stealing a bicycle, two rowboats, an auxiliary sailboat and breaking into a yacht, all in 24 hours.

After hearing the evidence, Judge Boles decided to have the boy sent to New York to be examined by an expert to determine his sanity.

The Norwich authorities notified the local police yesterday afternoon that they wanted young Day to explain several petty thefts committed in that city as soon as the Montville police are through with him.

"COUNT" ARRESTED

HE HAS BEEN ANNOYING MISS FOLSOM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LENOX, Oct. 7—Peter Grand, who claims to be an Italian count, and who has been living in Lenox for more than a year on funds received from abroad, was arrested Monday evening for annoying Miss Winifred Folsom, one of the attractive daughters of George Winthrop Folsom of New York.

"The Count," as he is called in Lenox, has been in the habit of waiting for hours on the streets of Lenox for Miss Folsom to appear, and when he had the opportunity he has addressed the young woman.

Yesterday the Italian spoke to the young woman [illegible] complaint he [illegible]. Through an interpreter [illegible] yesterday morning, he told the court that he had been in [illegible] with Miss [illegible] for 15 months, and that [illegible] he could not [illegible]. He was held for the grand jury.

O'HARA DISCHARGED

LIQUOR CASE AGAINST HIM NOT PROVEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MIDDLEBORO, Oct. 7.—A decision [illegible] against Stephen F. O'Hara [illegible] by the [illegible] for the suppression [illegible] down by Judge Nathan Washburn of the district court [illegible] discharged. [illegible] Sept. 21, the officers [illegible] liquor in a bundle that he carried. The bundle [illegible] pints of whiskey. [illegible] "Suppose [illegible] about it?" Judge Washburn said the law required evidence to convince beyond a reasonable doubt that the liquor was brought in for purposes of selling, and there was no such evidence.

The failure to convict is having a quieting effect upon the new movement to suppress the illegal sale of liquor here.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST.

The regular monthly meeting of Star of Lowell lodge, Companions of the Forest, was held last night. It was voted to hold a sociable early in November.

Assignee's sale at the 20th Century Shoe Store. Goods must be sold.

BOTH SHOT DEAD

Burglar Killed Attorney and Rancher

THE ASSAILANT HAS MADE HIS ESCAPE

Men He Shot Tried to Arrest Him

By Associated Press to The Sun

BURNS, Oregon, Oct. 7.—In an attempt to arrest an escaped prisoner named John Egbert, for burglary, John Saxton, a well-known attorney of Burns, who was acting as special deputy sheriff and Jack West, a rancher, have both been killed by Egbert. They came upon Egbert in a ranch house in the Wild Horse valley 135 miles south of Burns. Egbert and his wife were alone in the house at the time. Egbert recognized Saxton and West as they came up and opened fire from behind a corner of the building. West received a bullet in the back from which he died. Egbert then went into the house, followed by Saxton, the woman in the meantime having fled. Egbert had a rifle and Saxton a revolver and with these weapons they fired at each other through a thin board partition. Saxton was shot through the right shoulder but kept up the battle by using the revolver in his left hand. He then went out in answer to a call for water from West and on the way he, too, was fatally wounded. Egbert then made his way to a ranch five miles distant where at the point of a gun he secured a horse and escaped.

SUIT FOR $50,000

THE DEFENDANT IS PERCIVAL W. CLEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

RUTLAND, Vt., Oct. 7.—The October term of the United States circuit court began in this city yesterday, Judge Hoyt H. Wheeler presided. The most important case to be tried at this session is that of Samuel D. Wilson, a Waite, a detective connected with Faxon's agency at Quincy, Mass., against Percival W. Clement, independent candidate for governor of Vermont last year, for $50,000 damages for slander. Wilson shot and killed one Cosher at White River Junction in November, 1901, but was later acquitted on the ground of self-defence. It is alleged that between the killing and Wilson's acquittal Clement frequently, in his political speeches, referred to Wilson as a "murderer." The case is attracting great interest.

MINOR LICENSES

MANY GRANTED BY POLICE BOARD LAST NIGHT.

The following licenses were granted at the regular meeting of the police board last evening:

Pawnbroker—James J. Quirk, 98 French street.

Junk collector—John C. Woodridge, rear 157 Charles street.

Express wagon—Frank Riley, 89 East Merrimack street.

Dealer in old gold—William A. Block, 11 Prescott street.

Common victualler—Rose Perrault, 19 French street; Nathan E. Aldrich, 10 Gorham street; Mary Pelletier, 77 Prince street; Susan O'Sullivan, 115 Paige street; Robert McKinnon, 167 East Merrimack street; Frank Delisle, 90 Lakeview avenue.

Pool room—Osgood & Bigelow, 56 Middlesex street.

Hawker and peddler Joseph H. Hamilton, [illegible] street; James M. Nutt, 2 Cedar court; Joseph Haine, 190 Middlesex street; Stay & Everett, rear 17 Whipple street.

The following licenses were revoked: Susan O'Sullivan, 77 Concord street; Mary Pelletier, 12 Common street.

The following were given leave to withdraw:

Common victualler—John Gilsenan, 10 Perkins street.

Intelligence office—Martha A. Shaw, 32 Bridge street.

Pool room—Donat de Jonge, 18 Bridge street.

Junk collector—W. Bailey, 12 Nobles street.

The licenses granted to the Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company transferred from W. H. McKenna, merchant, to Andrew W. Owens, merchant.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

BRONCHIAL COUGH

Cured With Two Bottles of Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force.

Mr. J. M. Smith, residing at 5 Fernald street, Lowell, Mass., has an exalted opinion of Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force. He says:

"For several years I have had a bronchial cough. It irritated my throat and always came on whenever I caught cold. I got a bottle of Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force knowing others it had cured, and in four days my cough was relieved, and in ten days it disappeared entirely. I took two bottles altogether, and I recommend it for chronic coughs and throat troubles, as I have an exalted opinion of this wonderful medicine."

"J. M. SMITH,
5 Fernald Street, Lowell, Mass.

Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force acts very nicely in cases of whooping cough, where there is a large amount of secretion raised with more or less difficulty. It will be found superior in cases where bronchitis is associated with asthma or phthisis, and is the surest medicine in the world for the cure of lung and throat troubles. It strengthens the lungs and bronchial tubes, and we ask you to bear in mind that it is Dr. Bartlett's own prescription and used by him in his large practice ever since he came to Lowell from Bowdoin medical college. Entirely free from opium, morphine and alcohol. It will give you mental force, and if you have a hard day's work before you a tablespoonful of Vital Force will prepare you for the day's demands and burdens if taken in the morning. All druggists sell and recommend it.

Don't despair if you are discouraged and run down from worry or overwork, but consult Dr. Bartlett at his office, 106 Merrimack street. Call during the day, as his rooms are crowded in the evening. He takes plenty of time with every patient and a talk with this nerve, lung, heart and blood specialist will do you a world of good.

NASHUA CHINESE

THEY WERE ASKED TO JOIN SECRET SOCIETY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NASHUA, N. H., Oct. 7—Yee Hin, a Chinese laundryman of this city, made the statement Monday that Wong Yak Chong, the Boston Chinaman who was murdered in that city last Friday, came to Nashua two weeks ago and tried to get the local Chinamen to join the Hep Sen Tong.

Several Chinamen here are relatives of the murdered man. None have joined the Hep Sen Tong, however. Yee Hin states that he would not go to Boston at the present time for any amount of money. The murdered man was his cousin.

Yee Hin looks for more murders in the near future.

Assignee's sale at the 20th Century Shoe Store. Bargains for everyone.

Kennedy's Oysterettes
The Oyster Cracker with a taste to it.

YOU CAN CURE BABY'S ECZEMA

Thousands of babies suffer terribly from Eczema or some other skin trouble and mothers have for many years been seeking a medicine which would quickly relieve and fully cure.

Here is the sure, SAFE cure in the world—ZEMA-CURA. ZEMA-CURA is not a salve or ointment, but a liquid, and the very first application gives the much sought relief and the baby will go promptly to sleep. One application won't cure, but ZEMA-CURA used regularly will absolutely and positively cure Eczema as well as Pimples, Acne, Hives, and every other disease and eruption of the skin.

Read what Dr. Snell says:

"I received a sample and found it all you claim, and feel confident of its having a large sale when its virtues are known."
DR. H. SNELL, Washington, N. C.

ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER

is invaluable in the treatment of skin diseases. It is not only soothing and healing, but it creates new, firm, healthy skin, and makes a lovely, clear complexion. It not only possesses all the merits of the best and most widely known talcum powders, but in addition to these it has medicinal properties possessed by no other powder in the world. ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER allays itching, chafing or irritation. ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER used after bathing and shaving has no equal. It is an ideal powder for babies as it is absolutely pure and healing. 25 cents per box. All druggists or The Zema-Cura Co., 7 W. 22d St., N. Y.

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Streets; GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street; C. E. CARTER (two stores), Cor. Branch and Smith Streets, and Cor. Westford and Pine Streets; LOWELL PHARMACY, 622 Merrimack Street; FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex Street.

DOUBLE BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS BEGINNING OCT. 5-10 INCLUSIVE.

JOHN F. SAUNDERS,
159 Gorham St. Cor. Summer
Telephone 592-3.

ON BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. [illegible] Baking Powder.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Tea.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 25c. Coffee.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 15c. Force.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 18c. Butterine.
5 stamps with 1 pkg. 10c. Presto.

ON GREEN TRADING STAMPS.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Baking Powder.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Tea.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 25c. Coffee.
[illegible] stamps with 1 lb. 18c. Butterine.
5 stamps with 1 lb. 15c. Force.
[illegible] stamps with 1 pkg. 10c. Presto.

CORNED BEEF..........3c to 6c lb.
Smoked Shoulders..........9c. lb
Best canned Tomatoes..........3 for 25c
Best canned Peas..........3 for 25c
Best canned Corn..........[illegible]
Best canned Pears..........[illegible]
Challenge Milk..........[illegible] for 25c
Minced Meat..........[illegible] pkg.

BEST GLOBE BUTTERINE.
15c lb., tubs from 10 lb. up.

CHOICE LINE OF TEAS.
75c best Oolong..........70c lb.
60c best Formosa Oolong..........50c; 4 lbs $1
50c Golden [illegible]..........30c; 4 lbs $1
50c Orange Pekoe..........[illegible] 5 lbs $1
[illegible] English Breakfast..........25c; 7 lbs $1

FOR A RESTORATIVE NERVINE TONIC

WE SELL

MARIANI FRENCH WINE OF COCA

Have just received a fresh supply. We sell for 75c a bottle.

WE ALSO SELL

METCALF'S WINE OF COCA

for 75c a bottle.

And we sell our own Wine of Coca for 65c a bottle. They are all standard preparations and will give satisfaction.

Falls & Burkinshaw
RELIABLE DRUGGISTS,
418 Middlesex St,
Opposite Northern Station.
Cor. Thorndike St.
Open from 6 a. m. to 11.30 p. m.

STANDARD Supply Co.
The Leading Men's and Ladies' Credit House
72 Prescott Street

Simply a Pleasure For You

To Do Business With Us

JUST DROP IN

select your clothing, make arrangements to please yourself. Very easy way, is it not?

ALL OVER WITHIN A MOMENT

and you are dressed in the height of fashion. We do business like a bank, every transaction confidential.

Extreme as well as modest styles in Ladies' Millinery. The latest and most pleasing fashioned models in Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Jackets and Furs.

Men's Top Coats, Overcoats, Rain Coats, Suits and Odd Pants. ***Children's Clothing.***

We carry the largest assortment of all the snappy styles. ***Boots and Shoes.***

We Clothe You All From Top to Toe

JUST A LITTLE A WEEK

All our Ladies' and Men's Clothing fashioned only by expert men tailors

STANDARD Supply Co.
The Most Liberal Credit House in Lowell
72 Prescott Street

Children's Rockers WITH One Pound of Our 60 Cent Tea

O'Brien Bros TEA DEALERS
227 Central Street
Tel. 679-5. Free Delivery

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
Is still on at the
20th Century Shoe Store
120-122 Merrimack Street
A. R. Sampson Assignee

DICKSON'S TEA STORE. TRADE MARK REGISTERED

DOUBLE STAMPS BLUE
Given All This Week
60 WITH A POUND OF BAKING POWDER
40 WITH A POUND OF TEA,
20 WITH A POUND OF COFFEE
Double Stamps on Crockery, Glass and China Ware.
DICKSON'S TEA STORE
68 Merrimack St.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Building, New York.

AUGUST IS QUARTER MONTH AT
WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION
Don't Delay Depositing
265 Central Street
GEORGE M. HARRIGAN, Treas.

COAL, LIME, CEMENT, BRICKS
OF ALL KINDS
E. A. WILSON & CO.
4 Merrimack Sq.
700 Broadway

For stricture and kindred diseases, especially in old cases where doctors fail, use

ZY-MO

a non-poisonous vegetable CURE for all private urinary diseases and weakness of men and women. ZY-MO is GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED. Cures new cases in 48 hours without pain. Especially advised for old obstinate cases. Druggists, or sent prepaid, $1. Address Dr. Ray & Co., 87 Prager building, Boston, Mass. Free medical advice given. Write for book sent sealed —FREE. ZY-MO sold in Lowell by ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cen. 1 St.

SHORTHAND IN 20 LESSONS

Absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods; position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; [illegible] everything simple and clear; [illegible] New York.

(CUT IT OUT.)
THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE
150 and 152 Middlesex Street
This advertisement is good for $1.00 on first purchase of $10.00 or more.
CASH OR CREDIT.

PETER J. BRADY
GROCER
Cor. Gorham and South [illegible]
CHOICE TEAS COFFEES and SPICES
Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold" and "Banquet."

Are You Going Away
If so you should call at Devine's Trunk Store. We can save you money enough to pay your car fare, either on a trunk or dress suit case or any other thing in the trunk line. Remember the place.
P. F. DEVINE'S TRUNK STORE
68 MERRIMACK STREET.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
RICHARD F. MURPHY, Prop. and Mgr.
Three Nights and Usual Matinees Commencing Monday, Oct. 5
William Bonnelli's Latest and Best American Melodrama
A GREAT GAME
THE BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THRILLING ADVENTURE.
Matinee Prices for Ladies - 10c and 20c

TEMPLE THEATRE
LOWELL'S HOME OF POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Odd Fellows' Temple - 84 Middlesex St.
M. W. Murray, Manager.
Week Commencing With
MONDAY MATINEE OCT. 5
BOHE & HEYER,
MARVELL & GLEASON,
CUNNINGHAM & COVENTRY,
THE MUSICAL HOLBROOKS,
BILLY HINES,
NELL BURGESS,
THE ELMIRA SISTERS.
POPULAR PRICES—Evening, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Doors Open at 2 and 7. Performances commence at 2.30 and 8 o'clock.

$100,000
This represents the actual sum Invested and Expended on
MERCHANTS and MANUFACTURERS' EXPOSITION
Oct. 5 MECHANICS' BUILDING Oct. 31
The Greatest Fair Ever Held in Boston
Creatore's Band, U. S. Government Exhibits, Kiltie's Band, The Midway of Fairyland, The Air Ship, Infant Incubators, Wireless Telegraphy, Liquid Air, Japanese Theatre with Tea Garden and Geisha Girls, The Laughing Mirror Maze, Jim Key, the celebrated Educated Horse, and a Hundred Other World Wonders.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

CASTO
AL. HAYNES, Manager.
ALL WEEK AFTERNOON AND EVENING OCT. 5
FAVOR & SINCLAIR
Box Office Open 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Don't Delay
But have YOUR EYES EXAMINED today by
Optician George C. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET.
Up One Flight

THE SIGN BUSINESS
Formerly Conducted by
SPENCER & CO., 29 Middle Street
NOW DONE BY
J. H. BROWN
At the Same Old Stand.

EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

LOWELL MAN

Was Shot While Trying to Enter a House

By Associated Press to The Sun

CAMDEN, Me., Oct. 7—Detected while apparently in the act of breaking into the residence of Fred A. Packard, on Chestnut street, W. P. Kelley of Rockport, the son of a well-known contractor of Lowell, Mass., was shot in the back by Mr. Packard, and is now at the Knox hospital, with a serious and possibly fatal wound.

Mr. Packard has not been arrested, but the police are making a thorough investigation of the affair.

The shooting occurred just before midnight last night. According to Mr. Packard, his daughter saw a man prowling around the house when she was preparing to retire and called the fact to his attention.

Armed with a shotgun, Packard went to the orchard to investigate, and was just in time to see the stranger approach the house and peer through a window.

A minute later the fellow, Packard says, stealthily climbed up a trellis and was about to force a second story window when Packard called to him to throw up his hands.

The man, who was armed with a stout club, made no sign of hearing the command and continued his attack on the window.

When a second call was unheeded, Packard says he fired the full charge, striking Kelley in the back. He lost his balance and fell to the ground, where he remained until officers and a physician, who were summoned, took him in charge and ordered his removal to the hospital.

Packard, who is 22 years old, has been employed in a shipyard at Rockport. He has a wife and several children.

SAD ACCIDENT

Chelmsford Boy Hanged With Hitching Rope

Sad and strange was the death of Leon, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Almon W. Hoit of North street, Chelmsford, which occurred last evening.

He was found dead in the barn at his home, having died from strangulation.

He had ridden into the barn on his bicycle and in some way his head slipped into the noose of a hitching rope attached to one of the beams. His foot was caught in the bicycle and it is supposed that when his head first came in contact with the rope the noose did not tighten, but that in an endeavor to free his head, he slipped and his weight came upon the rope, tightening the noose and securing him so that he could not move.

Dr. Howard was summoned, but the boy was dead when the summons went out to the doctor. He was a good boy, careful in his habits, of cheerful disposition, and a favorite with his associates. His sad and untimely death is a hard blow to his family.

MASTERLY SPEECH

Chamberlain Explains His Plan of Tariff Reform

By Associated Press to The Sun

GLASGOW, Oct. 7—Whatever may be the opinion held regarding the great question which Mr. Chamberlain has raised, or the probable issue of his campaign, it is generally admitted that he has opened it in a masterly manner, befitting the momentous occasion, and that he can no longer be accused of nebulosity in presenting his case.

For nearly two hours, only referring occasionally to fairly full notes for figures and statistics, he held a vast and enthusiastic audience absorbed by one of his finest oratorical efforts.

As if inspired by the knowledge that the practical collapse and breakup of the unionist party left him in sole possession of the field, he spoke with more than his customary energy and persuasiveness, lacking nothing in lucidity, either of phrase or argument.

While his appeal to the working classes, upon whom more than any section of the community, especially since the defection of the Duke of Devonshire from the administration, the success or the failure of his preferential scheme will depend, was eminently calculated to enlist their support.

It was an inspiring scene in St. Andrew's hall, where he delivered his speech.

The auditorium was packed with men and women, cheering and waving handkerchiefs as the chairman, Sir Matthew Arthur, led Mr. Chamberlain to the platform.

Mr. Chamberlain, commencing his speech said that his first duty was to thank the great representative audience for offering him the opportunity of explaining for the first time in some detail his views on the subject of the fiscal policy in the city from which free trade took birth and in which Adam Smith taught.

The speaker paid the highest tribute to Mr. Balfour, with whose principles and policies he fully agreed and said he admired the courage and resource with which the premier had faced difficulties unsurpassed in political history.

Mr. Chamberlain then alluded to the recent visit he paid to Venice, when he found the Campanile, which had stood for centuries and which when he previously visited Venice, seemed as permanent as the city itself, now a mass of ruins.

He continued:

"I do not say that I anticipate such a fate for the British empire, but I do say that I see signs of decay, cracks and crevices showing that the foundations are not broad and deep enough to sustain it."

Adducing statistics, Mr. Chamberlain contrasted the moderate increase of 7½ per cent. in the export trade of Great Britain and the increase of 30 per cent. in her population since 1872, with the enormous increases of trade in the United States and Germany, and he asked how the country could expect to support its growing population with its trade practically stagnant for 30 years.

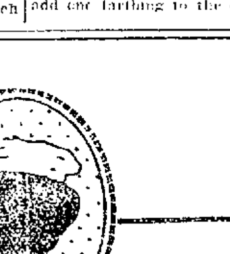
He wished to repeat explicitly that he did not wish to tax raw materials used in British manufactures. Therefore, it was evident that if they wanted to prevent separation there must be a preferential tax on food. That was the great cry of his opponents and it was true, but it was only half the truth, because those opponents forgot to add his explanation that nothing he proposed would add one farthing to the cost of living of any workingman or of any family in the country.

With regard to his plan he would state it briefly. He proposed to put a low duty not exceeding two shillings (50 cents) a quarter on foreign corn, but none on corn from the British possessions. He proposes no tax on maize, partly because it formed the food of some of the very poorest among the population and partly because it was raw material as feeding stuff.

He proposed a corresponding tax on flour, and he would give special preference to the miller with the object of reestablishing one of our ancient industries and of preventing a rush from the country to the town, and also of placing corn, offal and feeding stuffs more cheaply within the possession of the farmer.

A small tax of about 5 per cent. on foreign meat and dairy products would be imposed, excluding bacon, which was the food of so many of the poorest population. Lastly he proposed to give a substantial preference to the colonies on wines and fruits.

Against these increases he proposed some great remission. He proposed to take off three-quarters of the duty on tea, half the duty on sugar, with corresponding reductions upon cocoa and coffee.



Young or inexperienced housewives should always use

Cleveland's Baking Powder

It admits of no failures,—no soggy cake,—no biscuit to be thrown away; but digestible and nourishing food at every baking,—food that causes a look of satisfaction to go all around the table.

ANOTHER DONATION.

William H. Wiggin, treasurer Wiggin ville Mission Explosion Repair fund, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of five dollars from the First Baptist Sunday school of Methuen. Total receipts $115.50.

VICTORIOUS MUNYON

Captures the Country from Maine to Oregon

200,000 BOTTLES SOLD

Last Week Laboratories Running Day and Night

THOUSANDS CURED

Testimony of Prominent People from All Over the Country

Dyspepsia, Nervousness and All Stomach Troubles

Yield to This New Vegetable Elixir of Life

The mayor of Augusta, Me., says:
Augusta, Me., Aug. 31, 1903.
Prof. Munyon.

Dear Sir—For the past year or more I have been troubled with dyspepsia and indigestion and can truthfully state that after the use of part of one bottle of Paw Paw I find my stomach very much improved and expect to become entirely free from this ailment with the further assistance of your vegetable pepsin, Paw Paw.

(Signed),
G. A. ROBSIN,
Mayor of Augusta, Me.

Mr. E. P. Wood, buyer of Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston, says:
Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—I have been taking Paw Paw for some time as a strengthening tonic and it has proven itself a most wonderful medicine. I eat well and can truthfully state that the food I eat digests perfectly. After taking Paw Paw I feel braced up and I recommend this wonderful remedy to all brain workers who are in need of a superior tonic.

(Signed),
E. G. WOOD,
109 State Street.

Mr. John Scott, Boston, says:
Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—I have taken all kinds of remedies for dyspepsia and have received absolutely no benefit until I tried your Paw Paw. This wonderful remedy seemed to act at once. I am more than glad to state that I have not had a particle of my old trouble since using Munyon's Paw Paw.

(Signed),
JOHN SCOTT,
18 Kendall Street.

M. W. Dempsey, of Boston, says:
Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—For some time I have suffered with nervous depression, due to poor digestion, in fact I could eat nothing but soup and a few cereals. Since taking Munyon's Paw Paw I have made a decided improvement, eat well, sleep well and feel very much happier in spirit. It is the finest remedy I have ever taken. My wife also uses it as a tonic with the most pleasing results.

(Signed),
M. W. DEMPSEY,
41 South Street.

These almost at random. Nothing like it ever been known. A wave of enthusiasm for Munyon's Paw Paw is sweeping the country. Men and women in every rank of life are joyously telling of the wonderful cures it has effected.

It cures nervousness.

It brings refreshing sleep.

It cures stomach troubles.

None of these ailments can exist in the presence of Munyon's Paw Paw. It stimulates the stomach to such natural activity that a normal appetite and normal digestion are assured. The digestive process throughout is as it should be. Assimilation is as it should be. Every organ of the body is put in perfect tone and kept there. Paw Paw stimulates by bringing perfect health. It kills the appetite for whiskey or beer. It lifts and holds you up.

At all drug stores, $1.00 per bottle, Paw Paw Laxative Pills, 25 cents per bottle.

MOLLY VARNUMS

Held Last Out-door Gathering at Tewksbury

On the grounds of Mr. Benjamin Spalding, adjoining the old historic Spalding homestead in Tewksbury, was held yesterday afternoon, the last out-door gathering, for this reason, of the historical committee of Molly Varnum chapter, D. A. R.

Mrs. Griffin called to order and the secretary, Mrs. Joseph Smith, read the minutes of the last meeting.

Mrs. Daniel Varnum read a paper on "Tewksbury in Colonial and Revolutionary Times"; Miss Frances Brabrook read a short sketch of the Revolutionary soldiers of Tewksbury and speeches were made by Mr. Benjamin Spalding and Solon W. Stevens. It was an ideal day and the outing was much enjoyed.

There was good music and luncheon was served on the lawn.

WAYNE MacVEAGH

Pleased With Status of Venezuelan Case

By Associated Press to The Sun

PARIS, Oct. 7—Wayne MacVeagh, senior counsel for the United States, has arrived here from The Hague, having completed his argument before the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal. He sails for New York October 10, from Cherbourg, on the American line steamer St. Louis.

Mr. MacVeagh regards the situation of the case as satisfactory and hopeful.

The members of the court expressed satisfaction of the American view of the exalted character of the tribunal as representing the modern idea of the humane adjustment of international differences instead of the old system of a resort to force.

Counsel for the other countries, outside the blockading powers, will probably follow the general lines of the American argument.

When the court re-assembles Nov. 4, Judge Penfield and Minister Bowen will look after American and Venezuelan interests.

It is expected that the further hearings will last about a fortnight.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Billings have left Lowell for an extended trip to the provinces, for the purpose of hunting big game. They were given a rousing send-off by their hosts of friends at their home, previous to their departure, and promised, upon their return, to serve up a portion of the "spoil" amongst them, in the way of an "old-fashioned" game supper." It is needless to say that everyone is clamoring for an invitation.

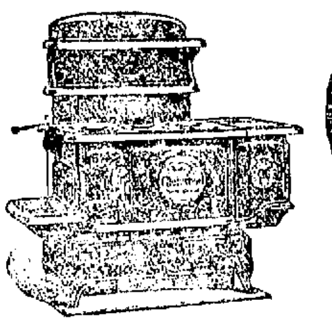
Lawyer J. H. Guillet and Mr. Joseph Dextra are in attendance at the convention of the French American democrats of New England at the Revere House, Boston, today.

Miss Alice A. Sayer has returned from a two weeks' vacation spent in New York and Jersey City.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Stewart and son, of 15 Otis street, have gone to So. Lyndeboro, N. H., to spend their vacation.

Dr. Abigail E. Goddard sailed on the S. S. Ivernia yesterday for Liverpool en route to Calcutta, India, where she will take up missionary work. A large party of young ladies from the local Y. W. C. A. were at the dock to see her off.

After long waiting, Mrs. W. F. Courtney will occupy her new millinery store at 204 Merrimack street, Saturday, Oct. 10th. All are invited to call.



If Your Old Range Doesn't Suit—try a Glenwood

"Makes Cooking Easy."

GOOKIN BROS., LOWELL, MASS.

LICENSE BOARD

Lawrence Case Will be Heard Oct. 14

By Associated Press to The Sun

LAWRENCE, Oct. 7—The review of the evidence upon which Mayor Grant based his removal of license Commissioners William J. Bradley, James A. Coughlin and Frederick Porch will take place at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 14, before a superior court justice. The commissioners have been serving ever since their removal, for the mayor has not appointed a new commission and, according to the statutes, commissioners retain their office till their successors are named.

PILGRIM FATHERS

ANNUAL INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS LAST NIGHT.

The annual installation of the recently elected officers of Garfield Colony, Pilgrim Fathers, was held last night.

The installation ceremony was performed by James A. Bowers of East Boston. The following were the officers installed:

Governor, Albert E. Leith; lieutenant governor, George D. Ryan; secretary, M. J. Aspinall; treasurer, Edwin A. Howe; collector, Clarence Mahoney; chaplain, Louisa E. Craig; sergeant-at-arms, Augustus L. Merithew; deputy sergeant-at-arms, Carrie E. Merithew; sen. of inner gate, Anna A. Howe; sen. of outer gate, Mary Slattery.

Following the installation, supper was served under the direction of the newly installed officers. A pleasant memento of good work done the past year was tendered the retiring governor, Sumner B. Shorey, who in behalf of the colony was presented with an ex-governor's jewel, the presentation being made by the deputy and Mr. Shorey responded, thanking the colony for their present.

Remarks were made by the deputy who congratulated the colony on its good work.

Readings, piano and vocal solos were enjoyed and brought a very enjoyable evening to a close.

NORFOLK CLUB

HELD PLEASANT SOCIAL AT HUNTINGTON HALL.

Just a comfortable crowd of dancers enjoyed the social by the Norfolk club at Huntington hall last evening. The officers were: Floor director, Francis P. Dolan; assistant floor director, Thomas Pool; aids, Martin Dacey, John Downey, E. L. Brierly, Thomas Marlakey, J. T. Powers.

GRANITEVILLE

A very close and interesting game of football was played at Hillside park in this town last Saturday, when the team representing this town played against an eleven from Maynard. The game was of two fifteen minute halves and at the end of the second half the score was 0 to 0, neither side being able to score.

The manager, Mr. W. K. Putney, Graniteville, would like to hear from all clubs from Lowell, North Chelmsford, Chelmsford Centre, West Chelmsford or any other town in this vicinity who are anxious to arrange games for this season.

Fire was discovered in the barn of Lake Lawton in North Chelmsford last Saturday morning. Mr. Lawton was awakened by the crackling of the flames and made a brave attempt to save some of his property but the flames had gained such headway that this was found impossible.

Before any of the neighbors in the vicinity could arrive his barn was burned to the ground. Mr. Lawton intends to rebuild as soon as possible.

DOES YOUR

Husband Drink?

"ORRINE"

Will Surely and Permanently Cure Him, Without his Knowledge.

Drunkenness is a disease and is so recognized by the medical profession. Don't expect impossibilities of your husband, son or father. If he has acquired a taste for strong drink, it is your duty to save him, yourself and family from the terrible consequences of the excessive use of whisky, beer, wine, etc.

We guarantee that "ORRINE" will permanently destroy all desire for liquor, restore the stomach, nerves and digestion to normal conditions and improve the health of the patient, or we will refund the purchase money. "ORRINE" is tasteless, odorless and colorless and can be given in tea, coffee, water or milk without the knowledge of the patient.

Mrs. E. Wyclif, New York City, writes: "'ORRINE' cured my husband, who was a steady drunkard for many years. He now has no desire for stimulants, his health is good and he is fully restored to manhood. He used only five boxes of 'ORRINE.'"

Mailed in sealed wrapper, $1 per box, 6 boxes for $5, by Orrine Co., 817 14th St., N. W., Washington, D.C. Interesting booklet (sealed) free on request. Sold and recommended by

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Barristers Hall, Lowell, Mass.

BISSELL IS DEAD

Was a Member of Cleveland's Cabinet

By Associated Press to The Sun

BUFFALO, Oct. 7 Wilson S. Bissell died at 10.05 last night of Bright's disease. He suffered a sharp relapse during the day and gradually sank hour by hour.

Dr. De Witt H. Sherman spent the latter half of the day and all the night up to the time of the former postmaster general's death in the Bissell home.

At 6 in the evening he announced that Mr. Bissell would probably survive the night, but that death was certain within 36 hours. A few hours before dying Mr. Bissell brightened up and told Dr. Sherman that he realized the end was near. He asked to have his family called to his bedside.

Soon afterward he sank into a profound coma and remained practically in that condition until death. He had been sick some weeks.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer

OFFICE, 162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Heirs' Sale of Real Estate at Public Auction

SATURDAY, Oct. 10, 1903, at 2 P. M.

RAIN OR SHINE

By consent of the heirs of the late Thomas Gallagher, I will sell to the highest bidder, the eight room house and about 3623 square feet of land, more or less, situated on the southerly side of West Sixth street, No. 152.

This house was built of the very best material and great pains was taken to have a very comfortable home. It has three very pleasant chambers up stairs, large hall, parlor, sitting room, dining room, sewing room, kitchen, bath room with hot and cold water; all lighted with gas, with pretty gas fixtures in every room. Has a high posted, well lighted cellar, with cemented bottom; water closets, sewer, and everything that a person would wish in a home.

The house is 1½ story, with bay window, set up well from the street, with piazza on the side that leads to a very pretty garden, with grass lawn, set out with pear, plum, apple, cherry, and peach trees; grape vine trails over shed in rear, also shrubs, etc. Has concrete walks, sidewalks and edge stones all in, is well fenced, in fact there is not one thing to be done to this place that could improve it.

As this is an heir sale to settle this estate, it is a positive sale, and I invite the public to attend.

TERMS: $200 must be paid to the auctioneer at time and place of sale. Other terms made known at sale.

Per D. J. DONOHUE, ESQ.

THE Bon Marche

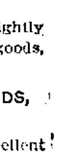
TWELVE SPECIAL ITEMS

From the

Domestic Basement Section

"About the emptyest thing I kno ov Iz a pocket-book with nothing In it—it is rather wuss than a knot hole."—Josh Billings.

If you shop in the Bon Marche, you'll always have "something" in your pocketbook. Read about these savings in domestics, then profit by the knowledge thus gained and you'll never be encumbered by the kind of a pocketbook Josh describes.



BLEACHED SHEETS,
Each 39c.

Size 72x90, good cotton. 50c would be the proper price.

SKIRT PATTERNS,
Each 23c.

Plain and Fancy Flannelettes.

FACE CLOTHS,
Each 2c.

Turkish—5c value.

TOWELS,
Each 10c.

Huckaback—size 19x41, (please note the size), always 12½c each.

COMFORTERS,
Each 98c.

Full size, filled with pure white cotton, $1.25 would be a reasonable price.

DOMET FLANNEL
Yard 3½c.

White, good width, always 5c yard.

DIAPER CLOTH,
Piece 39c.

18 inches wide, slightly imperfect. Perfect goods, sell at 69c piece.

BERKSHIRE PLAIDS,
Yard 12½c.

Best quality, excellent for school dresses.

BLANKETS,
Pair 49c.

10x4, white, grey or tan, all perfect.

HANDKERCHIEFS,
Each 2c.

Women's hemstitched. A big bargain.

BATH ROBE BLANKETS
Each $2.39.

31 styles and colorings, a leader at above price.

SASH CURTAINS,
Pair 25c.

All made, ready to put up, full yard long, stripes and dots.

TWO MORE SUITS

Belangers Want $50,000 From Cartridge Company

By Associated Press to The Sun

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 6—Two attachments in suits of $25,000 each as a result of the explosion at the United States Cartridge company's magazines in July, were filed with the clerk of the county court here today. The suits are brought in behalf of Almede and Joseph Belanger, who were injured in the explosion and the defendants named are the American Powder mills and the United States Cartridge company, Paul Butler and D. B. Ames, being named as co-partners. The defendants are charged with failure to inform their employes of danger and to inform the chief of the fire department of the amount of powder on hand; also failure in other ways to comply with the statutes and to safe-guard their employes.

TIES ON TRACK

Bold Attempt to Wreck a Train

By Associated Press to The Sun

COLLINSVILLE, Conn., Oct. 6.—An attempt has been made to wreck a train on the Collinsville branch of the Northampton division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. A. L. Cooney, a baker of New Hartford, was driving across the line about a mile and a quarter below Burlington station when he noticed a pile of ties on the track. He hastened to remove the obstruction, finishing his work only a short time before the passing of the south bound freight. The ties were placed just beyond a curve in the line so that it would have been impossible for an engineer to have stopped his train in time to prevent striking them.

The beautiful millinery parlors of Mrs. W. F. Courtney will be open for inspection Saturday, Oct. 10th. The ladies are cordially invited to attend.

500 ARE OUT

STEEL CORPORATION MINES ARE CLOSED DOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 6—Five hundred employes of the Minnesota Iron company are out of work through the closing down indefinitely of the Soudan mines.

This is the first of the steel corporation mines in Minnesota to cease operations.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

OF STREET RAILWAYS ADVOCATED IN CHICAGO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 6—Discussion of the public ownership of the street railways of the city was a feature of the city council meeting last night.

A petition from the municipal ownership convention said to contain 50,000 names and favoring an ordinance providing for submission of the Mueller act to a popular vote, was presented and referred to the committee on local transportation. The aldermen were urged not to pass street railroad franchises until the Mueller act had been submitted to the people.

VOTE WAS A TIE

NO CHOICE IN THE CANTERBURY ELECTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 6—Returns from all the towns in the state where elections were held yesterday, with the exception of Killingworth, show that 133 went republican, 37 returned democratic majorities and in one, Canterbury, there was a tie vote.

Last year 135 towns were republican and 39 democratic. Should the result from the missing town prove to be the same as last year the republicans will have 134 towns and the democrats 37.

There is a possibility of another election in Weston, where the democrats claim the voting was illegally done.

A review of the license vote throughout of the state shows that 75 towns favor license, while 50, not counting Killingworth, are against license. Last year Killingworth had no license. The license standing of the towns last year was: License 82, no-license 86.

BOLD FUGITIVES

MANILA OFFICIALS SEIZED A STEAMER AND ESCAPED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANILA, Oct. 6—George Forman, chief inspector and C. J. Johnson, constabulary supply officer, both stationed at Missamis, Mindanao, whose accounts were under investigation, took $6,000 from the safe, seized a steamer and have started for Borneo.

Running short of coal they stopped a native vessel and took from her a new supply. A steamer has been sent to Borneo to intercept the fugitives.

LICENSE COMMISSIONERS

INDICTED FOR ALLEGED BRIBERY AND CONSPIRACY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 6.—Joseph T. Lodge and Patrick P. Murphy, license commissioners of the city of Chicopee, were indicted by the grand jury today on three counts of bribery and one count of conspiracy to extort bribes. They pleaded not guilty and were held in $3,000 bail each for trial in the superior court. The indictments named two saloon-keepers, a former hotel-keeper and the owner of a block in Chicopee in which a saloon was located as the persons compelled to pay the bribe money.

OMNIBUS DRIVERS STRIKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BERLIN, Oct. 6—The strike of omnibus drivers and conductors which began here September 24, involving about 1,100 men, who demanded 12 hours' work (instead of 12 to 17 hours) and time for lunch, ended today, the men giving up conditionally.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN

Starts on a Speech Making Tour Today

By Associated Press to The Sun

BIRMINGHAM, Eng., Oct. 6.—Joseph Chamberlain set out from here this morning on his fiscal campaign amid every demonstration of good will from his fellow townsmen. Hundreds gathered at the railroad station and alternately sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and shouted "Good bye, old Joey" and "The country's with you."

Vain appeals were made for a speech, but the only expressed opinion that could be extracted from the former secretary for the colonies was in reply to congratulations on the appointment of his son Austen as chancellor of the exchequer, when Mr. Chamberlain admitted that there were a "lot of difficulties before the party," but he thought they would "get through with them all right."

Mrs. Chamberlain, Mrs. Endicott, her mother; Miss Chamberlain and Austen Chamberlain, accompanied the former secretary. The two latter will escort Mrs. Endicott to Liverpool where she will embark on the Cunard line steamer Saxonia for Boston today. Mrs. Chamberlain accompanies her husband on his speech-making tour which begins at Glasgow today.

COKE MINERS

ATTEMPT WILL BE MADE TO ORGANIZE THEM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6.—For the first time since the disastrous strike of 13 years ago, when the coke miners' organization was completely wiped out, efforts will be made this week to organize the 18,000 coke miners in the Connellsville region.

Thousands of dollars of the national officers funds have been placed at the disposal of the local officers of the United Mine Workers for this purpose, and it is the intention to place in the field the best organizers in the association.

There are 37,000 organized miners in the Pittsburg district now. Another 25,000 are being organized in the Irwin field of the district. With these and the coke miners the district would have a membership of nearly 50,000, making it the largest regularly divided district miners in the world.

ANNUAL CONVENTION

OF THE W. C. T. U. OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 6.—Members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of New Hampshire to the number of about 300 assembled in this city today for their annual convention which will occupy three days. Mrs. Ella R. Richardson of East Haverhill, president of the state body, called the delegates to order, in the Washington street Free Will Baptist church, after which several brief papers were read on pertinent subjects by Mrs. Ada P. Shaw, of Wolfboro; Mrs. W. G. Cain of Epping; Mrs. C. S. Gilton of Lisbon; Mrs. Hetta Gibson of Rindge; Mrs. F. G. Osgood of New Market, and Mrs. Addie E. Richards of Haverhill.

The annual address of the president was read and was followed by the reports of the state corresponding secretary, state treasurer and state auditor. Music was furnished by members of the local union.

This evening, Mayor A. G. Whittemore will welcome the delegates to the city.

AMERICAN MECHANICS MEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 6.—The 14th annual session of the state council of New Hampshire, Order of United American Mechanics, is in progress in this city. Reports presented show that there are 23 councils in the state with a membership of 1,850. This morning Joseph A. Moore of Concord was elected state councillor; Leon C. Hall of Milford, vice-councillor, and Frank O. Loring of Milford, secretary. This afternoon the other elective officers were filled and installation exercises followed.

The first fall social to be given by Kirk St. church will be Wednesday evening (tomorrow) and will be in nature of a reception by the pastor and deacons to all the members of the congregation and friends. A pleasant evening has been planned out and a cordial invitation is extended.

Confessions of a Priest.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox of Waldo, Ark., writes, "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for 12 years." If you want a reliable medicine for Liver and Kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, druggist. Only 50c.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

THEY DRANK WOOD ALCOHOL

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—FRANK AND THOMAS HELMS, BROTHERS, AGED 43 AND 24 YEARS RESPECTIVELY, AND WILLIAM CONN, AGED 41, DIED TODAY FROM THE EFFECTS OF WOOD ALCOHOL. ACCORDING TO THE POLICE THE THREE HAD BEEN DRINKING HEAVILY. THEY PROCURED A QUANTITY OF WOOD ALCOHOL FROM A DRUG STORE AND WITH LEMON AND SUGAR MADE A PUNCH OF THE EXTRACT, OF THIS THEY IMBIBED FREELY.

NEWS WRITERS

To be Organized by the A. F. of L.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 6.—A large amount of business, much of it of a routine nature, came before today's session of the state branch, American Federation of Labor, for action. The convention re-assembled in A. O. H. hall here at 9.30. The delegates are particularly pleased on account of the unusual volume of work accomplished yesterday, the opening day of the deliberations. It is said that never since the organization of the state branch has so much business been transacted on an opening day. While the debates have been lively at times, there have been no serious disputes. Many of the addresses were eloquent and often agressive in tone, but all were directed toward measures that would satisfy the majority.

Among the most interesting topics before the convention is the question of organizing newspapers writers in all important centers, the proposed unions to be conducted in affiliation with the other organized departments of newspapers. Unions of editors and reporters have existed for several years in New York, Boston and other cities.

All the news writers of Worcester have been requested to meet tonight to consider the question of organization.

MULE SPINNERS

Annual Meeting Opened in Boston

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—A three days' convention of the national Mule Spinners' union opened here today with representatives from all the principal cotton centers in New England present. Michael J. Duggan of Lowell, president of the union, called the delegates to order and after the appointment of several committees, an adjournment was taken until afternoon.

It was expected that little important business would be taken up before tomorrow.

SENATOR McCARREN

COMES OUT FOR THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The local political situation was quiet today pending the action to be taken by the fusion conferees with reference to replacing Grout and Fornes by new candidates for comptroller and president of the board of aldermen. The only development of interest early in the day was a statement by State Senator Patrick H. McCarren, organization democrat of Brooklyn, that he intended to support the democratic ticket including both Grout and Fornes. He did this, he said, because they had been nominated at the city democratic convention.

IRON FURNACES SHUT DOWN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The iron furnaces at Fort Henry, N. Y., owned by Witherbee, Herman & Company, which have been operated for about 11 months past by Pilling & Crane of Philadelphia, have been shut down. It is rumored that the furnaces will be remodelled at a cost of $60,000 and blown in again.

RIOTERS PLEADED GUILTY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Oct. 6—The rioters who were arrested in the Canadian Soo a week ago, have, with the exception of one named Denes, pleaded guilty. Leonard Lavergne, Baptiste Roscor, Albert Robinson, Frank Lafond, Edward Glasson and Fred Winer, were fined $25 or two months in jail for assault.

Morse Dupont was fined $25 for riot, as was also Andrew Denes. The court held the company was much to blame in aggravating the riot by firing from the windows and ordering the hose turned upon the men.

FOR MANSLAUGHTER

JOSEPH GOYETTE GOT THREE YEARS' SENTENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 6 Among the sentences imposed by supreme judicial court was one of three years against Joseph Goyette of Nashua, N. H., who pleaded to manslaughter by causing the death of a woodman whom he pushed overboard from a Kennedy lake steamer.

MOODY MERRILL

AGAIN INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6.—It leaked out today that the Suffolk grand jury had indicted Moody Merrill, formerly a well-known lawyer, again. The new indictment which was returned in September is said to be one of 20 counts, involving not only the Sarah Cohen case, but several others. Mr. Merrill will be called upon to plead to the new indictments at the present term of the Suffolk superior criminal court.

EXCHANGES AND BALANCES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—Exchanges $20,563,868. Balances $1,140,635.

DOUBLE DIVORCE

Granted Jewish Bride of Two Husbands

By Associated Press to The Sun

BALTIMORE, Oct. 6.—A curious matrimonial complication has been finally settled by Judge Sharp, granting Samuel Oren a divorce from Marie Roypen. Last October the couple were married. As the couple approached the altar Joseph Goldberg, formerly a suitor, slipped a coin into the girl's hand and according to old Jewish custom claimed her as his wife. The incident created a sensation among the crowd in the synagogue, but the rabbi concluded to marry the girl to Oren.

Next day Goldberg and the girl eloped to Boston. Oren tried to secure a warrant for the girl's arrest. Failing in this he went to Philadelphia and consulted a number of Orthodox rabbis respecting the case. Meanwhile Goldberg and the Roypen girl returned to Baltimore and went to live with Goldberg's parents. Goldberg contended that the girl's marriage to Oren was null and void, that his was binding because she was forced to marry Oren by her parents.

The case was finally submitted to a council of Jewish rabbis, who decided that the girl had to be divorced from both husbands.

After long waiting, Mrs. W. F. Courtney will occupy her new millinery store at 204 Merrimack street, Saturday, Oct. 10th. All are invited to call.

THE CANAL LINE

Counsel Dickinson Sums up Question

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 6—On entering this morning on the third day of his argument before the Alaska boundary commission, Jacob M. Dickinson, of counsel for the United States, summed up the question of the Portland canal line.

He declared that the American contention was the usual, simple, natural and consistent method of determining the boundary. He held that Great Britain's contention arbitrarily changed the direction of the line through the canal to the fifty sixth parallel and introduced a new direction in the boundary line, unprovided for in the treaty and which instead of carrying the line direct on the fifty sixth parallel, only seven miles distant, carried the line sixty miles to the coast before reaching that parallel.

Counsel denied Attorney General Finlay's and Solicitor General Carson's arguments that the tribunal had no power to determine what constituted the coast. If that was true the proceedings might as well have not been commenced, for an answer to every question submitted required a determination in regard to what constituted the coast.

Dealing with the British argument that article seven of the treaty of 1825 applied only to the lisiere (or strip which Russia was to obtain by the treaty) Mr. Dickinson quoted Chief Justice Alverstone's and the late Lord Russell's own arguments as showing that they, as counsel for Great Britain at the fur seal arbitration of 1893, took exactly the opposite view from that now advanced by Attorney General Finlay and Solicitor General Carson.

Counsel said he was surprised at Great Britain's change of attitude on the lisiere question, without adducing any new grounds therefore.

Lord Alvertone listened with evident amusement to Mr. Dickinson's use of the interpretations which he and the late Lord Russell of Killowen, the former lord chief justice, formerly urged in Paris.

The commission then adjourned for the day and proceeded to the memorial service for the late Sir Michael Herbert.

HIGH SPEED RATE

ELECTRIC CAR TRAVELLED 125 4-5 MILES AN HOUR.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BERLIN, Oct. 6—An electric car on the Marienfelde-Zossen experimental line reached a speed of 125 4-5 miles per hour today, or a kilometer more than the highest previous record. The current was between 13,000 and 14,000 volts, capable of driving the car at the rate of over 200 miles. This power is reduced by transformers to about 450 volts. The car used today had four motors, having together about 1100 horsepower. It was the car used in the previous tests this year and is constructed on the Siemens-Hasken system. Another car of somewhat different equipment as to motors and transformers has been built for additional high speed tests.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Powers of 39 Saratoga street.

A Cure for Asthma

The worst cases of Asthma in the world succumb readily to the one great cure that never fails. Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann's Asthma Cure almost performs miracles.

Mr. R. M. Spencer, 238 Vermont Avenue, Toledo, O., says: "Asthma has been growing on me for 3 years, until last summer the attacks became so severe that many nights I spent half the time gasping for breath. Doctors seemed to give no relief whatever, and I felt there was no hope for me, when a drug clerk recommended your Asthma Cure. Its effect is truly magical and gives complete relief in from 2 to 5 minutes."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 803, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

From Late Editions Yesterday

REGISTRATION

Democrats are Gaining on Republicans

AS COMPARED WITH OTHER YEARS

Will Beat Them Out at Registration

The clerks at democratic headquarters are quite enthusiastic as the result of the manner in which registration progresses and they are confident that no matter how hard the republicans may work from now until the close of registration, the democracy will add more names to the check lists than the republicans.

Joseph H. Callahan, clerk at the headquarters, who is an expert on election figures, the rise and fall of registration and in fact all political matters of a statistical nature, estimates that of the 1834 names dropped by the assessors this year, five more republicans were dropped than democrats and past experience teaches that Mr. Callahan's estimates are never more than 25 out of the way.

Up to October 6, 395 names were added to the list of which 186 were those of democrats and 209 republicans. These figures are the cause of democratic enthusiasm for ordinarily the republicans have 200 more and the democrats about 100 less on the list at this time for the democrats never begin to register until the last days. Furthermore, the state central committee has decided to pay more attention to registration in Lowell this year and from now on democratic registration will begin to boom.

MADE TROUBLE

Lowell Men Were Noisy in Lawrence

The Lawrence Eagle says:

Charles Jones, painter, Bernard B. Golden, carpenter, and John McKenzie, plumber, were arrested Monday on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. The prisoners say that they live in Lowell.

Jones, Golden and McKenzie were on Lowell street near Greenwood late Monday afternoon and caused much annoyance by quarreling among themselves and by bothering other people.

The three disturbers were approached by Janitor Ford of the Bruce school, who asked them to behave themselves. Their only response was a threat to injure Ford. At this interesting period Policeman Lewis and Kimball appeared on the scene and escorted the troublesome trio to a patrol box, from whence they were sent to the police station.

DEATHS

McCAFFREY—Mary J. McCaffrey, aged ten years and ten months, child of Owen and Mary, died this morning at the home of her parents, 19 Mill street.

CHARETTE—Omer, aged 10 months, child of Joseph and Leda Charette, died last night at the home of his parents, 67 Davidson street.

CHARBONNEAU—Joseph, aged 9 months, son of Hormisdas and Marie Charbonneau, died last night at the home of his parents, 32 Ward street.

VIGNEAULT—William, aged 4 months and 29 days, child of Ludger and Clara, died last night at the home of his parents, 467 Moody street.

MISKO—Helene, aged three years, eight months and fourteen days, child of Ian and Olympia, died last night at the home of her parents, 25 Amory street.

PERSONALS

The many friends of Mr. Lewis Greeley will be pleased to hear that he is rapidly recovering from his recent illness.

Frederick L. McCarthy, pianist of this city, was acompanist at the banquet given to the "Ancients and Honourables" at Faneuil hall, Boston, Friday evening, Oct. 2.

Miss May Taylor of B street, assisted by Miss Lottie Rice, entertained members of the Nashua high school football team Saturday evening.

Miss Susie Ellison of Nashua has been the guest of Miss May Taylor of B street for a few days.

Mrs. A. C. Crochet of 317 Westford street has returned from a four weeks' vacation.

Judge Samuel P. Hadley left yesterday for a two weeks' vacation which will be spent at Northampton.

FOR WIGGINVILLE MISSION.

Wm. H. Wigin, treasurer of fund for repairing Wigginville Mission, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of ten dollars from Worthen St. Baptist Sunday school of Lowell. Five dollars from Baptist church of Billerica and one dollar from Miss Emily N. Wiggin. Total receipts to date $110.50.

Mrs. W. F. Courtney wishes to inform her lady friends and customers that she will occupy her new parlors Saturday, Oct. 10, at 204 Merrimack street.

J. F. SAUNDERS' MARKET.

There is no more positive sign of business prosperity than the necessity of enlarged quarters, and that is just what John F. Saunders has had to do at his popular cash market on Gorham street. It makes a great improvement in the looks of his store. It is finished in the natural wood and is very ornamental, giving ample room. This improvement had to be made to accommodate Mr. Saunders' customers, as almost everybody knows what splendid bargains are offered at Mr. Saunders' market.

FOR ROOSEVELT

Rhode Island Republicans Make Pledge

THE STATE TICKET HAS BEEN NAMED

Governor Garvin Severely Scored

By Associated Press to The Sun

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 6.—The republicans of Rhode Island, in annual convention assembled, today placed themselves on record as supporters of President Roosevelt's administration and believers in the principles of protection as expressed by the national body.

The platform, in effect, stated that the gold standard should be wisely supplemented so as to make the system less rigid; and that combinations of capital which inflate values and destroy competition should be suppressed. The aim of the party was to secure rights for the disfranchised, the peaceful arbitration of labor troubles, and the restriction of immigration.

Governor L. F. C. Garvin was severely arraigned on the ground that throughout his executive career he had impeached the name of the state by his public speeches and writings.

When chairman of the state central committee F. E. Holden of Woonsocket called the convention to order at 11 o'clock, there was a full representation of accredited delegates present. A temporary organization was formed with Mayor Alphonse Gauden Jr., Woonsocket, as chairman, and N. M. Wright, C. H. Howland, and Felix Hebert, secretaries. The roll call was completed and the credentials of the delegates were approved, when, at noon, on motion of the chairman a committee of resolutions was selected and it immediately went into conference.

Chairman Gaudin arose to address the convention during the intermission.

The following state ticket was unanimously nominated:

For governor, Colonel Samuel Pomroy Colt of Bristol.

For lieut.-governor, George H. Utter of Westerly.

For secretary of state, Charles P. Bennett of Providence.

For attorney-general, Charles F. Stearns of Providence.

For general treasurer, Walter A. Read of Gloucester.

The election of the members of the republican state committee was taken up and at its conclusion, Newport was represented by one delegate, Providence by three, and Warwick, Pawtucket, Lincoln and Central Falls by one each. On motion of the executive committee of the state central committee, it was empowered to fill any vacancies which may occur during the coming year.

The schedule of business having been completed, on motion of Chairman Gaudin the convention was closed and adjournment was taken.

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

Following is an abstract of the platform adopted:

The republican party of Rhode Island in annual convention, assembled, most cordially endorses the administration of chief executive, Theodore Roosevelt; a worthy successor of the great republican presidents, Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, Harrison, McKinley. His ability, courage, honesty and sound practical statemanship has won for him and his administration the high regard of the American people as well as the admiration of rulers and people the world over, and we pledge to President Roosevelt our united and hearty support in the campaign of 1904.

On national issues it stands on the platform of the national republican party which has fought and won so many battles for the rights of men, giving emancipation from slavery in America, Cuba and the Philippines; protecting the labor of toiler by just laws, securing constitutional rights to the disfranchise, establishing a gold standard as the basis of the reward of labor; making wise and peaceful arbitration a means of ending destructive labor wars and adjusting proper relations between capital and labor; and restricting immigration to those nations and people who shall add to our productive wealth as well as national growth.

The republicans of Rhode Island believe in the efficacy and wisdom of the policy of protecting by intelligent legislation the industries and labor of the United States from the destructive competition of countries where labor conditions and earnings are entirely unlike our own; they believe it to be the highest duty of a republican congress to ever fully maintain the integrity and value of our national currency. The great work of firmly establishing a gold standard may wisely be supplemented by modifications relieving rigidity of existing laws, relating to the currency and the collection of the revenues. Governmental action producing at critical times disastrous congestion, affecting the business of the entire country should be prevented.

On state issues the party proposes to amend the constitution according to popular will when legally and constitutionally expressed; to advocate home rule on all matters which concern the individual rights of the citizens and to equalize the laws of taxation.

The party declares against bribery and corruption and while it condemns such practices in either party it finds no words of criticism too severe to apply to the chief executive who has preached and written throughout his executive career concerning the debauchment of Rhode Island voters, thereby impeaching his own party and defaming the fair name of the state which he has taken the oath of honor to defend.

The party is opposed to the immoderate trusts of the country so far as they inflate values beyond their normal condition, destroy competition and build up barons of wealth on the earnings of the common people, and it commends the courage of President Roosevelt and his advisers in bringing the operations of great trusts into publicity and their illegal proceedings to the bar of justice.

The platform was received with enthusiasm and it was formally reported unanimously adopted.

The announcement that Col. S. P. Colt would head the ticket was loudly applauded and as the names of the other officers, including Messrs. Utter, Bennett, Stearns and Read were announced, they received a noisy approval.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devoe Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

THE TOUR BEGUN

Ancients and Honourables Leave Boston

FINE ENTERTAINMENT WAS PROVIDED IN FALL RIVER

All the Schools Were Closed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6.—The much heralded tour throughout this country and Canada of the Ancient and Honourable Artillery company and its guests, the Honourable Artillery of company of London, began today after four days of entertainment and sightseeing in this section. All officers and members of the London company, about 100 in number, started on the trip. The escorting column of the Ancient and Honourables is 150 strong. After yesterday's strenuous day, the members of both companies were allowed to take a rest during the morning.

The members of the home company began to assemble at the armory in Faneuil Hall at noon. An hour later they appeared on the street and marched to Court square, where they took their guests under escort and conducted them to the South Terminal station.

By special train, a start was made for New York via Fall River, where the two companies were to be entertained until the departure of the steamer, by the First Heavy Artillery, M. V. M., and the Massachusetts Naval brigade.

IN FALL RIVER

BUILDINGS DECORATED FOR THE HONOURABLES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 6.—The Ancient and Honourables of Boston and the Honourable Artillery company of London, arrived here this afternoon on their way to New York and Washington. Preparations in their honor were made by the local militia and by a committee of civilians. Buildings in the centre of the city were quite generally decorated.

The escort consisted of four batteries of the First Heavy Artillery, M. V. M., and six companies of the Naval brigade, including companies from Taunton, Boston, Brockton, Lynn, and Springfield.

The Grand Army veterans met the procession at the library and continued with it in the review by the mayor and city government at city hall. Following a short stop at the Quequechan club, the procession reformed and at 5 p. m. marched through the centre of the city to the New York boat. The schools were closed at 3 o'clock in order to allow the pupils to view the procession. Automobiles were supplied during the short stop at the club to such of the visitors as desired to view points of interest in the city.

KITTKAR BATTLE

The Fighting Lasted 36 Hours

By Associated Press to The Sun

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 6—Details of the fighting at Kittkar, near Kratovo, (38 miles from Uskub), October 1 and 2, have reached the revolutionary headquarters here. The battle was waged for 36 hours.

The Turks found it impossible to dislodge the band of eighty insurgents from their strong position and brought up two cannon. The shots, however, went over the insurgents and wrought havoc among the Turks on the other side of the position. The insurgents ultimately escaped.

The Turkish losses are variously estimated at from 60 to 80 men killed or wounded.

The political situation is regarded over-favorably.

BURNED TO GROUND

WILLARD'S HOUSE AND MANY PAINTINGS BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

STURBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 6.—With many of his treasured early paintings, the house of William Willard, the famous artist in this town, was burned to the ground today, causing a loss of $5000. There is insurance to the amount of $1500 on the house. Mr. Willard, who is 85 years old, did not discover the flames until they had gained much headway and made his escape from the house with difficulty.

CABINET MEETING

POSTOFFICE AND NAVAL AFFAIRS DISCUSSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—For nearly two hours today, the president and members of his cabinet, now in the city, were in consultation at the executive offices. It was the first formal meeting of the cabinet since the conclusion of the president's summer vacation. Secretaries Root, Hay and Hitchcock were the only members absent.

While all those present were reticent as to the details of the meeting, it is known that some matters of importance, particularly relating to the navy and the postoffice departments were under consideration.

The investigation of the affairs of the postoffice department which has been in progress for many months, was stated by Postmaster-General Payne to be practically concluded, although a few matters of importance remain to be cleared up.

STEAMER OLD COLONY LAUNCHED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHELSEA, Mass., Oct. 6. The new side-wheel steamship Old Colony was launched at the yard of her builders here today. The vessel was christened by Miss Eva Gallaher, daughter of Captain J. E. Gallaher, who will command the new boat when it is put on the route between Boston and Plymouth next spring. The Old Colony is 290 tons burden, 100 feet in length, 32 feet beam with 12 feet depth of hold.

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-Law
And Public Administrator.
137 Central Street. Telephone 639-4.

MUST LEAVE CITY

Boston Police Will Stop Chinese Feuds

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 6—To prevent further bloodshed among the Chinese societies in Chinatown, the police of station 4 have determined to investigate every new Chinese arrival in the district and learn his business. Yesterday afternoon three Chinese were arrested on suspicion and taken to the Lagrange street station. It was reported to Captain Cain that at least one of them had come to Boston for the purpose of doing harm to other members of the Hep Sing Tong, the society to which Wong Yak Chong, the man murdered Friday night, belonged.

The three Chinese reached Boston early in the morning. It was afternoon before the police located them. Two of them are educated Chinamen and are dressed in American clothing. The other does not talk English at all, and wore his native costume. When word came to the police where the men were, a large detail of police was ordered to seize them. They were hustled to station 4 and put through a rigid examination.

ONE HAD A LETTER.

Tucked away in the underclothing of one of the men was a letter written in Chinese, which Capt. Cain translated. The letter when written out in English, appeared to be a jumble of sentences. The only intelligible idea which appeared according to Capt. Cain, was that some brothers of the society were in trouble and needed aid. The latter was evidently written at the headquarters of the society in Mott street, New York.

Under the circumstances Capt. Cain thought he had not sufficient evidence to send the men to court, despite the information he received. But he determined that they should no remain in Boston. His officers had found in the room where the three Chinese had been found, a revolver, fully loaded. They seized it and brought it to the station with the prisoners. The police tried to unload the cartridges from the chamber, but didn't succeed, so they went down cellar and fired them all off. Each of the prisoners denied that the revolver was his.

After a talk with the prisoners, Capt. Cain decided what his course of action would be.

MADE THEM LEAVE BOSTON.

"We don't want you in Boston," we told them. "You must go away at once."

"We mean no harm," said one of the Chinese.

"I am told you do mean harm," replied Capt. Cain. "That's why I don't want you here. Will you go away?"

The Chinese looked glum and protested. But when Capt. Cain explained the matter through an interpreter they consented."

"There's a train at 6. Will you take that? It will give you two hours to get ready."

"Yes," meekly responded the three.

Capt. Cain called three of his policemen and gave them orders to go with the Chinese and not lose sight of them until they took the train. While he was giving the policemen his orders, counsel for the men appeared and was admitted to the captain's private office. He said he was Lawyer Sheehan and that he proposed to see that the legal rights of his clients were guarded.

"But they have agreed to go back to New York," replied Capt. Cain.

"If they are willing to do that," replied Mr. Sheehan, "I can't stop them, but I want to see that they are properly used while they are here.'

MEANS TO CHECK FEUD.

"It is the first time," said Capt. Cain yesterday, "that such a bloody feud has broken out among the Chinese in Boston. We must check it. That is the reason we have had to resort to such extreme measures. The community must be protected from such high-handed acts. We intend to prevent them and so we must take every precaution, even if innocent men are brought to the station.

PRESTIGE GONE

Balfour Has Missed Great Opportunity

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 6—There is practically but one opinion of the reconstructed British cabinet and that is that Premier Balfour missed his opportunity to rehabilitate the character of his government and that so far as the unionist policy at large is concerned the ministry has lost most of its prestige and authority. This estimate of what already commonly designated as the "transitional cabinet" seems largely due to the sense of chaos arising from the unexpected defection of the duke of Devonshire, as with the notable exception of the colonial secretaryship, the premier has reconstructed the cabinet in a manner closely agreeing with public opinion.

It was rumored today that the marquis of Londonderry, president of the board of education, may follow the duke of Devonshire into retirement.

The new colonial secretary, Alfred Lyttleton, has made only one pronouncement on the fiscal question. On that occasion he defended Mr. Chamberlain's actions in launching the discussion, but contended that the poor man's budget must not be weighed and said he would be especially sorry to add to the food bill. He anticipated a readjustment rather than additional taxation and thought the government should have a weapon for use in the negotiation of commercial treaties

ATTEMPT TO KILL

The Charge Against H. Hanson at Alfred, Me.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ALFRED, Me., Oct. 6—The defence opened their case in the supreme judicial court today by introducing the respondent, Harlan P. Hanson, who is charged with an assault with intent to kill Frank Hagerman during an altercation on the night of August 14. It was expected the case would continue into tomorrow.

Hanson testified he was 61 years old, had served two years in the regular army and since 1888 had been employed on the Biddeford & Saco street railway. He acknowledged firing two shots without taking aim after hearing Hagerman exclaim: "I will cut your heart out," and seeing him show a knife. He testified Hagerman when he arrived at Hanson's house with a friend at 10 o'clock had been drinking, that with Hanson's daughter he sat in the yard until midnight, when he was requested by Hanson to enter the house. The trouble followed, during which Hanson claims Hagerman made the exclamation quoted and tried to cut him and the two shots were fired. Hanson, who did not know the shots had taken effect, flatly contradicted the testimony of City Marshal Bradbury by saying he passed through the house and meeting Bradbury gave the revolver to him without making any trouble. Hanson's direct evidence was all in at noon, when the examination of about 20 witnesses for the defence commenced.

ATTORNEY JEROME

Raided Gambling Houses in New York

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—District Attorney Jerome raided an alleged gambling house today at 107 West 45th street.

With the district attorney and assisting in the raid were Inspector Walsh, several detectives and a squad of policemen in plain clothes. The place is a five story brown stone front house and is handsomely furnished.

The raid lacked the sensational features that have characterized former ones made by the district attorney. No axes, sledge hammers and ladders were called into play. The doors were quickly opened on an order from Phil Daly, Jr., who was taken in a restaurant nearby and accompanied the raiders to the house. Two men, said to be employes, were arrested in the rooms.

The house was examined from cellar to roof; even the walls were sounded by the officers. Only two or three faro boxes were found. However, a bridge was discovered which led from a back window to a livery stable across the alley, so that escape was an easy matter in cases of unexpected calls by raiders.

A house in West 26th street was raided earlier in the night by a squad of police. They found gambling implements hidden in the ceiling of an upper room and chopped them out with axes. No prisoners were made and it was asserted that news of the intended raid preceded the officers.

SENATOR PLATT

Aged Seventy to Wed a Widow

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—The Hon. Thomas Collier Platt, senior United States senator for the state of New York, has made the formal announcement that he is to be married Oct. 16, to Mrs. Lillian T. Janeway of Washington. Senator Platt has been a widower since February 13, 1901, when his first wife, who was his cousin, Ellen Lucy Barstow, died at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Mrs. Janeway's first husband, Dr. Theodore Janeway, died six months ago. She has one daughter and Senator Platt has three sons. They will go to Washington almost immediately after the ceremony and will reside at the Arlington. The senator was 70 years old in July.

STUDENTS TROUBLE

THE NIGHT ROBE PARADE WAS BLOCKED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BRUNSWICK, Me., Oct. 6—As President Hyde had not been informed of the affair he made no reference at chapel this morning to the trouble last night between 250 students and an equal number of towns people in which a number of students were slightly injured.

The trouble was caused by opposition to the annual "Night Robe Parade" of the freshmen, the towns people stretching a rope across the street at the railroad crossing and presenting a solid front.

The students have obtained the names of the leaders. They claim they can readily identify them and have a good case against several. A mass meeting to decide upon a course of action will be held before arrests are made.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

DEDICATED AT ALFRED, ME., THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ALFRED, Maine, Oct. 6.—Former Governor D. H. Chamberlain of South Carolina, was the principal speaker at the dedicatory exercises this afternoon of a public library, presented to the town by Rev. John Parsons of Brookline, and George Parsons of Kennebunk. The building is a granite structure and including an endowment of about $30,000, represents a gift of $45,000.

Congressman Amos L. Allen, as president of the day, introduced Rev. John Parsons, who presented the gift to the town for which town agent Samuel M. Came acknowledged acceptance. A reception at the library following the exercises in the town hall was largely attended.

ELLIOTT NOT AN ANARCHIST.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Inquiry among the few anarchists left in Paterson, N. J., since the crusade against them following the dyers' riots, failed to show that Peter Olsen Elliott, who attempted to force his way into the presence of President Roosevelt, had ever mixed with Paterson anarchists. The incident at the White House was discussed in resorts frequented by the Italian and French anarchists but none of the men had any knowledge of Elliott. One of the men said:

"While we are opposed to rulers, we have no particular grievance against Mr. Roosevelt. My personal opinion is that Elliott is simply a crank."

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—Arrived steamers Armenian from Liverpool; Anchoria from Glasgow; Potsdam from Rotterdam; Kaiserin Maria Theresa from Bremen; Deutschland from Hamburg.

DYNAMITE USED

To Wreck a Train on No. Pacific

By Associated Press to The Sun

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 6—The Northern Pacific suffered again last night from the work of dynamiters. When an extra west bound freight was three miles west of Birdseye, a station eight miles west of Helena, an explosion occurred.

A portion of the tracks was destroyed and the pilot and headlight of the engine were blown off. The engineer stopped the train in time to prevent its being ditched.

No one was hurt, but the roadbed was damaged and freight trains were tied up until repairs could be made.

News of the outrage was received here by the railroad detectives early today and a special train left for the scene at once.

Chief Detective McFittridge was in charge of a party composed of several detectives and sheriffs. Six blood hounds were taken.

JAPANESE FLEET

IS IN THE HARBOR MA-SAN-PHO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PARIS, Oct. 6—Official advices show that the Japanese fleet is in the harbor Ma-San-Pho (south of Corea.) No troops have yet been landed.

It is accepted as practically settled that Russia will not evacuate parts of Manchuria Oct. 8, the date fixed for the evacuation. The Russian ambassador to Japan, Baron de Rosen, having plenary powers, is now negotiating with the foreign minister at Tokio and there is reason to believe that the possible basis of a solution of the difficulty having some prospects of adoption is Russia conceding Japan a foothold in Corea.

TO AMALGAMATE GOULD LINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6—President Joseph Ramsey, Jr., of the Wabash railroad, began a thorough inspection of the construction work on the Pittsburg, Carnegie & Western railroad today, with a view to perfecting plans for the amalgamation of all the Gould lines east of Toledo.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Wabash will be called in a short time and the proposition for the purchase of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, Pittsburg, Toledo & Western and Pittsburg, Carnegie & Western railroads will be submitted. The lines east of Toledo will be operated as one grand division.

CONSERVATIVES WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 6.—The latest returns from the provincial election, held Saturday, show that 22 conservatives, 17 liberals, two socialists and one labor representative have been elected. This includes returns from Similkameen.

COTTON WASTE COMPANY FAILS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6—K. Egan & Co., manufacturers of cotton waste, with a mill at Baltimore, announce that the receivership into which the affairs of the company were taken on April 28, has been dissolved and the assets of the corporation are again in the hands of its own officers.

STEAM HEATING
WATER HEATING
FURNACE HEATING
CARROLL BROS.'
Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

McMANUS SUMMONED

BEFORE GRAND JURY TO CLEAR MURDER MYSTERY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MIDDLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 6.—In the belief that he can give some important information regarding the cause of the riot in this town July 4, last, when one policeman was shot, Thomas McManus has been summoned to appear before the grand jury at Plymouth, today, to tell his version of the affair.

The riot occurred as the result of dissatisfaction on the part of some of the townspeople with the recently appointed police force.

GENERAL DUFFIELD

ACTED AS UMPIRE IN THE GERMAN CLAIMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct 6—Brevet Major General Henry M. Duffield, the umpire at the tribunal to adjust the German claims against Venezuela for damages to persons and property that arose during the revolution in Venezuela, arrived here on the steamer Maracaibo today. He said it had been decided between the commissioners and himself that the details of the claims and the decision would not be given out for publication until after the decision had been presented to the various governments. There were 75 claims presented, two were withdrawn, 37 were decided by the commissioners and 31 were sent to the umpire, General Duffield for determination. General Duffield will proceed immediately to Washington to deliver his report.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS

WIN VICTORY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE SUPREME COURT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 6. The regular October term of the supreme court opened in this city this morning, a large number of decisions being rendered. The most important was in the case of Speed vs. Tomlinson, a suit for damages on the grounds of malpractice and fraud brought against a Christian science practitioner of this city. In the superior court the judge took the case from the jury and sent it up to the higher court for a decision of the points of law involved. As regards the count of malpractice, the supreme court decides in favor of the defendant. This establishes the right to practice Christian science in this state and is regarded as a decision of importance. On the ground of fraud the court sustains the plaintiff and a retrial of the case in the superior court so far as this count is concerned may follow.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

You Cannot Ask for Anything in the
ELECTRIC LINE
That You Cannot Get at
DERBY & MORSE'S
All orders promptly attended to. 64 Middle street. Telephone 468-4.

KING EDWARD

SENT A REPRESENTATIVE TO HERBERT'S FUNERAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 6—The body of Sir Michael Herbert, the late British ambassador at Washington, was interred this afternoon in the family burial ground at Wilton, Wiltshire.

The funeral was largely private. King Edward and the Prince of Wales sent representatives. Ambassador Choate, Secretary White and Second Secretary Carter, of the American embassy, represented the United States.

Simultaneously there was an impressive memorial service in the Marlborough house chapel, St. James palace. The service, which was fully choral, was attended by the Earl of Kintore, (lord in waiting), representing King Edward; Mr. McCormick, the United States ambassador to Russia, the Alaska Boundary commissioners, the members of the United States embassy who were not at Wilton, Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, Lord Strathcona, the high commissioner for Canada, Lady Strathcona, Lady and Miss Pauncefote, Lord and Lady Cromer and Sir Clinton Dawkins.

Among the senders of wreaths to Wilton, were Ambassador Choate, Senator Wetmore, Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador to the United States and the Pilgrims club.

COMPANY WILL REORGANIZE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6. After several meetings of creditors and important stockholders, it has been decided to reorganize the International Fire Engine company which is capitalized at $9,000,000. Charles E. Becker, vice-president and George R. Bidwell, former collector of the port of New York and managing director of the combination, have resigned.

A committee has been appointed for the purpose of drawing up a new plan of capitalization and readjustment of the company's finances.

The company has a controling interest in properties at Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Baltimore, Elmira and Seneca Falls, N. Y., and St. Paul, Minn., and Worcester, Mass.

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WALL STREET—10.10 a. m.—Opening prices declined quite uniformly a slight fraction. There was some special pressure against Brooklyn Transit, which carried it down about a point. Wabash pfd., and Missouri Pacific were the only exceptions to the depression and hardened a little.

11 a. m.—A further small decline in prices occurred before the selling ceased. Lack of offerings rather than any evidence of demand seemed to be the factor in checking the downward movement. Prices stiffened somewhat later under the lead of Brooklyn Transit and U. S. Steel, which recovered their losses. Hardly any of the railroad stocks fluctuated more than a slight fraction and the market was practically at a standstill at 11 o'clock. Operators were inclined to await the action of the U. S. Steel dividend.

MONEY ON CALL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Noon.—Money on call steady at 2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper 6 @ 6½ per cent.

Exchanges $218,429,268.

Balances $13,591,326.

SPECIAL NOTICES

DOUBLE STAMPS, BLUE—All this week, 60 with a pound of Baking Powder, 40 with a pound of Tea, 20 with a pound of coffee. Double stamps on crockery and glassware. Dickson's tea store, 68 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The two o'clock and five o'clock editions of The Sun are on sale every day at both news-stands in the Union station, Boston.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—The public is hereby notified that the co-partnership hitherto existing under the firm name and style of Dwyer & Mitchell is dissolved this date. All bills due the firm must be paid to John Dwyer, who will carry on the business and will pay all outstanding debts. Signed,

JOHN DWYER,
ALDRIC MITCHELL.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Small picture pin somewhere between Coburn street and Hamilton mill. Reward for return to 90 Coburn street.

LOST—Pocket-book in 5 and 10 cent store Tuesday afternoon. If the lady who picked it up will return same to 5 and 10 cent store she will receive reward

LOST—Saturday evening, purse containing small sum of money between John Nolan's residence and Chapel street. Finder rewarded at Sun office.

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have by calling at 62 Willow street, proving property and paying adv.

LOST—A bay mare on the Tyngsboro road between Long Sought For pond and Tyngsboro. Finder return to W. H. Downs, Brick tavern, Westford, and receive reward.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eight-room house near Sacred Heart church, gas, bath, hot water. Particulars 9 Elm street.

J. W. BRUCE & CO.
29 Central Street

Farm, 13 acres	$900
Farm, 80 acres	$3100
Farm, 22 acres	$1450
Farm, 150 acres	$1900
Lodging house, 16 rooms	$700
Bakery, best in city	$800
Variety Store	$300

For full descriptions of above property, call at J. W. Bruce & Co's, 29 Central street.

TO LET

LOW PRICES. GOOD REPAIRS.

5 rooms, Hosford Sq.	$8.00
4 rooms, Abbott St.	6.00
7 rooms, bath, Bleachery St.	10.00
7 rooms, Lawrence St.	11.00
3 rooms, Central St.	5.00
Store and 3 rooms, Central St.	12.00
Cottage and barn, Rogers St.	8.00
Cottage and barn, Rogers St.	7.00
Store and 3 rooms, Lawrence St.	8.00
Store, Merrimack St.	16.00
Blacksmith shop, Charles St.	12.00
5 rooms, Central St.	10.00
5 rooms, Liberty street	8.00
9 rooms, Westford St.	18.00

APPLY 468 CENTRAL STREET

BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD

Corrected to June 22, 1903. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston 5.48, 6.22, x6.42, *7.45, *8.50, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.28, *6.39, x6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.24, 7.31, *7.48, w*8.00, *8.57, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.05, *11.13 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, w3.10, x3.03, *3.47, w3.55, *4.02, 4.28, w5.06, 5.22, x5.49, w6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, 8.42, w9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.39, 7.21, w8.15, 8.48, 9.20 a. m.; 12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 6.58, w8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28 (to Lawrence only), w2.30, w3.45, w5.06, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w911.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30, w8.45 p. m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, Western Division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06, 7.00, 9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 6.30, 8.45, p. m.

For Salem, Mass., 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, j2.30, j3.55, w5.06, 6.28 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill Bridge, Newburyport, Hampton, Northampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 2.55 p. m. until Sept. 18, 1903, inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 5.28, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, z7.31, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.28, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.28 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. (5.06 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor and Jonesport, (via Steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.19, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 4.28, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.43 a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.46, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.50, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 1.56, 4.28, 6.22, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.39, 7.21, 8.48, 9.20, a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer and way stations, 7.05, 11.55, a. m.; 5.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Ponemah, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.03, *9.30, *9.59, *10.39 a. m.; *12.09, 1.00, 1.39, *1.54, 3.40, *5.39, 6.27, *8.10, *9.10, p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, *8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, *9.39 a. m.; 12.09, 1.39, 5.23, *b8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.30, 9.39 a. m.; 1.39, 6.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.00 p. m.

For Tilton, Laconia, Lakeport, Weirs, Meredith and Plymouth, 7.30, *9.59 a. m.; 1.54, 5.39 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, 10.39 a. m.; 1.54, *b9.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.39 a. m.; *12.09, *b8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *10.39 a. m.; *b9.10 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, 1.54, *b9.10 p. m.

References:—
jVia Wakefield Junction.
*Express. bDaily.
qWednesdays and Saturdays only.
wVia Western Division.
xVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junc.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Experienced cook at Osgood's, 20-21 Scott corp.

WOMEN WANTED to sell a necessity to mothers; $12 a week clear. Dept. M., Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Middle aged Catholic lady to do general housework; must be sober and upright. Call after 6 o'clock evenings at 36 Chamber street.

WANTED—At once, girl to do light housework. Apply 280 Appleton street.

TABLE GIRL wanted at 599 Market street.

WANTED—Housegirls, kitchen and mill help at Phil's employment agency, 29 Central street.

WANTED—At once, a smart, tidy girl about 14 years. Call 141 Market street.

WANTED—An old lady to do light housework and care for two children. Call 1 rear 34 Coburn street.

WANTED—Young man to learn pulling over. Apply at Stover & Bean's, Hood building, Thorndike street.

WANTED—Two smart, experienced kitchen girls at 53 Lee street.

WANTED—Two or three housegirls at 487 Central street.

WANTED—Lady agents not over 35 by a gentleman having a good article for sale. Write R. Stone, general delivery, Lowell.

WANTED—A thoroughly capable housework girl; must be a good cook and laundress. Call afternoons at 584 Westford street.

AGENTS for accident and health insurance; large commissions to energetic solicitors; attractive policies; low premiums; applications easily obtained. Imperial Registration Co., 11 Broadway, New York.

TO MANUFACTURERS—Special inducements will be offered to manufacturers locating factories in a southern seaport city, the location of which is unexcelled for the speedy and economical distribution of manufactured products by rail or water to the largest consuming centres of the United States and foreign countries, it being only about 300 miles from New York city by sea; will furnish and require good references. For further information address "Development," care The Sun, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—A few more ladies to bead slippers. 13 East Merrimack street, one flight up.

WANTED—Girl to do light housework at once. Call 16 Bartlett street.

WANTED—Meat cutter as a partner in the meat business; we have the horse and cart. Call after 7 p. m. 173 Merrimack street, room 2.

WANTED—Six good carpenters. Apply at 11 Wilson street or 149 D street.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to keep house for two people and one child; good home to the right party. Call this evening and Sunday, rear 124 High street.

WANTED—Housegirl at Employment office, 584 Gorham street.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants, and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, Room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhan, Room 9, Barristers hall.

WANTED

YOUNG LADIES to learn the fastest system of shorthand in 20 lessons; absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods; position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties; everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers; thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamps. Department 25 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms (running water in one) in house with telephone, near cars; reasonable price. Address J. M., Sun office.

HOUSE CLEANING By the hour or day by woman. Address A. E., 472 Suffolk street.

WANTED—Small children to board; $1.50 per week. Mrs. Ellen Gower, Pelham, N. H.

WANTED—To buy home in the city for cash; only those that wish to sell and sell low need apply. Box 435, city.

YOUNG MEN to learn the fastest system of shorthand in 20 lessons; absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods, position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties, everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers; thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamp. Department 21 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

LADIES wishing to make their own dresses will now have the opportunity to learn the Penley Dress Cutting System at 62 London street. Come now.

WANTED—Amateur photographers to know that this is the best place in town to have your work done. Price Right, Work Right. Special attention given to retouching, viewing and mechanical work of all kinds. Open evenings, 7 to 9. A. Ernest Clark, photographer, 58 Middle St.

TO LET

TO LET—A store in Little Canada, corner Aiken and Cheever streets; this store can be used as an office. Mrs. J. B. Chagnon, 18 Decatur street.

TO LET—Three or four room tenement, use of bath, hot and cold water. 44 Bridge street.

TO LET—Pleasant upstair tenement of 7 rooms; pantry, bath and good piazza; separate doors, at 239 Fairmount street, Junction of Rogers. Apply 341.

TO LET—Desk room in one of the best fitted up offices in Lowell; steam heat, 'phone, large safe, etc. Inquire at rooms 47 and 48 Central block.

TO LET—Half double house, 110 Sixth street, 8 rooms; on car line. Apply 69 Myrtle street.

TO LET—An apartment of five rooms with bath and modern conveniences. 38 Branch street, corner Nichols street.

TO LET—Nice 7 room cottage on State street. Inquire at 75 Tyler street.

TENEMENTS TO LET—On Ludlam street, containing five rooms, with bath, pantry and large yard. Inquire on premises or Wm. Clements, 114 Broadway.

TO LET—Steam heated rooms, gas and bath at 159 Gorham street.

TO LET—Cottage house on Batchelder's court. Key and information at next door.

TO LET—Our aim is to furnish tidy, attractive tenements to quiet, self-respecting families at the lowest possible cost; if you are looking for a tenement that is pleasant and healthful, with good neighbors and at the same time is low in price, call and see us. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Tenement at 1 Branch place; rent $11. Inquire 35 Willie street.

DEFECTIVE AGENCIES.

H. C. GREENE
LICENSED DETECTIVE.
Evidence secured in all matters. All business confidential.
29 CENTRAL STREET

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—First-class retail liquor saloon on Westminster street, Providence, R. I.; rent reasonable; part cash, balance can remain on mortgage. James McGinn, 26 Ames street, Providence, R. I.

FOR SALE—Cheap, nice chiffoniere bed. Apply 22 Third avenue, Pawtucketville; upstairs.

FOR SALE—Bay mare, 1000 lbs., natural roader and stylish; concord wagon, nearly new. Inquire at this office.

WOOD LOT FOR SALE—16½ acres, two miles from Pawtucket bridge; price $650; a great bargain. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen building.

FOR SALE—A well furnished lodging house doing a good business in a central location. Address B. A. C., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Barber shop furniture cheap for cash. Apply 67 Charles street.

FOR SALE Good paying boarding house of 21 furnished rooms; fine location; will sell for $1400. Apply 27 Orchard street, Lawrence.

AUCTION SALE Thursday, Oct. 8, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, fine line of household furniture at 21 Powell street, near Shaw hosiery.

FOR SALE—Carload of new milch cows and springers from Vermont. Jason Fuller's farm, Wamesit, Mass.

FOR SALE—Fine cabinet $35 organ; good as new; $45, easy terms; $35 cash. Room 2, No. 13 Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—New White and Household sewing machines, wholesale price; one good White $10, one Domestic $6. Room 2, No. 13 Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred B. P. Rock and R. I. Red pullets cheap. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmere, Dracut. Call day time.

FOR SALE—Oldsmobile 1902 model, emergency brake; has been but little used. Inquire Upton & Gilman's, Middlesex St.

FOR SALE—Portable pool and billiard table, suitable for house use; will sell cheap if taken at once. Inquire No. 10 Sydney street.

FOR SALE—Restaurant doing a good business; a good investment; ill health the cause for wishing to sell. Call at 69 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Two nice male collie puppies, 4 months old, kind and affectionate; cheap to good home. Apply Billings' livery stable, Merrimack street, opposite Tremont.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices, 1-in. one line stamps 10c; 1½ in., 20c; 25c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c, linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c, per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS

DR. A. THOMPSON'S PREVENTION AND CURE. It prevents and cures colds, pneumonia, attacks of fever, sore throat, sore lungs, hard or painful coughs, in grippe and rheumatism in any stage. All druggists, 25c, per bottle.

MRS. ADAMS, Clairvoyant and Card Reader and ladies' employment office, 355 Gorham street, opp. Court house.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen, Bon Marche studio.

MADAME LENORE, clairvoyant and card reader, corner Lawrence and Tyler streets. Ladies 25c, gentlemen 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 12 and 2 to 10 p. m.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 300 Central St.

PARLOR MILLINERY—Mrs. A. Van Hise, 105 Gates street; opening Friday and Saturday; choice line of trimmed hats and latest millinery novelties.

IF YOU WANT to sell your house or farm let me hear from you quickly; if you want fire, life or accident and sickness insurance, it will pay you well to know what I can give you. M. J. Sharkey, Swan's building, 28 Central street.

MRS. FLETCHER, 760 Gorham street, trance business medium and card reader.

J. W. GREENLAW, carpenter and general jobber, 58 Middle street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 336-13.

DRINK GLORIA—Look out for imitations and don't be an easy mark for frauds. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

PRIVATE LESSONS in English given to those who desire for 25 cents an hour; also lessons in drawing and painting for children; oils, water colors or crayon; 25 cents an hour; hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. Miss Wilkins, 150 Andover street.

TEXTILE SCHOOL TABLETS and stationery at S. A. Garson's, successor to E. A. Burgess, stationer and newsdealer, 8 Central street, Lowell.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 261 Middlesex street.

LANDSCAPE GARDENER and turf grading. Apply M. J. Bloomfield, 31 West Fourth street.

THE COLONIAL COLLEGE of Dramatic Arts, Swan building; acting, elocution, oratory, dramatic literature. Call or write for prospectus.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ, corner Market and Palmer streets, makes all kinds of shoes for cripples and deformed feet at lowest prices; also all kinds of repairing done in first-class manner.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack street, opp. City hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief. Powerful combination. Used by 200,000 women. Price 25 cents. Druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects. Cures dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents falling hair. Harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—By a dressmaker, to go out sewing by the day; terms moderate. Address Dressmaker, Sun office.

WANTED—At once; position by an experienced bookkeeper. Best of references. Address W., Sun office.

ENGINEER, second class, wants position, 15 years' experience with high speed and compound engines; also experienced with hoisting engines. Address Engineer, Sun office.

WANTED—Situation as coachman; married, total abstainer, thoroughly understands the care of horses; first-class reference. Call 81 Chestnut street.

WANTED—A situation as meat or pastry cook; restaurant preferred. Inquire 290 Appleton street.

WANTED—Position as seamstress by experienced hand. Address 552 Lawrence street, city.

COMPETENT GENERAL HOUSE-GIRL would like position in private family. Apply 151 East Merrimack street.

YOUNG LADY wants employment in office or as saleslady; experienced; can also operate typewriter. Address box 5, Sun office.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper by widow with child 6 years old; very reliable housekeeper and first-class cook; in good family, none others need apply. Address X. Y. Z., Sun office.

WANTED Situation at light housework. Address 52 Bridge street.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

This is good political weather.

Lowell wants no powder magazines within her limits, unless they are put deeply underground, and enclosed in the heaviest stonework.

Four weeks from today the election returns will bring the republicans some very serious surprises. They will find some of their leading candidates sent down in defeat.

The popularity of Col. Ripley of Chelmsford swept away the claims of Caleb Smith in the republican convention of the 25th represeniative district; but it should not be allowed to overcome the candidacy of a good democratic in that district.

CHAMBERLAIN VS. BALFOUR.

Joseph Chamberlain has taken the stump for the propagation of his protectionist ideas.

Premier Balfour has gone so far towards Chamberlain's position on the tariff that there is little ground for dispute between them.

The fight will be a hot one and the outcome uncertain; but had Balfour held firmly to the free trade policy, Chamberlain's chances of victory would not be nearly as great. His triumphs on this question would make him Prime Minister of England and send Mr. Balfour back to the ranks. The latter would still, however, be regarded as a leader and he has gone so far towards agreement with Chamberlain that instead of maintaining opposition, he would probably become a supporter, provided Chamberlain's views met popular approval.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republican platform is regarded as one of the most ingenious pieces of non-committal platitudes ever put forward as the summary of principles of any political organization. In this respect alone is it an able document. Ex-Governor Crane understands what the present governor wants in the form of a platform. He wants nothing that will hamper his freedom of action or his freedom to take any position he may find to his advantage on the stump. The platform is therefore mainly negative in its character. Perhaps the most positive statement is this that "to uphold law and order should be the first duty of every American citizen." No doubt in this there is a veiled attempt to defend the governor's course in harrassing the town of Revere by sending down the state officers to deal with matters purely local; but while this plank in the platform may be intended as a defense of his course in Revere it reminds the public of the manner in which he failed to enforce the law to prevent pool selling on the race track. The governor was actually in collusion with these gamblers but that of course is met by a general denial.

"The republican party," says this platform, "favors legislation that is just and fair to all interests, that encourages and protects the enterprises of capital and promotes and safeguards the welfare of labor." Would it be possible to frame a better straddle between capital and labor?

So the whole platform is made up of non-committal generalities. No declaration in favor of any reform demanded by the people, nothing in favor of regulating the trusts nothing against the tariff abuses except that the present tariff law should not be revised or changed until the need of such action and the benefit to be derived from it be clearly shown.

Thus the republican platform from first to last is one of platitudinous generalities and cunning evasions. What has such a platform to invite loyal support? When contrasted with the democratic platform it would seem that the latter should commend itself strongly to every voter desirous of promoting the general interests of the people of the commonwealth.

THE LUCE LAW SHOULD BE ADOPTED.

The question of adopting the Luce caucus law is now up for consideration.

The main and indeed the only objection urged against it in this city is that there are not ward rooms enough to accommodate all who would wish to attend, but this might be overcome by keeping the polls open long enough.

A fair discussion of the merits of this law seems to indicate that it is highly calculated to correct abuses and to give effect to the will of the majority.

The trial of the law in Boston was highly satisfactory and it proved efficacious especially in removing the disgraceful faction fights which had for years been a feature of some of the ward caucuses. Above all, it protects the rights of the citizen against the undue domination of political machines. It makes it utterly impossible for any clique, faction or combination to capture caucuses by actual force, something that has not been unfrequent under the old system.

If the Luce law will prevent political machines from pocketing political parties and guarantee every citizen's right to become a candidate and to secure all the votes cast for him, then it will be a vast improvement upon the present system, and the sooner we have it the better. Under such a method of selecting candidates there will be no excuse for any class of citizens to keep away on the pretext that the nominations are agreed upon in advance by the machine and that it matters not how the voting goes.

The objection made by Judge Richardson against declaring his political affiliations is nonsensical as every man who attends a caucus thereby declares that he is a member of that particular political party.

The law imposes the necessary restriction that no voter shall attend the caucus of more than one party in the same year, but it does not interfere with any voter's freedom of choice on election day.

The independent voter may consider himself left out in the cold; but all that such voters want, it seems, is freedom of choice on election day which remains wholly unrestricted. There is no reason why independent voters should object to their exclusion from the caucus of a party to which they do not belong. They can put forward their candidates on nomination papers as formerly.

On the whole it seems that there are very substantial advantages to be derived from the adoption of this law, and that the sooner it be adopted the better for the body politic and for all political parties. The only forces which may be expected to oppose it are the grafters who manage to get into public office by unfair means and who are likely to lose their power under the Luce law. Consequently even though the application of the law may cost more than the old style primaries it will be worth all it will cost in promoting the purity of the ballot and giving effect to the will of the majority in selecting candidates, even as the majority rules on election day in deciding what candidates shall take office.

That the Luce law affords protection against caucus packing, caucus stealing and fraudulent counting, while protecting every citizen's right to be a candidate is sufficient reason why it should be favored by every party that stands for political purity and reform in municipal government.

SEEN AND HEARD

Weddings will be brisk until Thanksgiving.

The marketmen report that turkeys will be high, as the meat trust has a "corner" in the birds.

A workman who is employed by a local contractor would make an ideal member of a "Don't Worry" club. Nothing ever excites him, nothing ever causes him to move out of his customary gait or to raise his voice from a slow monotone. Everything that he does he does with automatic deliberation, whether it is picking or shoveling out of a ditch to seek shelter from a dynamite blast. We will call him Smith, for that is not his name. There is a mercurial little bald-headed man in the same gang who insists that Smith is a philosopher. "You may think he hasn't the sense to be anything else," he said recently, "but he'll beat out the crowd for sense, so he will, and I don't even except myself. Look at him, will you? He's 10 years older than I am at the least and he's got hair to cut, while I have to sandpaper the sides of my head to get my hat to stay on. That comes of fretting."

Since the advent of no license the local cigar manufacturers have been handicapped for help, for cigarmakers are not partial to no license as a class. Not that they are heavy drinkers for they care little for "hard" liquors, but they do like beer. Many of the best workmen have left town because of the lack of saloons, while those who remain get bottled goods by express. A large proportion of cigarmakers are Germans and they bring their tastes from Fatherland. They are steady, hard working men and do not allow their partiality for malt beverages to interfere with their work.

It's the same old story, in the same old way;
It is jolly, jolly from the candidates all day.

Cruelty to animals by people of supposed intelligence and refinement is often surprising. One of our leading families is very fond of dogs and gives the animals as much care and attention as babies receive, yet this same family thinks nothing of leaving cows out in the cold and rain. Last Saturday night was disagreeable, and the family left a valuable cow in the open field, tied to a stake with about 25 feet of rope, and the poor animal bellowed all night, within hearing distance of its owner and numerous neighbors. It matters not what their cruelty is due to, it is reprehensible and deserves condemnation.

J. W. Gurney, inspector for the state board of agriculture, who visits Lowell annually to inspect the Middlesex North fair, is in harmony with Pres. Roosevelt on the "race suicide" question. Speaking of a recent visit to Lowell, he says:

"The best feature of the outdoor exhibit was the farmers' parade, made up mostly of market gardeners, who, in this way, made a fine display of the products of their farms. We noticed one in particular, very ingeniously gotten up, the proprietor having on the seat beside him his young son and daughter, representing the best product of the New England farm."

Here is a conundrum charged to John Nolan of old ward three:

"What is the most musical route to Boston?"

"Give it up?"

"Why, via Lynn, of course."

In Peabody, which at one time was in our congressional district, a tannery, run by two men, shut down the other day. One of the partners went to Boston, leaving the other in the shop. At noon the hero of the tale went to the boiler shop, got up steam, and then blew the whistle for himself to go home to dinner.

It is comforting news to hear that the price of coal is down to normal figures, after the harrowing experiences of last winter. About this time, a year ago, the gloomy tidings of a coal famine were wafted about, and later on, its full significance was felt in nearly every home. It was a "hard winter" for the housekeeper, and let us trust we shall never see its like again. But even the worst adversities teach valuable lessons, and the coal famine was no exception, for it taught the people the value of coal, and the lesson will not soon be forgotten. There is now more economy in the use of coal than there ever was, and the "coal barons" cannot but feel the change. The ash sifter is at work in the land, and "black diamonds" no longer grace the ash piles, while the thrifty housewife carefully nurses the coal bins, mindful of former experiences with cold rooms and cheerless hearths. The ditty of childhood, so pregnant with hard sense and thrift, is now applied to the coal problem:

Wilful waste brings woeful want,
And you may live to say—
"Ah! how I wish I had the coal
That once I threw away!"

The appointment by the late Mayor Dimon of Mrs. Rowena Palmer as one of the trustees of the public library, was a very happy selection. Mrs. Palmer, who has been on the board two years, is an active and earnest worker for the library's best interests. A woman of excellent judgment and rare scholarship, she brings to the position most desirable qualities, and she is especially useful in selecting foreign literature. Women are entering the public service more and more, and nowhere are they more desirable than in public libraries.

NORTH GERMAN LINE

WITHDRAWS FROM NORTH ATLANTIC CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Gustav Schwab agent of the North German Lloyd line here, said yesterday that this company had given notice that it will withdraw from the North Atlantic conference agreement regulating first and second class passenger rates. Mr. Schwab does not think that the withdrawal will affect passenger rates, or mean any material cut in those now prevailing.

Eugene Bocande, New York agent of the French line, said that he had received no notice from his company of the proposition to withdraw from the agreement.

"Of course it is in the air that trouble is brewing because of the Cunard line's announcement that it is going into the Mediterranean service, but I have nothing definite of any contemplated change so far as our line is concerned," he said. "We have received a letter from the home office however, stating positively that the Italian government has not granted the Cunard line the privilege of doing business at Italian ports and this looks as though it is still doubtful whether that company will be able to come into the continental field."

COMMISSION NAMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The president has appointed O. H. Ernst, corps of engineers at Chicago; Professor G. S. Williams of Cornell university and George Clinton of Buffalo, N. Y., as the representatives of the United States on the proposed international commission to investigate the condition of water routes from the great lakes to the Atlantic. Great Britain has accepted an invitation to appoint a similar commission, but has not yet announced its personnel.

GOFF NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 7.—George Nelson Goff of Rehoboth was nominated by acclamation for the state senate yesterday at the republican senatorial convention of the first Bristol district. Silas G. Reed of Taunton was elected a member of the republican state committee.

Headache?

This Torturing Ailment Yields Easily to Rational Treatment by a Non-Poisonous Remedy to be Had From Any Druggist.

Imperfect digestion and its attendant evil—constipation—are responsible for 98 cases of headache, out of every hundred.

Iron-Ox Tablets cure headache by assisting digestion and regulating the bowels.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action. They do far more harm than good.

The result does not come as rapidly as with violent purgatives or cathartics, but it comes to stay. There is no resulting weakness to fear; and a course of Iron-Ox Tablets will cure any trouble arising from indigestion or constipation, no matter of how long standing.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Do not confound Iron-Ox Tablets with liquid preparations which depend upon drug disguised alcohol for immediate effect, and which create a habit which is nothing more nor less than alcoholism. Iron-Ox Tablets build up the system naturally, they cannot create a "habit."

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket case, 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

Chiffonier...

The chiffonier is considered by housekeepers as one of the most convenient articles of furniture in the home. One we specially mention today is 28 in. wide and 4 ft. high, containing five drawers. Birch wood, golden oak color, and the price

$4.00

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Furniture and Carpets.

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LITTLE COLD DUST

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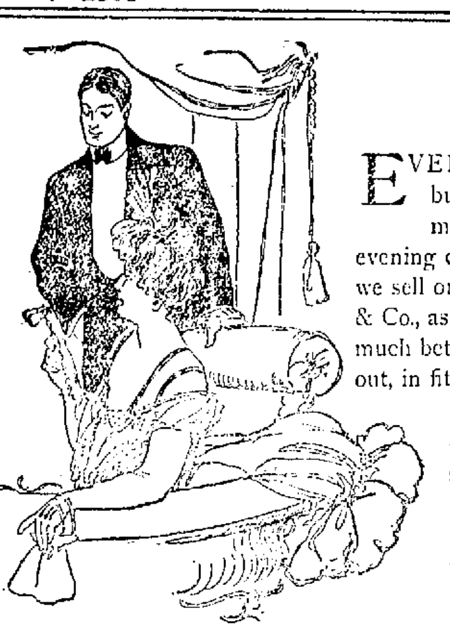
MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.



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Evening Suits (tail coats) of twilled worsted, unfinished worsted or crepes, silk lined or serge lined, - $28 to $45
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Tuxedo Suits, of same cloths, coats from - - - - $15 to $22

Prince Albert Suits, of fine worsteds or English Vicunas, from $27 to $40
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Dress Waistcoats—White, Double Breasted—Dress Shirts, Gloves for afternoon or Evening. Neckwear, Etc., Etc.

A GREAT SUCCESS

Mathews Held Enjoyable Smoke Talk

MUCH ENTHUSIASM OVER THE PEABODY PARADE

Lynn Mathews Extend Invitation to Local Society

The Mathew Temperance institute formally opened its course of lectures and entertainments last evening with a grand smoke talk and entertainment in its rooms. The attendance at the affair was the largest of any similar event held by the society, the capacity of the spacious hall being fully taxed.

At the business meeting held prior to the entertainment 11 propositions for membership were read and 10 members admitted. A delegation from the Fr. Mathew society of Lynn, consisting of President Sheehan, ex-Presidents McKeon and Carey addressed the meeting, extending an invitation to the society to become its guests on next Saturday evening after the great state temperance parade in Peabody. All three gentlemen spoke briefly, stating that unusual interest is manifested in Essex county over the turnout of the Mathews of Lowell next Saturday. The Lowell boys intend to be present 60 strong and will be received with open arms in Peabody.

The invitation from Lynn was unanimously accepted and cheers were given for the Lynn Mathews. The report of the committee in charge of the arrangements for the Peabody parade showed that all preparations had been practically completed. The special train bearing the Mathews and their friends will leave the Merrimack street depot at 1.15 o'clock, the members marching from the society rooms to the depot, headed by the Lowell Military band.

A set of seven legislative books was received, the gift of Hon. James H. McKinley. A rising vote of thanks was extended to the gentleman for his courtesy.

The business session over, the literary exercises were opened with a piano selection by Richard Noonan. A solo entitled "Lenore," was finely rendered by Mr. Robert Lindsay. Mr. Lindsay was recalled and for an encore sang "Erin's Call," and "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." The singer was enthusiastically applauded at the close.

Martin Maguire, Lowell's favorite tenor soloist, sang himself into favor when he rendered "When I Was Mary's Sweetheart," and for an encore sang "Love's Sorrow."

Professor Sharron, a reader of wide repute, recited a poem entitled "The Vagabonds," and on being recalled recited an old favorite, "Sheridan's Ride."

An intermission was here taken while refreshments were passed around and "T. D.'s" lighted.

REV. FR. MULLIN.

On resuming the entertainment program Rev. W. George Mullin, spiritual director of the society, was introduced by President Sullivan and spoke interestingly about the proposed parade in Peabody on next Saturday. He hoped that the members would turn out in large numbers and uphold the reputation gained by the Mathews throughout New England. Rev. Fr. Mullin felt that the presence of the Mathews in the Peabody parade would be an inspiration and incentive to the Essex county societies to further effort as regards membership and influence.

Ex-President William F. Thornton gave a scene from a popular play which completely brought down the house. For an encore Mr. Thornton recited "The Seminole's Defiance," a scene laid in Florida at the time of the trouble between Osceola, the leader of an Indian tribe, and the whites. This selection, too, was warmly approved of.

EDWARD F. SLATTERY.

Edward F. Slattery, an ex-president of the society, spoke reminiscently of the Mathews in the early days and of the times when the good feeling existed between the Mathews of Lynn and the local society. He urged the members to turn out in large numbers on next Saturday and show to the people in Essex county that Middlesex county is yet alive in the temperance cause. The popular past officer was loudly cheered at the conclusion of his speech.

Mr. Thomas F. Ryan, one of the institute's popular entertainers, gave a whistling solo.

The exercises closed with all singing "The Old Oaken Bucket," accompanied on the piano by Mr. Richard Noonan, who also served in a like capacity during the evening.

The committee in charge consisted of the following members:

Messrs. William F. Boyle, chairman; P. H. Crowley, Bernard F. Kane, Denis J. Sullivan, Henry Thomas, John J. Lyons, Edward McNelly, John M. Coughlin, William Quirk, John A. McKeon, John J. Murphy, James McGreevy, John J. Townsend, James F. Rourke and George L. Hunt.

The institute will meet in special session on Friday evening, at which time new members will be enrolled and also when the railway tickets for the Peabody trip can be procured of the financial secretary.

GOLF EXPERTS

INVITED TO MEET THE BRITISH CHAMPIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7. The invitation golf tournament tendered by Mrs. Griscomb to Miss Rhona Adair, the champion of England and Scotland, began yesterday on the links of the Merion golf club at Haverford, a suburb. Among the golf experts who will meet the British champion are Mrs. Charles T. Stout, the 1901 and 1902 American champion; Miss Frances Griscom, the 1900 American champion; Miss Florence Harvey of Hamilton, champion of Canada; Miss Mabel G. Thomson of St. John, N. B., the former Canadian champion, and such well known experts as Mrs. C. F. Fox, Mrs. E. A. Manice, Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Miss Ruth Underhill and the Misses Spence of England.

The course yesterday called for a distance of 5910 yards for 18 holes. The outward journey is 2950 yards and the home coming 2960 yards.

Miss Adair was paired with Miss Maude Adams of this city. The British champion played a splendid game but suffered through lack of familiarity with the course. Taking her play generally she excelled in direction shots through fair greens and approach shots, but at times was a trifle ragged in putting. Her driving was consistent.

She took 47 for the outward journey, which equalled the men's bogie. The cards of the pair for the outward journey follow:

Miss Adair	5	6	5	7	4	5	4	7	4—47
Miss Adams	9	8	5	7	4	6	4	6	3—52

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NOT IDENTIFIED

Headless Body of Man Found

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Two unsuccessful efforts yesterday were made to identify the mutilated body of an unusually large man who was found Thursday in the Hoboken ferry slip with the legs and top of the head missing.

Michael Yorks of Kansas, who came to this city at the request of his aunt, Mrs. Michael Nealy of Philadelphia, who had identified the body as that of her husband, declared that the identification was erroneous. The body was also declared not to be that of Jerome J. Smith of this city, who has been missing since Wednesday. The autopsy revealed the presence of water in the lungs and throat of the dead man but physicians said this might be accounted for by the mutilations of the head and body and did not necessarily indicate death by drowning.

It was at first supposed that the legs were amputated by the propeller of a steamer, but it is now asserted that the cuts could not have been made in that way.

THE FIRST FALL FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION ROOMS TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

CASTO THEATRE

Comedy is the keynote of the offering at the Casto theatre this week, and the show is one of the best ever presented at the Shattuck street theatre. The act of Favor and Sinclair alone is worth the price of admission. Reserved seats may be obtained by calling telephone 815-3.

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They have a Heat-Indicator that is *reliable.* It is larger than others, easy-to-read, and the mechanism is not exposed to the direct heat of the oven nor can it be clogged by steam or grease from the cooking.

Crawfords have more improvements than all the other ranges combined. Single Damper (*patented*): Improved Dock-Ash Grate: Improved Oven, with heat-saving, cup-joint flues and asbestos back; Removable Nickeled Rails.

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ALL SIZES BEST GRADES

$7.25 Per Ton

YARD: Cor. Hale and Thorndike Streets
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LUCE LAW EXPLAINED

By Its Author to Fair Sized Audience in Jackson Hall

Simultaneous Nomination Prevents the Packing of Caucuses—Independent Voters Fully Provided for—Advantages of the Law Explained

At Jackson hall last night the Luce caucus law was explained by its author, Representative Luce of Somerville, to a fair sized audience. After the meeting Rep. Luce was tendered an informal reception at the headquarters of the Lincoln club at Barristers' hall

In opening his address Rep. Luce explained the object of the law to be the holding of the caucuses of all political parties at the same time and place. On election day the people hold what was originally a mass meeting, and is still such in character, to select between the candidates put forward as party nominees and those named by independent groups of voters on nomination papers.

On caucus day the members of political parties, and those only, are to hold mass meetings for the nomination of candidates.

In providing that the caucuses of all parties shall be held on the same day, we have not deviated one whit from the long established theory that the work of party caucuses shall be confined to party members. Yet we are criticised by the independent journals of the state, by some party leaders on the democratic side, and by various people who appear not to believe in our American theory of party government, as if we had incorporated some new principle into the making of nominations.

Possibly government by parties may not be the best way of administering the affairs of a republic. Perhaps our fathers were wrong in developing the system. But in trying to provide that whether right or wrong, it should be the best possible, I for one did not undertake to overthrow the established theory.

Party government involves party responsibility. Of late years we have not been able to secure the full benefits of this by holding parties to strict accountability for their nominations, because when taken to task they have been able to say that these were determinated by the aid of members of other parties. Caucus packing has been developed to a fine art. To illustrate, take Ward 25 in Boston, where last year the Foss-Adams contest was raging. 1600 men took part in caucuses; this year 1408 men took part in primaries. Last year the democratic caucus attendance in that ward was 165; this year 780 asked for democratic ballots in the primaries. The fair inference is that last year about 600 democrats helped the republicans in that ward alone to decide whether Mr. Foss or Mr. Adams should be the republican nominee.

The purpose of that bill in this regard was simply to provide that the caucuses of all parties should be conducted under conditions that would carry out the provisions of existing law restricting participation in caucuses to party members. To prevent men from voting in the caucuses of all parties in the same campaign, as they had been doing by hundreds, we provided that the caucuses of all parties should be held at the same time and place, and that no man should receive the ballot of more than one party. To secure that the ballot given to him should be that of his own party, we provided that he must make request for it publicly. We deemed it unwise to insist that he should declare himself a member of the party whose ballot he asked, and as the old oath had resulted in nothing but a great mass of perjury, we avoided its evils by securing our end indirectly through the publicity of the ballot choice and through the proviso that it should act as a party enrollment. It was frequently predicted that this chance for men of one party to call for ballots of another, without question or challenge, would result in an increase of the wrong we were fighting, but on the contrary, the actual test of the law by nearly 50,000 voters of the city of Boston proved our own expectations right, and caucus packing disappeared. For the first time in many years the republican candidates in Boston were nominated solely by republicans and the democratic candidates solely by democrats. For the first time in many years each party can be held strictly accountable for its action.

This has displeased those members of the community who refuse to ally themselves with any party. They are the men who want to share party privileges without sharing party burdens. They want to help nome party candidates and evade all responsibility for the result. They want the reward without the work.

It also displeases such party men as have been accustomed to profit by help from the other side.

And it displeases some people who have been deceived by the representation that the secrecy of suffrage given by the Australian ballot has somehow been infringed. On the contrary, in the many places where the Australian ballot has not been used in caucuses, adoption of the new law will secure its benefits. The system does not in the slightest degree disclose a voter's expression of preferences as between the individual candidates of the party to which he chooses to ally himself. It discloses exactly what the old system disclosed—the identity of the party with which he acts.

But it is said that the new system puts his act on record, and makes the record public property. So did the old system, for any 10 voters could get a certified copy of the check list used as the old caucus, by law, and it was frequently done.

There is the further misconception that the voter's action on nominating day is to have some relation to his action on electing day. Misinformed people are saying that the voter's ballot choice at the primary is to restrict him to use of the ballot of the same party on electing day. But the new law has absolutely nothing to do with the electing day procedure. The blanket ballot is still to be used on electing day. Whether a voter will then mark candidates of the party whose ballot he took on nominating day, will as of old, rest entirely with his own judgment and his own conscience.

It was of course absurd to contemplate that once a voter had automatically enrolled himself with one party, he should never be able to change to another for nominating purposes. On the other hand, the opportunity to change at a moment's notice would continue the old evil of selling a caucus vote to the highest bidder. It seemed prudent to stipulate an interval long enough to insure that the change was made in good faith, and not through the use of money, nor by reason of personal friendships for candidates. So we stipulated that a change of enrollment should not take effect until 90 days after request for it had been made of the authorities. We do not believe that any sincere convert will demur at this reasonable precaution.

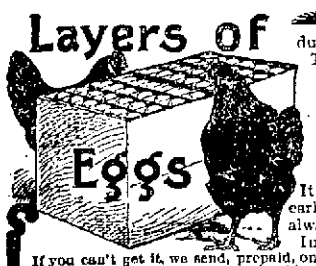
The machinery of the new law worked with perfect smoothness and to the satisfaction of everybody, so that nothing need be said in its defense. To be sure, there was some criticism of the hours, but they were the choice of the election commissioners, the law leaving the decision in this regard to the local authorities. Such cities and towns as desire to keep the polls open in the evening may so do.

Various useful results were accomplished. Most important of them was the effect in increasing attendance, for all students of our political affairs agree that a most desirable improvement is the increase of attendance at the primaries. The Boston nominating vote this year was the largest on record, being about 600 larger than last year. Compared with the election day vote of the last three off-years it appears that at the very start the primary system brought out 70 per cent. of the natural voting strength of the city. The same thing followed in Minneapolis, Detroit, Baltimore and Grand Rapids upon its introduction. In Boston the democratic vote increased, the republican fell off, but that was partly because the democrats kept in their own primaries this year and the republicans in theirs, partly because there were no republican contests to bring out the vote in most wards, while the democrats had several. The alignment had no relation to the principle of the system.

Attendance will be larger under the new plan because the voter will feel that it is worth his while to vote. Now he thinks everything has been cut and dried in advance, and that it is useless to go to the caucus. Furthermore he will find everything easier than when there is a contest, no standing in line, to delays, no disagreeable surroundings, no ballot distributors and solicitors. In brief, he will find all the conditions of nominating day as convenient and comfortable and simple as on electing day.

The machinery of the plan is not needed in the small towns. Its benefits are most useful in the large cities. Where to draw the line is the problem the legislature has left for each place to determine. My own advice is that the law be adopted in all the places where the caucus has ceased to be a place of discussion and conference, where it is not well attended by representative men of the party, or where members of one party have begun participating in the caucuses of another. But where the town meeting idea still prevails effectively in making nominations, where there are nominating speeches and debates, where attendance is large and where there is no interference from men of opposite political faith, I would counsel adherence to the old system.

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT LUCE



Layers of Eggs during fall and winter, pay big profits. To make layers, give the hens daily

Sheridan's CONDITION Powder

It helps the older hens, makes pullets early layers, prevents sickness and is always safe and sure.

In use over 30 years.

If you can't get it, we send, prepaid, one pack, 25c; five $1. A 2 lb. can $1.20; six, $6. Sample of best poultry paper free.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Let Us Add Your Name

to our list of pleased credit patrons. Our easy-payment plan is simple and without embarrassment even to the most sensitive person. You merely say:

"Charge It"

Men's Hats

All the newest shapes and colors known to high class hatters are here—Derbys and Soft Hats—styles are Cuyer, Dunlap, Stanhope, Youman, Young and L. & H.

$2.00

Boys' Clothing

Boys' All-Wool Two-Piece Suits, Scotch mixtures, broken plaids and other irregular effects, at

$4.00

Ladies' Skirts

Ladies' fine quality Black Broadcloth Skirts, seven-gored flare, trimmed with bands of taffeta.

$5.98

Waists

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Etamine Waists, tucked back and front, and new pocket sleeve,

98c

Cæsar Misch CASH OR CREDIT

220 CENTRAL STREET - - LOWELL, MASS.

"No Money Down Clothier" to Man, Woman and Child.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

WANT HYDRANTS

LOCKS & CANALS CO. MAKES REQUEST OF WATER BOARD.

At the regular meeting of the water board, last evening, it was voted to grant the request of the Locks & Canals for 13 hydrants to be located near the mill gates, the hydrants to be set as soon as possible, and the president and superintendent were empowered to make a requisition and to purchase the hydrants and necessary fittings.

Several rebates, for excess of water rates, were granted, and the question of the wisdom of granting rebates came under discussion. There was no action taken.

A rebate was voted to James U. Gage, of $8.50; to S. K. Dexter, of $25; and to Bessie Garland, of $25.

WASTE PAPER

OCCUPIES ATTENTION OF BOARD OF HEALTH.

At the meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon the matter of gathering waste paper was taken up. The Lynn Utilization company offered $100 a year and a Mr. Gallagher of this city offered $60. An Armenian is doing it at present, paying $50 a year for the privilege. The board voted to call for sealed bids on the matter at its next meeting.

The matter of licensing henroops came up, but it was laid on the table, no member thinking seriously of the proposition to make owners of hens take out a license.

Inspector O'Hare stated that his report of the water supply in the mills of the city was not ready as yet, and he was given another week in which to complete his investigations.

The meeting adjourned shortly after 5 o'clock.

CHARLIE ARMSTRONG

IS COMING HOME FROM ENGLAND.

Jack (Twin) Sullivan received a letter yesterday from Charley Armstrong, who is in England, in which the Lowell boxer says he will sail for Boston Friday.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in 10 minutes and cure. Sold by Falls & Burkinshaw.—5.

Well the name of

"Harrison's"

Town and Country Paint,

and when you need it order by that name.

By doing so you will insure yourself satisfaction and get what you think you are getting.

Good, Pure Paint.

C. B. COBURN & CO.,

63 Market Street

FREE FRANCHISES

Alderman Miskella Will Put An End to Them

Significant Remarks by Chairman of Aldermen On Petition for Underground Conduits—$1400 for Storm Guards—Precinct Officers Confirmed—$7000 Was Voted for Cemeteries

Alderman James F. Miskella, at last night's meeting of the board of aldermen intimated strongly that henceforth any corporations obtaining valuable franchises from the city of Lowell while he is a member of the city council will have to compensate the city in some manner or other, and that the time of granting valuable franchises gratis has passed.

The alderman's remarks were made in connection with the reading of a petition for permission to lay underground conduits in Merrimack street and are reported below.

Both branches of the city council met but there was nothing unusually interesting about either session.

Both branches voted $7000 for the cemeteries department, while $2000 for public buildings was held up in the lower branch on notice of reconsideration.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400, for storm guards on the Moody street bridge passed both branches.

The mayor's appointments of precinct officers were confirmed with six exceptions, each a case where the mayor had substituted a name for that sent in by the chairman of the democratic city committee, the aldermen confirming the original list as submitted.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Chairman Miskella called to order at 8.35 with seven members present. Aldermen Burns and McCluskey absent.

A notice of personal injuries from C. H. Howers, received in a school yard, was referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

The Yorick club's petition, to have Dutton street macadamized from Moody street to a point where the tracks cross the street and run into corporation property, was referred to the committee on wires.

The petition of the telephone company for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street was then read, and after reading the petition Chairman Miskella said: "If there is no objection the petition will be referred to the committee on wires for its very serious consideration, and they will see that no valuable franchises are given away as they were two years ago."

Alderman Hill asked: "Does that go to the committee for final action?"

"I should hope not," replied Chairman Miskella. "It comes back to the board for final action. I will say, though, for your information, aldermen, that two years ago this board of aldermen gave away franchises that have since been recorded as assets."

The following trayers jurors were then drawn by Alderman Gerow: John H. Bleasington, 53 Second avenue, foreman; Martin L. Kirkby, 84 Clark street, clerk; John McGovern, 31 Pearl street, driver; William Fury, 126 Adams street, operative.

A number of minor reports and petitions were properly referred.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400 for storm guards on the Moody street bridge was then read. It was expected that the councilman would provide for guards on both bridges, but he feared that the old Pawtucket bridge might not stand the strain and hence the order only included the Moody street bridge. The order was adopted and the faithful representative of ward seven made happy.

Chairman Miskella, after disposing of another batch of minor matters, took up the mayor's appointment of precinct officers, and Alderman Gallagher moved to lay them on the table temporarily.

Alderman Gallagher then called up his motion to reconsider the vote on the matter of grading Christian street at an expense of $1640, which failed to pass the upper branch at the last meeting. Alderman Gallagher made a brief speech on the needs of the street. The order was then put and all the members present voted for it.

A large grist of sidewalk papers were next attended to after which a recess of 10 minutes was voted.

The democratic members held a conference in the mayor's reception room and upon their return to the chamber the list of precinct officers, appointed by the mayor, was read.

On the question of confirmation Alderman Gallagher presented the exception to the original list as follows: James F. Farrell, ward 1, precinct 2; Bernard A. Conner and Thomas D. O'Connell, ward 3, precinct 1; William H. Sheehan, ward 3, precinct 2; Michael Sullivan, ward 9, precinct 2.

The acceptance of the mayor's list with the exception of those names stricken off to make room for the foregoing names was then made unanimous.

The report of the appropriations committee, recommending a loan of $7000 for the city cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for public buildings and schoolhouses, then came up, and Alderman Derby informed the board that he had been unable to find out just what for the $7000 was to be used.

Mr. Derby read the following estimates, which he said were handed to him a short time before: Avenues, $100; barn, $1500; signs, $500; piping and plumbing, $700; manure, $200; grading, $500; payroll, $3000; tools, $312; expenses for horse, $214. He said he had been told that it was the idea of the cemeteries to build a new barn. Mr. Derby said he had been called a "damned fool" by one of the cemetery trustees for inquiring into the details, but that he thought it was his duty nevertheless. The vote in favor of the loan was unanimous.

The public buildings appropriation did not reach the upper board, being held up by a disgruntled councilman. Adjourned at 10.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Councilman Andrew Livingston, Ward Seven's faithful representative, furnished the only business of interest last night when he introduced a joint order for $1400 for storm guards on Moody street bridge. Last spring he introduced a similar order but was told that it was too early in the year, and was advised to let the matter rest until fall. Accordingly, he put in his order last evening and in support of it he said:

"Nearly all of the people who go over this bridge are working people who come from the mills. They have not the slightest protection from the cold blasts of the winter storms. The other bridges have the guards and why should not the long suffering folks of Pawtucketville." He asked for protection for the people, not simply a favor, and would have included the old Pawtucket bridge were it not for the fact that some people question the ability of the present structure to support the guards. The order passed both branches unanimously.

The recent Memorial Day appropriation of $1150, was not enough to meet the expense of the celebration. It was found that $141.91 more was needed and the necessary allowance was advanced by the council.

An invitation from the Highland Council, R. A., to visit the lodge on October 15th next, was unanimously accepted.

The new ordinance by Councilman Pinder was passed favorably upon by the city council. It provides that the chief of police shall be given the power to rope or wire off any streets or part of streets in the city in case of any public demonstration, for the safety of the people.

The report of the appropriations committee recommending $7000 for cemeteries and $2000 for public buildings came up. Both were passed but the public buildings order was held up on reconsideration of Councilman Connors, though the latter offered no expressed objection to the measure.

C. H. Howers, a small boy, attending the Dover street school, wrote the superintendent of schools to the effect that he fell in the school yard not long ago and sprained his ankle and wanted to complain of the sidewalk. He would be satisfied, he said, if the city repaired the sidewalk. The letter was read and referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

Adjourned to next Tuesday.

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

DOMINION LINE

TO

EUROPE

Fast Twin-Screw Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL

N. England . Oct. 1 | Com'w'lth . Oct. 22
Mayflower . . Oct. 8 | N. England . Oct. 29
Columbus . Oct. 15 | Mayflower . . Nov. 5

1st class, $50 upwards; 2d class, $42.50; 3d class at low rates.

From Boston TO MEDITERRANEAN DIRECT

AZORES, GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Cambroman . . . . . Oct. 31
Vancouver . . . . . Oct. 10, Nov. 21

1st class, $70 upwards; 2d class, $50.

Company's Office, 77 State St. Boston, or Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, B. F. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

CUNARD LINE

Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,280 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.
Ivernia sails Nov. 7, Dec. 8.
Ultonia Oct. 17, Nov. 21, Dec. 26.
Saxonia Oct. 24, Nov. 28.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply ALEXANDER MARTIN, agent, 126 State street, Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass.

J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.

O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.

PHIL & WIDEN, 49 Lundberg street, Lowell, Mass.

ANDERS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

BIG FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Home Endorsement

Hundreds of Lowell Citizens Can Tell You all About It

Home endorsement, the public expression of Lowell people, should be evidence beyond dispute for every Lowell reader. Surely the experience of friends and neighbors cheerfully given by them will carry more weight than the utterances of strangers residing in far-away places. Read the following:

Mrs. J. Ring, of 90 Bartlett street, says: "The great value of Doan's Kidney Pills is an established fact. I not only used them myself with most excellent results, but several friends, to whom I recommended them, gave them a trial and they all speak in high praise of them. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s pharmacy and their use benefitted me greatly. I also bought them for a lady friend, something I would not have done had I not confidence in them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Highland Remnant Store

30 PINE STREET

Reorganized and restocked. 10,000 yards of new goods just opened at lower prices than ever before.

Ottoman Waistings, Mercerized Cheviots, Mercerized Sea Island Waistings and Suitings, Madras Shirtings and Ginghams, Silks, Sateens, Outing Flannels and American Prints, etc., over 5000 yards in pound bundles.

Shirt Waist Patterns given free to our customers for next 30 days. Come and see how we do it.

Highland Remnant Store

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itching, Scabby Skin Diseases, Swellings, Carbuncles, Pimples, Scrofula

Permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm. It destroys the active Poison in the blood. If you have aches and pains in bones, back and joints, Itching Scabby Skin, Blood feels hot or thin; Swollen Glands, Risings and Bumps on the Skin, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples or offensive eruptions; Copper-Colored Spots or Rash on Skin, all run-down, or nervous; Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Carbuncles or Boils, take

Botanic Blood Balm, guaranteed

to cure even the worst and most deep-seated cases where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Heals all sores, stops all aches and pains, reduces all swellings, makes blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition. B. B. B. has cured to stay cured thousands of cases of Blood Poison even after reaching the last stages.

Old Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema

are caused by an awful poisoned condition of the Blood. B. B. B. cures Catarrh, stops Hawking and Spitting; cures Rheumatism, with Aches and Pains; heals all Scabs, Scales, Eruptions, Watery Blisters, with Itching and Scratching of Eczema, by giving a pure, healthy blood supply to affected parts.

Cancer Cured.

Botanic Blood Balm Cures Cancers of all Kinds, Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, ugly Ulcers. It kills the Cancer Poison and heals the Sores or worst Cancer perfectly. If you have a persistent Pimple, Wart, Swelling, Shooting, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer. Many apparently hopeless cases of Cancer cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm

Our Guarantee

Take a large bottle of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) as directed on label, and when the right quantity is taken a cure is certain, sure and lasting. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is

Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens Weak Kidneys and Weak Stomachs, cures Dyspepsia. Sold by all Druggists, $1 per Large Bottle, with complete directions for home cure. SAMPLE SENT FREE by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and special free medical advice, to suit your case, also sent in sealed letter.

Sold in Lowell, Mass., by Ellingwood & Co., corner Merrimack and Central Sts...Call or write...Blood Balm sent by express.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, Phila., Pa.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

This is good political weather.

Lowell wants no powder magazines within her limits, unless they are put deeply underground, and enclosed in the heaviest stonework.

Four weeks from today the election returns will bring the republicans some very serious surprises. They will find some of their leading candidates sent down in defeat.

The popularity of Col. Ripley of Chelmsford swept away the claims of Caleb Smith in the republican convention of the 25th representative district; but it should not be allowed to overcome the candidacy of a good democratic in that district.

CHAMBERLAIN VS. BALFOUR.

Joseph Chamberlain has taken the stump for the propagation of his protectionist ideas.

Premier Balfour has gone so far towards Chamberlain's position on the tariff that there is little ground for dispute between them.

The fight will be a hot one and the outcome uncertain; but had Balfour held firmly to the free trade policy, Chamberlain's chances of victory would not be nearly as great. His triumphs on this question would make him Prime Minister of England and send Mr. Balfour back to the ranks. The latter would still, however, be regarded as a leader and he has gone so far towards agreement with Chamberlain that instead of maintaining opposition, he would probably become a supporter, provided Chamberlain's views met popular approval.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republican platform is regarded as one of the most ingenious pieces of non-committal platitudes ever put forward as the summary of principles of any political organization. In this respect alone is it an able document. Ex-Governor Crane understands what the present governor wants in the form of a platform. He wants nothing that will hamper his freedom of action or his freedom to take any position he may find to his advantage on the stump. The platform is therefore mainly negative in its character. Perhaps the most positive statement is this that "to uphold law and order should be the first duty of every American citizen." No doubt in this there is a veiled attempt to defend the governor's course in harrassing the town of Revere by sending down the state officers to deal with matters purely local; but while this plank in the platform may be intended as a defense of his course in Revere it reminds the public of the manner in which he failed to enforce the law to prevent pool selling on the race track. The governor was actually in collusion with these gamblers but that of course is met by a general denial.

"The republican party," says this platform, "favors legislation that is just and fair to all interests, that encourages and protects the enterprises of capital and promotes and safeguards the welfare of labor." Would it be possible to frame a better straddle between capital and labor?

So the whole platform is made up of non-committal generalities. No declaration in favor of any reform demanded by the people, nothing in favor of regulating the trusts nothing against the tariff abuses except that the present tariff law should not be revised or changed until the need of such action and the benefit to be derived from it be clearly shown.

Thus the republican platform from first to last is one of platitudinous generalities and cunning evasions. What has such a platform to invite loyal support? When contrasted with the democratic platform it would seem that the latter should commend itself strongly to every voter desirous of promoting the general interests of the people of the commonwealth.

THE LUCE LAW SHOULD BE ADOPTED.

The question of adopting the Luce caucus law is now up for consideration.

The main and indeed the only objection urged against it in this city is that there are not ward rooms enough to accommodate all who would wish to attend, but this might be overcome by keeping the polls open long enough.

A fair discussion of the merits of this law seems to indicate that it is highly calculated to correct abuses and to give effect to the will of the majority.

The trial of the law in Boston was highly satisfactory and it proved efficacious especially in removing the disgraceful faction fights which had for years been a feature of some of the ward caucuses. Above all, it protects the rights of the citizen against the undue domination of political machines. It makes it utterly impossible for any clique, faction or combination to capture caucuses by actual force, something that has not been unfrequent under the old system.

If the Luce law will prevent political machines from pocketing political parties and guarantee every citizen's right to become a candidate and to secure all the votes cast for him, then it will be a vast improvement upon the present system, and the sooner we have it the better. Under such a method of selecting candidates there will be no excuse for any class of citizens to keep away on the pretext that the nominations are agreed upon in advance by the machine and that it matters not how the voting goes.

The objection made by Judge Richardson against declaring his political affiliations is nonsensical as every man who attends a caucus thereby declares that he is a member of that particular political party.

The law imposes the necessary restriction that no voter shall attend the caucus of more than one party in the same year, but it does not interfere with any voter's freedom of choice on election day.

The independent voter may consider himself left out in the cold; but all that such voters want, it seems, is freedom of choice on election day which remains wholly unrestricted. There is no reason why independent voters should object to their exclusion from the caucus of a party to which they do not belong. They can put forward their candidates on nomination papers as formerly.

On the whole it seems that there are very substantial advantages to be derived from the adoption of this law, and that the sooner it be adopted the better for the body politic and for all political parties. The only forces which may be expected to oppose it are the grafters who manage to get into public office by unfair means and who are likely to lose their power under the Luce law. Consequently even though the application of the law may cost more than the old style primaries it will be worth all it will cost in promoting the purity of the ballot and giving effect to the will of the majority in selecting candidates, even as the majority rules on election day in deciding what candidates shall take office.

That the Luce law affords protection against caucus packing, caucus stealing and fraudulent counting, while protecting every citizen's right to be a candidate is sufficient reason why it should be favored by every party that stands for political purity and reform in municipal government.

SEEN AND HEARD

Weddings will be brisk until Thanksgiving.

The marketmen report that turkeys will be high, as the meat trust has a "corner" in the birds.

A workman who is employed by a local contractor would make an ideal member of a "Don't Worry" club. Nothing ever excites him, nothing ever causes him to move out of his customary gait or to raise his voice from a slow monotone. Everything that he does he does with automatic deliberation, whether it is picking or shoveling out of a ditch to seek shelter from a dynamite blast. We will call him Smith, for that is not his name. There is a mercurial little bald-headed man in the same gang who insists that Smith is a philosopher. "You may think he hasn't the sense to be anything else," he said recently, "but he'll beat out the crowd for sense, so he will, and I don't even except myself. Look at him, will you? He's 10 years older than I am at the least and he's got hair to cut, while I have to sandpaper the elder of my head to get my hat to stay on. That comes of fretting."

Since the advent of no-license the local cigar manufacturers have been handicapped for help, for cigarmakers are not partial to no-license as a class. Not that they are heavy drinkers, for they care little for "hard" liquors, but they do like beer. Many of the best workmen have left town because of the lack of saloons, while those who remain get bottled goods by express. A large proportion of cigarmakers are Germans and they bring their tastes from Fatherland. They are steady, hard-working men and do not allow their partiality for malt beverages to interfere with their work.

It's the same old story, in the same old way;
It is jolly, jolly, jolly from the candidate all day.

Cruelty to animals by people of supposed intelligence and refinement is often surprising. One of our leading families is very fond of dogs and gives the animals as much care and attention as babies receive, yet this same family thinks nothing of leaving cows out in the cold and rain. Last Saturday night was disagreeable, and the family left a valuable cow in the open field, tied to a stake with about 25 feet of rope, and the poor animal bellowed all night, within hearing distance of its owner and numerous neighbors. It matters not what their cruelty is due to, it is reprehensible and deserves condemnation.

J. W. Gurney, inspector for the state board of agriculture, who visits Lowell annually to inspect the Middlesex North fair, is in harmony with Pres. Roosevelt on the "race suicide" question. Speaking of a recent visit to Lowell, he says:

"The best feature of the outdoor exhibit was the farmers' parade, made up mostly of market gardeners, who, in this way, made a fine display of the products of their farms. We noticed one in particular, very ingeniously gotten up, the proprietor having on the seat beside him his young son and daughter, representing the best product of the New England farm."

Here is a conundrum charged to John Nolan of old ward three:

"What is the most musical route to Boston?"

"Give it up?"

"Why, via Lynn, of course."

In Peabody, which at one time was in our congressional district, a tannery, run by two men, shut down the other day. One of the partners went to Boston, leaving the other in the shop. At noon the hero of the tale went to the boiler shop, got up steam, and then blew the whistle for himself to go home to dinner.

It is comforting news to hear that the price of coal is down to normal figures, after the harrowing experiences of last winter. About this time, a year ago, the gloomy tidings of a coal famine were wafted about, and later on, its full significance was felt in nearly every home. It was a "hard winter" for the housekeeper, and let us trust we shall never see its like again. But even the worst adversities teach valuable lessons, and the coal famine was no exception, for it taught the people the value of coal, and the lesson will not soon be forgotten. There is now more economy in the use of coal than there ever was, and the "coal barons" cannot but feel the change. The ash sifter is at work in the land, and "black diamonds" no longer grace the ash piles, while the thrifty housewife carefully nurses the coal bins, mindful of former experiences with cold rooms and cheerless hearths. The ditty of childhood, so pregnant with hard sense and thrift, is now applied to the coal problem:

Wilful waste brings woeful want,
And you may live to say—
"Ah! how I wish I had the coal
That once I threw away!"

The appointment by the late Mayor Dimon of Mrs. Rowena Palmer as one of the trustees of the public library, was a very happy selection. Mrs. Palmer, who has been on the board two years, is an active and earnest worker for the library's best interests. A woman of excellent judgment and rare scholarship, she brings to the position most desirable qualities, and she is especially useful in selecting foreign literature. Women are entering the public service more and more, and nowhere are they more desirable than in public libraries.

NORTH GERMAN LINE

WITHDRAWS FROM NORTH ATLANTIC CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Gustav Schwab agent of the North German Lloyd line here, said yesterday that this company had given notice that it will withdraw from the North Atlantic conference agreement regulating first and second class passenger rates. Mr. Schwab does not think that the withdrawal will affect passenger rates, or mean any material cut in those now prevailing.

Eugene Boraude, New York agent of the French line, said that he had received no notice from his company of the proposition to withdraw from the agreement.

"Of course it is in the air that trouble is brewing because of the Cunard line's announcement that it is going into the Mediterranean service, but I have nothing definite of any contemplated change so far as our line is concerned," he said. "We have received a letter from the home office however, stating positively that the Italian government has not granted the Cunard line the privilege of doing business at Italian ports and this looks as though it is still doubtful whether that company will be able to come into the continental field."

COMMISSION NAMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The president has appointed O. H. Ernst, corps of engineers at Chicago; Professor G. S. Williams of Cornell university and George Clinton of Buffalo, N. Y., as the representatives of the United States on the proposed international commission to investigate the condition of water routes from the great lakes to the Atlantic. Great Britain has accepted an invitation to appoint a similar commission, but has not yet announced its personnel.

GOFF NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 7.—George Nelson Goff of Rehoboth was nominated by acclamation for the state senate yesterday at the republican senatorial convention of the first Bristol district. Silas G. Reed of Taunton was elected a member of the republican state committee.

Headache?

This Torturing Ailment Yields Easily to Rational Treatment by a Non-Poisonous Remedy to be Had From Any Druggist.

Imperfect digestion and its attendant evil—constipation—are responsible for 95 cases of headache, out of every hundred. Iron-Ox Tablets cure headache by assisting digestion and regulating the bowels.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action. They do far more harm than good.

The result does not come as rapidly as with violent purgatives or cathartics, but it comes to stay. There is no resulting weakness to fear; and a course of Iron-Ox Tablets will cure any trouble arising from indigestion or constipation, no matter of how long standing.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Do not confound Iron-Ox Tablets with liquid preparations which depend upon drug disguised alcohol for immediate effect, and which create a habit which is nothing more nor less than alcoholism. Iron-Ox Tablets build up the system naturally, they cannot create a "habit."

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

Chiffonier...

The chiffonier is considered by housekeepers as one of the most convenient articles of furniture in the home. One we specially mention today is 28 in. wide and 4 ft. high, containing five drawers. Birch wood, golden oak color, and the price

$4.00

Adams & Co.,

Furniture and Carpets.

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block.

FOR 28 YEARS THE

7-20-4

has been the New England favorite 10c cigar. Competent judges say they are now better than ever.

LITTLE COLD DUST

as a 5c. cigar has a record that speaks for itself. For sale by all dealers.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N.H.

50c BEST WALTHAM MAIN SPRING, Warranted

Watches cleaned, 75 cents, warranted. Clocks repaired, 50 cents up. Jewelry repaired. Cash paid for old gold and silver. 25 per cent. saved on all kinds of watches and clocks, as we buy direct from factory. Open evenings.

WALTHAM WATCH REPAIRING CO.
195 Middlesex Street.

CARTER'S **Cough Balsam 25c** WILL CURE THAT COUGH

Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICE DRUG STORE

Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

Dr. Emmons'

Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

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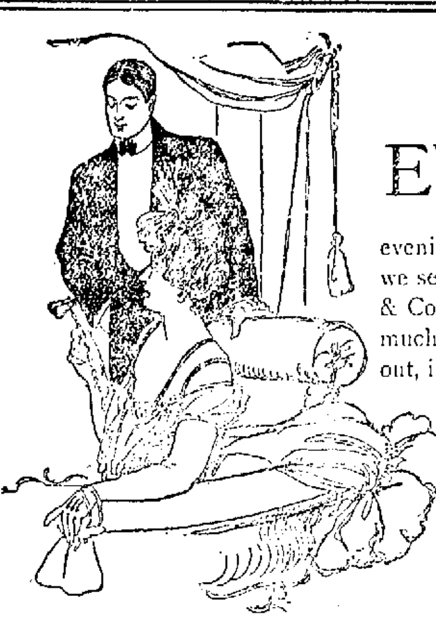
Circular sent on request



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166 CENTRAL STREET

EVERYTHING for the blushing bridegroom, but the ring, and correct clothes for other men when they need to dress up. In evening clothes, Tuxedos and Prince Albert suits, we sell only those garments made by Rogers, Peet & Co., as, in our opinion, these alone fill the bill, much better than the average merchant tailor turns out, in fit, quality and finish; much less expensive.

Evening Suits (tail coats) of twilled worsted, unfinished worsted or crepes, silk lined or serge lined, - $28 to $45
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Tuxedo Suits, of same cloths, coats from - - - - $15 to $22

Prince Albert Suits, of fine worsteds or English Vicunas, from $27 to $40
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Dress Waistcoats—White, Double Breasted—Dress Shirts, Gloves for afternoon or Evening. Neckwear, Etc., Etc.

A GREAT SUCCESS

Mathews Held Enjoyable Smoke Talk

MUCH ENTHUSIASM OVER THE PEABODY PARADE

Lynn Mathews Extend Invitation to Local Society

The Mathew Temperance institute formally opened its course of lectures and entertainments last evening with a grand smoke talk and entertainment in its rooms. The attendance at the affair was the largest of any similar event held by the society, the capacity of the spacious hall being fully taxed.

At the business meeting held prior to the entertainment 11 propositions for membership were read and 10 members admitted. A delegation from the Fr. Mathew society of Lynn, consisting of President Sheehan, ex-Presidents McKeon and Carey addressed the meeting, extending an invitation to the society to become its guests on next Saturday evening after the great state temperance parade in Peabody. All three gentlemen spoke briefly, stating that unusual interest is manifested in Essex county over the turnout of the Mathews of Lowell next Saturday. The Lowell boys intend to be present as strong and will be received with open arms in Peabody.

The invitation from Lynn was unanimously accepted and cheers were given for the Lynn Mathews. The report of the committee in charge of the arrangements for the Peabody parade showed that all preparations had been practically completed. The special train bearing the Mathews and their friends will leave the Merrimack street depot at 1.15 o'clock, the members marching from the society rooms to the depot, headed by the Lowell Military band.

A set of seven legislative books was received, the gift of Hon. James H. McKinley. A rising vote of thanks was extended to the gentleman for his courtesy.

The business session over, the literary exercises were opened with a piano selection by Richard Noonan. A solo entitled "Leonore," was finely rendered by Mr. Robert Lindsay. Mr. Lindsay was recalled and for an encore sang "Erin's Call" and "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." The singer was enthusiastically applauded at the close.

Martin Maguire, Lowell's favorite tenor soloist, sang himself into favor when he rendered "When I Was Mary's Sweetheart," and for an encore sang "Love's Sorrow."

Professor Sharron, a reader of wide repute, recited a poem entitled "The Vagabonds," and on being recalled recited an old favorite, "Sheridan's Ride."

An intermission was here taken while refreshments were passed around and "T. D.'s" lighted.

REV. FR. MULLIN.

On resuming the entertainment program Rev. W. George Mullin, spiritual director of the society, was introduced by President Sullivan and spoke interestingly about the proposed parade in Peabody on next Saturday. He hoped that the members would turn out in large numbers and uphold the reputation gained by the Mathews throughout New England. In conclusion Fr. Mullin felt that the presence of the Mathews in the Peabody parade would be an inspiration and incentive to the Essex county societies to further effort as regards membership and influence.

Ex-President William P. Thornton gave a scene from a popular play which completely brought down the house. For an encore Mr. Thornton recited "The Seminole's Defence," a scene laid in Florida at the time of the trouble between Osceola, the leader of an Indian tribe, and the whites. This selection, too, was warmly applauded.

EDWARD F. SLATTERY.

Edward F. Slattery, an ex-president of the society, spoke reminiscently of the Mathews in the early days and of the times when the good feeling existed between the Mathews of Lynn and the local society. He urged the members to turn out in large numbers on next Saturday and show to the people in Essex county that Middlesex county is not alive to the temperance cause. The popular ex-officer was loudly cheered at the conclusion of his speech.

Mr. Thomas P. Kiven, one of the institute's popular entertainers, gave a whistling solo.

The exercises closed with all singing "The Old Oaken Bucket" accompanied on the piano by Mr. Richard Noonan, who also served in a like capacity during the evening.

The committee in charge consisted of the following members:

Messrs. William P. Boyle, chairman; P. H. Crowley, Bernard F. Kane, Denis J. Sullivan, Henry Thomas, John J. Lyons, Gerard McNeily, John M. Coughlin, William Quirk, John A. McKenna, John J. Murphy, James McGreevy, John J. Townsend, James F. Rourke and George L. Hunt.

The institute will meet in special session on Friday evening, at which time new members will be enrolled and also when the railway tickets for the Peabody trip can be procured of the financial secretary.

GOLF EXPERTS

INVITED TO MEET THE BRITISH CHAMPIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7—The invitation golf tournament tendered by Mrs. Griscom to Miss Rhona Adair, the champion of England and Scotland, began yesterday on the links of the Merion golf club at Haverford, a suburb. Among the golf experts who will meet the British champions are Mrs. Charles T. Stout, the 1901 and 1902 American champion; Miss Frances Griscom, the 1900 American champion; Miss Florence Harvey of Hamilton, champion of Canada; Miss Mabel G. Thompson of St. John, N. B., the former Canadian champion, and such well known experts as Mrs. C. F. Fox, Mrs. E. A. Manice, Mrs. E. H. Barlow, Miss Ruth Underhill and the Misses Spence of England.

The course yesterday called for a distance of 5917 yards for 18 holes. The outward journey is 2967 yards and the home coming 2950 yards.

Miss Adair was paired with Miss Maude Adams of this city. The British champion played a splendid game, but suffered through lack of familiarity with the course. Taking her play generally she excelled in direction shots through fair greens and approach shots, but at times was a little puzzled in putting. Her driving was consistent.

She took 47 for the outward journey, which equalled the men's bogie. The cards of the pair for the outward journey follow:

Miss Adair	5	6	5	7	4	5	4	7	4—47
Mrs. Adams	7	8	5	7	4	6	4	6	3—52

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NOT IDENTIFIED

Headless Body of Man Found

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Two unsuccessful efforts yesterday were made to identify the mutilated body of an unusually large man who was found Thursday in the Hoboken ferry slip with the legs and top of the head missing.

Michael Yorks of Kansas, who came to this city at the request of his aunt, Mrs. Michael Nealy of Philadelphia, who had identified the body as that of her husband, declared that the identification was erroneous. The body was also declared not to be that of Jerome J. Smith of this city, who has been missing since Wednesday. The autopsy revealed the presence of water in the lungs and throat of the dead man but physicians said this might be accounted for by the mutilations of the head and body and did not necessarily indicate death by drowning.

It was at first supposed that the legs were amputated by the propeller of a steamer, but it is now asserted that the cuts could not have been made in that way.

THE FIRST FALL FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION ROOMS TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

CASTO THEATRE

Comedy is the keynote of the offering at the Casto theatre this week, and the show is one of the best ever presented at the Shattuck street theatre. The act of Favor and Sinclair alone is worth the price of admission. Reserved seats may be obtained by calling telephone 815-3.

You Can Be Sure

of the condition of the Oven if you use

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

They have a Heat-Indicator that is *reliable.* It is larger than others, easy-to-read, and the mechanism is not exposed to the direct heat of the oven nor can it be clogged by steam or grease from the cooking.

Crawfords have more improvements than all the other ranges combined. Single Damper (*patented*): Improved Dock-Ash Grate: Improved Oven, with heat-saving, cup-joint flues and asbestos back; Removable Nickeled Rails.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

D. W. HORNE & SON

COAL

ALL SIZES BEST GRADES

$7.25 Per Ton

YARD: Cor. Hale and Thorndike Streets
OFFICE: 15 Central Street.

LUCE LAW EXPLAINED

By Its Author to Fair Sized Audience in Jackson Hall

Simultaneous Nomination Prevents the Packing of Caucuses—Independent Voters Fully Provided for—Advantages of the Law Explained

At Jackson hall last night the Luce caucus law was explained by its author, Representative Luce of Somerville, to a fair sized audience. After the meeting Rep. Luce was tendered an informal reception at the headquarters of the Lincoln club at Barristers' hall

In opening his address Rep. Luce explained the object of the law to be the holding of the caucuses of all political parties at the same time and place. On election day the people hold what was originally a mass meeting, and is still such in character, to select between the candidates put forward as party nominees and those named by independent groups of voters on nomination papers.

On caucus day the members of political parties, and those only, are to hold mass meetings for the nomination of candidates.

In providing that the caucuses of all parties shall be held on the same day, we have not deviated one whit from the long established theory that the work of party caucuses shall be confined to party members. Yet we are criticised by the independent journals of the state, by some party leaders on the democratic side, and by various people who appear not to believe in our American theory of party government, as if we had incorporated some new principle into the making of nominations.

Possibly government by parties may not be the best way of administering the affairs of a republic. Perhaps our fathers were wrong in developing the system. But in trying to provide that whether right or wrong, it should be the best possible, I for one did not undertake to overthrow the established theory.

Party government involves party responsibility. Of late years we have not been able to secure the full benefits of this by holding parties to strict accountability for their nominations, because when taken to task they have been able to say that these were determinated by the aid of members of other parties. Caucus packing has been developed to a fine art. To illustrate, take Ward 25 in Boston, where last year the Foss-Adams contest was raging, 1600 men took part in caucuses; this year 1408 men took part in primaries. Last year the democratic caucus attendance in that ward was 165; this year 780 asked for democratic ballots in the primaries. The fair inference is that last year about 600 democrats helped the republicans in that ward alone to decide whether Mr. Foss or Mr. Adams should be the republican nominee.

The purpose of that bill in this regard was simply to provide that the caucuses of all parties should be conducted under conditions that would carry out the provisions of existing law restricting participation in caucuses to party members. To prevent men from voting in the caucuses of all parties in the same campaign, as they had been doing by hundreds, we provided that the caucuses of all parties should be held at the same time and place, and that no man should receive the ballot of more than one party. To secure that the ballot given to him should be that of his own party, we provided that he must make request for it publicly. We deemed it unwise to insist that he should declare himself a member of the party whose ballot he asked, and as the old oath had resulted in nothing but a great mass of perjury, we avoided its evils by securing our end indirectly through the publicity of the ballot choice and through the proviso that it should act as a party enrollment. It was frequently predicted that this chance for men of one party to call for ballots of another, without question or challenge, would result in an increase of the wrong we were fighting, but on the contrary, the actual test of the law by nearly 50,000 voters of the city of Boston proved our own expectations right, and caucus packing disappeared. For the first time in many years the republican candidates in Boston were nominated solely by republicans and the democratic candidates solely by democrats. For the first time in many years each party can be held strictly accountable for its action.

This has displeased those members of the community who refuse to ally themselves with any party. They are the men who want to share party privileges without sharing party burdens. They want to help name party candidates and evade all responsibility for the result. They want the reward without the work.

It also displeases such party men as have been accustomed to profit by help from the other side.

And it displeases some people who have been deceived by the representation that the secrecy of suffrage given by the Australian ballot has somehow been infringed. On the contrary, in the many places where the Australian ballot has not been used in caucuses, adoption of the new law will secure its benefits. The system does not in the slightest degree disclose a voter's expression of preferences as between the individual candidates of the party to which he chooses to ally himself. It discloses exactly what the old system disclosed—the identity of the party with which he acts.

But it is said that the new system puts his act on record, and makes the record public property. So did the old system, for any 10 voters could get a certified copy of the check list used at the old caucus, by law, and it was frequently done.

There is the further misconception that the voter's action on nominating day is to have some relation to his action on electing day. Misinformed people are saying that the voter's ballot choice at the primary is to restrict him to use of the ballot of the same party on electing day. But the new law has absolutely nothing to do with the electing day procedure. The blanket ballot is still to be used on electing day. Whether a voter will then mark candidates of the party whose ballot he took on nominating day, will as of old, rest entirely with his own judgment and his own conscience.

It was of course absurd to contemplate that once a voter had automatically enrolled himself with one party, he should never be able to change to another for nominating purposes. On the other hand, the opportunity to change at a moment's notice would continue the old evil of selling a caucus vote to the highest bidder. It seemed prudent to stipulate an interval long enough to insure that the change was made in good faith, and not through the use of money, nor by reason of personal friendships for candidates. So we stipulated that a change of enrollment should not take effect until 90 days after request for it had been made of the authorities. We do not believe that any sincere convert will demur at this reasonable precaution.

The machinery of the new law worked with perfect smoothness and to the satisfaction of everybody, so that nothing need be said in its defense. To be sure, there was some criticism of the hours, but they were the choice of the election commissioners, the law leaving the decision in this regard to the local authorities. Such cities and towns as desire to keep the polls open in the evening may so do.

Various useful results were accomplished. Most important of them was the effect in increasing attendance, for all students of our political affairs agree that a most desirable improvement is the increase of attendance at the primaries. The Boston nominating vote this year was the largest on record, being about 6500 larger than last year. Compared with the election day vote of the last three off-years it appears that at the very start the primary system brought out 70 per cent. of the natural voting strength of the city. The same thing followed in Minneapolis, Detroit, Baltimore and Grand Rapids upon its introduction. In Boston the democratic vote increased, the republican fell off, but that was partly because the democrats kept in their own primaries this year and the republicans in theirs, partly because there were no republican contests to bring out the vote in most wards, while the democrats had several. The alignment had no relation to the principle of the system.

Attendance will be larger under the new plan because the voter will feel that it is worth his while to vote. Now he thinks everything has been cut and dried in advance, and that it is useless to go to the caucus. Furthermore he will find everything easier than when there is a contest, no standing in line, to delays, no disagreeable surroundings, no ballot distributors and solicitors. In brief, he will find all the conditions of nominating day as convenient and comfortable and simple as on electing day.

The machinery of the plan is not needed in the small towns. Its benefits are most useful in the large cities. Where to draw the line is the problem the legislature has left for each place to determine. My own advice is that the law be adopted in all the places where the caucus has ceased to be a place of discussion and conference, where it is not well attended by representative men of the party, or where members of one party have begun participating in the caucuses of another. But where the town meeting idea still prevails effectively in making nominations, where there are nominating speeches and debates, where attendance is large and where there is no interference from men of opposite political faith, I would counsel adherence to the old system.

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT LUCE

during fall and winter, pay big profits. To make layers, give the hens daily

Sheridan's CONDITION Powder

It helps the older hens, makes pullets early layers, prevents sickness and is always safe and sure.

In use over 30 years.

If you can't get it, we send, prepaid, one pack, 25c; five $1. A 2 lb. can $1.20; six, $6. Sample of best poultry paper free.

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to our list of pleased credit patrons. Our easy-payment plan is simple and without embarrassment even to the most sensitive person. You merely say:

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Men's Hats

All the newest shapes and colors known to high class hatters are here—Derbys and Soft Hats—styles are Cuyer, Dunlap, Stanhope, Youman, Young and L. & H.

$2.00

Boys' Clothing

Boys' All-Wool Two-Piece Suits, Scotch mixtures, broken plaids and other irregular effects, at

$4.00

Ladies' Skirts

Ladies' fine quality Black Broadcloth Skirts, seven-gored flare, trimmed with bands of taffeta.

$5.98

Waists

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Etamine Waists, tucked back and front, and new pocket sleeve,

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220 CENTRAL STREET - - LOWELL, MASS.

"No Money Down Clothier" to Man, Woman and Child.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

WANT HYDRANTS

LOCKS & CANALS CO. MAKES REQUEST OF WATER BOARD.

At the regular meeting of the water board, last evening, it was voted to grant the request of the Locks & Canals for 13 hydrants to be located near the mill gates, the hydrants to be set as soon as possible, and the president and superintendent were empowered to make a requisition and to purchase the hydrants and necessary fittings.

Several rebates, for excess of water rates, were granted, and the question of the wisdom of granting rebates came under discussion. There was no action taken.

A rebate was voted to James U. Gage, of $8.50; to S. K. Dexter, of $25; and to Bessie Garland, of $25.

WASTE PAPER

OCCUPIES ATTENTION OF BOARD OF HEALTH.

At the meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon the matter of gathering waste paper was taken up. The Lynn Utilization company offered $100 a year and a Mr. Gallagher of this city offered $50. An Armenian is doing it at present, paying $50 a year for the privilege. The board voted to call for sealed bids on the matter at its next meeting.

The matter of licensing hencoops came up, but it was laid on the table, no member thinking seriously of the proposition to make owners of hens take out a license.

Inspector O'Hare stated that his report of the water supply in the mills of the city was not ready as yet, and he was given another week in which to complete his investigations.

The meeting adjourned shortly after 5 o'clock.

CHARLIE ARMSTRONG

IS COMING HOME FROM ENGLAND.

Jack (Twin) Sullivan received a letter yesterday from Charley Armstrong, who is in England, in which the Lowell boxer says he will sail for Boston Friday.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in 10 minutes and cure. Sold by Falls & Burkinshaw.—5.

Well the name of

"Harrison's"

Town and Country Paint,

and when you need it order by that name.

By doing so you will insure yourself satisfaction and get what you think you are getting.

Good, Pure Paint.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market Street

FREE FRANCHISES

Alderman Miskella Will Put An End to Them

Significant Remarks by Chairman of Aldermen On Petition for Underground Conduits—$1400 for Storm Guards—Precinct Officers Confirmed—$7000 Was Voted for Cemeteries

Alderman James F. Miskella, at last night's meeting of the board of aldermen intimated strongly that henceforth any corporations obtaining valuable franchises from the city of Lowell while he is a member of the city council will have to compensate the city in some manner or other, and that the time of granting valuable franchises gratis has passed.

The alderman's remarks were made in connection with the reading of a petition for permission to lay underground conduits in Merrimack street and are reported below.

Both branches of the city council met but there was nothing unusually interesting about either session.

Both branches voted $7000 for the cemeteries department, while $2000 for public buildings was held up in the lower branch on notice of reconsideration.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400, for storm guards on the Moody street bridge passed both branches.

The mayor's appointments of precinct officers were confirmed with six exceptions, each a case where the mayor had substituted a name for that sent in by the chairman of the democratic city committee, the aldermen confirming the original list as submitted.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Chairman Miskella called to order at 8.35 with seven members present, Aldermen Burns and McCluskey absent.

A notice of personal injuries from C. H. Bowers, received in a school yard, was referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

The Yorick club's petition, to have Dutton street macadamized from Moody street to a point where the tracks cross the street and run into corporation property, was referred to the committee on wires.

The petition of the telephone company for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street was then read, and after reading the petition Chairman Miskella said: "If there is no objection the petition will be referred to the committee on wires for its very serious consideration, and they will see that no valuable franchises are given away as they were two years ago."

Alderman Hill asked: "Does that go to the committee for final action?"

"I should hope not," replied Chairman Miskella. "It comes back to the board for final action. I will say, though, for your information, aldermen, that two years ago this board of aldermen gave away franchises that have since been recorded as assets."

The following travers jurors were then drawn by Alderman Gerow: John B. Blessington, 53 Second avenue, foreman; Martin L. Kirkby, 84 Clark street, clerk; John McGovern, 31 Pearl street, driver; William Fury, 126 Adams street, operative.

A number of minor reports and petitions were properly referred.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400 for storm guards on the Moody street bridge was then read. It was expected that the councilman would provide for guards on both bridges, but he feared that the old Pawtucket bridge might not stand the strain and hence the order only included the Moody street bridge. The order was adopted and the faithful representative of ward seven made happy.

Chairman Miskella, after disposing of another batch of minor matters, took up the mayor's appointment of precinct officers, and Alderman Gallagher moved to lay them on the table temporarily.

Alderman Gallagher then called up his motion to reconsider the vote on the matter of grading Christian street at an expense of $1610, which failed to pass the upper branch at the last meeting. Alderman Gallagher made a brief speech on the needs of the street. The order was then put and all the members present voted for it.

A large grist of sidewalk papers were next attended to after which a recess of 10 minutes was voted.

The democratic members held a conference in the mayor's reception room and upon their return to the chamber the list of precinct officers, appointed by the mayor, was read.

On the question of confirmation Alderman Gallagher presented the exception to the original list as follows: James F. Farrell, ward 1, precinct 2; Bernard A. Conner and Thomas D. O'Connell, ward 3, precinct 1; William H. Sheehan, ward 3, precinct 2; Michael Sullivan, ward 9, precinct 2.

The acceptance of the mayor's list with the exception of those names stricken off to make room for the foregoing names was then made unanimous.

The report of the appropriations committee, recommending a loan of $7000 for the city cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for public buildings and schoolhouses, then came up, and Alderman Derby informed the board that he had been unable to find out just what for the $7000 was to be used.

Mr. Derby read the following estimates, which he said were handed to him a short time before: Avenues, $300; barn, $1500; signs, $500; piping and plumbing, $700; manure, $300; grading, $500; payroll, $3000; tools, $312; expenses for horse, $214. He said he had been told that it was the idea of the cemeteries to build a new barn. Mr. Derby said he had been called a "damned fool" by one of the cemetery trustees for inquiring into the details, but that he thought it was his duty nevertheless. The vote in favor of the loan was unanimous.

The public buildings appropriation did not reach the upper board, being held up by a disgruntled councilman. Adjourned at 10.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Councilman Andrew Livingston, Ward Seven's faithful representative, furnished the only business of interest last night when he introduced a joint order for $1400 for storm guards on Moody street bridge. Last spring he introduced a similar order but was told that it was too early in the year, and was advised to let the matter rest until fall. Accordingly, he put in his order last evening and in support of it he said:

"Nearly all of the people who go over this bridge are working people who come from the mills. They have not the slightest protection from the cold blasts of the winter storms. The other bridges have the guards and why should not the long suffering folks of Pawtucketville." He asked for protection for the people, not simply a favor, and would have included the old Pawtucket bridge were it not for the fact that some people question the ability of the present structure to support the guards. The order passed both branches unanimously.

The recent Memorial Day appropriation of $1150, was not enough to meet the expense of the celebration. It was found that $141.91 more was needed and the necessary allowance was advanced by the council.

An invitation from the Highland Council, R. A., to visit the lodge on October 15th next, was unanimously accepted.

The new ordinance by Councilman Pinder was passed favorably upon by the city council. It provides that the chief of police shall be given the power to rope or wire off any streets or part of streets in the city in case of any public demonstration, for the safety of the people.

The report of the appropriations committee recommending $7000 for cemeteries and $2000 for public buildings came up. Both were passed but the public buildings order was held up on reconsideration of Councilman Connors, though the latter offered no expressed objection to the measure.

C. H. Bowers, a small boy, attending the Dover street school, wrote the superintendent of schools to the effect that he fell in the school yard not long ago and sprained his ankle and wanted to complain of the sidewalk. He would be satisfied, he said, if the city repaired the sidewalk. The letter was read and referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

Adjourned to next Tuesday.

BIG FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefited. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

DOMINION LINE TO EUROPE

Fast Twin-Screw Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL

N. England . Oct. 1 | Com'with . Oct. 22
Mayflower . . Oct. 8 | N. England . Oct. 29
Columbia . . Oct. 15 | Mayflower . . Nov. 5

1st class, $50 upwards; 2d class, $42.50; 3d class at low rates.

From Boston TO MEDITERRANEAN DIREOT

AZORES, GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Cambroman . . . . . Oct. 31
Vancouver . . . . . Oct. 10, Nov. 21

1st class, $70 upwards; 2d class, $50.

Company's Office, 77 State St. Boston, or Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, B. F. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

CUNARD LINE

Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,280 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool,
Ivernia sails Nov. 7, Dec. 8.
Ultonia Oct. 17, Nov. 21, Dec. 26.
Saxonia Oct. 24, Nov. 28.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply ALEXANDER MARTIN, agent, 126 State street, Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass.

J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.

O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.

PHIL & WIDEN, 49 Lundberg street, Lowell, Mass.

ANDRIS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

Home Endorsement

Hundreds of Lowell Citizens Can Tell You all About It

Home endorsement, the public expression of Lowell people, should be evidence beyond dispute for every Lowell reader. Surely the experience of friends and neighbors cheerfully given by them will carry more weight than the utterances of strangers residing in far-away places. Read the following:

Mrs. J. Ring, of 90 Bartlett street, says: "The great value of Doan's Kidney Pills is an established fact. I not only used them myself with most excellent results, but several friends, to whom I recommended them, gave them a trial and they all speak in high praise of them. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s pharmacy and their use benefitted me greatly. I also bought them for a lady friend, something I would not have done had I not confidence in them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Highland Remnant Store

30 PINE STREET

Reorganized and restocked. 10,000 yards of new goods just opened at lower prices than ever before.

Ottoman Waistings, Mercerized Cheviots, Mercerized Sea Island Waistings and Suitings, Madras Shirtings and Ginghams, Silks, Sateens, Outing Flannels and American Prints, etc., over 5000 yards in pound bundles.

Shirt Waist Patterns given free to our customers for next 30 days. Come and see how we do it.

Highland Remnant Store

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itching, Scabby Skin Diseases, Swellings, Carbuncles, Pimples, Scrofula

Permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm. It destroys the active Poison in the blood. If you have aches and pains in bones, back and joints, Itching Scabby Skin, Blood feels hot or thin; Swollen Glands, Risings and Bumps on the Skin, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples or offensive eruptions; Copper-Colored Spots or Rash on Skin, all run-down, or nervous; Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Carbuncles or Boils, take

Botanic Blood Balm, guaranteed

to cure even the worst and most deep-seated cases where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Heals all sores, stops all aches and pains, reduces all swellings, makes blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition. B. B. B. has cured to stay cured thousands of cases of Blood Poison even after reaching the last stages.

Old Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema

are caused by an awful poisoned condition of the blood. B. B. B. cures Catarrh, stops Hawking and Spitting; cures Rheumatism, with Aches and Pains; heals all Scabs, Scales, Eruptions, Watery Blisters, with Itching and Scratching of Eczema, by giving a pure, healthy blood supply to affected parts.

Cancer Cured.

Botanic Blood Balm Cures Cancers of all Kinds, Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, ugly Ulcers. It kills the Cancer Poison and heals the Sores or worst Cancer perfectly. If you have a persistent Pimple, Wart, Swelling, Shooting, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer. Many apparently hopeless cases of Cancer cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm

Our Guarantee

Take a large bottle of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) as directed on label, and when the right quantity is taken a cure is certain, sure and lasting. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is

Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens Weak Kidneys and Weak Stomachs, cures Dyspepsia. Sold by all Druggists, $1 per Large Bottle, with complete directions for home cure. SAMPLE SENT FREE by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and special free medical advice, to suit your case, also sent in sealed letter.

Sold in Lowell, Mass., by Ellingwood & Co., corner Merrimack and Central Sts...Call or write...Blood Balm sent by express.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, Phila., Pa.

WOMAN FOUND DEAD

Mrs. Sarah M. Piper Had Been Dead Several Days

The Room Broken Into by Officer Murphy Who Discovered That the Woman Was Dead

Mrs. Sarah M. Piper, a woman about 42 years of age, was found dead in her room, No. 13 Spalding block, at the corner of Central and Prescott streets, last night about eight o'clock. The body was in a bad state of decomposition when found and would indicate that death had occurred several days ago. In all probability death was due to apoplexy, and it is thought that Mrs. Piper passed away sometime Sunday afternoon or evening.

The ghastly find was made by Special Officer J. F. Murphy, who patrols the building. For several days past he has noticed that the gas was lighted in Mrs. Piper's room, but did not think this very strange until yesterday he noticed that a hand bag had been hanging on the door knob of her room all day. Officer Murphy generally sees Mrs. Piper about the building some time during the day, and as the last time he saw her was Sunday afternoon he thought that there must be something wrong.

When Mrs. Piper did not put in an appearance yesterday and as the hand bag had not been disturbed, he knocked on the door, but receiving no response he procured a ladder and placing it against the door climbed up and looked through the transom over the door. The sight which met his eyes was a ghastly one. The body of Mrs. Piper was stretched out on the floor, but a few feet from the door, the face being quite black. Officer Murphy rushed down the stairs into Central street and meeting Inspector Brown informed him of the finding of Mrs. Piper's body.

Accompanied by Officer Burke and Inspector Brown he went up stairs to the room occupied by Mrs. Piper and succeeded in removing a pane of glass in the door. The key was turned and the door unlocked, but the officers found it a rather difficult matter to get into the room without disturbing the body, as it was stretched out close to the door.

The officers finally got into the room and found Mrs. Piper lying on her right side with one hand over her heart and the other stretched out on a sofa pillow which was on the floor nearby. A valuable gold bracelet was on the wrist of the left hand. The odor indicated that decomposition had set in.

In the room were two bird cages which were well stocked with food, but the birds were almost dead from suffocation, as the air in the room was stifling owing to the fumes from the body and on account of the windows being closed.

In conversation with a reporter Mr. Murphy stated that he saw Mrs. Piper alive for the last time Sunday afternoon. She was standing in the doorway of her room at the time and had a short conversation with him. Since that time none of the occupants of the building has seen her.

Letters which were discovered furnished the information that the woman was the wife of Charles A. Piper, a hotel keeper in Derry, N. H., but that husband and wife had been living apart for some time. They were married in Lowell in 1886. Capt. Kew notified the Derry police of the facts and it is probable that Mr. Piper will come to Lowell today to take charge of the body.

The woman had left orders with Mr. McKeown of the Concord Express company to call at her room for an empty case of ale bottles on Tuesday. If the curtain was down he was to take that as a signal to come after the case. She had also ordered another case to replace the empty one. The expressman saw the curtain down yesterday and went up to her room as ordered, but could not arouse anybody.

The body was removed to the warerooms of Undertaker Brooks in Market street, where Medical Examiner Irish viewed it. In all probability the cause of death was from apoplexy, but Dr. Irish has not yet signed the return.

"CHALK TALK"

AT THE IMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH.

At the regular meeting of the Junior Endeavor society of the Immanuel Baptist church last night, Rev. Ralph Gillam gave an interesting "chalk talk" on "The Little Maid" in the incident of "Naaman the Leper," which was greatly enjoyed by the young people.

The society has started out with much earnestness and enthusiasm at the opening of the campaign. At the recent semi-annual election of officers the following young people were chosen for the respective offices: President, Maud Cates; vice president, Gertrude Tallant; secretary, Caroline Pauly; treasurer, Ethel Estabrook.

THE FUN IS ON.

Monday Oct. 12th, J. S. Bamford Co. will open their new store at the old stand, 198 and 200 Merrimack street. Black dress goods and laces will be our specialties. Our black goods are all new and if you want a good, up-to-date dress, come here. All next week we offer a handsome souvenir with all $1 purchases. They are pretty and worth from 50c to $1.00. Be on hand Monday.

ON PAYING BASIS

Edson Cemetery Will Soon be Placed

WELCOME NEWS FOR APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

At Its Fall Meeting Last Night

The appropriations committee met yesterday afternoon and heard for the first time in years an encouraging statement from the cemetery trustees, for the trustees have turned $21,000 into the city treasury this year and have $3000 outstanding.

The committee after hearing the trustees and Supt. Conlon of the public buildings department voted to recommend a loan of $7000 for the cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for buildings.

Chairman Derby called to order at 4.30 with five members present and after the reading of the customary communications from the city auditor, Supt. Conlon appeared before the committee.

The latter informed the committee that there were $7 left from the appropriation for public buildings and $29 from the appropriation for schools. He said that $1000 had been spent at the time of the explosion, for repairs. That amount was taken out of the school house appropriation.

Mr. Conlon stated that boilers had been condemned and that a separate appropriation would be needed for them.

Mr. Hilliard wanted to know how Mr. Conlon happened to have spent all of his appropriation.

The appropriation given his department, at the beginning of the year was $17,596.

In response to Councilman Welch's inquiry Supt. Conlon stated that the cost of repairing that portion of Huntington hall which fell in came out of the public buildings appropriation and this was $200 more than was figured in at the beginning of the year when the appropriations were made.

Mr. Conlon was then excused.

The cemetery trustees asked for $3000 more and claimed that the city treasurer has received $3000 or $000 more of late than it ever received before.

Mr. Stevens of the cemetery trustees appeared before the committee and said: "Gentlemen, I made the statement that the cemetery can be made a source of income to the city rather than an expense and that the trustees intend to make it so?"

Mr. Stevens said that the trustees wanted money to build a new barn. The barn was built by the city on leased land owned by Mr. Clark, the former superintendent. The lease has run out and Mr. Clark refuses to give the city a new lease and hence the trustees may lose their barn at any time.

In reply to a question by Councilman Welch, Mr. Stevens said that it was his ambition to make the strip of land owned by the city in the rear of the cemetery (7 acres) a burial place, although Mr. Clark had previously told the committee that the land was no good for burial purposes. This land he said had been used by the cemetery trustees this year for top dressing and filling and he believed that it should be planted with grass seed and used for sods.

"But," said Mr. Stevens, "I am not interested in any new cemetery. I only want to see the present Edson cemetery beautified and put on a paying basis and I want to get off the trustees as soon as I can. I have had about enough of it, although I like notoriety that way. I don't give a damn what they say about me, only I am going to see that the city is protected financially while I am on the trustees."

"The trustees ask for $5,000," began Mr. Derby.

"Not to my knowledge," said Mr. Stevens. "I don't know anything about any $3000. We wanted a new barn and some lots graded, but no amount was fixed to my knowledge. I came here to ask for a new barn and the grading of the lots and I want to ask another thing as a matter of justice, man to man. The superintendent has the best kind of laborers and they get only $1.57 a day and they should get $1.75."

Mr. Stevens was excused shortly afterward and Supt. Wotton, armed with a lot of figures, was called.

CEMETERY NEEDS.

Mr. Wotton made a warm opening, stating that the trustees' estimate of the cost of a new barn and other repairs is $7262. The department, he said, had turned into the city this year $14,556.67 for deeds, work, etc. They had turned in $5350 for perpetual care and were entitled furthermore to $1059 interest on the perpetual care fund, and $1010 from undertakers and the pauper department for opening graves. The total income of the cemetery department was $21,000. The original appropriation was $7000, and this has been somewhat overrun. Now the trustees ask for $7262, making the total appropriation considerably under the amount of the income.

Alderman Derby didn't believe that the collection of old bills for deeds was income. "An income," said Mr. Derby, "is money that comes in yearly."

Mr. Wotton said that all the money given to the department for grading and the like would be turned back into the city treasury.

Mr. Mountford, secretary of the trustees, was then called and he had the affairs of the department at his tongue's end and set the committee right with regard to cemetery affairs. The $3000 order, he said, was merely an estimate and when the figures were inserted he was under the impression that they could be changed by the committee. After explaining the other needs of the department, he stated that the $7262 asked for, included a raise in pay to $1.75 per day. He said that the men worked nine hours a day for $1.57 and that they would be willing to continue the nine-hour day for $1.75.

"Why don't you put them on eight hours per day?" asked Councilman Welch.

"I am willing," replied Mr. Mountford, "though it is hard, owing to the uncertain nature of the work."

"When you go back you had better rearrange your time schedule so as to put your men on eight hours. They have hard work," was Councilman Welch's parting injunction to the trustees as they were excused.

The orders before the committee were then taken up and Councilman Welch moved that the order transferring $2000 from the general treasury fund to be placed, $1000 to school house sundries and $1000 to the public buildings department.

Councilman Welch said that the department had been run very economically this year when compared with other years.

Alderman Gerow of the lands and buildings stated that he did not know how much it cost other years but he did know that the department had got along as cheap as any other department.

Councilman Hilliard said that he thought the committee should go slow, not in the lands and buildings department alone, but in all departments.

"Suppose the departments need more money to move along with?" asked Alderman Gerow.

"Don't give them any money," said Mr. Hilliard.

"Then they will lay dead," said the alderman.

"Let them lay," said Mr. Hilliard.

Mr. Welch believed in conducting the city departments properly and asked Mr. Hilliard if he was crying economy on account of no-license.

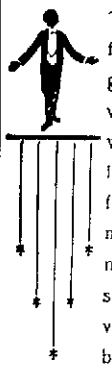
"No, I don't consider that because I am a no-license man," said Mr. Hilliard. "I believe that the loss of revenue from license money means a good deal to the city," said Mr. Derby.

It was then voted to recommend the order.

On the cemetery trustees' order Councilman Adams moved that a loan of $7000 be recommended. The motion passed unanimously.

Adjourned at 5.10 o'clock.

CHEATED



The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it, cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight, it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell. It is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

PLEASANT SOCIAL

HELD AT THE C. Y. M. L. HEADQUARTERS.

The winter table, connected with the Harvest festival, which is to be conducted by the C. Y. M. L. of St. Patrick's church, held a social last evening in their hall in Suffolk street. There was a good sized attendance and dancing was enjoyed during the evening.

IN AYER COURT

GEORGE NORCROSS CHARGED WITH ILLEGAL SELLING.

In the police court at Ayer Monday, George Norcross was charged with illegally selling liquor. He was arrested at Graniteville Monday.

When asked to plead to the charge of illegal selling the prisoner said he would as yet be unable to plead either guilty or not guilty, as he had not consulted with his lawyer on the matter. On the charge of keeping a nuisance he pleaded not guilty. The case was continued to Saturday.

NORTH BILLERICA.

The Republican club held its semi-annual meeting Monday evening for the ensuing six months, the following being the officers elected:

President, Richard Perry; first vice-president, William Chambers; second vice-president, William Wainright; secretary, D. J. MacDonald; treasurer, J. Thomas Whitehead; executive committee, William McBride, Thomas A. Ellis, Harry G. Sheldon; auditing committee, George H. Perry, Charles Irish and Charles S. Maxwell.

A well attended meeting of the Fr. Mathew Total Abstinence society was held last night in their rooms on Lowell street. Plans were discussed for the anniversary, which will take place on Saturday, Nov. 14. The following committee will have charge of the affair:

James J. Campbell, Edward A. Morris, Edward Riley, Fred Gannon, John Hughes, Frank Hannon, John Bradley, Daniel Twomey, Carrol Delehanty, Joseph O'Toole and Neal Mahoney.

CARDERS UNION MET.

The Carders' union met last evening in McCarthy's block in Palmer street. Twelve members were initiated and 15 applications received. The union has decided to hold a ball on the 23d of October and the following officers have been appointed: General manager, Edward McKeon; assistant general manager, Miss Mary E. Sheridan; floor director, Thomas F. Carthy; assistant floor director, Miss Mary Comiskey; chief aid, John Mullarkey. Arthur Simpson was named as chairman of the reception committee, with a number of aids. All appointments were made by acclamation.

An Expert Druggist's Opinion

Mr. Milton C. Brigham, a prominent druggist of Natick, Mass., states, after having used U-ri-cene, the new Rheumatism Cure: "Without exaggeration I consider U-ri-cene far superior to any Rheumatic Remedy, imported or domestic, for neutralizing uric acid. I am constantly using it, and am receiving much benefit."

U-ri-cene Tablets are guaranteed effective or your money refunded. For sale at leading drug stores everywhere or by mail postpaid upon receipt of price, 50c.

The Woodbury Chemical Co.,
307 Summer Street.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NO WITCHCRAFT

in Sunlight, though Mrs. A. B. Jones, of 20 9th St., Providence, R. I., says of it: "That there must be witchcraft in Sunlight Soap, for the dirt just seemed to fall out of the clothes." Work in the Sunlight way by using

Sunlight

Costs no more than common soaps — Only Five Cents.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR LAUNDRY SHAPE

Music You'll Enjoy

If you'll only get the right basis for it. We offer the leading and best makes of pianos that have tone and character. They'll hold for years and always satisfy.

If You're Looking

for something that will be a pleasure to you and to your friends, remember here is the right place to find it.

M. Steinert & Sons Co.

130 MERRIMACK STREET

The Most Reliable Piano House.
All the Latest and Most Popular Sheet Music.

TEETH

OUR RULE—PERFECT WORK, PAINLESS PROCESS, POPULAR PRICES.

Patrons ordering a

SET OF BEST TEETH

Will be given a Gold Crown or two Gold Fillings FREE.

GOLD CROWNS .....$3.00 to $5.00
GOLD FILLINGS $1.00
SILVER FILLINGS 50c

HOURS—8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS, Rooms 16-17-18-19 Runels Bldg., Lowell, Mass.

COAL PRICES REDUCED

At prices quoted below we are selling the best quality that can be bought of freshly mined coal. Thoroughly screened.

All Sizes . . . $6.75 Per Ton
No. 2 Nut . . . . . $6.00 Per Ton
Coke $5.00 Chaldron . $2.50 Half Chaldron

DRY BOBBIN WOOD

5 Baskets $1.00

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

LOWELL COAL CO.

43 Central Street 15 Thorndike Street

After Baby Comes

there is nourishment for both convalescent mother and nursing child in

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S *Malt-Nutrine* TRADE MARK.

It is an already digested food easily retained by the most delicate stomach.
It restores health and strength—supplies the nutriment needed—builds flesh and tissue.
A real malt extract—not an intoxicant; contains less than 2 % of alcohol.

All druggists sell it. Prepared by the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Cremo is a cigar of invariable goodness that is sold in every town and at the *one price* of 5 cents. Any one that sells it for less does so with the endeavor to reflect on Cremo quality at the cost of profit.

The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

COLLISION WITH CAR

TEAM DAMAGED ON MIDDLESEX STREET YESTERDAY.

There was considerable excitement in Middlesex street, near Post Office avenue, yesterday afternoon, about five o'clock, when an inbound Middlesex street car collided with a wagon belonging to the Lowell Packing & Provision Co., which was coming through the avenue.

The wagon and the car came together in such a manner that it was found very difficult to disentangle them. The horse was taken out of the shafts and the power on the car was reversed, releasing the wagon. When the power was reversed the car went back with a jerk and threw the conductor off the rear platform, but he escaped with a few scratches.

MEETING OF COMPANY G.

The regular meeting of Company G was held last night in their rooms at the state armory. One new member was admitted to membership. Arrangements were also made for a complimentary dance next month.

A Character Study of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria

IT is difficult to strike a balance between the good and the glaringly reprehensible traits of character of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who is just now perhaps the most talked of man in Europe. He is a queer mixture of weakness and strength, of candor and treachery, of bravery and cowardice.

That he is brave seems to be conceded, for in his private life he has done many things from which any but a thoroughly courageous man or a fool would shrink. It is also true that the consuming ambition of his life is to go down in history as the best ruler Bulgaria has ever known. His idea of the means to that end is to be summed up in the two words "territorial aggrandizement." Alexander, his predecessor, was a good soldier; many declared him a military genius. He added to the territory of Bulgaria, and Ferdinand would die happy if he could do so with the knowledge that his country had grown in area under his administration more than under that of Alexander.

But that Ferdinand is also a coward was most fully demonstrated recently by his precipitate flight from his palace in Sofia. News had been brought to him that he was to be assassinated. He doubtless had the fate of his neighbor, Alexander of Servia, in mind, and he fled incontinently. From one city to another he wandered, afraid evidently to return to Sofia. Meanwhile his country had reached a point in her relations with Turkey when an open declaration of war would have ensued, but that Turkey was unwilling thus to dignify a vassal state like Bulgaria. Ferdinand was anxious to be at the head of his armies, for at last there was a chance of the fulfillment of his dream of years—the acquisition of territory, more particularly that of Macedonia, on whose account the difficulty with the sultan was ostensibly begun. But he was afraid to go back; of that there can be no doubt. At last, spurred on by his advisers and probably greatly influenced by the fact that all talk of plotting against the government had been effectually silenced by the danger threatening from outside, he returned to Sofia, but not, it is said, until his mother had exacted from the king of England a promise to keep a war ship within easy reach of her son.

Ferdinand is noted among the members of his official household for his absolute candor in discussing even the most trivial matters, and yet there is ample evidence of his treachery to those whom he has used to further his purposes. For instance, there recently died in Budapest a man named Philip Waldapfel, who after the abdication of Alexander devoted time and money toward making Ferdinand prince of Bulgaria. Toward Waldapfel Ferdinand's conduct was as despicable as can be imagined. When Alexander abdicated, Ferdinand employed Waldapfel to direct a propaganda having for its purpose Ferdinand's selection as Alexander's successor. Immediately thereafter the papers were filled with stories of Ferdinand's fitness for the vacant post. Waldapfel spent a good deal of money in visiting persons supposed to have influence in Bulgaria. When Ferdinand had become the ruler of Bulgaria, Waldapfel, his erstwhile press agent, modestly sent him a bill amounting to about $5,000 for actual expenses. Ferdinand casually sent him a check for $600. Waldapfel was infuriated and went to Sofia to press his claim. But Ferdinand made it so hot for him that he was obliged to leave after having in despair expressed his willingness to compromise for $2,000. Ferdinand refusing, suits were begun in the Austro-Hungarian courts.

The most damaging disclosures were made concerning Ferdinand, but he never paid, and finally succeeded in bringing about Waldapfel's arrest on a charge of conspiracy to get hold of the fortune of a very rich elderly widow, Mrs. Rucker of Vienna. The charge was baseless, and Waldapfel was discharged from custody. Ferdinand evidently concluded at this time that something would have to be done, for shortly after Waldapfel removed to Budapest, where he went into the real estate business. He had very few calls, but seemed to enjoy a comfortable income, supplied, rumor said, by Ferdinand's mother. After brooding over the heartlessness of the prince for some time Waldapfel was committed to an insane asylum, where he died a short time ago.

Another unsavory episode in the career of Ferdinand was the assassination of Stamboloff, prime minister of Bulgaria. Stamboloff was called for in a carriage, which was stopped after it had proceeded a short distance, and the prime minister was literally hacked to pieces by the hired assassins. Stamboloff's widow had her husband's hands embalmed and has since kept them in a case as object lessons to her children of the treachery of monarchs toward ministers whom they are unable to control and as reminders to her offspring that Ferdinand is their inveterate enemy, who must be reckoned with in the future. It was pretty generally admitted that Ferdinand was at least cognizant of the plot to murder Stamboloff, and it was argued that inasmuch as he did nothing to prevent the consummation of the dastardly scheme he was as guilty as the actual slayers. That made him many enemies in Bulgaria, but as Stamboloff was not overpopular with the classes, no matter how he might have stood with the masses, nothing was done to punish his murderers beyond going through the farce of trying some men where conviction was impossible and who were, of course, discharged.

Ferdinand added largely to his list of enemies by the wide circulation given to the story that he was at the bottom of the abduction of Miss Stone, the American missionary, by Macedonian brigands. Attempts to prove that he was in no way concerned in the matter were woeful failures, though his actual advance knowledge of the plan was never clearly demonstrated. But it is a fact that Miss Stone's abductors were high in the confidence of the revolutionary committee and that the money paid for her release was used to spread the propaganda of rebellion against the misrule of Turkey.

Ferdinand's position just now is about as follows: If he can assist Macedonia in putting up such a fight against Turkey that the sultan will either find it inexpedient to prolong the struggle or is prevented by the powers from waging a war of extinction Bulgaria's independence would undoubtedly be proclaimed. Naturally, too, Macedonia would have the Turkish yoke lifted from her already well galled shoulders. But Macedonia is confessedly too weak to be permitted to become an independent monarchy, with all the power for making mischief that that implies. What, then, more likely than that Macedonia should be made a part of Bulgaria? If that were done, of course Ferdinand would be the ruler, for is he not now at the head of the government of Bulgaria? And, besides, he would have achieved his consuming ambition to add to Bulgaria more territory than was added by his predecessor, Alexander.

That is Ferdinand's argument, and it affords an excellent illustration of the superficiality of the man. He assumes that in the event of the merging of Macedonia into Bulgaria he, being the ruler of the latter state, would also necessarily be the king of the greater country. While most persons in Bulgaria are doubtless willing to admit that that would probably be the outcome of a coalition following independence, there are very few so bold as to declare that it would be inevitable. Indeed, the smallest politician in either Bulgaria or Macedonia realizes that Boris Sarafoff is a possibility as king of the country, or, rather, as president, for this wily leader of men now declares that he should never consent to wear a crown and that if the people should insist upon honoring him with the rulership of the country he would accept only on condition that a republic be established. He probably does not mean a word of this, but it sounds well and makes friends of the easily deluded Bulgarians, whose ideas of government are vague almost to the point of nothingness.

It has often been said by travelers and keen political observers that Bulgaria is the most lawless country in the world, and there is little exaggeration in this statement. Brigandage there, while not openly countenanced by the state, is winked at and in many cases indirectly participated in by high local and sometimes even national officials. The code of morals of a country in which such crimes are regarded as commonplaces cannot be very high, and the average Bulgarian's idea of meum et tuum are scandalously vague.

The morals of the people might easily have been improved by a man of force determined to do right at all hazards. But he would have to be free from the enervating effect of a hobby. Ferdinand had his hobby, and instead of attempting to lead his people he permitted himself to be led by them, fearing that conscientious action on his part might interfere with that everlasting hobby of his. It is therefore possible that, as many of her enemies assert, Bulgaria is not exactly fitted for strict self government. Certainly with Ferdinand as king she would not be a model for other nations to follow. But, the Bulgarians argue, nothing can be worse than the present conditions, under which they are obliged actually to pay for the privilege of submitting to misrule, and it is therefore not surprising that any demagogue who pitches his song to the tune of "Separation From Turkey" finds thousands of noisily enthusiastic listeners who really imagine themselves to be in earnest. Still it must be admitted that the worst these demagogues can say—and your true Bulgarian politician is nearly always a demagogue—does not go beyond the facts. Turkey's misrule in Bulgaria has been more irritating than in Macedonia, for there is a feeling of resentment toward Bulgaria because of her semiautonomous condition, and the indignities are therefore rubbed into them a little deeper than into the people of Macedonia, whose helpless condition is accepted as a matter of course.

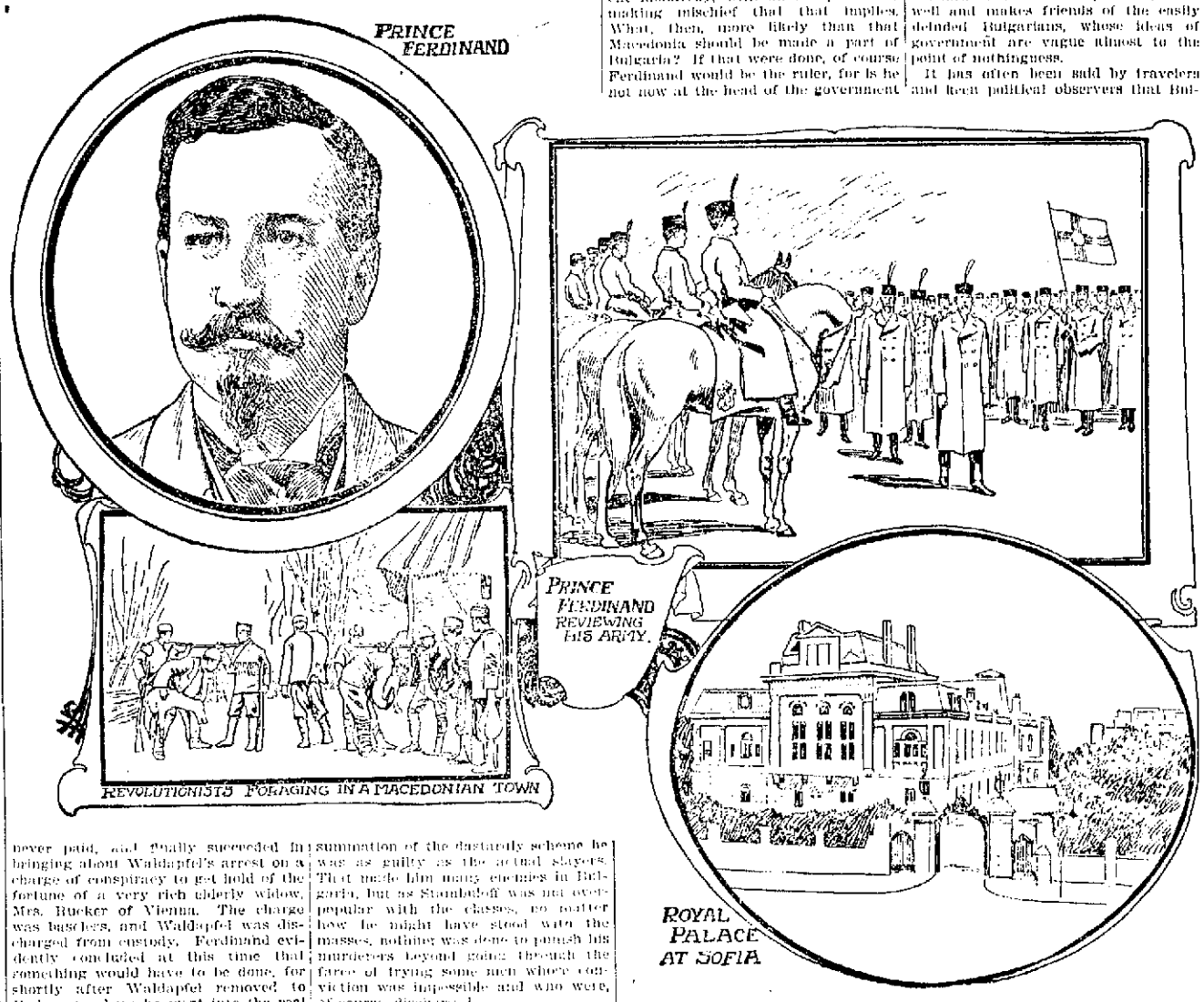
In spite of his unwillingness to do anything to prejudice his people against him, Ferdinand is forever "making a mess" of things. It has always been to his interest to cultivate the friendship of Russia, but the more he tried to do this the farther he found himself away from the friendship zone of the Winter palace. At last he hit upon a brilliant scheme. His son and heir, Boris, was about two years old when Ferdinand caused the announcement to be made that the youngster had "accepted the tenets" of the Greek Catholic church, the official church of Russia. All of the little fellow's relatives are Roman Catholics, and from them, including his mother, and a large section of the Bulgarian public arose a hue and cry which caused Ferdinand to realize that he was not such a great diplomat as he had imagined. But the farce was gone through with to the bitter end, and the princelet was formally received into the Greek Catholic church, the czar sending a prominent representative and a handsome present. He also wrote a letter of congratulation, but letters do not bear arms, and while since then there has been a nominal friendship between Ferdinand and the czar the latter has never done anything to forward the plans of the former. Indeed, in the present trouble with Turkey he has appeared to be totally against Ferdinand. At any rate no act of the czar's has warranted Ferdinand in assuming that in the event of serious trouble he will interfere in behalf of Bulgaria. So that, while Ferdinand by his absurd act concerning the changing of the religion of little Boris has really got nothing from the czar in return, he has unquestionably succeeded in alienating the sympathies of hundreds of thousands of his subjects, who would rather enjoy their monarch's discomfiture so long as no danger threatened from the outside. That is why the pretensions of Sarafoff would be more than an empty sound in the event of Bulgaria's securing complete severance from Turkish dominion. Sarafoff is popular with the people, and, though in the opinion of keen observers he is as thorough a demagogue as ever lived, circumstances have never afforded him the opportunity to show the cloven foot.

In addition to his other evidences of incapacity, Ferdinand has succeeded in making his country bankrupt. If her present deplorable financial condition is not directly the result of his mismanagement it may at least be charged against him upon the theory that the wise ruler is he who will permit nothing to occur the authorship of which he would not gladly assume. For several years even the Turks have been unable to collect in full from Bulgaria, and when the Turkish government is unable to collect it is pretty safe to assume that there is nothing to collect. Since 1906 not one cent of the eastern Roumelian tribute, payable by the Bulgarian treasury to the council of administration of the Ottoman public debt at Constantinople and pledged to foreign bondholders, has been paid, and it is only through the financial assistance of Russia that the Bulgarian treasury has been able to pay the interest on the debt contracted in France. Russia finds her advantage in lending money to Bulgaria by exacting 6 and 7 per cent interest and obtaining it in Germany and Holland at 4 per cent., being very careful to secure handsome collateral in the shape of hypothecation of customs revenues and in the obtaining of monopolies of one kind and another, all of which strengthen the Muscovite hold on the unfortunate country. But this sort of thing cannot go on forever. Even Ferdinand recognizes that fact, and it is doubtless one of the many causes which have impelled him to welcome war as a temporary diversion.

In his personal relations Ferdinand is said to be usually a genial fellow, although when angry he is apt to adapt his rage to the influence of the person who has offended, even here showing that he never has the courage of his convictions. He is generous so far as actual giving is concerned, even though he does not always stop to consider where the money is to come from when the day for settlement shall roll around. He is a fine looking man and socially is very agreeable, alike to men and women. He has never disgraced himself by mingling openly with that class of women who are to be found about every court, women who are supported by the bounty of distant relatives and are not overparticular in the selection of their intimates. Ferdinand is not extravagant in his tastes and spends barely enough money to maintain his dignity as the ruler of a state. He is not much of a sportsman, although he occasionally indulges in hunting in the mountains. Some years ago he was very fond of walking, but since he has been prince of Bulgaria he prefers to ride; walking is so much work. He is credulous to a degree and, like all superstitious persons, is extremely suspicious. That explains why he has so few men who may be relied upon to support his cause to the death.

Ferdinand's career prior to his advent in Bulgaria is not in any way notable. He was born in February, 1861, his parents being the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg. He was elected ruler of Bulgaria in July, 1887, upon the recommendation of a committee of three appointed to scour Europe in search of an available successor to Alexander, who had abdicated. Six years later Ferdinand married Princess Marie Louise of Bourbon, daughter of the Duke of Parma. She died in 1899, leaving four children. Prince Boris, the heir apparent, is not yet ten years of age; Prince Cyril is eight, and the Princesses Eudoxie and Nadjeda are, respectively, five and four years old.

ARTHUR CRISPIN.



A Mammoth City Extending From Boston to Washington

IMAGINE if you can a city 450 miles in length with a width of from five to ten miles and embracing a population of at least 60,000,000! Never in the history of the world has there been anything approaching such a mammoth municipal organization, and yet in view of conditions developing along the Atlantic seaboard sociologists are freely predicting that within from fifty to seventy-five years the United States will possess just such a city stretching from Boston to Washington and swallowing in its immensity such minor aggregations of humanity as are contained in New York, Philadelphia, Newark, Jersey City, Baltimore, Providence, New London, Stonington, New Haven, Bridgeport, Hartford, Elizabeth, Trenton, Chester, Wilmington and their intermediary connections. The prophecy seems visionary in the extreme, yet those making it advance some very plausible arguments.

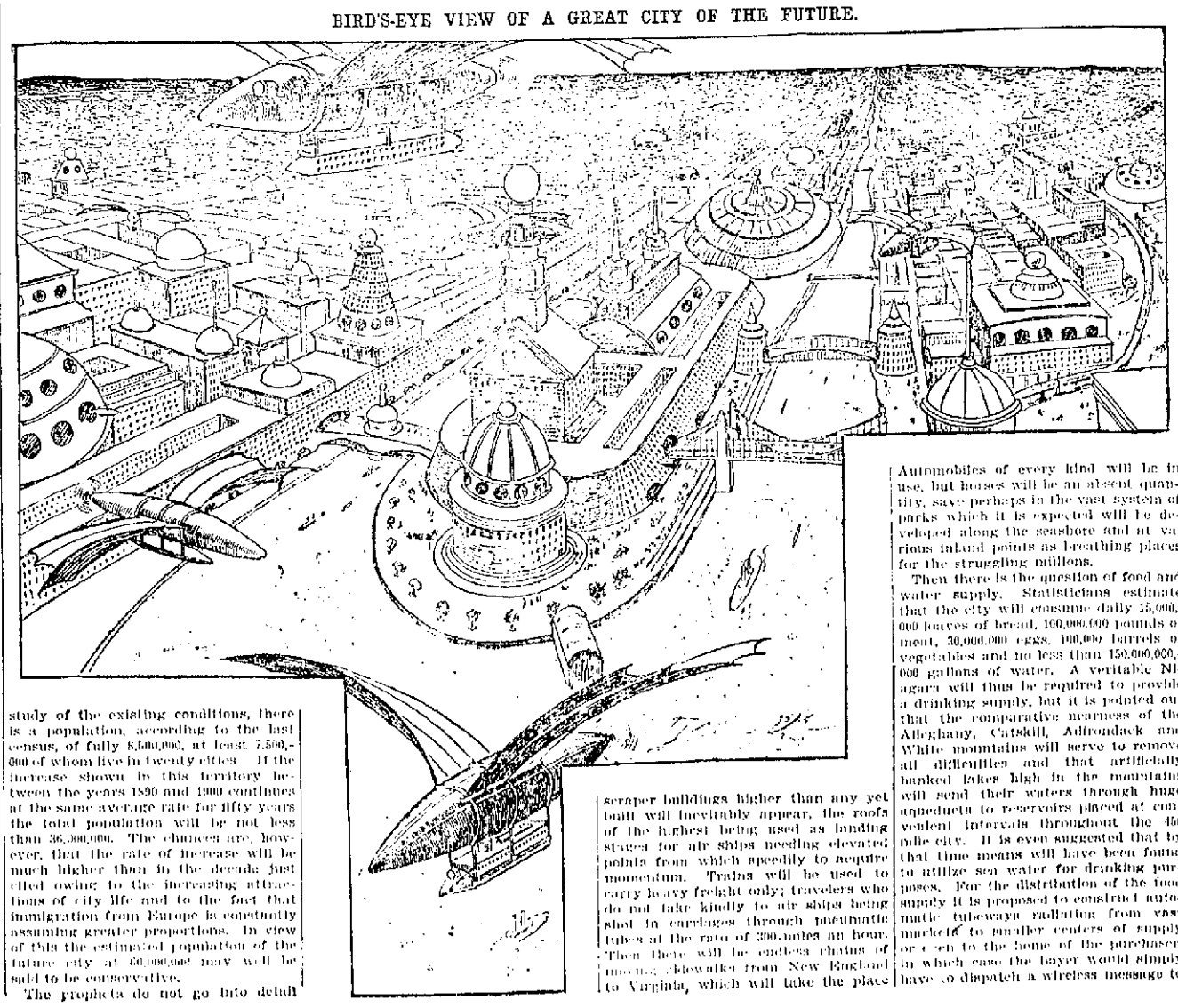
They point out, for example, the way in which the various cities and towns comprised in the area named above are yearly growing closer and closer to one another, the villages lying between them being practically suburbs of the larger places. They show further how trolley extension is proceeding on such a gigantic scale that it will not be long before we are able to ride by trolley all the way from Boston to Washington. Today one can ride in trolley cars from Boston to New York with a break of but a few miles. In New Jersey the trolley links town with town in like fashion. Similar conditions prevail in the country around Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore.

All along the route, the prophets argue, may be seen ample signs that the cities are fast eating up what was not so long ago open country. They cite the fact that in the railroad journey from New York to Boston the traveler beholds little but a vivid panorama of flying towns. He scarcely loses sight of the houses and stores of one center before his eyes are greeted by the houses and stores of another. The country is being turned into an almost unbroken line of mansions, villas, tenements, shops, factories, lampposts and electric light and trolley wires. The land unoccupied by buildings is not given up to farms as in the past, but to truck and flower gardens, small pastures, orchards and meadows, and even these are vanishing in the ever greater demand for house lots.

Indeed, it was as much the remarkable growth in population as anything else that first attracted the attention of the scientists who are now planning the colossal city. Between Lynn, Mass., and Mount Vernon, Va., the limits assigned to the coming city by Professor Giddings of Columbia university, who has made a thorough study of the existing conditions, there is a population, according to the last census, of fully 8,000,000, at least 7,500,000 of whom live in twenty cities. If the increase shown in this territory between the years 1890 and 1900 continues at the same average rate for fifty years the total population will be not less than 36,000,000. The chances are, however, that the rate of increase will be much higher than in the decade just cited owing to the increasing attractions of city life and to the fact that immigration from Europe is constantly assuming greater proportions. In view of this the estimated population of the future city at 60,000,000 may well be said to be conservative.

The prophets do not go into detail regarding the solution of the great problems that will inevitably arise if the monster city become a fact. In a rough way they hint what may have to be done and suggest ways of doing it. For instance, there would be the problem of transportation. This they would solve by means of air ships, pneumatic tubes and submarine and supramarine vessels of great speed. They suggest, further, that as a corollary to the development of aerial navigation skyscraper buildings higher than any yet built will inevitably appear, the roofs of the highest being used as landing stages for air ships needing elevated points from which speedily to acquire momentum. Trains will be used to carry heavy freight only; travelers who do not take kindly to air ships being shot in carriages through pneumatic tubes at the rate of 300 miles an hour. Then there will be endless chains of moving sidewalks from New England to Virginia, which will take the place of the present systems of rapid transit. The sidewalks may be built very wide and in parallel strips, each strip moving at a varied speed, so that pedestrians may be carried along at three or sixty miles an hour, as they may elect.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF A GREAT CITY OF THE FUTURE.



Automobiles of every kind will be in use, but horses will be an absent quantity, save perhaps in the vast system of parks which it is expected will be developed along the seashore and at various inland points as breathing places for the struggling millions.

Then there is the question of food and water supply. Statisticians estimate that the city will consume daily 15,000,000 loaves of bread, 100,000,000 pounds of meat, 30,000,000 eggs, 100,000 barrels of vegetables and no less than 150,000,000,000 gallons of water. A veritable Niagara will thus be required to provide a drinking supply, but it is pointed out that the comparative nearness of the Alleghany, Catskill, Adirondack and White mountains will serve to remove all difficulties and that artificially banked lakes high in the mountains will send their waters through huge aqueducts to reservoirs placed at convenient intervals throughout the 450 mile city. It is even suggested that by that time means will have been found to utilize sea water for drinking purposes. For the distribution of the food supply it is proposed to construct automatic tubeways radiating from vast markets to smaller centers of supply or even to the home of the purchaser, in which case the buyer would simply have to dispatch a wireless message to the central market, and his larder would be replenished in double quick time.

Then there are the purely municipal problems to be answered. The prophets do not venture even to guess at the value of personal property in this stupendous organism, but they estimate that the assessed valuation of real estate will be at least 100 times greater than that of the New York of today, or approximately $35,000,000,000! Think of the amount that will annually accrue to the city from taxation! But the civic expenses will be correspondingly heavy. The seers aver, for instance, that a police force of nearly 300,000 men will be necessary to safeguard life and property. In other words, the city will have to maintain a standing army for its internal defense. There will be 12,000 miles of paved streets to be cleaned and kept in repair, and for this an army of "white wings" will be necessary. Still another army will be required to fight fires. Just how the city shall be governed will be a knotty problem, for it is certain that present methods will have to be modified considerably.

So certain of fulfillment do the sociologists deem their prophecy that they are already beginning seriously to consider the question of naming the city. It has been suggested in some quarters that a fitting name would be Atlantis, in memory of the lost continent lying beneath the mighty ocean on which the newborn colossus will raise its head. Possibly a more appropriate name, however, would be Cosmopolis, for the citizens of foreign birth will be numbered not by the hundreds of thousands, but by the millions. Every nation on earth will be represented, and the new city will thus be the most truly cosmopolitan ever known.

ELI J. MILTON.

IS IVY INJURIOUS?

So long as the walls of a building are sound and the bricks or stones, well cemented together, offer no fissures or cracks for the plant to force its way into there is nothing whatever to fear. Should the ivy, however, find an opening and so thrust itself into the wall the natural and continuous expansion of its parts will tend to loosen the stones and hasten the decay of the building.

A fair growth of ivy on sound walls that allow of no advances beyond the superficial attachment of the claspers, or aerial roots, as they are called, is altogether beneficial. It promotes dryness and warmth, counteracts the corrosive action of the atmosphere and is at once a shelter and an ornament.

These aerial roots are not sources of nutrition, but merely serve as mechanical support to the climbing ivy. The contention that they sap the whole of the moisture from mortar, leaving it excessively dry and crumbling, has therefore no foundation in fact.

JAPANESE WEDDING GIFTS.

Japanese wedding presents are not of the practical character favored in Europe, but are chiefly intended to express some suitable sentiment. Thus at a recent native wedding the most prominent gift was a mountain formed of rolls of white and red floss silk, the ends of each roll being tied with particolored twine in hard knots, emblematic of the indissolubility of the marriage tie. The floss silk typified gentle but enduring constancy, the strength of its skeins contrasting with their softness and flexibility. Round the base of the mountain were ornaments of fresh rice straw plaited into the forms of the storks and tortoises of longevity and the pine bamboo and plum of perpetual bloom, while into the loops of the plants were thrust pieces of the dried bonito fish, a favorite accompaniment of wedding presents, its name, katsu wobushi, being a homonyn for the three Chinese characters signifying victorious, manly and brave.

THE SHREWD THAKOOR.

Dilatory railway travelers who are in the habit of missing their trains should take a hint from a certain thakoor of Jaipur, who once had important business to transact at Akbaradad, but missed his train on the Rajputana state railway. Nothing daunted, the thakoor gathered up his quilted skirts for a race with the train to the next station, feeling confident he would arrive in time to obtain the vexatious ticket. He went soon ahead, and then knowingly ran in front of the engine between the rails, for he rightly conjectured that it would be manslaughter were he run over. The driver whistled and the stoker shouted, but in vain. At length both driver and stoker jumped off the engine, and, giving chase, caught the breathless thakoor and deposited him in the baggage van. He was fined eight annas (a shilling), a sum considerably less than the cost of a railway ticket, and he caught the train, which was what he wanted.

A TRICK WORTH KNOWING.

Cut a common radish in two, hollow the interior slightly, then rub it gently upon a dinner plate. In a moment you can lift up the radish by the tail and the plate with it, for the plate will adhere as tightly as if the two objects were pasted together. This is known as the "Hercules radish trick."

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.43	6.50	6.00	7.07
6.21	7.40	6.30	7.20
e6.38	7.30	7.54	8.54
6.42	7.53	8.25	9.01
e7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.38
e8?.24	8.10	9.20	9.57
7.31	8.50	e10.00	10.37
7.45	8.53	10.17	11.34
8.50	9.40	e11.30	12.07
9.40	10.40	12.00	12.56
11.00	12.03	e1.00	1.35
e11.43	12.25	1.15	1.52
s12.14	1.00	2.00	3.01
1.40	2.50	e3.00	3.38
es1.56	2.30	3.47	5.00
3.03	4.20	4.14	5.30
es3.47	4.30	e5.00	5.33
4.02	4.45	5.38	6.26
4.25	5.30	5.47	6.54
e5.22	6.15	6.14	7.27
5.44	7.10	e7.30	8.06
es6.22	7.05	e8.30	9.08
es7.19	8.00	10.30	11.31
8.42	9.38	11.20	12.22

SUNDAY TRAINS

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
s6.39	7.30	9.00	10.07
7.24	8.10	1.00	1.57
8.45	9.40	5.00	5.58
9.25	10.12	e7.30	8.08
e4.25	5.30	e8.30	9.08
e5.58	7.00	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.30	8.00	7.30	8.34
8.00	8.54	9.25	10.32
9.25	10.39	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.02	11.50	1.08
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.19
12.45	1.57	3.35	4.55
2.30	3.44	4.25	5.45
3.10	4.10	4.59	6.20
3.55	5.04	6.01	7.05
5.06	6.43	6.35	7.48
6.15	7.15	8.33	10.40
7.00	8.00	‡11.15	12.15
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8.15	9.27	8.00	8.17
12.05	1.26	12.00	1.02
4.05	5.18	5.00	6.25
5.50	6.55	8.40	9.40
8.45	9.45		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. station.

eExpress.

sFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

‡ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St. Printer—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

Miss Edith A. Browne is with Mrs. W. F. Courtney, milliner.

Finest Wedding Hacks at O'Donnell's stables, 84 Jefferson street. Tel. 439-4.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF FURNITURE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

MRS. E. TURNER
PERMANENTLY REMOVES
Superfluous Hair and Moles
61 CENTRAL STREET.
Office Hours 9 to 4.

THE ORIENTAL BAZAAR.

Mr. George E. Tradd, a native of Damascus, respectfully invites you to inspect his new establishment of Eastern Art work, including embroideries, table covers, piano covers, silk draperies Egyptian Zouave jackets and dress trimmings; also crockery, china, jewelry, shoes, caps, etc. In fact the collection comprises rare and valuable pieces from Japan, China, India, Turkey, Persia and Egypt. It is the only store of its kind in Lowell. Patronize home industries. 318 Merrimack street.

BOSTON BEATEN

Collins' Men Made a Great Rally

THREE MEN CROSSED PLATE IN NINTH

Phillippe and Dineen In the Box

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 7.—Boston gave Pittsburg a great scare yesterday and came near winning in the last inning. As it was three runs were scored, making the final figures 5 to 4. Boston had two runs in, three men on bases and only one hand out in the last inning. Farrell was sent in to bat for Criger and had his ball landed safely there would have been trouble indeed, but he hit to Clark and was out, Parent scoring on the play.

Then O'Brien was sent to the bat and two strikes were called on him on the first two balls pitched, after which he went out on an easy fly ball to Ritchey and the game was over. In this inning the Bostons made four of their eight hits.

It was the third consecutive win for Phillippe and he has been in the box in three games out of the four. He was extremely effective up to the last inning, for but four hits were made off his delivery in eight innings and but one man got beyond second base off him up to the last inning. He was superbly supported, a dropped thrown ball by Bransfield being the only fielding error for the National league pennant winners. Boston had high hopes that "Bill" Dineen would win, and although hits were more plentiful off him than off Phillippe, he pitched great ball. An omission that was fatal was his failure to cover first in the seventh inning when Beaumont hit to Lachance.

Beaumont afterward scored. Boston played finely, the only error was Dougherty's fumble off Phillippe. At that the play at second was very close, both Ferris and Parent appealed to Umpire Connolly for an out but were denied.

Beaumont, Leach and Wagner were very much in the game with their sticks. Beaumont made his first hits in the series and made up for lost time. Leach did extremely effective work and Wagner drove in what proved to be the winning run by a fly to short centre that Stahl could not reach. Stahl was the only one of the Bostons who managed to get more than one hit.

It was a regular nip and tuck game up to the seventh inning, the score then standing 2 runs to 1.

The score by innings:

Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3—4

Earned runs—Pittsburg 5, Boston 3. Three-base hits—Beaumont. Leach. Stolen bases—Wagner. Double plays—Ritchey and Bransfield, Criger and Parent. First base on balls—Off Dineen 1. Struck by Phillippe 1, by Dineen 7. Time—1h. 30m. Umpires—O'Day and Connolly. Attendance—7600.

GIRL STRIKERS

Started Street Riot in New York

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Twenty-five striking girl rag sorters, formerly employed in the factory of Steinberg Brothers, in First street, made an attack upon the fifteen girls who were employed in their places as the latter were about to enter the factory early today.

Encouraged by 1,000 spectators, the rioting girls tore the clothing of the workers and pummelled them with their fists.

All the windows in the front of the building were broken by missiles thrown by the combatants. A man who tried to protect the working girls, was struck on the head with a brick and after being rescued from the rescuers by the police, sent to the hospital and the police reserves were summoned, but two policemen had quelled the disturbers before the reserves arrived.

One girl, said to be the ring leader, was arrested. The strikers had been out three weeks.

C. F. KEYES - - Auctioneer
OFFICE, OLD B. & M. STATION, GREEN ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Thursday, Oct. 8, 1903, at 1.30 o'clock

AN ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF THE CONTENTS OF TWO HOUSES AT KEYES' AUCTION. THE FURNITURE CONSISTS OF PARLOR SUITS, PIANO, SIDEBOARD, BEDDING, ODD CHAIRS, 3 PARLOR STOVES, ONE INVALID'S CHAIR (RUBBER TIRE, ALMOST NEW), 3 OAK CHAMBER SETS, ONE VERY HANDSOME SIDEBOARD, CUSTOM-MADE, COST $125.00. THE GOODS WILL BE ON EXHIBITION AFTER WEDNESDAY EVENING. THE SALE COMMENCES AT 1.30 SHARP ON THURSDAY, AND EVERYTHING WILL BE SOLD FOR JUST WHAT IT WILL BRING, AS I TAKE NO FURNITURE ON LIMIT.

Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1903, at 3.30 o'clock

A FOUR-TENEMENT HOUSE CONTAINING 20 ROOMS AND ABOUT 2700 SQUARE FEET OF LAND AT NOS. 4 AND 5 BROUGHTON AVENUE, CENTRALVILLE.

The house consists of four tenements, two tenements of four rooms each and two tenements of six rooms. It has the best of sewerage, water closet in cellar, and with little care and attention this property would pay a very large percentage on the amount it will be purchased for. It is always rented for $5.50 a week.

Broughton avenue runs from Lakeview avenue to Front street and is in an excellent neighborhood for small tenements.

As I have not the time to care for property, I have made up my mind to dispose of it on the day advertised, regardless of the weather, for the best bid.

TERMS: $200 must be paid as soon as the property is struck off. Make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneer, who has full charge.

Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1903, at 4 o'clock

A VERY CHOICE BUILDING LOT AT THE CORNER OF WESTFORD AND GIBSON STREETS. THE LOT HAS A FRONTAGE OF 55 FEET ON WESTFORD STREET AND ABOUT 100 FEET ON GIBSON STREET. IT CERTAINLY ADDS GREAT VALUE TO THIS PARCEL BEING A CORNER LOT. IT IS ALSO RIGHT IN THE LOCATION OF MANY BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCES. IF YOU WANT TO LOCATE IN THE HIGHLANDS, YOU WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE YOUR ATTENTION TO THIS SALE, AS IT WILL POSITIVELY BE SOLD ON THE DAY ABOVE ADVERTISED.

TERMS: $150 must be paid as soon as the property is struck off. Make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneer.

C. F. KEYES, in charge.

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 7, 1903

A. G. Pollard & Co.

At Our Clearing Out Sale

In the Garment Section Which Begins

Tomorrow Morning

We offer the most extraordinary low prices ever seen in this city. Read the list through thoroughly—you'll find every item one of the greatest money values.

LADIES' SUITS

In making the closing-out prices for our last season's suits, we have marked them so low that the prices make the skirts which are always good style—bargains themselves.

We offer 20 Ladies' Suits, made from cheviots, fancy mixtures and etamines, worth from $10 to $25, at only **$5 Each**

We offer 10 Ladies' Suits, made from blue and black cheviots and etamines, worth from $25 to $43, at only **$12.50 Each**

LADIES' JACKETS

You may have your choice from the lot of six Jackets for only **$5.00**

One Black Silk Blouse, was $12.75; one Broadcloth, was $13.75; four Covert Cloth Coats, were $10.00 each.

LADIES' DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS

We offer 31 Skirts, finely tailored, made from blue and black mohair, etamines, cheviot, broadcloths, and three Velvet Skirts that have been from $7.50 to $18.00, at only **$5 Each**

Also 16 Dress and Walking Skirts, mohairs, cheviots and novelties, worth from $5.00 to $7.98 each, at only **$3.98 Each**

Two Silk Velvet Skirts, one a gun metal shade, the other a very handsome bluette, have been $26.50, at only **$10 Each**

LADIES' SHIRT WAIST SUITS

There are eight Suits here—your choice for only **$1.19**

Five Muslins, two Piques, one Gingham. They have been $3.98 to $5.50.

SHIRT WAISTS

Just the thing to wear for the next couple of months with the heavy suits and in the house. Here are about five dozen Lawn and Linen Waists that have been from $1.98 to $5.50, only **98c. Each**

Also eight dozen Shirt Waists, made from Lawns, Piques, Ginghams, etc., were 98c to $1.50, only **49c. Each**

SILK PETTICOATS

For $4.50 Each—We offer a half dozen last spring Petticoats that were $6.98 each, black and colors.

For $5.50— There are four colored and three black skirts, were $7.00 to $10.00 each.

LADIES' LONG WINTER COATS

We offer these heavy warm coats at much below the cost prices. 30 Coats made from Kerseys, Oxfords, Greys and Heavy Novelty Cloths; they once sold from $7.50 to $15.00, only **$5 Each**

Also 12 finer Coats, worth from $15.00 to $25.00, are offered at only **$7.50 Each**

LADIES' THREE-QUARTER COATS

At only $5.00 Each—We have four coats—one black, one brown, one castor kersey, and one oxford, marked $10.00 to $20.00.

LADIES' SMALL COATS

Some Misses' sizes among this lot, 13 in all, made from castor, kerseys and fancy cloths, have been $7.50 to $14.75, only **$3.98 Each**

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL COATS

We have 10 in the three-quarter length, handsome coats, that have been $3.98 to $5.00, your choice only **$1.98 Each**

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS

Thirty-four Wrappers, made from Lawns and Percales, odd sizes that have been 98c and $1.25, only **49c. Each**

FINE DRESS WAISTS

Four White Japanese Silk Waists, were $3.98 each, only **$1.49 Each**

Thirteen White Silk and Chiffon and Lace Waists, have been from $7.98 to $16.75, only **$5 Each**

Six Fancy Mercerized Cheviot Waists, with faggoted yoke and sleeves, were $5.49, only **$2.98 Each**

BLACK SILK WAISTS

We have 12 Black Peau de Sole Silk Waists, were $5.50 and $6.49, [illegible] **$4.50 Each**

Also 12 Black Peau de Sole and Black and White, were $7.50 and $8.50, for only **$5.98 Each**

KIMONAS, ETC.

Ten Flannelette Kimonas, have been 49c and 75c each, on[illegible] **39c. Each**

One French Flannel, full length Kimona, with green silk trimming, was $12.50, only **$5.00**

One Japanese Silk Long Kimona, was $10.00, only **$5.00**

Two Short Japanese Kimonas, were $6.00, for **$2.98 Each**

Sale Tomorrow Morning, East Section, Second Floor

CHALIFOUX'S "CHALLENGE SALE"

A Profound Success

How could it be otherwise? What man of good, sound judgment could resist such values as we advertise in this "Challenge Sale?"

Entire Stock Marked at Challenge Prices

We challenge any Clothing or Shoe House in New England to duplicate our goods and our prices at the same time. This may sound big. It does, but we will back it up by delivering the merchandise.

Buy Here and You'll Save From 20 to 50 Per Cent.

Here are a few of the cut prices to give you an idea of what's going on:

The Most Liberal Clothing Offer Ever Made at any Time

$10.00 Warranted All Wool, Black Cheviot Suits, all sizes, Challenge sale price..... $6.00

$10.00 Fine Scotch Mixed Suits, Challenge sale price..... $7.00

$12.00 Handsome Scotch Cheviot Suits, "Coburn cut," Challenge sale price $8.00

$15.00 Extra Nobby Fancy Cheviot, plain Black Thibet and Fancy Worsted Suits, made by "Joan" tailors, Challenge sale price $10.00

$18.00 Suits, the "Lafayette," in beautiful fancy cheviots, Challenge sale price..... $12.00

$20.00 Fancy Overplaid Mixed Suits, hand finished collars, perfect fitting neck and shoulders, Challenge sale price.....$15.00

$22.00 "Donegal" Scotch Mixed Cheviot Suits, finished in the best possible manner, Challenge sale price $16.00

$28, $30 and $35 Suits, made and trimmed better than average custom tailor work, Challenge sale prices .....$20.00, $22.00 and $25.00

Double Breasted Suits, in Black Cheviot, Scotch Mixtures and Fancy Worsteds, made with long roll, narrow, graceful lapel, prices $8.00 to $18.00

An Unprecedented Sale in Fall Underwear

42c Men's Fleece Winter Underwear, Challenge sale price.... 23c

50c Men's Derby Ribbed Fleeced Winter Underwear, Challenge sale price 29c

50c Extra Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear, Challenge sale price, 33c

69c Men's Natural Wool, Camel's Hair Underwear, Challenge sale price 45c

69c Heavy Jersey Ribbed Underwear, superior finish, blue, black, brown and balbriggan color, Challenge sale price..... 45c

69c Double Breasted, Heavy Fleeced Underwear, Challenge sale price 45c

75c Blue Controwook Ribbed Underwear, Challenge sale price..48c

$1.00 Wright's Sanitary Fleeced wear, slightly soiled, Challenge sale price $1.00

$1.50 Lamb's White Wool Underwear, Challenge sale price...$1.00

$1.50 Fine Wool, Scarlet Medicated Underwear, Challenge sale price $1.00

$2.00 Men's Mottled Sanitary Wool Underwear, double breasted, Challenge sale price.....$1.69

Boys' Underwear

38c Boys' Fleeced Underwear, Challenge sale price..... 23c

$1.00 Boys' Worsted Sweaters, Challenge sale price..... 50c

$1.50 Boys' Striped Sweaters, all colors, Challenge sale price.... 95c

Stirring Values in Fashionable Footwear

OUR $2.00 "Frazer Shoes" for men, in velour, vici enamel, patent colt and box calf, calf lined, in all the latest lasts, are equal in wear and style to any $3.50 shoes sold elsewhere.

OUR $1.98 Men's Shoes, in box calf, velour and vici kid, lace, and blucher cut, heavy double and light soles, are equal to $3.00 shoes sold elsewhere.

Ladies' Shoes

$2.00 Ladies' dongola and box calf, heavy and single soles, Challenge sale price.....$1.49

$3.00 Ladies' vici, velour, box calf, and patent colt, heavy and light soles, lace and blucher, also Cuban heels, Challenge sale price...$1.97

$4.00 Ladies' warranted patent colt, made on the very latest last, button, lace and blucher, also Cuban heels, Challenge sale price $3.00

Children's Suits

Handsome Red and Blue Serge Sailor Suits, beautifully trimmed, at.....$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 and $4.00

$2.00 Norfolk Blue Cheviot Suits, sizes 4 to 16 years, Challenge sale price $1.50

$3.00 Norfolk Cheviot Suits, sizes 8 to 15, in neat mixtures, Challenge sale price.....$2.00

$4.00 and $5.00 Norfolk Suits, in handsome Scotch cheviot and cassimeres, Challenge sale prices $3.00 and $4.00

Style, Quality and Economy never stood out so boldly as they do in our present "Challenge Sale."

J. L. CHALIFOUX

47 to 59 Central Street

MARY G. HARRINGTON
VIOLIN
Residence, 110 Fremont Street. Room 9, Old City Hall Building

Miss Nano M. Gallagher
VOICE CULTURE
will receive a limited number of pupils at residence.
26 Lawrence Street

Wilfred Kershaw
(Organist at St. John's Church.)
TEACHER OF PIANO
ROOM 27, ASSOCIATE BLDG.
WEDNESDAYS FROM 2 TILL 7 P. M.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
320, 322, 324 Market St.
Personal attention given to every detail. Funeral chapel, also morgue, connected with this establishment Tel. 439-3.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON
(Successor to M. O'Flahavan.)
STOVES AND FURNACES
Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
147 MARKET STREET. Tel. 953-12.

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Practical Steam Fitters, Pipers Plumbers
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First In Everything.
First in news, first in enterprise and first in the hearts of the people is The Sun,
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

Always on the Move!
Always progressive, never taking a vacation, but alert and alive; that's the continual condition of
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 7 1903 10 PAGES ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK

IMITATED A DOG

Lowell Man's Story of Terrible Suffering

He Had Hydrophobia and Was Cured in Boston—Vicious Bull Dog Bit Him Three Years Ago

Three years ago, while in the employ of a veterinary who conducted a dog hospital in Middlesex street, Joseph Thibeault was badly bitten by a vicious bull dog. His left arm was badly lacerated and the dog's teeth met on one of his ankle bones. At that time Thibeault was 17 years old and lived with his aunt, Mrs. Frank Rey, in Concord street. The veterinary gave the young man some salve to apply to his wounds and he didn't pay any further attention to them.

His aunt told him that he ought to have them cauterized but Joe, as he is familiarly known, said he guessed he would be all right. He had been bitten before and it was a case of familiarity breeding contempt.

Months went by and Joe had almost forgotten that he had been bitten when one day he was suddenly seized by a peculiar pain in the back of his neck. He went home and in the course of a few hours he manifested symptoms of hydrophobia but the attack was not very severe.

A SECOND ATTACK.

A few weeks later he received a second attack. This time it came in the form of a choking sensation and the attack was more violent. He has had two attacks since then and during the course of his two last attacks, and they lasted for hours, it required the combined force of four men to hold him down.

He was employed by the Morse Coach company in Middlesex street when first attacked and men were sent from there to his home at 12 Garnet street to care for him. His sufferings and actions were such that some of the men were unable to stand the strain and asked to be relieved. He barked and yelled and sought to bite everybody near him. Such was the pressure brought to bear by the men engaged in holding him down that his throat, wrists, arms and shoulders were black and blue for weeks.

JOE IS CURED.

Joe has been cured and the Massachusetts General hospital at Boston has to be credited with the cure. He was discharged from that institution after a two months' treatment and the only effect he feels at the present time is that of the poison that was injected during his stay at the hospital. His face and leg are swollen, but the doctors told him the swelling would wear away. He has little knowledge of the treatment. He says he was under the influence of opiates most of the time.

The doctors assured him if he continued faithfully in the use of a medicine which they prescribed that he would not suffer another attack of hydrophobia.

TOLD HIS STORY.

Joe was standing at the corner of Middlesex and Garnet street when a Sun reporter passed that way this forenoon. Joe was willing to answer questions and the story he told of his suffering during the attacks through which he passed would arouse the sympathy of the most hardened. He pointed to a front room in a little house in Garnet street, the home of his parents, and said:

"Only God and myself know what I suffered in that room. You don't know how glad I am to have the assurance of the doctors that I will not have to suffer again the visitations of those cruel attacks.

"The first and second attacks were not very bad, but the last two were terrible. I would rather die ten times over than to go through them again. The pain in my throat was the worst except when I heard a dog bark and then it seemed as though an iron band was being welded about my chest and a horrible choking sensation took possession of me.

ANSWERED DOG'S BARK.

"I would answer the dog's bark and the pain was intense. It was during the only hot spell, I guess, that we had this summer that I had my last attack. It was impossible to keep the window open and it seemed as if dogs were barking within my hearing the whole day long. At night when a dog cried, I cried. I knew what I was doing and was conscious of the terrible pain, but it seemed as though the bark or the cry were self made.

"I couldn't control the action of my throat or tongue and the relief seemed so great when I stopped barking that I would fall asleep. It seems like a terrible nightmare and I sincerely hope that the doctors' guarantee will hold good. I feel entirely different than I did when I went to the hospital. I was there two months and gained 35 pounds."

Joe's brother, William, keeps a dining room in Boston and he it was who bore the major portion of the Joe's expenses at home and at the hospital, where experts were daily in attendance. Joe is a familiar figure about the Morse Coach company's stable in Middlesex street.

TICKET IS NAMED

Rhode Island "Prohibs" Name Candidates

By Associated Press to The Sun

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 7.—The state convention of the prohibition party was held here today, there being in attendance only 30 of the 110 accredited delegates. A platform of principles was adopted and a state ticket placed in nomination.

Chairman C. H. Tilley called the convention to order shortly before noon and the roll was read by Secretary C. G. Gleason. William E. Brightman of Tiverton, the prohibition candidate last year for governor was made temporary chairman, and C. G. Gleason temporary secretary.

The temporary organization was made permanent and a committee appointed as follows to prepare a declaration of principles: B. E. Helme, Washington county; Pierce Tuckerman, Kent county: H. B. Metcalf, Providence county: R. J. Grinnell, Newport county; F. G. Jenders, Bristol county.

Chairman Brightman in addressing the convention, said that he agreed with Governor L. F. C. Garvin that there was an unusually large amount of corruption in this state.

Rev. C. A. Crane, D.D., of Boston, spoke on the corrupt methods employed by the two dominant parties and argued that the voters generally were derelict in their duty because they gave little heed to the character of the men they supported and the principles they represented.

Hon. Henry B. Metcalf, in a brief speech, said with much vehemence that the caucus law of this state was conceived for the purpose of smothering the minority parties and was a scandal from beginning to end.

The burden of the platform reported by the committee was of the liquor question. The legalized saloon is a menace to the purity and manhood of young men. It furnishes one of the easiest possible places in which they may go willing and offers a constant temptation, sanctioned by the authority of the state, to lead them astray.

"The licensed saloon recruits from young men. Should the voters of the state put the prohibition party in power it would close up, first, all the legalized saloons, second, all the illegal saloons. It would need no police commission and very little change in the present constabulary. The dominant party was arraigned for its lax attitude and it was charged with making no open aggressive, or effective opposition to resist the encroachment of the saloon.

"The prohibitory party stands for higher citizenship, better ideals, better morals. If America is to have success in inculcating principles of equality, freedom and justice among the people in its dependencies, it must part company with the American saloon, which now is fostered in its abiding possessions.

The following ticket was reported by the nominating committee and unanimously chosen:

For governor, Frederick T. Jencks, Barrington.

Lieut. Governor, Cyrus A. Aldrich, East Providence.

Secretary of State, Samuel B. Prentice, Providence.

Attorney General, Thomas H. Peabody, Westerly.

Treasurer, John R. Trafton, Pawtucket.

The acceptance speeches of the candidates concluded the work of the convention and it adjourned.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

The committee on education will meet this evening at eight o'clock.

The committee on streets will make a tour of inspection tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock and a meeting will be held at 7.3 o'clock in the evening. be held at 7.30 o'clock in the evening. will hold a meeting tomorrow night at 7.30 o'clock.

HEATED DEBATE

On Question of Granting Label to Yeast Company

By Associated Press to The Sun

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 7.—When the delegates to the state branch of the American Federation of Labor reassembled in their hall this forenoon, it was expected that it would be possible to finally adjourn early this evening. The most important matter before the convention today was election of officers. The Australian ballot was used and as the voting and counting took up much time, the result was not announced until several hours after the opening of the session. There was no opposition to the election of James E. Crozier of Boston as president. Mr. Crozier is the present incumbent. One of the contests which created some surprise, inasmuch as no opposition was expected to the present official, was that over the office of delegate to the national convention. It was generally supposed yesterday that Frank K. Foster of Boston, the well-known labor leader, would be re-elected to succeed himself without a contest, but when the nominations were made the name of Patrick Mahoney was proposed.

Several committees which held meetings last night reported upon certain proceedings and measures today. The committee which was appointed to visit the editors of the Worcester newspapers in an effort to organize a writer's union, made a visit today to the offices and it was expected a report would be submitted to the convention during the afternoon.

The forenoon session was devoted to the consideration of an application by a yeast company of Spencer for the union label. The debate was heated at times, the charge being made that those opposed to the granting of the label were working in the interest of a larger yeast concern located in Ohio. The convention finally voted by an overwhelming majority to issue the label to the Spencer company.

The election of officers was taken up this afternoon.

DECKER ARRESTED

He Tried to Enter the White House

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7. John Decker, of Norwich, Conn., who evidently is a mechanic, about 44 years old, entered the White House soon after the doors were opened this morning. The officials thought from his action that he was a crank and arrested him. He was not armed and made no resistance when placed under arrest. He was turned over to the police authorities.

LEFT HIS POSITION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NORWICH, Conn., Oct. 7.—John Decker, who is supposed to be the man under arrest in Washington, has been employed for the last two years at the factory of the Thames Arms company. He has a brother, Henry, who also works in the factory. John is unmarried.

At the office of the factory it was said that John Decker came there yesterday morning dressed in his Sunday clothes and announced that he wanted to give up his job, saying that he was going away. He was paid off and left. As far as has been learned he said nothing about where he was going.

The manager of the Thames Arms company says that while Decker was peculiar and was not considered particularly bright mentally, he never showed any signs of violence.

GOVERNMENT DAMS GAVE WAY

By Associated Press to The Sun

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, OCT. 7.—THE GOVERNMENT DAMS AT THE HEAD OF LAKE UNION HAVE GIVEN WAY, CAUSING GREAT DAMAGE.

BEAVERS CASE

EXAMINATION OF THE DEFENDANT BEGUN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The examination of George W. Beavers, on the first Washington indictment charging him with complicity in the alleged conspiracy with the Postal Device and Improvement of California, was commenced today before U. S. Commissioner Hitchcock, the restraining order signed yesterday by Judge Holt affecting only the hearings on the Brooklyn indictment and the second and third indictments returned in Washington. Beavers was not present, being represented by counsel.

SUGAR REDUCED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced 5 cents a hundred pounds today.

AMORY MILL STOCKHOLDERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 7—The Amory mill stockholders re-elected Agent George F. Whitten as clerk and T. Jefferson Coolidge, Charles W. Amory, George A. Gardner, Francis I. Amory, Frank P. Carpenter, George Von L. Meyer and Frederick C. Dumaine as directors.

Treasurer Dumaine reported the products for the mills for the year at 22,744,085 yards of cloth and 614,193 pounds of yarn, a total production of 6,804,228 pounds. This was 195,211 pounds less than the previous year. There was a gain in bleaching of 565,-762 yards.

The sales and other income amounted to $1,641,470.30 and the cost of manufacturing was $1,585,228.76, making a profit of $56,241.54. Dividends amounting to $54,000 were paid, leaving a balance of $2,241.70.

The trial balance showed mills and machinery valued at $650,000, and total assets of $1,557,292.51. Stock was charged at $900,000.

POET 10¢ CIGAR NOTHING BETTER

AT WEST POINT

The Honourables and Ancients Sight Seeing

WERE ESCORTED BY NEWPORT ARTILLERY CO.

Britishers Pleased With Army Academy

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The Ancient and Honorable Artillery company of Boston, and the Newport Artillery company, escorting the Honourable Artillery company of London, arrived on a steamer from Fall River today. Waiting for them, with steam up, was a second steamer ready to take the Ancient and Honorable Artillery company of Boston and its guests, the Honourable Artillery company of London, to West Point.

Without loss of time, the two companies in full uniform, descended the gangway of the Fall River boat and marched in columns of twos across the pier and up the gangway of the excursion boat.

Five minutes later the steamer swung out into the stream and with the united bands of both companies playing, proceeded up the river. The Newport Artillery company, which had lined up in company front on the pier, while the Boston and London organizations were embarking, then proceeded to a hotel to spend the day, intending to meet the London and Boston Honourables on their return from West Point late this afternoon.

SALUTE FIRED

CADETS PARADED IN FRONT OF BARRACKS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WEST POINT, N. Y., Oct. 7—The Honourable Artillery company of London and the Ancient and Honorable Artillery company of Boston arrived here today on the steamer Sirius in a drizzling rain.

They were met at the landing by Captain Coe, the post adjutant, and Captain King of the quartermaster's department. Miss Mills, daughter of the superintendent, met the only two women with the party, Lady Denbigh and Miss Courtney Bailor. The British artillery marched up from the landing, the Boston Ancients riding. Arriving at the top of the hill a salute was fired and the battalion of cadets was paraded in front of the barracks.

The guests were escorted to Supt. Mills' quarters, where a reception was given. The officers of the post were present. The reception was followed by a review of the cadets, after which the visitors returned to the boat and sailed down the river.

HINRICHS SILENT

Will Not Discuss the Political Situation

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7 Frederick W. Hinrichs, who has been agreed upon by the fusionist leaders as the successor on their ticket of Comptroller Grout, declined today to discuss the question of acceptance of the nomination in advance of its formal tender by the convention of tonight. He said:

"I am in an embarrassing position at present, as no nomination has been offered to me. As a matter of fact there has been no nomination as the committee has only decided on my name to be presented tonight. I cannot say whether I will accept the nomination if it is tendered to me. I will decide that question after I have been nominated and the nomination is formally tendered to me."

Mayor Low, Comptroller Grout and President Fornes of the board of aldermen, central figures in the complicated political situation in Greater New York, met today at a session of the board of estimates and their personal attitude was strangely like to their political attitude. The mayor shook hands rather cordially with Fornes, but his only greeting to Grout was a formal inclination of the head. Grout's acknowledgment was a nod that was short and quick. Grout and Fornes clasped hands across the table in warm and effusive welcome and their extended arms made an arch in a line with the face of the mayor who sat directly at the head of the table. Outwardly they all talked but the proceedings were formal and frigid.

The Evening Post says that Frederic W. Hinrichs gave assurance privately that he would accept the nomination for comptroller on the fusionist ticket in place of Grout before the Citizens' Union committee met yesterday.

When the republican city convention meets tonight it is planned to drop Grout and Fornes by resolutions and immediately nominate their successors on the ticket. It is expected that neither the resolution nor the speeches will contain attacks upon the two nominees who are to be withdrawn.

Mr. Grout declined today to either deny or affirm a report that leader Murphy of Tammany had induced him to refrain from making a legal fight to hold his place on the fusion ticket.

FRAUD CHARGED

AGAINST OFFICERS OF U. S. SHIPBUILDING COMPANY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7. Hearing in the action of Roland R. Conklin and others of the bondholders' protective committee against the United States Ship-Building company was resumed today before Henry D. Oliphant, special United States examiner. The hearing opened Monday, when the counsel in the matter entered their appearance and De Lacey Lee ser was sworn as the first witness.

The complainants, who are stockholders and owners of a portion of the first mortgage bonds of the United States Ship-Building company, charge fraud and mismanagement on the part of the officers and directors of the company. The matters involved are part of the endeavor to make final the appointment of a receiver and to secure reorganization ... of the United States Ship Building company.

Cont'd [illegible]

FOUR DEAD

A Hurricane Sweeping Over Germany

By Associated Press to The Sun

BERLIN, Oct. 7—(5.20 p. m.) A hurricane is sweeping over Germany. A portion of the tower 150 feet high of a new city hall at Charlottenburg, a suburb of Berlin, has been blown down and trees in the parks and forests have been uprooted.

A wall at the new baths of Dresden was blown over, killing four workmen and injuring eight others. A mill was blown down at Lubeck, and numerous other small accidents have occurred. The large vessels left Bremen and Hamburg, but the smaller craft remained in port on account of the storm.

WAS BORN HERE

Son of Local Storekeeper Shot in Camden, Me.

Wells P. Kelly who, it is alleged, tried to enter a house in Camden, Me., Monday night and was shot in the act, is the son of John F. Kelley, proprietor of the Highland market in Branch street. Mr. Kelley went to Camden last night, and this morning his daughter, who is a clerk in the store in Branch street, received a telegram from her father stating that the wounded man was resting comfortably. The story of the shooting as sent out by the Associated Press appears in another column.

Wells F. Kelley is 28 years old. He lived in this city until about 8 years ago, when he moved to Maine. His family believe that there must be some mistake in the story of the shooting. Kelley is a strictly temperate man and bore a good reputation while in this city. He is married and has a family. His mother and sisters hope that a message exonerating him from his alleged position, when shot, will be forthcoming.

JOINED MURDERING BAND

ONE LOWELL CHINAMAN HAS BECOME A MEMBER OF THE HEP SING TING, WHICH IS ONE OF THE ORGANIZATIONS ENGAGED IN A BLOODY FEUD IN BOSTON. THE LOCAL CHINAMEN WILL NOT DIVULGE THE NAME OF THE CELESTIAL WHO HAS JOINED THE MURDERING BAND. "ME 'FRAID TELL HIS NAME," SAID THE KEEPER OF A LAUNDRY TO A SUN REPRESENTATIVE THIS FORENOON.

THEY SAY THE MAN WHO JOINED HAS BEEN IN LOWELL ABOUT THREE WEEKS. HE HAS NOT WORKED SINCE HIS ARRIVAL HERE AND ONE CELESTIAL TOLD THE REPORTER THAT THE NEWCOMER IS A BUM.

A CHINAMAN WHO HAPPENED INTO W. S. WONG'S CHINESE AND JAPANESE STORE IN JOHN STREET, WHILE THE SUN REPORTER WAS THERE, SAID HE KNEW THE STRANGER WHO HAD JOINED THE ORGANIZATION BUT HE REFUSED TO TELL HIS NAME.

ANOTHER CHINAMAN SAID THAT WONG YAK CHUNG, WHO WAS MURDERED BY HIGHBINDERS IN BOSTON LAST FRIDAY, HAD AGENTS IN THIS CITY ABOUT THREE WEEKS AGO ON A MISSION TO GET MEMBERS FOR THE HEP SING TING.

NO LIVES LOST

The Tornado Did Great Lots of Damage

By Associated Press to The Sun

TOPEKA, Kas., Oct. 7.- News has reached here of a tornado, which was disastrous to farm property at the Bear Creek settlement, 12 miles southeast of Topeka, last night. Several farmhouses and barns were destroyed, trees blown down and cornshocks and haystacks scattered all over the neighborhood. So far as can be learned, no lives are lost.

SEVERE STORM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

JOPLIN, Mo., Oct. 7.—A severe wind and rain storm here early today caused several thousand dollars damage. The storm traveled with the velocity of a tornado, blowing down trees, signs and outhouses in all parts of the city. The electric light plant was badly damaged and the city will be in darkness for several days.

TOUR OF INSPECTION.

The committee on sewers met at city hall this afternoon at three o'clock and started out on a tour of inspection of places where petitions for the laying of sewers were made. Among the places viewed were the following:

Crawford street, from Sixth to Seventh avenues; Stevens street, from Parker to Jenness; Middlesex Park; Forrest street, from Stevens to Chelmsford streets; and Genoa and Bodwell avenues and Third avenue in Pawtucketville.

A meeting will be held this evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Prentiss Vose of Robbinston, Me., and Mrs. James Frost of Bel... Centre, were the guests of Mrs. ... of Wentworth street, Sunday.

TOMMY LITTLE

Is Independent Candidate for Senator

Ex-Councilman Thomas G. Little filed a petition with the board of registrars this afternoon at city hall to run for senator in the seventh district on nomination papers.

The registration during the afternoon was very light, and in fact it has been from the start, but it is expected that the business during the first three days of next week will be brisk.

Wanted Six or seven carpenters, Pickering & Connell, 29 Middle street.

The best doctors say:—If it's Ayer's Sarsaparilla, it's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

G. W. BONNEVILLE, D. D. S.
LOWELL DENTAL PARLORS
Painless Extraction. 102 Merrimack St.
We give Green Trading Stamps.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Local forecast: Cloudy, probably with occasional rain tonight and Thursday; warmer tonight: warmer Thursday; fresh to brisk east to south winds, increasing in force.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK

TEN YEAR OLD BOY

Died of Lockjaw Due to Blood Poisoning

Napoleon Lozeau, aged 10 years, died last night of lockjaw at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lozeau, 513 Moody street.

The boy received the wound that caused his death two weeks ago while playing with a top pistol. He was endeavoring to remove a blank cartridge from the pistol with a fork and the cartridge exploded. Napoleon received the contents in his thigh. He remained in bed a few days and was up walking about the house when blood poisoning developed and lockjaw set in.

A FATAL DEFECT

Fitchburg Liquor Case Fell Through

By Associated Press to The Sun

FITCHBURG, Oct. 7.—Judge Gallagher, in police court yesterday, pronounced David G. Walsh not guilty of the charge of a single sale of liquor, in delivering liquors consigned to Alice Tierney, who had a room at the Westmoreland. The judge said the case was submitted upon an agreed statement of facts, and that it was necessary to establish the fact that no licenses of the first five classes had been granted in this city. The absence of such evidence constituted a fatal defect. This ruling, if it be sustained, makes the burden of proof on the government in cases of alleged illegal liquor sale one step harder, and convictions heretofore obtained for places where licenses were not granted may have had a legal defect.

W. C. T. U.

The annual meeting will be held at the rooms, Thursday, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock.

A rare opportunity to get shoes at cost. 20th Century Shoe Store.

To Cleanse and Beautify Your Teeth

Give bright healthy color to your gums and sweeten your breath, use

Hood's Tooth Powder

All druggists, 25c.; mammoth size 50c.
Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

FOUR MEN KILLED

Two Others Injured in Collision

FREIGHT TRAIN COLLIDED WITH AN ENGINE

The Accident Blocked All Traffic

By Associated Press to The Sun

SILOAM SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 7.—Four men have been killed and two injured in a head-on collision between a double-header freight train and an extra engine four miles north of here on the Kansas City Southern road.

The dead:

ENGINEER WORRELL, Mona, Ark.

ENGINEER PENROD, Mona, Ark.

FIREMAN HAMLIN, Siloam Springs.

FIREMAN ROGERS, Pittsburg, Kas.

The three engines were demolished. Traffic was delayed several hours.

Mrs. W. F. Courtney wishes to inform her lady friends and customers that she will occupy her new parlors Saturday, Oct. 10, at 204 Merrimack street.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Ryan went to Worcester today to see Edward Heelon, Mrs. Ryan's nephew, who has been ill at Holy Cross college for the past week.

The beautiful millinery parlors of Mrs. W. F. Courtney will be open for inspection Saturday, Oct. 10th. The ladies are cordially invited to attend.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

ON ITS MERITS

Chamberlain's Plan Will be Discussed

COLONIES' STAND WILL BE IMPORTANT FACTOR

Chamberlain Charged With Making Error

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 7.—While there is no evidence of a rush on the part of the exponents of public opinion or of the electorate to give Joseph Chamberlain's fiscal proposals immediate endorsement, there is ample proof of a desire to exhaustively examine his program and accept or reject it on its merits, rather than on party lines. It is realized that the attitude of the colonies is probably the important factor in his scheme and what they will say to his statement that they are prepared to contribute towards imperial preferential trade will largely determine the ultimate decision of this country. The critics of the former secretary for the colonies claim that his whole diagnosis of the present state of the trade of the United Kingdom hangs on a statistical blunder in the comparison of the exports of 1902 with those of 1872. The latter year was notoriously phenomenal as an export year, because of the requirements of Germany and France after the war between those two countries, and it is pointed out that Great Britain furnished the great bulk of these and that her exports consequently bounded up from $1,115,000,000 in 1871 to $1,280,000,000 in 1872 after which they gradually receded to the same total as in 1871. It is, therefore, contended by the critics that the whole fabric of Mr. Chamberlain's argument is based on an elementary error and that while his fiscal arithmetic is illogical, his premises are hypothetical and unproved. It anticipated that the colonies will resent Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion that British colonial manufacturing growth should be thwarted for the benefit of British manufacturers. On the whole, the former colonial secretary's pronouncement is not unfavorably received.

On the stock exchange the various departments opened with a better all-round tone.

PETTY THEFTS

THEY ARE CHARGED UP TO 10 YEAR OLD BOY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MONTVILLE, Conn., Oct. 7—Constable Jacob Irons and Edward Day, a Norwich lad of 10 years, before Justice H. A. Boles in the police court here yesterday morning, charged with stealing a bicycle, two rowboats, an auxiliary sailboat and breaking into a yacht, all in 24 hours.

After hearing the evidence, Judge Boles decided to have the boy sent to New York to be examined by an expert to determine his sanity.

The Norwich authorities notified the local police yesterday afternoon that they wanted young Day to explain several petty thefts committed in that city as soon as the Montville police are through with him.

"COUNT" ARRESTED

HE HAS BEEN ANNOYING MISS FOLSOM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LENOX, Oct. 7—Peter Grand, who claims to be an Italian count, and who has been living in Lenox for more than a year on funds received from abroad, was arrested Monday evening for annoying Miss Winifred Folsom, one of the attractive daughters of George Winthrop Folsom of New York.

"The Count," as he is called in Lenox, has been in the habit of waiting for hours on the streets of Lenox for Miss Folsom to appear, and when he had the opportunity he has addressed the young woman.

Yesterday the Italian spoke to the young woman, and on her complaint he was arrested. Through an interpreter in the Lee court yesterday morning, he told the court that he had been in love with Miss Folsom for 15 months, and that because of his passion he could not work. He was held for the grand jury.

O'HARA DISCHARGED

LIQUOR CASE AGAINST HIM NOT PROVEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MIDDLEBORO, Oct. 7.—A decision in the case brought against Stephen F. O'Hara, a Boston liquor dealer, by the new committee for the suppression of crime, was handed down by Judge Nathan Washburn of the district court yesterday. O'Hara was discharged. O'Hara was arrested as he stepped off a train from Boston, Sept. 21, the officers suspecting that he had liquor in a bundle that he carried. The bundle did contain 12 pints of whiskey. O'Hara's only comment was, "Supposing it is mine, what about it?" Judge Washburn said the law required evidence to convince beyond a reasonable doubt that the liquor was brought in for purposes of selling, and there was no such evidence.

The failure to convict is having a quieting effect upon the new movement to suppress the illegal sale of liquor here.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST.

The regular monthly meeting of Star of Lowell lodge, Companions of the Forest, was held last night. It was voted to hold a sociable early in November.

Assignee's sale at the 20th Century Shoe Store. Goods must be sold.

BOTH SHOT DEAD

Burglar Killed Attorney and Rancher

THE ASSAILANT HAS MADE HIS ESCAPE

Men He Shot Tried to Arrest Him

By Associated Press to The Sun

BURNS, Oregon, Oct. 7.—In an attempt to arrest an escaped prisoner named John Egbert, for burglary, John Saxton, a well-known attorney of Burns, who was acting as special deputy sheriff and Jack West, a rancher, have both been killed by Egbert. They came upon Egbert in a ranch house in the Wild Horse valley 135 miles south of Burns. Egbert and his wife were alone in the house at the time. Egbert recognized Saxton and West as they came up and opened fire from behind a corner of the building. West received a bullet in the back from which he died. Egbert then went into the house, followed by Saxton, the woman in the meantime having fled. Egbert had a rifle and Saxton a revolver and with these weapons they fired at each other through a thin board partition. Saxton was shot through the right shoulder but kept up the battle by using the revolver in his left hand. He then went out in answer to a call for water from West and on the way he, too, was fatally wounded. Egbert then made his way to a ranch five miles distant where at the point of a gun he secured a horse and escaped.

SUIT FOR $50,000

THE DEFENDANT IS PERCIVAL W. CLEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

RUTLAND, Vt., Oct. 7.—The October term of the United States circuit court began in this city yesterday. Judge Hoyt H. Wheeler presided. The most important case to be tried at this session is that of Samuel D. Wilson, alias Waite, a detective connected with Faxon's agency at Quincy, Mass., against Percival W. Clement, independent candidate for governor of Vermont last year, for $50,000 damages for slander. Wilson shot and killed one Gosher at White River Junction in November, 1901, but was later acquitted on the ground of self-defence. It is alleged that between the killing and Wilson's acquittal Clement frequently, in his political speeches, refered to Wilson as a "murderer." The case is attracting great interest.

MINOR LICENSES

MANY GRANTED BY POLICE BOARD LAST NIGHT.

The following licenses were granted at the regular meeting of the police board last evening:

Pawnbroker—James J. Quirk, 198 French street.

Junk collector—John C. Woodridge, rear 137 Charles street.

Express wagon—Frank Riley, 189 East Merrimack street.

Dealer in old gold—William A. Block, 11 Prescott street.

Common victualler—[illegible] Perrault, 19 French street; Nathan E. Aldrich, 106 Gorham street; Mary Pelletier, 77 Prince street; Susan O'Sullivan, 115 Prince street; Robert McKinnon, 167 East Merrimack street; Frank Delisle, 90 Lakeview avenue.

Pool room—Osgood & Bigelow, 56 Middlesex street.

Hawker and peddler—Joseph H. Hamilton, 128 Fourth avenue; James McNulty, 3 Cedar court; Joseph Haine, 192 Middlesex street; Shay & Everett, rear 77 Whipple street.

The following licenses were revoked: Susan O'Sullivan, 73 Concord street; Mary Peletier, 12 Coemen street.

The following were given leave to withdraw:

Common victualler—John Gibeault, 148 Perkins street.

Intelligence office—Martha A. Shaw, 52 Bridge street.

Pool room—Damiana de Jorge, 48 Bridge street.

Hack—Thomas W. Bagley, 12 Nichols street.

The 10 licenses granted to the Lowell & Suburban Express company were transferred from W. B. McKeen, manager, to Andrew W. Owens, manager.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

STANDARD Supply Co.
The Leading Men's and Ladies' Credit House
72 Prescott Street

Simply a Pleasure For You

To Do Business With Us

JUST DROP IN

select your clothing, make arrangements to please your self. Very easy way, is it not?

ALL OVER WITHIN A MOMENT

and you are dressed in the height of fashion. We do business like a bank, every transaction confidential.

Extreme as well as modest styles in Ladies' Millinery. The latest and most pleasing fashioned models in Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Jackets and Furs.

Men's Top Coats, Overcoats, Rain Coats, Suits and Odd Pants. ***Children's Clothing.***

We carry the largest assortment of all the snappy styles. ***Boots and Shoes.***

We Clothe You All From Top to Toe

JUST A LITTLE A WEEK

All our Ladies' and Men's Clothing fashioned only by expert men tailors

STANDARD Supply Co.
The Most Liberal Credit House in Lowell
72 Prescott Street

FOR A RESTORATIVE NERVINE TONIC

WE SELL

MARIANI FRENCH WINE OF COCA

Have just received a fresh supply. We sell it for $1.10 a bottle.

WE ALSO SELL

METCALF'S WINE OF COCA

for 89c a bottle.

And we sell our own Wine of Coca for 6?c a bottle. They are all standard preparations and will give satisfaction.

Falls & Burkinshaw
RELIABLE DRUGGISTS,
418 Middlesex St,
Opposite Northern Station,
Cor. Thorndike St.
Open from 6 a. m. to 11.30 p. m.

BRONCHIAL COUGH

Cured With Two Bottles of Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force.

Mr. J. M. Smith, residing at 5 Fernald street, Lowell, Mass., has an exalted opinion of Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force. He says:

"For several years I have had a bronchial cough. It irritated my throat and always came on whenever I caught cold. I got a bottle of Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force knowing others it had cured, and in four days my cough was relieved, and in ten days it disappeared entirely. I took two bottles altogether, and I recommend it for chronic coughs and throat troubles, as I have an exalted opinion of this wonderful medicine."

"J. M. SMITH,
5 Fernald Street, Lowell, Mass.

Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force acts very nicely in cases of whooping cough, where there is a large amount of secretion raised with more or less difficulty. It will be found superior in cases where bronchitis is associated with asthma or phthisis, and is the surest medicine in the world for the cure of lung and throat troubles. It strengthens the lungs and bronchial tubes, and we ask you to bear in mind that it is Dr. Bartlett's own prescription and used by him in his large practice ever since he came to Lowell from Bowdoin medical college. Entirely free from opium, morphine and alcohol. It will give you mental force, and if you have a hard day's work before you a tablespoonful of Vital Force will prepare you for the day's demands and burdens if taken in the morning. All druggists sell and recommend it.

Don't despair if you are discouraged and run down from worry or overwork, but consult Dr. Bartlett at his office, 106 Merrimack street. Call during the day, as his rooms are crowded in the evening. He takes plenty of time with every patient and a talk with this nerve, lung, heart and blood specialist will do you a world of good.

NASHUA CHINESE

THEY WERE ASKED TO JOIN SECRET SOCIETY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NASHUA, N. H., Oct. 7—Yee Hin, a Chinese laundryman of this city, made the statement Monday that Wong Yak Chong, the Boston Chinaman who was murdered in that city last Friday, came to Nashua two weeks ago and tried to get the local Chinamen to join the Hip Sen Tong.

Several Chinamen here are relatives of the murdered man. None have joined the Hip Sen Tong, however, and Yee Hin states that he would not go to Boston at the present time for any amount of money. The murdered man was his cousin.

Yee Hin looks for more murders in the near future.

Assignee's sale at the 20th Century Shoe Store. Bargains for everyone.

Kennedy's Oysterettes
The Oyster Cracker with a taste to it.

YOU CAN CURE BABY'S ECZEMA

Thousands of babies suffer terribly from Eczema or some other skin trouble and mothers have for many years been seeking a medicine which would quickly relieve and fully cure.

Here is the sure, SAFE cure in the world—ZEMA-CURA. ZEMA-CURA is not a salve or ointment, but a liquid, and the very first application gives the much sought relief and the baby will go promptly to sleep. One application won't cure, but ZEMA-CURA used regularly will absolutely and positively cure Eczema as well as Pimples, Acne, Hives, and every other disease and eruption of the skin.

Read what Dr. Snell says:

"I received a sample and found it all you claim, and feel confident of its having a large sale when its virtues are known."
DR. H. SNELL, Washington, N. C.

ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER

Is invaluable in the treatment of skin diseases. It is not only soothing and healing, but it creates new, firm, healthy skin, and makes a lovely, clear complexion. It not only possesses all the merits of the best and most widely known talcum powders, but in addition to these it has medicinal properties possessed by no other powder in the world. ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER allays itching, chafing or irritation. ZEMA-CURA MEDICATED POWDER used after bathing and shaving has no equal. It is an ideal powder for babies as it is absolutely pure and healing. 25 cents per box. All druggists or The Zema-Cura Co., 7 W. 22d St., N. Y.

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Streets; GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street; C. E. CARTER (two stores), Cor. Branch and Smith Streets, and Cor. Westford and Pine Streets; LOWELL PHARMACY, 632 Merrimack Street; FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex Street.

DOUBLE BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS BEGINNING OCT. 5-10 INCLUSIVE.

JOHN F. SAUNDERS,
159 Gorham St. Cor. Summer
Telephone 592-3.

ON BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS.

150 stamps with 1 lb. [illegible] Baking Powder,
6? stamps with 1 lb. 50c Tea,
15 stamps with 1 lb. 20c Coffee,
10 stamps with 1 lb. 15c [illegible]
20 stamps with 1 lb. [illegible] Butterine,
5 stamps with 1 pkg. 10c Presto,

ON GREEN TRADING STAMPS.

70 stamps with 1 lb. 50c Baking Powder,
30 stamps with 1 lb. 50c Tea,
10 stamps with 1 lb. 20c Coffee,
5 stamps with 1 lb. [illegible] Butterine,
5 stamps with 1 lb. 15c [illegible]
3 stamps with 1 pkg. 10c Presto,

CORNED BEEF..........3c to 6c lb.

Smoked Shoulders ....[illegible]
Best canned Tomatoes..........[illegible] for 25c
Best canned Peas..........3 for 25c
Best canned Corn..........[illegible]
Best canned Pears..........[illegible]
Challenge Milk..........3 for 25c
Minced Meat..........5c pkg.

BEST GLOBE BUTTERINE.

15c. [illegible] tubs from 16c lb. up.

CHOICE LINE OF TEAS.

75c best Oolong..........50c lb.
60c best Formosa Oolong..........[illegible]; 3 lbs. $1
50c Golden Tips Assam..........30c; 4 lbs. $1
40c Orange Pekoe..........25c; 6 lbs. $1
40c English Breakfast..........20c; 7 lbs. $1

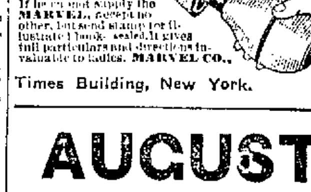
Children's Rockers
WITH
One Pound of Our
60 Cent Tea

O'Brien Bros
TEA DEALERS
227 Central Street
Tel. 679-5. Free Delivery

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
Is still on at the
20th Century Shoe Store
120-122 Merrimack Street
A. R. Sampson Assignee

DICKSON'S TEA STORE

DOUBLE STAMPS BLUE
Given All This Week
60 WITH A POUND OF BAKING POWDER
40 WITH A POUND OF TEA,
20 WITH A POUND OF COFFEE.
Double Stamps on Crockery, Glass and China Ware.
DICKSON'S TEA STORE
68 Merrimack St.



Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO.,
Times Building, New York.

AUGUST
IS QUARTER MONTH AT
WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION
Don't Delay Depositing
265 Central Street
GEORGE M. HARRIGAN, Treas.

COAL,
LIME,
CEMENT,
BRICKS
OF ALL KINDS
E. A. WILSON & CO.
4 Merrimack Sq.
700 Broadway

For stricture and kindred diseases, especially in old cases where doctors fail, use

ZY-MO

a non-poisonous vegetable CURE for all private urinary diseases and weakness of men and women. ZY-MO is GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED. Cures new cases in 48 hours without pain. Especially advised for old obstinate cases. Druggists, or sent prepaid, $1. Address Dr. Ray & Co., 87 Prager building, Boston, Mass. Free medical advice given. Write for book sent sealed —FREE. ZY-MO sold in Lowell by ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cen. [illegible] St.

SHORTHAND IN 20 LESSONS

Absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods; position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties; everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers; thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamp. Department 36 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

(CUT IT OUT.)
THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE
190 and 192 Middlesex Street
This advertisement is good for $1.00 on first purchase of $10.00 or more.
CASH OR CREDIT.

PETER J. BRADY
GROCER
[illegible] Gorham and South [illegible]
CHOICE TEAS COFFEES and SPICES
Try our new blend of [illegible], the best in the city. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold" and "Bouquet."

Are You Going Away
If so you should call at Devine's Trunk Store. We can save you money enough to pay your car fare, either on a trunk or dress suit case or any other thing in the trunk line. Remember the place.
P. F. DEVINE'S TRUNK STORE
88 MERRIMACK STREET.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
RICHARD F. MURPHY, Prop. and Mgr.
Three Nights and Usual Matinees
Commencing Monday, Oct. 5
William Bonnelli's Latest and Best American Melodrama
A GREAT GAME
THE BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THRILLING ADVENTURE.
Matinee Prices for Ladies - 10c and 20c

TEMPLE - THEATRE
LOWELL'S HOME OF POLITE VAUDEVILLE
Odd Fellows' Temple - 84 Middlesex St
M. W. Murray, Manager.
Week Commencing With
MONDAY MATINEE
OCT. 5
BOHE & HEYER.
MARVELL & GLEASON.
CUNNINGHAM & COVERNY.
THE MUSICAL HOLBROOKS.
BILLY HINES.
NELL BURGESS.
THE ELVIRA SISTERS.
POPULAR PRICES—Evening, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Doors Open at 2 and 7. Performances commence at 2.30 and 8 o'clock.

$100,000
This represents the actual sum Invested and Expended on
MERCHANTS and MANUFACTURERS'
EXPOSITION
Oct. 5 MECHANICS' BUILDING Oct. 31
The Greatest Fair Ever Held in Boston
Creatore's Band, U. S. Government Exhibits, Kiltie's Band, The Midway or Fairyland, The Air Ships, Infant Incubators, Wireless Telegraphy, Liquid Air.
Japanese Theatre with Tea Garden and Geisha Girls.
The Laughing Mirror Maze—Jim Key, the celebrated Educated Horse, and a Hundred Other World Wonders.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

CASTO
AL. HAYNES, Manager.
ALL WEEK AFTERNOON AND EVENING
OCT. 5
FAVOR & SINCLAIR
Box Office Open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Don't Delay
But have YOUR EYES EXAMINED today by
Optician George C. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET.
Up One Flight

THE SIGN BUSINESS
Formerly Conducted by
SPENCER & CO., 29 Middle Street
NOW DONE BY
J. H. BROWN
At the Same Old Stand.

EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

LOWELL MAN

Was Shot While Trying to Enter a House

By Associated Press to The Sun

CAMDEN, Me., Oct. 7—Detected while apparently in the act of breaking into the residence of Fred A. Packard, on Chestnut street, W. P. Kelley of Rockport, the son of a well-known contractor of Lowell, Mass., was shot in the back by Mr. Packard, and is now at the Knox hospital, with a serious and possibly fatal wound.

Mr. Packard has not been arrested, but the police are making a thorough investigation of the affair.

The shooting occurred just before midnight last night. According to Mr. Packard, his daughter saw a man prowling around the house when she was preparing to retire and called the fact to his attention.

Armed with a shotgun, Packard went to the orchard to investigate, and was just in time to see the stranger approach the house and peer through a window.

A minute later the fellow, Packard says, stealthily climbed up a trellis and was about to force a second story window when Packard called to him to throw up his hands.

The man, who was armed with a stout club, made no sign of hearing the command and continued his attack on the window.

When a second call was unheeded, Packard says he fired the full charge, striking Kelley in the back. He lost his balance and fell to the ground, where he remained until officers and a physician, who were summoned, took him in charge and ordered his removal to the hospital.

Packard, who is 32 years old, has been employed in a shipyard at Rockport. He has a wife and several children.

MASTERLY SPEECH

Chamberlain Explains His Plan of Tariff Reform

By Associated Press to The Sun

GLASGOW, Oct. 7—Whatever may be the opinion held regarding the great question which Mr. Chamberlain has raised, or the probable issue of his campaign, it is generally admitted that he has opened it in a masterly manner, befitting the momentous occasion, and that he can no longer be accused of nebulosity in presenting his case.

For nearly two hours, only referring occasionally to fairly full notes for figures and statistics, he held a vast and enthusiastic audience absorbed by one of his finest oratorical efforts.

As if inspired by the knowledge that the practical collapse and breakup of the unionist party left him in sole possession of the field, he spoke with more than his customary energy and persuasiveness, lacking nothing in lucidity, either of phrase or argument.

While his appeal to the working classes, upon whom more than any section of the community, especially since the defection of the Duke of Devonshire from the administration, the success or the failure of his preferential scheme will depend, was eminently calculated to enlist their support.

It was an inspiring scene in St. Andrew's hall, where he delivered his speech.

The auditorium was packed with men and women, cheering and waving handkerchiefs as the chairman, Sir Matthew Arthur, led Mr. Chamberlain to the platform.

Mr. Chamberlain, commencing his speech said that his first duty was to thank the great representative audience for offering him the opportunity of explaining for the first time in some detail his views on the subject of the fiscal policy in the city from which free trade took birth and in which Adam Smith taught.

The speaker paid the highest tribute to Mr. Balfour, with whose principles and policies he fully agreed and said he admired the courage and resource with which the premier had faced difficulties unsurpassed in political history.

Mr. Chamberlain then alluded to the recent visit he paid to Venice, when he found the Campanile, which had stood for centuries and which when he previously visited Venice, seemed as permanent as the city itself, now a mass of ruins.

He continued:

"I do not say that I anticipate such a fate for the British empire, but I do say that I see signs of decay, cracks and crevices showing that the foundations are not broad and deep enough to sustain it."

Addusing statistics, Mr. Chamberlain contrasted the moderate increase of 7½ per cent. in the export trade of Great Britain and the increase of 30 per cent. in her population since 1872, with the enormous increases of trade in the United States and Germany, and he asked how the country could expect to support its growing population with its trade practically stagnant for 30 years.

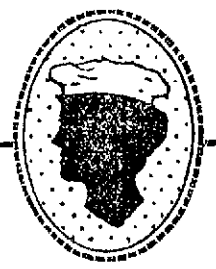
He wished to repeat explicitly that he did not wish to tax raw materials used in British manufactures. Therefore, it was evident that if they wanted to prevent separation there must be a preferential tax on food. That was the great cry of his opponents and it was true, but it was only half the truth, because those opponents forgot to add his explanation that nothing he proposed would add one farthing to the cost of living of any workingman or of any family in the country.

With regard to his plan he would state it briefly. He proposed to put a low duty not exceeding two shillings (50 cents) a quarter on foreign corn, but none on corn from the British possessions. He proposed no tax on maize, partly because it formed the food of some of the very poorest among the population and partly because it was raw material as feeding stuff.

He proposed a corresponding tax on flour, and he would give special preference to the miller with the object of reestablishing one of our ancient industries and of preventing a rush from the country to the town, and also of placing corn, offal and feeding stuffs more cheaply within the possession of the farmer.

A small tax of about 5 per cent. on foreign meat and dairy produce would be imposed, excluding bacon, which was the food of so many of the poorest population. Lastly, he proposed to give a substantial preference to the colonies on wines and fruits.

Against these increases he proposed some great remission. He proposed to take off three-quarters of the duty on tea, half the duty on sugar, with corresponding reductions upon cocoa and coffee.



Young or inexperienced housewives should always use

Cleveland's Baking Powder

It admits of no failures,—no soggy cake,—no biscuit to be thrown away; but digestible and nourishing food at every baking,—food that causes a look of satisfaction to go all around the table.

SAD ACCIDENT

Chelmsford Boy Hanged With Hitching Rope

Sad and strange was the death of Leon, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Almon W. Holt of North street, Chelmsford, which occurred last evening.

He was found dead in the barn at his home, having died from strangulation.

He had ridden into the barn on his bicycle and in some way his head slipped into the noose of a hitching rope attached to one of the beams. His foot was caught in the bicycle and it is supposed that when his head first came in contact with the rope the noose did not tighten, but that in an endeavor to free his head, he slipped and his weight came upon the rope, tightening the noose and securing him so that he could not move.

Dr. Howard was summoned, but the boy was dead when the summons went out to the doctor. He was a good boy, careful in his habits, of cheerful disposition and a favorite with his associates. His sad and untimely death is a hard blow to his family.

ANOTHER DONATION.

William H. Wiggin, treasurer Wigginville Mission Explosion Repair fund, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of five dollars from the First Baptist Sunday school of Methuen. Total receipts $116.50.

VICTORIOUS MUNYON

Captures the Country from Maine to Oregon

200,000 BOTTLES SOLD

Last Week Laboratories Running Day and Night

THOUSANDS CURED

Testimony of Prominent People from All Over the Country

Dyspepsia, Nervousness and All Stomach Troubles

Yield to This New Vegetable Elixir of Life

The mayor of Augusta, Me., says:

Augusta, Me., Aug. 31, 1903.

Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—For the past year or more I have been troubled with dyspepsia and indigestion and can truthfully state that after the use of part of one bottle of Paw Paw I find my stomach very much improved and expect to become entirely free from this ailment with the further assistance of your vegetable pepsin. Paw Paw.

(Signed), G. A. ROBSIN, Mayor of Augusta, Me.

Mr. E. P. Wood, buyer of Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston, says:

Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—I have been taking Paw Paw for some time as a strengthening tonic and it has proven itself a most wonderful medicine. I eat well and can truthfully state that the food I eat digests perfectly. After taking Paw Paw I feel braced up and I recommend this wonderful remedy to all brain workers who are in need of a superior tonic.

(Signed), E. G. WOOD, 1169 State Street.

Mr. John Scott, Boston, says:

Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—I have taken all kinds of remedies for dyspepsia and have received absolutely no benefit until I tried your Paw Paw. This wonderful remedy seemed to act at once. I am more than glad to state that I have not had a particle of my old trouble since using Munyon's Paw Paw.

(Signed), JOHN SCOTT, 14 Kendall Street.

M. W. Dempsey, of Boston, says:

Prof. Munyon,

Dear Sir—For some time I have suffered with nervous depression, due to poor digestion, in fact I could eat nothing but soup and a few cereals. Since taking Munyon's Paw Paw I have made a decided improvement, eat well, sleep well and feel very much happier in spirit. It is the finest remedy I have ever taken. My wife also uses it as a tonic with the most pleasing results.

(Signed), M. W. DEMPSEY, 111 South Street.

These almost at random. Nothing like it ever been known. A wave of enthusiasm for Munyon's Paw Paw is sweeping the country. Men and women in every rank of life are joyously telling of the wonderful cures it has effected.

It ends nervousness.
It brings refreshing sleep.
It cures stomach troubles.

None of these ailments can exist in the presence of Munyon's Paw Paw. It stimulates the stomach to such natural activity that a normal appetite and normal digestion are assured. The digestive process throughout is as it should be. Assimilation is as it should be. Every organ of the body is put in perfect tone and kept there. Paw Paw stimulates by bringing perfect health. It kills the appetite for whiskey or beer. It lifts and holds you up.

At all drug stores, $1.00 per bottle. Paw Paw Laxative Pills, 25 cents per bottle.

MOLLY VARNUMS

Held Last Out-door Gathering at Tewksbury

On the grounds of Mr. Benjamin Spulding, adjoining the old historic Spulding homestead in Tewksbury, was held yesterday afternoon, the last out-door gathering, for this season, of the historical committee of Molly Varnum chapter, D. A. R.

Mrs. Griffin called to order and the secretary, Mrs. Joseph Smith, read the minutes of the last meeting.

Mrs. Daniel Varnum read a paper on "Tewksbury in Colonial and Revolutionary Times"; Miss Frances Brabrook read a short sketch of the Revolutionary soldiers of Tewksbury and speeches were made by Mr. Benjamin Spulding and Solon W. Stevens. It was an ideal day and the outing was much enjoyed.

There was good music and luncheon was served on the lawn.

WAYNE MacVEAGH

Pleased With Status of Venezuelan Case

By Associated Press to The Sun

PARIS, Oct. 7—Wayne MacVeagh, senior counsel for the United States, has arrived here from The Hague, having completed his argument before the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal. He sails for New York October 10, from Cherbourg, on the American line steamer St. Louis.

Mr. MacVeagh regards the situation of the case as satisfactory and hopeful.

The members of the court expressed satisfaction of the American view of the exalted character of the tribunal as representing the modern idea of the humane adjustment of international differences instead of the old system of a resort to force.

Counsel for the other countries, outside the blockading powers, will probably follow the general lines of the American argument.

When the court re-assembles Nov. 4, Judge Penfield and Minister Bowen will look after American and Venezuelan interests.

It is expected that the further hearings will last about a fortnight.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Billings have left Lowell for an extended trip to the provinces, for the purpose of hunting big game. They were given a rousing send-off by their hosts of friends at their home, previous to their departure, and promised, upon their return, to serve up a portion of the "spoil" amongst them, in the way of an "old-fashioned" game supper." It is needless to say that everyone is clamoring for an invitation.

Lawyer J. H. Guillet and Mr. Joseph Dextre are in attendance at the convention of the French American democrats of New England at the Revere House, Boston, today.

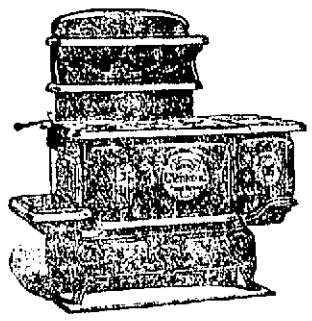
Miss Alice A. Sayer has returned from a two weeks' vacation spent in New York and Jersey City.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Stewart and son, of 19 Otis street, have gone to So. Lyndeboro, N. H., to spend their vacation.

Dr. Abigail E. Goddard sailed on the S. S. Ivernia yesterday for Liverpool en route to Calcutta, India, where she will take up missionary work. A large party of young ladies from the local Y. W. C. A. were at the dock to see her off.

After long waiting, Mrs. W. F. Courtney will dreamy her new millinery store at 204 Merrimack street, Saturday, Oct. 10th. All are invited to call.

If Your Old Range Doesn't Suit—try a



Glenwood

"Makes Cooking Easy."

GOOKIN BROS., LOWELL, MASS.

LICENSE BOARD

Lawrence Case Will be Heard Oct. 14

By Associated Press to The Sun

LAWRENCE, Oct. 7—The review of the evidence upon which Mayor Grant based his removal of License Commissioners William J. Bradley, James A. Coughlin and Frederick Patch will take place at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 14, before a superior court justice. The commissioners have been serving ever since their removal, for the mayor has not appointed a new commission, and, according to the statutes, commissioners retain their office till their successors are named.

PILGRIM FATHERS

ANNUAL INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS LAST NIGHT.

The annual installation of the recently elected officers of Garfield Colony, Pilgrim Fathers, was held last night.

The installation ceremony was performed by James A. Bowers of East Boston. The following were the officers installed:

Governor, Albert E. Leith; lieutenant governor, George D. Ryan; secretary, M. J. Aspinall; treasurer, Edwin A. Howe; collector, Clarence Mahoney; chaplain, Louisa E. Craig; sergeant-at-arms, Augustus L. Merithew; deputy sergeant-at-arms, Carrie E. Merithew; sen. of inner gate, Anna A. Howe; sen. of outer gate, Mary Slattery.

Following the installation, supper was served under the direction of the newly installed officers. A pleasant memento of good work done the past year was tendered the retiring governor, Sumner B. Shorey, who in behalf of the colony was presented with an ex-governor's jewel, the presentation being made by the deputy and Mr. Shorey responded, thanking the colony for their present.

Remarks were made by the deputy who congratulated the colony on its good work.

Readings, piano and vocal solos were enjoyed and brought a very enjoyable evening to a close.

NORFOLK CLUB

HELD PLEASANT SOCIAL AT HUNTINGTON HALL.

Just a comfortable crowd of dancers enjoyed the social by the Norfolk club at Huntington hall last evening. The officers were: Floor director, Francis P. Dugan; assistant floor director, Thomas Pool; aids, Martin Ducey, John Downey, E. L. Brierly, Thomas Markey, J. T. Powers.

GRANITEVILLE

A very close and interesting game of football was played at Hillside park in this town last Saturday, when the team representing this town played against an eleven from Maynard. The game was of two fifteen minute halves and at the end of the second half the score was 0 to 0, neither side being able to score.

The manager, Mr. W. K. Putney, Graniteville, would like to hear from all clubs from Lowell, North Chelmsford, Chelmsford Centre, West Chelmsford or any other town in this vicinity who are anxious to arrange games for this season.

Fire was discovered in the barn of Luke Lawton in North Chelmsford last Saturday morning. Mr. Lawton was awakened by the crackling of the flames and made a brave attempt to save some of his property, but the flames had gained such headway that this was found impossible.

Before any of the neighbors in the vicinity could arrive his barn was burned to the ground. Mr. Lawton intends to rebuild as soon as possible.

DOES YOUR

Husband Drink?

"ORRINE"

Will Surely and Permanently Cure Him, Without his Knowledge.

Drunkenness is a disease and is so recognized by the medical profession. Don't expect impossibilities of your husband, son or father. If he has acquired a taste for strong drink, it is your duty to save him, yourself and family from the terrible consequences of the excessive used whiskey, beer, wine, etc.

We guarantee that "ORRINE" will permanently destroy all desire for liquor, restore the stomach, nerves and digestion to normal conditions and improve the health of the patient, or we will refund the purchase money. "ORRINE" is tasteless, odorless and colorless and can be given in tea, coffee, water or milk without the knowledge of the patient.

Mrs. E. Warlitt, New York City, writes: "'ORRINE' cured my husband, who was a steady drunkard for many years. He now has no desire for stimulants, his health is good and he is fully restored to manhood. He used only five boxes of 'ORRINE.'"

Mailed in sealed wrapper, $1 per box, 6 boxes for $5, by Orrine Co., 817 14th St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Interesting booklet (sealed) free on request. Sold and recommended by

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Barristers Hall, Lowell, Mass.

BISSELL IS DEAD

Was a Member of Cleveland's Cabinet

By Associated Press to The Sun

BUFFALO, Oct. 7—Wilson S. Bissell died at 10.05 last night of Bright's disease. He suffered a sharp relapse during the day and gradually sank hour by hour. Drs. De Witt H. Sherman spent the latter part of the day and all the night up to the time of the former postmaster general's death in the Bissell home.

At 6 in the evening he announced that Mr. Bissell would probably survive the night, but that death was certain within 36 hours. A few hours before dying Mr. Bissell brightened up and told Dr. Sherman that he realized the end was near. He asked to have his family called to his bedside.

Soon afterward he sank into a profound coma and remained practically in that condition until death. He had been sick some weeks.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer

OFFICE, 162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Heirs' Sale of Real Estate at Public Auction

SATURDAY, Oct. 10, 1903, at 2 P. M.

RAIN OR SHINE

By consent of the heirs of the late Thomas Gallagher, I will sell to the highest bidder, the eight room house and about 3623 square feet of land, more or less, situated on the southerly side of West Sixth street, No. 152.

This house was built of the very best material and great pains was taken to have a very comfortable home. It has three very pleasant chambers up stairs, large hall, parlor, sitting room, dining room, sewing room, kitchen, bath room with hot and cold water; all lighted with gas, with pretty gas fixtures in every room. Has a high posted, well lighted cellar, with cemented bottom; water closets, sewer, and everything that a person would wish in a home.

The house is 1½ story, with bay window, set up well from the street, with piazza on the side that leads to a very pretty garden, with grass lawn, set out with pear, plum, apple, cherry, and peach trees; grape vine trails over shed in rear, also shrubs, etc. Has concrete walks, sidewalks and edge stones all in, is well fenced, in fact there is not one thing to be done to this place that could improve it.

As this is an heir sale to settle this estate, it is a positive sale, and I invite the public to attend.

TERMS: $200 must be paid to the auctioneer at time and place of sale. Other terms made known at sale.

Per D. J. DONOHUE, ESQ.

THE

Bon Marche

TWELVE SPECIAL ITEMS From the Domestic Basement Section

"About the emptyest thing I kno ov is a pocketbook with nothing in it—it is rather wuss than a knot hole."—Josh Billings.

If you shop in the Bon Marche, you'll always have "something" in your pocketbook. Read about these savings in domestics, then profit by the knowledge thus gained and you'll never be encumbered by the kind of a pocketbook Josh describes.

BLEACHED SHEETS, Each 39c.
Size 72x90, good cotton, 50c would be the proper price.

SKIRT PATTERNS, Each 23c.
Plain and Fancy Flannelettes.

FACE CLOTHS, Each 2c.
Turkish—5c value.

TOWELS, Each 10c.
Huckabuck—size 19x41, (please note the size), always 12½c each.

COMFORTERS, Each 98c.
Full size, filled with pure white cotton. $1.25 would be a reasonable price.

DOMET FLANNEL Yard 3½c.
White, good width, always 5c yard.

DIAPER CLOTH, Piece 39c.
18 inches wide, slightly imperfect. Perfect goods, sell at 69c piece.

BERKSHIRE PLAIDS, Yard 12½c.
Best quality, excellent for school dresses.

BLANKETS, Pair 49c.
10x4, white, grey or tan, all perfect.

HANDKERCHIEFS, Each 2c.
Women's hemstitched. A big bargain.

BATH ROBE BLANKETS Each $2.39.
31 styles and colorings, a leader at above price.

SASH CURTAINS, Pair 25c.
All made, ready to put up, full yard long, stripes and dots.

THE SUN EXTRA

6 O'CLOCK

GONE TO JURY

Verdict is Awaited in the Hicks Case

At the opening of the session of superior court this morning, Judge Waite charged the jury in the case of Hicks vs. New England Kennell club, which was started yesterday morning. As this case was the best to be tried at this term he court gave quite a lengthy discourse on the duties of the jurors. He said he did not know how many of the men had served as jurors before, but he was going to take it for granted that the majority of the men had never sat on a jury before. The court then informed the jurors of the oath which they had taken, also the different actions brought, describing actions of tort, contract and replevin.

The court told the jury to examine the witnesses carefully and observe if they are biased or interested on either side of the case in which event they may make a favorable or an unfavorable answer. The jurors were told that witnesses are not allowed to give opinions excepting in cases where experts are on the stand.

"You must be impartial and without fear or favor," said Judge Waite. "You are to agree upon a verdict if possible, and the 12 men must agree, it is not a mere matter of majority. The burden of proof is laid upon the plaintiff so that the plaintiff must have the greater weight on his side or he fails, whether or not the defendant has proven anything."

The court after giving instructions charged the jury in the Hicks vs. New England Kennell club case, and the jury retired at 10.45.

After the jury retired in the Hicks case, the case of Yarnold, ad'x, vs. Bowers et al., was called. D. J. Donahue appeared for the complainant. The defence challenged two of the jurors, and the counsel for the plaintiff also challenged two of the jury men.

This is an action of tort in which the plaintiff seeks to recover damages from the defendants for the loss of his son, George M., who, it is alleged, while in a rowboat was run down by the defendant's steamer and drowned. The ad damnum is placed at $10,000. Richard M. Yarnold, father of the drowned boy, is the plaintiff, and the defendants are George and Jonathan Bowers.

This is the fourth time that this case has been brought up for trial. In the first case the plaintiff was awarded a verdict of $465, but the verdict was set aside, and on two other occasions the juries disagreed.

The plaintiff in his declaration claims that on the 30th of June, 1899, George M. Yarnold, in company with Walter Thorne, the latter's sister and Miss Ida Cook, while in a rowboat and making their way from Willow Dale, it being after nine o'clock at night, the rowboat was run down by the defendant's steamer. Yarnold was thrown from the boat and drowned, his body being recovered the next day.

Counsel for the plaintiff in making his opening plea said that Yarnold went out to Willow Dale on the day of the accident with several companions, being members of a party of people from the Chelmsford Street Baptist church, who were holding an outing at Willow Dale. Yarnold and Thorne hired a boat at Lakeview, and rowed about the lake during the day. In the evening they went down to the shore where their boat was and met their parents. They entered the boat at 9.20 or thereabouts and started for Lakeview.

Continuing, he said: "They noticed a steamer some distance out and kept as close to the shore as possible. When about seventy feet from the shore the steamer hit the boat. When the steamer struck the rowboat Yarnold was struck and thrown into the water and drowned, his body being recovered later." Counsel said that the occupants of the boat were in the exercise of due care."

The defendant's answer is a general denial of each and every allegation, stating that the defendants were in the exercise of due care and that said Yarnold was not in the exercise of due care, and that the accident was caused by gross carelessness and lack of due care on the part of Yarnold and the occupants of the rowboat.

The first witness called was Walter W. Thorne, whose testimony in part was as follows: "I started out about seven o'clock on the day of the accident with the members of the Chelmsford Street Baptist church who were holding a picnic. We arrived at Willow Dale about nine o'clock." Witness told of being with George M. Yarnold, now deceased, and told of the hiring of the boat, and also how they spent the day. Witness said that when they were ready to go home in the evening Yarnold, Miss Ida Cook, witness and his sister got into the rowboat preparatory to rowing over to the wharf at Lakeview to put up the boat and take the car for home. Continuing witness said: "The night in question was rather dark, but the stars were out. We were about opposite the Jewett cottage when we heard the steamer's whistle blow. I could not say as to whether or not we saw the steamer at that time. Upon hearing the whistle I headed the boat towards shore. I continued to row as fast as I could to get out of the way of the steamer. Of course my back was to the steamer when I first heard the whistle, but as I pulled toward the shore I could see the steamer. I noticed that the steamer was still headed toward us. When I next observed the steamer it was close to us and as I continued to row toward the shore one of the girls hollered to the men on the steamer: "Lookout you will run us down," and an answer came back from some on the steamer: "Look out yourself, we can't." Yarnold stood up in the boat and the steamer then struck us and Yarnold was thrown into the water."

"While in the water Yarnold shouted for help twice. I could see his head and shoulders in the water. I jumped into the water and swam around in an effort to save him if possible. The next time I saw Yarnold was when he was found by his father the next day. There were no bruises on his face or head when he was in the boat with me, but when his body was taken out of the water, I noticed a bruise on his forehead, and also one on the side of his nose and jaw."

At this point the court took a recess of ten minutes.

Mr. Thorne resuming his testimony after the recess said: "The boat shipped but little water at the time. I saw a reddish light in the center of the steamboat. That was the only light I saw."

On cross-examination witness said that he and Yarnold were 19 years of age at the time of the accident and that the two girls were about 16 years old. Witness said: "Yarnold and myself went out together and we met the young ladies at Willow Dale in the afternoon. We hired the boat at noon and both of us were to share the expense. I rowed the boat during the greater part of the day, and was familiar with row boats. The first time I ever went to Willow Dale was about six years before the accident occurred, and I went there off and on each year. I very offer went out rowing during the times I visited the pond. I nearly ayways hired my boats at Lakeview, but might have hired them at Willow Dale once or twice. When I went out in the boats I visited all parts of the pond and visited Mountain Rock and Willow Dale. I have ridden on the steamboat probably half a dozen times a year from the time I first visited the lake until the accident. I never noticed what course the steamboat took, but knew that it did not go away out into the middle of the lake.

"I believe that the day of the accident was the first time I had been out on the lake in a row boat after dark."

"Now where was the steamer at the time you took the boat?" asked Mr. Bent.

"I do not know," answered the witness.

"Was it at the Willow Dale wharf?"

"No, sir."

"You didn't see the steamer at any rate?"

"Not at that time."

"Where were you going when you four people embarked?"

"Going home."

"Your intention was to go to Lakeview?"

"Yes, sir."

"At the time you embarked was anything said by anybody in reference to the steamer?"

Mr. Donahue objected to this question and the question was changed to "Did you hear anything said about the steamer?"

"Just before we embarked one of the ladies told us to look out for the steamer. I think it was my mother who told us to look out for the steamer, that was before we left the shore."

Witness then rehearsed the testimony of the trip from the time the party left the shore until the boat was struck, it being substantially the same as given in the direct examination of the same witness.

At this point a photograph of the steamboat was submitted as evidence and after witness had testified that it was a fine representation of the boat, the photo was marked "Exhibit A."

"What prevented you from following closer to the shore than you did?" asked counsel.

"Because the water was shallow near the shore," answered the witness.

"After you changed your course, you noticed the steamboat on your right side?"

"Yes, sir."

"While you were rowing for the shore did you keep your eye on the steamboat?"

"Well, I couldn't say."

"But you watched it from time to time?"

"Yes sir."

"Didn't you realize that you were going across the course of the steamer?"

"I realized then that I couldn't get out of the way of the steamer."

"How was Yarnold facing when he stood up in the boat?"

"He was facing the steamer."

"You didn't see him go overboard?"

"No sir."

"Do you know what he stood up for?"

"I do not."

"What was the exact effect on the little boat when the steamer struck it?"

"I turned it around at a right angle from the direction in which it was going."

"Your boat didn't ship any water?"

"No sir."

"Neither you nor the young ladies were thrown out?"

"No sir."

"Did the steamer stop after the boats came together?"

"I am not sure about it, but it seems to me that it did."

On rebuttal Lawyer Donahue asked witness "Whether or not there were any noises besides the noise made by the boat that could be heard out on the lake?"

"There was a concert at Willow Dale," said the witness.

"You could hear the concert?"

"Yes, sir."

"Whether or not there were any other noises?"

"I could hear the people on the shore."

After questioning witness on the course he took after seeing the steamboat, Mr. Donahue asked: "Did you have any particular object in watching the steamer?"

"Yes, to avoid a collision if possible."

"What was your object in continuing to row?"

"It seemed to me that I was getting out of the way of the steamer."

Ida M. Cook was then called to the stand and said she was 19 years of age and was 15 when the accident occurred. She said: "About 6 o'clock I met Yarnold and Thorne at Willow Dale. It was 13 minutes past nine when we got into the boat. I knew it was that time, for George looked at his watch before we started. I could not say who pulled the steamer first, but when I saw it I said: 'Look out for the steamer, Walter.' I continued to watch the steamer. Somebody in our boat shouted to the people on the steamer 'Look out or go back.' I think it was Walter, and the answer from the steamer was, 'Look out yourself; we can't.'

"When the boats struck the steamboat struck my hand."

At this point the court said that the counsel had deemed it advisable for the jury to witness the scene of the accident and notified the jurymen to report at the court house at 2 o'clock, when they would be taken to Willow Dale in the care of two sheriffs. He cautioned them about holding any conversations or entering into any discussion with anybody.

Court was then adjourned until 9.30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

At the time of adjournment the jury on the cases of Hicks vs. New England Kennel club had not reported and a sealed verdict will be brought in and read tomorrow morning.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devoe Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

HIS FLESH TORN

Stolen Horse Went Over 25 Foot Embankment

Entangled in portions of a barbed wire fence, his flesh torn and bleeding and fastened beneath the wagon to which he had been attached, a valuable green horse, valued at $225, struggled at the foot of a 25 foot enbankment down which he had tumbled in South Lowell, at daybreak this morning.

The horse is owned by Mr. Demerais, the Lakeview avenue plumber, and he was stolen at Riverside Park last evening while Mr. Demerais was visiting a friend.

The horse was found by Peter Stanhope of Liberty street, South Lowell, between four and five o'clock this morning.

The poor brute was kicking and slashing but the weight of the heavy wagon held him down, while the cruel steel therns of the wire fence pierced his flesh in a hundred places.

Whoever stole the horse drove him along the top of the embankment of the Lawrence & Lowell division of the Boston & Lowell railroad. They hitched him to a stake about four feet from the edge of the embankment and some time during the night the horse broke away from the stake and with the wagon tumbled down the embankment, carrying a portion of a barbed-wire fence with him.

The veterinaries think the horse will live, but his condition is serious.

RATIFY TICKET

Bourke Cockran Will Address Democrats

Saturday evening at Faneuil hall, Boston, the democrats will ratify the nominations of Gaston and Olney, and the principal speaker on that occasion will be Hon. W. Bourke Cockran of New York.

Mayor Collins will preside and will make one of his famous campaign speeches, dealing with state and city affairs and their relative connection. The mayor intends to make reference to the state commissions, which rule Boston in whole or in part.

The four democratic congressmen, McNary, Keliher, Sullivan and Thayer —are also to speak, and the candidates on the state ticket will be heard.

GOLF TOURNAMENT

SEVERAL CONTESTS OF INTEREST SCHEDULED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—When the first round of match play in the invitation golf tournament given by Mrs. Griscom to Miss Rhoma Adair, was started today on the links of the Merion Cricket club, the weather conditions were unfavorable.

Lowering clouds threatened rain every minute, while the early morning shower had left the turf wet and generally unpleasant for walking.

The attendance, however, was almost as good as yesterday and the galleries formed as usual to follow the respective pairs.

Miss Adair was again the chief center of attraction and although she was looked upon a sure winner in her game with Miss Pauline Mackay, the latter's better showing yesterday promised to give her a good game.

Several other interesting contests were scheduled. Mrs. Charles H. Stout was drawn to meet Mrs. T. W. Heath of Riverton; Mrs. R. H. Barlow met Miss H. Curtis of Essex county and Mrs. Manice was drawn against Miss F. O. Osgood of Brookline.

STEEL SHARES

COMMANDED GREATEST ATTENTION IN STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Interest in today's stock market centered largely around the steel shares, particularly the common. London's higher prices for these issues was doubtless the chief reason for their early strength here. Opening prices for steel common ranged from 17½ to 17¾ for 6000 shares, ⅛ above and below yesterday close. Steel preferred on sales of 3000 shares made a maximum advance of ⅞. The balance of the list was generally higher.

Early gains in steel stocks were soon lost, the common declining a full point and the five per cent bonds almost as much. The weakest stock in the list was Amalgamated Copper, which declined almost 2 points on heavy selling credited to Boston.

A Cure for Asthma

The worst cases of Asthma in the world succumb readily to the one great cure that never fails. Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann's Asthma Cure almost performs miracles.

Mr. R. M. Spencer, 2380 Vermont avenue, Toledo, O., says: "Asthma has been growing on me for 3 years, until last summer the attacks became so severe that many nights I spent half the time gasping for breath. Doctors seemed to give no relief whatever, and I felt there was no hope for me, when a drug clerk recommended your Asthma Cure. Its effect is truly magical and gives complete relief in from 2 to 5 minutes."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 93, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

ANNUAL MEETINGS

SEVERAL LARGE CORPORATIONS ELECTED OFFICERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 7.—The stockholders of three of Manchester's largest textile manufacturing concerns held their annual meetings in this city today. The reports were of a uniformly satisfactory character, that of the Amoskeag being to the effect that the mills are well supplied with cotton, that the past year has been one of prosperity, and that all manufactured goods has been sold. Officers were elected as follows:

Clerk, Herman F. Straw; directors, T. Jefferson Coolidge, George A. Gardner, George Dexter, Charles N. Amory, G. Byron Chandler, George Von L. Meyer, Henry F. Sears, J. Lewis Stackpole and George Wigglesworth.

The Manchester stockholders held their first meeting under the new management, T. Jefferson Coolidge presiding. The recent re-organization was thoroughly reviewed.

The election of officers resulted in the re-election of Edward B. Woodbury as clerk and the following directors: J. Howard Nichols, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Charles W. Amory, George A. Gardner, George Von L. Meyer, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., Theophilus Parsons, Alvah W. Galloway and Frederick C. Dumaine.

IN POLICE COURT

Albert Dowd Got Two Months in Jail

FOR ASSAULTING GEORGE H. BLOOD

Dowd Was Superior Court Probationist

Albert Dowd, a probationist from the superior court, was in police court this morning and pleaded guilty to a complaint charging him with assault and battery on Charles H. Blood.

Dowd is the young man who, a few weeks ago, stole $130 from his father and blew it in at Providence, R. I. The case was taken to the superior court and he was placed on probation.

The only excuse he had to offer for assaulting Blood was that the latter had said there was nothing to eat at his, Dowd's house. Blood denied that he made just that statement. Dowd's father is a milkman and Blood worked for him one week. He said that another fellow who had worked for Dowd asked him how he liked his job. "I replied," said Blood, "that I liked the job all right. Then he said to me that the food wasn't very good. I told him the food was good and that there was lots of it, but not much of a variety."

Young Dowd told the court that he didn't think Blood had ought to have said anything about the food at his house. Judge Pickman, however, told him that the statement didn't justify the assault and he sentenced Dowd to two months in the common jail.

LICENSED HIS DOG.

Stephen K. Chase, who was before the court yesterday on a complaint charging him with keeping an unlicensed dog, was there again today and showed the court a license that he purchased at city hall yesterday afternoon. He was fined $2 the cost of court.

Albert C. Wright, a Chelmsford lad, charged with the larceny of $12, had his case continued to Friday, juvenile day.

The sequel to the O'Laughlin liquor case heard in police court yesterday was the court's order to return the liquors to the owners.

For drunkenness, Mary A. Clapp was sentenced to the common jail for a term of five months. She appealed and was ordered to recognize in the sum of $200 for her appearance before the superior court. Mary McDonald, for drunkenness, was fined $6.

FUNERALS

FIFIELD—The funeral of Mrs. Geo. W. Fifield took place from her late home, 1180 Middlesex street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Charles T. Billings, pastor of the Unitarian church, conducted the services. Appropriate hymns were sung by the Temple quartet. The bearers were Hon. Charles H. Allen, Hon. William E. Livingston, Messrs. Walter L. Parker and George E. King. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of Mr. J. B. Currier.

CAYER—The funeral of Mrs. Adeline Cayer took place yesterday from her residence, 11 Lakeview avenue, the funeral services being sung at St. Joseph's church. Rev. Fr. Graton, O. M. I., officiated. The bearers were Messrs. Joseph Richard, Pierre Malloux, John Brunelle and Louis Brunelle.

Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, Rev. Fr. Vlaud, O. M. I. reciting the committal prayers at the grave. Undertaker Archambault had charge.

SPAULDING—The funeral of Benjamin E. Spaulding took place yesterday afternoon from his residence in Billerica. Rev. Mr. Weir of the Unitarian church officiated at the service, and was assisted by Rev. John H. Dale.

The bearers were Gardner, George and Benjamin Spaulding, sons of deceased, and A. C. Ladd, son-in-law. Burial was in Fox Hill cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Brooks.

BERKETT—The funeral of Clarence O. Berkett, the little boy who is thought to have died from injuries received during the recent disaster at Riverside park, was held yesterday afternoon at the home of his parents in Raymond avenue. Rev. W. H. Yarrow of the Berean Methodist church, was the officiating clergyman. There was singing by Misses Ruble and Jessie Miller. The attendance was large and there was a profusion of flowers. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

ABEL—The funeral of John S. Abel took place yesterday afternoon at his home, 21 Bradford street. The bearers were George W. Hartwell, Calvin L. Joy, Isaac Pennell, Lorenzo Smith. There was singing by Mrs. Roberts and Mrs. Wilman. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

FLEMING—The funeral of Ann Fleming took place this morning at ten o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertaker James F. O'Donnell & Sons in Market street, and the interment was in the Edson cemetery.

OWENS—Bernard Owens, aged 57 years, died this morning at the home of his sister, Mrs. Martin Hansbury, 17 Stromquist avenue. He leaves one sister and two brothers, Patrick and Andrew of this city.

CAREY—The funeral of Catherine Carey took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from her late home, 250 Middlesex street and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church in Gorham street, where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at nine o'clock by Rev. Hugh McDermod. The choir under the direction of Mr. James E. Donnelly sang the Gregorian mass and during the service appropriate selections were rendered by members of the choir.

The bearers were Messrs. Arthur Johnson, Timothy McCarthy, John Murphy and Roger Carley. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery, where the last sad rites of the Catholic church were solemnized by Rev. Fr. McDermod. The funeral was under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

GILL—All that was mortal of the late Mrs. Della Gill was laid to rest yesterday with all the solemnity of the Catholic church. The funeral, which took place from her late home, 11 Rockdale avenue, proceeded to St. Patrick's church, where a mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Walsh. At the offertory Mr. Bond effectively rendered "Pie Jesu" and at the close of the mass he sang "Passing Out of the Shadow." As the body was borne from the church "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was sung by the choir.

There were many beautiful floral tributes, showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by her many friends. The most prominent among these were a large pillow inscribed "Wife," being the last token of the bereaved husband; large cross inscribed "Sister," from Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Leary and family, brother of the deceased; spray, Miss Frances Mahoney; wreath inscribed "Della," from Misses Marie and Annie Gill; basket of cut flowers, from John and Miles Regan, cousins of the deceased; spray of ferns and roses, from Mrs. Constantine; a large pillow, from Mr. and Mrs. William Killoy.

The bearers were Messrs. Daniel Wholey, Timothy Wholey, Dennis Dwyer, John Regan, John Corlett and Miles Regan. The burial was in the Catholic cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker C. H. Molloy.

DEATHS

COBURN—J. V. B. Coburn died Monday at his home in Revere, after a long illness from heart disease. He was 78 years old. Mr. Coburn was a native of Dracut and was formerly a manufacturer in Lowell. He went to Revere to live about 25 years ago, dealt in real estate for himself and as agent during the most of his residence in the town. He was a widower, and leaves no children. Mr. Coburn was one of the most liberal contributors to the building fund of the Boston Evangelical Institute.

LEE—Mr. Michael A. Lee of Livermore street, got a despatch today stating that his mother is dead at Lee Hill, N. H. She was 70 years old and a venerable old lady, who leaves eight children, all full grown, namely Michael A., John J., Patrick J., William H., James M., Hannah, Norah E., and Nellie M. She was widely esteemed for her sincere piety and her devotion to her family. The funeral will take place from the village church Friday.

DEVOTIONAL SERVICE HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Oct. 7—A devotional service, led by Miss M. M. Atwater, of Springfield, opened the second day's session of the annual convention of the Women's Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian association of Massachusetts and Rhode Island in this city.

Addresses on the work of the organization were made by E. N. Huntress of Pittsfield, and Mrs. C. P. Faunce of Salem.

Rev. Floyd Tomkins, D. D., of Philadelphia, conducted a "quiet hour."

The boys' department was then taken up, with addresses by Harold G. Blodgett, of Springfield, H. W. Gibson, state superintendent of boys work and Mrs. George R. Loud of Providence, R. I.

A banquet and reception in the Congregational chapel followed.

DR. WILLIAM DALE DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NORTH ANDOVER, Mass., Oct. 7—Dr. William Johnson Dale, who for 21 years served as surgeon-general of Massachusetts, being appointed in 1869 by Governor Andrews, died at his home here today, aged 88 years. He served throughout the civil war and made many sanitary reforms.

Miss Gallagher of Gorham street, with her cousin, Miss Drury of Boston, will spend the remainder of the month in New York.

MULE SPINNERS

Delegates Are Holding a Secret Session Today

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 7.—PROMPTLY AT NINE O'CLOCK PRESIDENT MICHAEL DUGGAN OF LOWELL CALLED TO ORDER THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 33 TEXTILE DISTRICTS OF NEW ENGLAND, NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY, WHO ARE ATTENDING THE NATIONAL MULE SPINNERS' CONVENTION HERE. THE CONVENTION WENT INTO SECRET SESSION AT ONCE.

The first business of the session was the report of Messrs. Ross, O'Donnell and Cliff, the representatives of the mule spinners on the executive board of the United Textile Workers of America. The report was a detailed account of the condition of affairs in the entire industry and dealt with the strikes and lockouts in the trade. Special stress was laid on several Rhode Island strikes and the terms of settlement. In one case which has not been settled the committee reported that they had the promise of the mill treasurer to meet them again and that a settlement would no doubt be reached.

The trade labels of every craft affiliated with the American Federation of Labor were endorsed.

George E. McNeil, the veteran labor leader and father of the 8-hour movement, was given a rousing reception. He gave a graphic description of the labor movement of 50 years ago, when he said that it took a man of great moral stamina to belong to a labor organization. At the close of his address the delegates were photographed in a group and then adjourned until afternoon.

LOWELL MAN FINED $100

By Associated Press to The Sun

ENFIELD, N. H., OCT. 7.—CHARLES S. WINSLOW OF LOWELL, MASS., WAS ARRAIGNED YESTERDAY ON A COMPLAINT CHARGING HIM WITH HUNTING DEER WITHOUT A LICENSE. HE WAS FINED $100 AND COSTS. A JAIL SENTENCE OF 60 DAYS, WHICH WAS ALSO IMPOSED, WAS SUSPENDED.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

Tomorrow Night at 7 o'clock

At the Textile School, Moody St. and Colonial Ave., Lowell, Mass.

SPECIAL DAY COURSE IN DECORATIVE ART.

While the Decorative Art course is mainly preparatory to textile design, it also prepares for any branch of decorative art, such as wall paper, book illustration, lithography, interior decoration, stained glass, etc., etc., and for pictorial art in water and oil. The facilities now offered permit of thorough instruction in these specialties. The classes are open to ladies and gentlemen in connection with textile design or otherwise and have been especially popular with ladies.

Pupils can enter at any time. Instruction from 9 to 4 p.m., except Saturday and Wednesday afternoons.

SUITS ✱ **SKIRTS**

YOU MUST COME

And we will make it worth your trouble as we shall offer today and tomorrow some values in New Suits and Skirts that you cannot afford to pass by. We will not tire you with extended argument, but quote these few leaders.

Suits at $13.75

A fine quality cheviot, long skirt effect, satin lined, metal buttons, and has all the earmarks of a $20.00 suit. The colors are black and blue.

Skirts at $2.98

A Walking, 5 gore, flare skirt, nicely trimmed in mixed material; also black and blue, value $6.00. A rare bargain.

Other exceptional values now ready in Jackets and Capes, Waists, Furs and Raincoats.

Correct Styles. Advanced Ideas. Lowest Prices.

The New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET

JACKETS ✱ **FURS**

NIGHT EDITION

6 O'CLOCK

MAY SIMMONS

Figured in Another Very Sensational Incident

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—May Simmons, 19 years old, whose mother and stepfather live at 160 Harvard street, Cambridge, has had many sensational experiences in the past few months, and had another early yesterday morning, part of it in the West End ashore, and part of it in the West End afloat.

Miss Simmons is now in the Massachusetts General hospital, where the doctors are closely observing her to see what they can make of her mental condition. If they think it advisable they will today call in Dr. Jelly, the expert on mental diseases, and if they should not think it necessary they are going to notify the state police, who want to have a talk with her about a series of fires which occurred late Monday night in the furnished room house at 69 Myrtle street, where she had a room.

The police of division 3 thought for a little while early yesterday morning that they had a big mystery to unravel in the case of Miss Simmons, for there never was a more thrilling situation outlined between the yellow covers of a 10-cent novel than she unfolded to them.

Patrolman Walter D. Lang of division 3 was patrolling his lonely beat on the Charles bank along the edge of the Charles river at 2.10 yesterday morning when the stillness was broken by an agonized cry for help in a feminine voice which floated in from the murky river. The voice came from some distance down the river toward Craigie bridge, and Lane started on the run in the direction whence it came. The cries continued and by the time he was within half a block of the bridge he could make out the outlines of a woman's body floating with the ebbing tide. She was only a few feet out from shore and was struggling to keep afloat. Lane caught up one of the life preservers kept along the river front for emergencies and threw it to the girl, who caught hold of it.

HOW SHE GOT INTO THE WATER.

Lane had begun to do a little shouting himself by this time, and two of the drawtenders, James Ross and James Cabolass, came out of their house as Lane ran on to the bridge and the three piled into a dory and rowed out into the river after the woman, whose cries had then ceased. They found her supported by the life preserver, and she appeared to be unconscious.

The inanimate body was pulled into the boat and the drawtenders rowed back to the bridge, where the rescuers found they had picked up a very pretty girl. While the drawtenders resorted to the usual means to restore the girl to consciousness Lane ran to the end of the bridge and sent a hurry call for the ambulance of his station.

The ambulance came in five minutes and the girl was taken to the Massachusetts general hospital. She partially revived on the way to the hospital and told Patrolman Lane, who went with her, that her name was Charlotte Porsie, and that she was stopping at the Bowdoin square hotel.

After she had received some treatment at the hospital she was questioned further about herself, particularly with reference to the manner in which she got into the river.

The girl refused to tell where she lived or what she did for a living, but she said that late Monday night she went with a young man for a boat ride on the Charles, and that after they had been out while they quarreled, about what she would not say, and at the end of it the young man rowed ashore, jumped out and then pushed the boat back into the river. The girl said she tried to row ashore, but lost the oars, and when the boat, drifting along with the tide, passed close to a vessel anchored in the river, she stood up to try to catch hold of the anchor chain, missed it and fell into the river. Then she cried for help, and she said, the policemen knew the rest.

When daylight came, patrolman Michael McDonough, who had heard the girl's story from patrolman Lane, recognized her from the description as being May Simmons, whose mother and stepfather live in Cambridge, and he went to the hospital to see her. McDonough's surmise proved correct, but while she admitted her identity, she wouldn't tell where she was living, although she admitted that it wasn't at her mother's home.

DUE TO CHOLERA

Death Rate of Army Increased

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

White Soldiers are the Healthiest

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—An increase in the death rate of the army from 13.94 per thousand in 1901 to 15.49 per thousand in 1902 is shown in the annual report of Surgeon General R. M. O'Reilly for the fiscal year ending June 30. This increase is attributed to cholera which caused 3.54 deaths per thousand. A slight improvement appears in the admission rate for diseases and injury which declines from 1791.59 per thousand in 1901 to 1716.51 per thousand in 1902. Discussing other features of the health of the army, Surgeon General O'Reilly's report says:

"The enrollment of about 5000 native Filipino scouts having added a new racial element to the army, it becomes a matter of much interest to study the comparative effects of disease on them and on our white and colored troops. For the whole army at home and abroad during the year 1902, the white troops showed an admission rate of 1700.33 per thousand and a death rate of 14.40. The negro troops had 1897.74 admissions and 24.11 deaths per thousand and the Malay scouts 1107.21 admissions per thousand and 24.4 deaths. The white race therefore gave the lowest figures in sickness and much the lowest mortality. The black race led in both, although the Malay closely approached it in death rate.

"The freedom of the Filipino from the vice of drunkenness is strikingly shown when we find out that out of 5000 men, only three individuals were treated for alcoholism in one year and that while white soldiers were admitted to sick report on account of their own misconduct in the use of alcohol at the rate of 24.78 per thousand and colored troops at the rate of 11.70, the Malay scouts showed the extremely small admission rate of 0.62 per thousand.

"The steady increase prevailance of venerial disease is the most discouraging feature in the sick report of the army.

During 1902, 13,000 admissions were from this cause, equivalent to a rate of 160.94 per thousand. Admissions to sick report from alcoholism in 1902 were slightly in excess of the number (including volunteers for 1900 and 1901. A total number of 1350 cases, equivalent to 22.65 per thousand of strength occurred. It is impossible not to attribute a large part of the steadily increased venerial disease of the army to the loss of the canteen where the soldier, if he so desired, could get his beer throughout the month, but was not subjected to the temptations of intemperance and vice now attendant on the expenditure of a full month's pay at the low resorts infesting the outskirts of our military reservation.

"A slight dimunition of insanity occurred in the army during 1902. There were 138 new cases, equivalent to the admission rate of 1.71 per thousand which is almost identical with the decade 1891 to 1900."

GOT THE MONEY

Robbers Blew Open the Safe

By Associated Press to The Sun

EDMUNDSTON, N. B., Oct. 7.—After imprisoning the night watchman in a freight car, three robbers blew open the safe in the Canadian Pacific railroad station early today and escaped with about $200 in money. Preparations for the robbery were carefully made and a number of precautions to prevent interruption were taken by the burglars before work was begun on the safe.

The doors leading to the second story of the station, where several employes of the railroad were sleeping, were fastened in such a manner as to prevent their being opened on the inside and the doors of the Temiscouta railway station nearby were also fastened from without to prevent any person there giving an alarm.

The actions of the men were observed by James Magraw, night watchman at Murchies saw mill, but before he had an opportunity to alarm the villagers the three robbers seized him and after carrying him into a freight car on a siding, securely locked the door. About 2 a. m. the robbers attacked the safe and blew it open. The door of the safe was blown across the office, which was somewhat damaged.

The men took all the cash in the place, estimated at about $200. They easily made their escape from town, leaving no clue as to their identity. The night watchman of the mill was released from the car several hours later. He stated that he did not know the men and was only able to give an imperfect description. The authorities on both sides of the international boundary have been notified.

SILVERWARE STOLEN

BURGLARS GAINED ENTRANCE THROUGH A WINDOW.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MARLBORO, Mass., Oct. 7—Silverware valued at $1000 was stolen during the night from the residence of Mrs. L. W. Hitchcock, a mile from the centre of the city. The burglars effected an entrance through a window and the family and servants who were sleeping on the second floor were not awakened. The local police were notified today and are at work on the case, but no clue has yet been found as to the identity of the burglars.

SHORT LOBSTERS

GOT TWO FALL RIVER MEN INTO TROUBLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 7.—Charles A. Sanford was fined $15 in the second district court this morning for having in his possession 49 short lobsters on September 16. Dirwin T. Johnson, the local expressman from whom the lobsters wer seized by the game warden, and whose case was filed, was also fined $15, his case being taken from the file because the court found that Johnson had shielded L. F. Creamer when called for trial in Boston, as the shippers of the lobsters in question, and found not guilty. Mr. Johnson's testimony at this trial was that he purchased the lobsters through Sanford of Creamer. When witness against Creamer, he testified that he purchased the crustaceans of Sanford. The latter's defence was that he did not open the barrel containing the lobsters before delivering to Johnson, but he admitted that his clerk opened the barrel and took out eight of the lobsters.

COURT OF APPEALS

HANDED DOWN DECISION IN WESTERN UNION CASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—A decision involving a very large amount and reversing the finding of the United States circuit court, was sent down today by the United States circuit court of appeals, in the case of the Western Union Telegraph company et. al. vs. the American Bell Telephone company.

A master's report in the case, which held that the plaintiff could not recover in the suit seeking an accounting for certain shares of stock in the companies licensed by the Bell company under a contract made in November, 1879, was confirmed by the United States circuit court.

An appeal was taken and the court of appeals holds that the plaintiff can recover.

FORSYTH HELD

AS A WITNESS IN THE WALDRON CASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 7—In connection with the death on July 3, last, of Clarence Waldron, who was knocked down by a stranger and fatally injured, the police announced today that John Forsyth of Boston is being held by them as a witness.

Forsyth was taken in custody yesterday at Boston and brought to Portsmouth.

The police also stated that they expected soon to arrest Waldron's assailant.

GONE TO PATAGONIA

TO GET CHIEF OF INDIAN TRIBE TO VISIT ST. LOUIS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 7—The details of an expedition to Patagonia to enlist the co-operation of the chief of the Tehuelche Indian tribe—known since the time of Magellan as the most gigantic people in the world—have just been arranged by Dr. W. J. McGee, chief of the department of anthropology of the world's fair. The indications are that Chief Nalato will come to the fair with his family, including his son-in-law, and that another group of heroic stature will accompany him.

Dr. Tarleton has been chief of forestry, fish and game and has returned from New York, where he met the New York commission for the world's fair. He reports that the commission decided to make exhibits in his departments and appropriated $18,000 for the purpose. Specimens of all the food and game of New York will be mounted this year which will show the natural colors.

AWAITED TRIAL

AGED MAN SPENT 18 YEARS IN JAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

OAKLAND, Cal., Oct. 7—George Jones, who had been in the county jail for 18 years awaiting trial, has just died there aged 53 years. He had been incarcerated since Jan. 18, 1885, for the murder of Lorenzo Butillo. He was convicted June 5, 1885, of the murder and sentenced to be hanged July 11. He succeeded in gaining a new trial. About the time the trial was to begin Jones was taken with a stroke of paralysis and has never been able to leave his bed. Time and again the case was set for trial but a continuance always was granted.

FREIGHT WRECK

FIVE CARS DAMAGED AND CONDUCTOR INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 7—The New York-Portland train was two hours late this morning owing to a freight wreck on the Boston & Maine railroad, at Freemont, between Nashua and Rochester. Five cars were badly damaged and Conductor W. F. Sanborn of Nashua, slightly injured. The train was a through freight from Worcester.

SHOT GUN EXPLODED

FOUR-YEAR-OLD BOY'S ARM WAS SHATTERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BANGOR, Maine, Oct. 7.—William Bishop, aged four, son of G. R. Bishop of Carroll, was brought to the Eastern Maine General hospital in this city late last night with his right arm shattered above the elbow as the result of the accidental explosion of a shot gun. The boy was driving with his father's hired man when on going over a knoll the seat on which a shot gun rested was overturned, the gun went off and the charge of shot struck the boy in the arm. It is a question as to whether the limb will be saved.

WATER BOY HURT

MAY NOT BE ABLE TO RACE AGAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7—Water Boy, eastern champion among the race horses for the season, will not race again this season, and it is said to be doubtful whether he ever will face the barrier again.

The horse was being prepared for the Brighton cup contest and was being worked slowly over the Sheepshead Bay track, when upon nearing the end of his trial, he faltered in his stride.

His exercise had pulled him up and it was found that one of the forelegs was injured at the pastern joint. The retirement of Water Boy at this time effectually disposes of any possible meeting with McChesney.

HANSEN ACQUITTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ALFRED, Me., Oct. 7.—A verdict for acquittal was returned by the jury this afternoon in favor of Harlan P. Hansen, charged with assault and intent to kill Frank Hagerman at Saco, on the night of August 11.

STEAM HEATING
WATER HEATING
FURNACE HEATING
CARROLL BROS.'
Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

THE MASSACHUSETTS

WAS DAMAGED MORE THAN WAS EXPECTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—It has been found at the New York navy yard that the battleship Massachusetts, which ran on the rocks near Bar Harbor while on her way to Oyster Bay for the recent naval manoeuvres, not only broke some of the plates in her forward compartments, but seriously damaged the after end of the keel.

The ship's "heel," a large steel casting, was broken and a new one will have to be cast. Work is likely to require several months.

FUNNY JOKE

MR. JOSEPH JENNISON LAUGHED AND DROPPED DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—A joke perpetrated by performers on the stage of an Eighth avenue theatre, is alleged to have caused the death of Joseph Jennison. He laughed so much that heart failure set in and he died in the lobby of the theatre, where he had been carried by the ushers.

COUNTERFEITING PLANT

WAS FOUND AT HEADQUARTERS OF HIGHWAYMEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

HONOLULU, Oct. 7—Several robberies have recently occurred on the road between here and the Honolulu Plantation.

On the third instant a Japanese was shot and seriously wounded while resisting a highwayman. The next night a Japanese was killed by a Chinese robber who rode a bicycle. The murderer was captured by the police, who also arrested three of his associates. Several burglaries and other crimes have been traced to the three men and a counterfeiting outfit was found at their headquarters.

BEEKMAN WINTHROP MARRIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7—Beekman Winthrop, assistant executive secretary of the Philippines government, and Miss Melvin Rggs, daughter of Mrs. John Dunwood, were wedded at St. Bartholomew's church at noon today in the presence of a large gathering of friends.

In the congregation were a number of Harvard men, former classmates of the groom.

Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop will leave shortly for Manila, where he will assume his official duties.

MONEY ON CALL

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Noon—Money on call easy at 2½; prime mercantile paper, 6 @ ¼.

Exchanges, $197,489,110; Balances, $8,968,443.

MAINE BAPTISTS

MEETING OF THE YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIETY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ROCKLAND, Maine, Oct. 7.—A business meeting of the Maine Baptist Young People's Society preceded the opening of the Maine Baptist anniversaries this morning at the local church. The many delegates in attendance discussed the junior work and a devotional service was led by Rev. R. L. Old. The convention opened at 8 o'clock with an address of welcome by the local pastor, Rev. W. J. Day. Response was made by the president who also made his annual address. The annual sermon by Rev. Addison D. Lorimer was followed by the appointments of committees, offering for the convention, welcome to new pastors, fraternal greetings from other religious bodies and observance of the 75th anniversary of Zions Advocate. At noon the convention adjourned until tomorrow morning that the annual meetings of the Maine Baptist Education society and the Maine Baptist society might be held this afternoon and evening.

STATE W. C. T. U.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 7.—Papers relating to the different departments of the work of the State Woman's Christian Temperance Union were read at today's sessions of the state convention of that organization in this city. The speakers were members from all parts of the state. A memorial service in honor of Frances E. Willard was held during the day, an address on the life work of Miss Willard being given by Mrs. C. W. Tapley of Farmington. Reports of the superintendents of the various departments, as well as those of the treasurer and of the superintendent of the Mercy Home, were read and accepted.

Miss O'Brien, dressmaker, and her sister Margaret, have gone to New York.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

You Cannot Ask for Anything in the
ELECTRIC LINE
That You Cannot Get at
DERBY & MORSE'S
All orders promptly attended to. 64 Middle street. Telephone 468-4.

SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE—Will J. L. Smith who got Boston trip book at S. Scott's please return book and avoid further trouble.

DOUBLE STAMPS, BLUE—All this week, 60 with a pound of Baking Powder, 40 with a pound of Tea, 20 with a pound of coffee. Double stamps on crockery and glassware. Dickson's tea store, 63 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The two o'clock and five o'clock editions of The Sun are on sale every day at both newsstands in the Union station, Boston.

LEGAL NOTICES

To the Honorable the Justices of the Superior Court within and for the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully libels and represents Leona A. Morris of Lowell, in said county, that she was lawfully married to Richard Morris, now of Dawson City, Yukon county, Northwest Territory, Dominion of Canada, at Conway, in the state of New Hampshire, on the ninth day of October, A. D. 1885, and thereafterwards your libellant and the said Richard Morris lived together as husband and wife in this commonwealth, to wit, at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex; that your libellant has always been faithful to her marriage vows and obligations, but the said Richard Morris, being wholly regardless of the same, at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex, in the month of April, 1899, utterly deserted her and has continued such desertion from that time to the date hereof, being more than three consecutive years next prior to the filing of this libel.

Wherefore your libellant prays that a divorce from the bonds of matrimony may be decreed between your libellant and the said Richard Morris and that the care and custody of their minor child, Alfraretta V. Morris, may be decreed to her.

Dated this sixth day of October, A. D. 1903.

LEONA A. MORRIS.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, ss.

Superior Court, Oct. 6, A. D. 1903.

Upon the libel aforesaid it is ordered that the libellant notify the libellee to appear before our Justices of said court, at Cambridge, in said county, on the first Monday of November next, by causing an attested copy of said libel and of the order thereon, to be published in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, in the county of Middlesex, once a week, three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before the said last mentioned day, and that an attested copy of said libel and order thereon be sent by registered letter to the residence of the libellee as set out in the libel, that he may then and there show cause, if any he have, why the prayer in said libel set forth should not be granted.

THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and of the order thereon.

Attest. THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—The public is hereby notified that the co-partnership hitherto existing under the firm name and style of Dwyer & Mitchell is dissolved this date. All bills due the firm must be paid to John Dwyer, who will carry on the business and will pay all outstanding debts. Signed

JOHN DWYER,
ALDRIC MITCHELL.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Small picture pin somewhere between Coburn street and Hamilton mill. Reward for return to 80 Coburn street.

LOST—Pocketbook in 5 and 10 cent store Tuesday afternoon. If the lady who picked it up will return same to 5 and 10 cent store she will receive reward.

LOST—Saturday evening, purse containing small sum of money between John Nolan's residence and Chapel street. Finder rewarded at Sun office.

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have by calling at 62 Willow street, proving property and paying adv.

LOST—A bay mare on the Tyngsboro road between Long Sought For pond and Tyngsboro. Finder return to W. H. Downs, Brick tavern, Westford, and receive reward.

DEFECTIVE AGENCIES.

H. C. GREENE
LICENSED DETECTIVE.
Evidence secured in all matters. All business confidential.
29 CENTRAL STREET

J. W. BRUCE & CO.
29 Central Street

Farm, 13 acres	$900
Farm, 80 acres	$3100
Farm, 22 acres	$1450
Farm, 150 acres	$1900
Lodging house, 16 rooms	$700
Bakery, best in city	$800
Variety Store	$300

For full descriptions of above property, call at J. W. Bruce & Co.'s, 29 Central street.

TO LET

LOW PRICES, GOOD REPAIRS.

5 rooms, Hosford Sq.	$8.00
4 rooms, Abbott St.	6.00
7 rooms, bath, Bleachery St.	10.00
7 rooms, Lawrence St.	11.00
3 rooms, Central St.	5.00
Store and 3 rooms, Central St.	12.00
Cottage and barn, Rogers St.	8.00
Cottage and barn, Rogers St.	7.00
Store and 3 rooms, Lawrence St.	8.00
Store, Merrimack St.	16.00
Blacksmith shop, Charles St.	5.00
5 rooms, Central St.	10.00
5 rooms, Liberty street	8.00
9 rooms, Westford St.	18.00

APPLY 468 CENTRAL STREET

HAY IN WASHINGTON.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—Secretary Hay returned to Washington last evening and was at the state department today. The pressure of foreign business in the state department is given as a reason for the return of the secretary at this time.

STORM WARNING

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 7—The local weather bureau issued the following storm warning today:

"Southeast storm warning 10 a. m. Oct. 7: Storm of marked intensity central north of the lakes, moving eastward, will cause strong and increasing easterly to southerly winds with rain, tonight and Thursday."

Confessions of a Priest.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox of Wake, Ark., writes, "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for 12 years." If you want a reliable medicine for Liver and Kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, druggist. Only 50c.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Experienced cook at Osgood's, 20-21 Broot corp.

WOMEN WANTED to sell a necessity to mothers; $12 a week clear. Dept. M., Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Middle aged Catholic lady to do general housework; must be sober and upright. Call after 6 o'clock evenings at 36 Chamber street.

WANTED—At once, girl to do light housework. Apply 209 Appleton street.

TABLE GIRL wanted at 599 Market street.

WANTED—Housegirls, kitchen and mill help at Phil's employment agency, 23 Central street.

WANTED—At once, a smart, tidy girl about 14 years. Call 144 Market street.

WANTED—An old lady to do light housework and care for two children. Call 1 rear 31 Coburn street.

WANTED—Young men to learn pulling over. Apply at Stover & Bean's, Hood building, Thorndike street.

WANTED—Two smart, experienced kitchen girls at 53 Lee street.

WANTED—Two or three housegirls at 487 Central street.

WANTED—Lady agents not over 35 by a gentleman having a good article for sale. Write R. Stone, general delivery, Lowell.

WANTED—A thoroughly capable housework girl; must be a good cook and laundress. Call afternoons at 531 Westford street.

AGENTS for accident and health insurance; large commissions to energetic solicitors; attractive policies; low premiums; applications easily obtained. Imperial Registration Co., 11 Broadway, New York.

TO MANUFACTURERS—Special inducements will be offered to manufacturers locating factories in a southern seaport city, the location of which is unexcelled for the speedy and economical distribution of manufactured products by rail or water to the largest consuming centres of the United States and foreign countries, it being only about 200 miles from New York city by sea; will furnish and require good references. For further information address "Development," care The Sun, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—A few more ladies to bead slippers. 13 East Merrimack street, one flight up.

WANTED—Girl to do light housework at once. Call 46 Bartlett street.

WANTED—Meat cutter as a partner in the meat business; we have the horse and cart. Call after 7 p. m. 175 Merrimack street, room 2.

WANTED—Six good carpenters. Apply at 11 Wilson street or 149 D street.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to keep house for two people and one child; good home to the right party. Call this evening and Sunday, rear 124 High street.

WANTED—Housegirl at Employment office, 584 Gorham street.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 348 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants, and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in city. Merrimack Loan Co., 28 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, Room 38, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhas, Room 9, Barristers hall.

WANTED

WANTED—To buy chickens, B. P. Rocks, R. I. Reds. Address, stating number and price, R. N. Maker, Floredith farm, Collinsville, Mass.

YOUNG LADIES to learn the fastest system of shorthand in 20 lessons; absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods; position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties; everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers; thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamps. Department 75 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms (running water in one) in house with telephone, near cars; reasonable price. Address J. M., Sun office.

HOUSE CLEANING By the hour or day by woman. Address A. E., 472 Suffolk street.

WANTED—Small children to board; $1.50 per week. Mrs. Ellen Gower, Pelham, N. H.

WANTED—To buy home in the city for cash; only those that wish to sell and sell low need apply. Box 185, city.

YOUNG MEN to learn the fastest system of shorthand in 20 lessons; absolutely most complete and up-to-date methods, position guaranteed; lessons by mail exclusively; no interference with regular occupation; 25 cents per lesson; no difficulties; everything simple and clear; indorsed by boards of education and leading newspapers; thousands of graduates; first lesson free for stamp. Department 34 A, Campaign of Education, 211 Townsend bldg, New York.

LADIES wishing to make their own dresses will now have the opportunity to learn the Penley Dress Cutting System at 22 London street. Come now.

WANTED—Amateur photographers to know that this is the best place in town to have your work done. Price Right, Work Right. Special attention given to retouching, viewing and mechanical work of all kinds. Open evenings, 7 to 9. A. Ernest Clark, photographer, 59 Middle St.

TO LET

TO LET—A store in Little Canada, corner Aiken and Cheever streets; this store can be used as an office. Mrs. J. B. Charron, 18 Decatur street.

TO LET—Three or four room tenement, use of bath, hot and cold water. 104 Bridge street.

TO LET—Pleasant upstair tenement of 7 rooms; pantry, bath and good piazza; separate doors; at 339 Fairmount street, junction of Rogers. Apply 341.

TO LET—Desk room in one of the best fitted up offices in Lowell; steam heat, 'phone, large safe, etc. Inquire at rooms 47 and 48 Central block.

TO LET—Half double house, 110 Sixth street; 8 rooms; on car line. Apply 63 Myrtle street.

TO LET—An apartment of five rooms with bath and modern conveniences. 35 Branch street, corner Nichol's street.

TO LET—Nice 7 room cottage on State street. Inquire at 78 Tyler street.

TENEMENTS TO LET on Ludlam street, containing five rooms, with bath pantry and large yard. Inquire on premises or Wm. Clements, 411 Broadway.

TO LET—Steam heated rooms, gas and bath at 159 Gorham street.

TO LET—Cottage house on Batchelder's court. Key and information at next door.

TO LET—Our aim is to furnish tidy, attractive tenements to quiet, self-respecting families at the lowest possible cost; if you are looking for a tenement that is pleasant and healthful, with good neighbors and at the same time is low in price, call and see us. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Tenement at 1 Branch place; rent $11. Inquire 35 Wells street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eight-room house near Sacred Heart church; gas, bath, hot water. Particulars 9 Elm street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Small lodging house for sale cheap for cash. Inquire 389 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—First-class retail liquor saloon on Westminster street, Providence, R. I.; rent reasonable; part cash, balance can remain on mortgage. James McGinn, 26 Ames street, Providence, R. I.

FOR SALE—Cheap, nice chiffoniere bed. Apply 22 Third avenue, Pawtucketville; upstairs.

FOR SALE—Bay mare, 1000 lbs., natural roader and stylish; concord wagon, nearly new. Inquire at this office.

WOOD LOT FOR SALE—16½ acres, two miles from Pawtucket bridge; price $650; a great bargain. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen building.

FOR SALE—A well furnished lodging house doing a good business in a central location. Address R. A. C., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Barber shop furniture cheap for cash. Apply 67 Charles street.

FOR SALE—Good paying boarding house of 21 furnished rooms; fine location; will sell for $1400. Apply 27 Orchard street, Lawrence.

AUCTION SALE Thursday, Oct. 8, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, one line of household furniture at 21 Powell street, near Shaw hosiery.

FOR SALE—Carload of new milch cows and springers from Vermont. Jason Fuller's farm, Wamesit, Mass.

FOR SALE—Fine cabinet $85 organ; good as new; $45, easy terms; $35 cash. Room 2, No. 13 Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—New White and Household sewing machines, wholesale price; one good White $10, one Domestic $8. Room 2, No. 13 Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred B. P. Rock and R. I. Red pullets cheap. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmerere, Dracut. Call day time.

FOR SALE—Oldsmobile 1902 model, emergency brake; has been but little used. Inquire Upton & Gilman's, Middlesex St.

FOR SALE—Portable pool and billiard table, suitable for house use; will sell cheap if taken at once. Inquire No. 10 Sydney street.

FOR SALE—Restaurant doing a good business; a good investment; ill health the cause for wishing to sell. Call at 60 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Two nice male collie puppies, 4 months old, kind and affectionate; cheap to good home. Apply Billings' livery stable, Merrimack street, opposite Tremont.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices, 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1½ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c. linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS

DR. A. THOMPSON'S PREVENTION AND CURE. It prevents and cures colds, pneumonia, attacks of fever, sore throat, sore lungs, hard or painful coughs, la grippe and rheumatism in any stage. All druggists, 25c. per bottle.

MRS. ADAMS, Clairvoyant and Card Reader and ladies' employment office. 365 Gorham street, opp. Court house.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hassen, Bon Marche studio.

MADAME LENORE, clairvoyant and card reader, corner Lawrence and Tyler streets. Ladies 25c, gentlemen 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 12 and 2 to 10 p. m.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 919 Central St.

PARLOR MILLINERY—Mrs. A. Van Hise, 105 Gates street; opening Friday and Saturday; choice line of trimmed hats and latest millinery novelties.

IF YOU WANT to sell your house or farm let me hear from you quickly; if you want fire, life or accident and sickness insurance, it will pay you well to know what I can give you. M. J. Sharkey, Swan's building, 26 Central street.

MRS. FLETCHER, 769 Gorham street, trance business medium and card reader.

J. W. GREENLAW, carpenter and general jobber, 58 Middle street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 836-13.

DRINK GLORIA—Look out for imitations and don't be an easy mark for frauds. Doyle Bros. Telephone.

PRIVATE LESSONS in English given to those who desire for 25 cents an hour; also lessons in drawing and painting for children; oils, water colors or crayon; 25 cents an hour; hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. Miss Wilkins, 150 Andover street.

TEXTILE SCHOOL TABLETS and stationery at S. A. Garson's, successor to E. A. Burgess, stationer and newsdealer. 3 Central street, Lowell.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 201 Middlesex street.

LANDSCAPE GARDENER and turf grading. Apply M. J. Bloomfield, 34 West Fourth street.

THE COLONIAL COLLEGE of Dramatic Arts, Swan building; acting, elocution, oratory, dramatic literature. Call or write for prospectus.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ, corner Market and Palmer streets, makes all kinds of shoes for cripples and deformed feet at lowest prices; also all kinds of repairing done in first-class manner.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at H. Baker & Co.'s, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McElhinney Bros., Merrimack street, opp. City hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief. Powerful combination. Used by 200,000 women. Price 25 cents. Druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Bent's Dead Shot kills lice on children and all insects. Cures dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents falling hair. Harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—By a dressmaker, to go out sewing by the day; terms moderate. Address Dressmaker, Sun office.

WANTED—At once; position by an experienced bookkeeper. Best of references. Address, W., Sun office.

ENGINEER, second class, wants position, 15 years' experience with high speed and compound engines; also experienced with hoisting engines. Address Engineer, Sun office.

WANTED—Situation as coachman; married, total abstainer, thoroughly understands the care of horses; first-class reference. Call 51 Chestnut street.

WANTED—A situation as meat or pastry cook; restaurant preferred. Inquire 251 Appleton street.

WANTED—Position as seamstress by experienced hand. Address 552 Lawrence street, city.

COMPETENT GENERAL HOUSEGIRL would like position in private family. Apply 171 East Merrimack street.

YOUNG LADY wants employment in office or as saleslady; experienced; can also operate typewriter. Address box 5, Sun office.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper by widow with child 6 years old; very reliable housekeeper and first-class cook; in good family, none others need apply. Address X. Y. Z., Sun office.

WANTED—Situation at light housework. Address 62 Bridge street.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
Counsellor-at-Law
And Public Administrator.
137 Central Street. Telephone 889-4.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

This is good political weather.

Lowell wants no powder magazines within her limits, unless they are put deeply underground, and enclosed in the heaviest stonework.

Four weeks from today the election returns will bring the republicans some very serious surprises. They will find some of their leading candidates sent down in defeat.

The popularity of Col. Ripley of Chelmsford swept away the claims of Caleb Smith in the republican convention of the 25th representative district; but it should not be allowed to overcome the candidacy of a good democratic in that district.

CHAMBERLAIN VS. BALFOUR.

Joseph Chamberlain has taken the stump for the propagation of his protectionist ideas.

Premier Balfour has gone so far towards Chamberlain's position on the tariff that there is little ground for dispute between them.

The fight will be a hot one and the outcome uncertain; but had Balfour held firmly to the free trade policy, Chamberlain's chances of victory would not be nearly as great. His triumphs on this question would make him Prime Minister of England and send Mr. Balfour back to the ranks. The latter would still, however, be regarded as a leader and he has gone so far towards agreement with Chamberlain that instead of maintaining opposition, he would probably become a supporter, provided Chamberlain's views met popular approval.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republican platform is regarded as one of the most ingenious pieces of non-committal platitudes ever put forward as the summary of principles of any political organization. In this respect alone is it an able document. Ex-Governor Crane understands what the present governor wants in the form of a platform. He wants nothing that will hamper his freedom of action or his freedom to take any position he may find to his advantage on the stump. The platform is therefore mainly negative in its character. Perhaps the most positive statement is this that "to uphold law and order should be the first duty of every American citizen." No doubt in this there is a veiled attempt to defend the governor's course in harrassing the town of Revere by sending down the state officers to deal with matters purely local; but while this plank in the platform may be intended as a defense of his course in Revere it reminds the public of the manner in which he failed to enforce the law to prevent pool selling on the race track. The governor was actually in collusion with these gamblers but that of course is met by a general denial.

"The republican party," says this platform, "favors legislation that is just and fair to all interests, that encourages and protects the enterprises of capital and promotes and safeguards the welfare of labor." Would it be possible to frame a better straddle between capital and labor?

So the whole platform is made up of non-committal generalities. No declaration in favor of any reform demanded by the people, nothing in favor of regulating the trusts nothing against the tariff abuses except that the present tariff law should not be revised or changed until the need of such action and the benefit to be derived from it be clearly shown.

Thus the republican platform from first to last is one of platitudinous generalities and cunning evasions. What has such a platform to invite loyal support? When contrasted with the democratic platform it would seem that the latter should commend itself strongly to every voter desirous of promoting the general interests of the people of the commonwealth.

THE LUCE LAW SHOULD BE ADOPTED.

The question of adopting the Luce caucus law is now up for consideration.

The main and indeed the only objection urged against it in this city is that there are not ward rooms enough to accommodate all who would wish to attend, but this might be overcome by keeping the polls open long enough.

A fair discussion of the merits of this law seems to indicate that it is highly calculated to correct abuses and to give effect to the will of the majority.

The trial of the law in Boston was highly satisfactory and it proved efficacious especially in removing the disgraceful faction fights which had for years been a feature of some of the ward caucuses. Above all, it protects the rights of the citizen against the undue domination of political machines. It makes it utterly impossible for any clique, faction or combination to capture caucuses by actual force, something that has not been unfrequent under the old system.

If the Luce law will prevent political machines from pocketing political parties and guarantee every citizen's right to become a candidate and to secure all the votes cast for him, then it will be a vast improvement upon the present system, and the sooner we have it the better. Under such a method of selecting candidates there will be no excuse for any class of citizens to keep away on the pretext that the nominations are agreed upon in advance by the machine and that it matters not how the voting goes.

The objection made by Judge Richardson against declaring his political affiliations is nonsensical as every man who attends a caucus thereby declares that he is a member of that particular political party.

The law imposes the necessary restriction that no voter shall attend the caucus of more than one party in the same year, but it does not interfere with any voter's freedom of choice on election day.

The independent voter may consider himself left out in the cold; but all that such voters want, it seems, is freedom of choice on election day which remains wholly unrestricted. There is no reason why independent voters should object to their exclusion from the caucus of a party to which they do not belong. They can put forward their candidates on nomination papers as formerly.

On the whole it seems that there are very substantial advantages to be derived from the adoption of this law, and that the sooner it be adopted the better for the body politic and for all political parties. The only forces which may be expected to oppose it are the grafters who manage to get into public office by unfair means and who are likely to lose their power under the Luce law. Consequently even though the application of the law may cost more than the old style primaries it will be worth all it will cost in promoting the purity of the ballot and giving effect to the will of the majority in selecting candidates, even as the majority rules on election day in deciding what candidates shall take office.

That the Luce law affords protection against caucus packing, caucus stealing and fraudulent counting, while protecting every citizen's right to be a candidate is sufficient reason why it should be favored by every party that stands for political purity and reform in municipal government.

SEEN AND HEARD

Weddings will be brisk until Thanksgiving.

The marketmen report that turkeys will be high, as the meat trust has a "corner" in the birds.

A workman who is employed by a local contractor would make an ideal member of a "Don't Worry" club. Nothing ever excites him, nothing ever causes him to move out of his customary gait or to raise his voice from a slow monotone. Everything that he does he does with automatic deliberation, whether it is picking or shoveling out of a ditch to seek shelter from a dynamite blast. We will call him Smith, for that is not his name. There is a memorial little bald-headed man in the same gang who insists that Smith is a philosopher. "You may think he hasn't the sense to be anything else," he said recently, "but he'll beat out the crowd for sense, so he will, and I don't even except myself. Look at him, will you? He's 10 years older than I am at the least and he's got hair to cut, while I have to sandpaper the sides of my head to get my hat to stay on. That comes of fretting."

Since the advent of re-license the local cigar manufacturers have been handicapped for help, for cigarmakers are not partial to no license as a class. Not that they are heavy drinkers, for they care little for "horse" liquors, but they do like beer. Many of the best workmen have left town because of the lack of saloons, while those who remain get bottled goods by express. A large proportion of cigarmakers are Germans and they bring their tastes from Fatherland. They are steady, hard-working men and do not allow their partiality for malt beverages to interfere with their work.

It's the same old story, in the same old way;
It is jolly, jolly from the candidate all day.

Cruelty to animals by people of supposed intelligence and refinement is often surprising. One of our leading families is very fond of dogs and gives the animals as much care and attention as babies receive, yet this same family thinks nothing of leaving cows out in the cold and rain. Last Saturday night was disagreeable, and the family left a valuable cow in the open field, tied to a stake with about 25 feet of rope, and the poor animal bellowed all night, within hearing distance of its owner and numerous neighbors. It matters not what their cruelty is due to, it is reprehensible and deserves condemnation.

J. W. Gurney, inspector for the state board of agriculture, who visits Lowell annually to inspect the Middlesex North fair, is in harmony with Pres. Roosevelt on the "race suicide" question. Speaking of a recent visit to Lowell, he says:

"The best feature of the outdoor exhibit was the farmers' parade, made up mostly of market gardeners, who, in this way, made a fine display of the products of their farms. We noticed one in particular, very ingeniously gotten up, the proprietor having on the seat beside him his young son and daughter, representing the best product of the New England farm."

Here is a conundrum charged to John Nolan of old ward three:

"What is the most musical route to Boston?"

"Give it up?"

"Why, via Lynn, of course."

In Peabody, which at one time was in our congressional district, a tannery, run by two men, shut down the other day. One of the partners went to Boston, leaving the other in the shop. At noon the hero of the tale went to the boiler shop, got up steam, and then blew the whistle for himself to go home to dinner.

It is comforting news to hear that the price of coal is down to normal figures, after the harrowing experiences of last winter. About this time, a year ago, the gloomy tidings of a coal famine were wafted about, and later on, its full significance was felt in nearly every home. It was a "hard winter" for the housekeeper, and let us trust we shall never see its like again. But even the worst adversities teach valuable lessons, and the coal famine was no exception, for it taught the people the value of coal, and the lesson will not soon be forgotten. There is now more economy in the use of coal than there ever was, and the "coal barons" cannot but feel the change. The ash sifter is at work in the land, and "black diamonds" no longer grace the ash piles, while the thrifty housewife carefully nurses the coal bins, mindful of former experiences with cold rooms and cheerless hearths. The ditty of childhood, so pregnant with hard sense and thrift, is now applied to the coal problem:

Wilful waste brings woeful want,
And you may live to say—
"Ah! how I wish I had the coal
That once I threw away!"

The appointment by the late Mayor Dinon of Mrs. Rowena Palmer as one of the trustees of the public library, was a very happy selection. Mrs. Palmer, who has been on the board two years, is an active and earnest worker for the library's best interests. A woman of excellent judgment and rare scholarship, she brings to the position most desirable qualities, and she is especially useful in selecting foreign literature. Women are entering the public service more and more, and nowhere are they more desirable than in public libraries.

NORTH GERMAN LINE

WITHDRAWS FROM NORTH ATLANTIC CONFERENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7—Gustav Schwab agent of the North German Lloyd line here, said yesterday that this company had given notice that it will withdraw from the North Atlantic conference agreement regulating first and second class passenger rates. Mr. Schwab does not think that the withdrawal will affect passenger rates, or mean any material cut in those now prevailing.

Eugene Borande, New York agent of the French line, said that he had received no notice from his company of the proposition to withdraw from the agreement.

"Of course it is in the air that trouble is brewing because of the Cunard line's announcement that it is going into the Mediterranean service, but I have nothing definite of any contemplated change so far as our line is concerned," he said. "We have received a letter from the home office however, stating positively that the Italian government has not granted the Cunard line the privilege of doing business at Italian ports and this looks as though it is still doubtful whether that company will be able to come into the continental field."

COMMISSION NAMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The president has appointed G. H. Ernst, corps of engineers at Chicago; Professor G. S. Williams of Cornell university and George Clinton of Buffalo, N. Y., as the representatives of the United States on the proposed international commission to investigate the condition of water routes from the great lakes to the Atlantic. Great Britain has accepted an invitation to appoint a similar commission, but has not yet announced its personnel.

GOFF NOMINATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 7—George Nelson Goff of Rehoboth was nominated by acclamation for the state senate yesterday at the republican senatorial convention of the first Bristol district. Silas G. Reed of Taunton was elected a member of the republican state committee.

Headache?

This Torturing Ailment Yields Easily to Rational Treatment by a Non-Poisonous Remedy to be Had From Any Druggist.

Imperfect digestion and its attendant evil—constipation—are responsible for 98 cases of headache, out of every hundred.

Iron-Ox Tablets cure headache by assisting digestion and regulating the bowels.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action. They do far more harm than good.

The result does not come as rapidly as with violent purgatives or cathartics, but it comes to stay. There is no resulting weakness to fear; and a course of Iron-Ox Tablets will cure any trouble arising from indigestion or constipation, no matter of how long standing.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Do not confound Iron-Ox Tablets with ill-paid preparations which depend upon drug-disguised alcohol for immediate effect, and which create a habit which is nothing more nor less than alcoholism. Iron-Ox Tablets build up the system naturally—they cannot create a "habit."

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

Chiffonier...

The chiffonier is considered by housekeepers as one of the most convenient articles of furniture in the home. One we specially mention today is 25 in. wide and 4 ft. high, containing five drawers. Birch wood, golden oak color, and the price

$4.00

Adams & Co.,

Furniture and Carpets.

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block.

FOR 28 YEARS THE

7-20-4

has been the New England favorite 10c cigar. Competent judges say they are now better than ever.

LITTLE GOLD DUST

as a 5c. cigar has a record that speaks for itself. For sale by all dealers.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N.H

BEST WALTHAM MAIN SPRING, Warranted **50c**

Watches cleaned, 25 cents, warranted. Clocks repaired, 50 cents up. Jewelry repaired. Cash paid for old gold and silver. 25 per cent saved on all kinds of watches and clocks, as we buy direct from factory. Open evenings.

WALTHAM WATCH REPAIRING CO.
195 Middlesex Street.

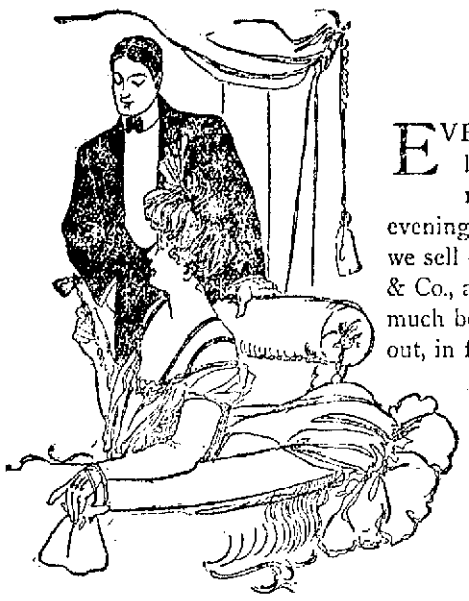
CARTER'S
Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICE DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

Dr. Emmons'.

Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.



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166 CENTRAL STREET

EVERYTHING for the blushing bridegroom, but the ring, and correct clothes for other men when they need to dress up. In evening clothes, Tuxedos and Prince Albert suits, we sell only those garments made by Rogers, Peet & Co., as, in our opinion, these alone fill the bill, much better than the average merchant tailor turns out, in fit, quality and finish; much less expensive.

Evening Suits (tail coats) of twilled worsted, unfinished worsted or crepes, silk lined or serge lined, - $28 to $45
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Tuxedo Suits, of same cloths, coats from - - - - $15 to $22

Prince Albert Suits, of fine worsteds or English Vicunas, from $27 to $40
(Coats and Vests from $20)

Dress Waistcoats—White, Double Breasted—Dress Shirts, Gloves for afternoon or Evening. Neckwear, Etc., Etc.

A GREAT SUCCESS

Mathews Hold Enjoyable Smoke Talk

MUCH ENTHUSIASM OVER THE PEABODY PARADE

Lynn Mathews Extend Invitation to Local Society

The Mathew Temperance institute formally opened its course of lectures and entertainments last evening with a grand smoke talk and entertainment in its rooms. The attendance at the affair was the largest of any similar event held by the society, the capacity of the spacious hall being fully taxed.

At the business meeting held prior to the entertainment 34 propositions for membership were read and 10 members admitted. A delegation from the Fr. Mathew society of Lynn, consisting of President Sheehan, ex-Presidents McKeon and Casey addressed the meeting, extending an invitation to the society to become its guests on next Saturday evening after the great state temperance parade in Peabody. All three gentlemen spoke briefly, stating that unusual interest is manifested in Essex county over the turnout of the Mathews of Lowell next Saturday. The Lowell boys intend to be present 600 strong and will be received with open arms in Peabody.

The invitation from Lynn was unanimously accepted and cheers were given for the Lynn Mathews. The report of the committee in charge of the arrangements for the Peabody parade showed that all preparations had been practically completed. The special train bearing the Mathews and their friends will leave the Merrimack street depot at 1.15 o'clock, the members marching from the society rooms to the depot, headed by the Lowell Military band.

A set of seven legislative books was received, the gift of Hon. James H. McKinley. A rising vote of thanks was extended to the gentleman for his courtesy.

The business session over, the literary exercises were opened with a piano selection by Richard Noonan. A solo entitled "Leonore," was finely rendered by Mr. Robert Lindsay. Mr. Lindsay was recalled and for an encore sang "Erin's Call," and "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." The singer was enthusiastically applauded at the close.

Martin Maguire, Lowell's favorite tenor soloist, sang himself into favor when he rendered "When I Was Mary's Sweetheart," and for an encore sang "Love's Sorrow."

Professor Sharron, a reader of wide repute, recited a poem entitled "The Vagabonds," and on being recalled recited an old favorite, "Sheridan's Ride."

An intermission was here taken while refreshments were passed around and "T. D.'s" lighted.

REV. FR. MULLIN.

On resuming the entertainment program Rev. W. George Mullin, spiritual director of the society, was introduced by President Sullivan and spoke interestingly about the proposed parade in Peabody on next Saturday. He hoped that the members would turn out in large numbers and uphold the reputation gained by the Mathews throughout New England. In conclusion Fr. Mullin felt that the presence of the Mathews in the Peabody parade would be an inspiration and incentive to the Essex county societies to further effort as regards membership and influence.

Ex-President William F. Thornton gave a scene from a popular play which completely brought down the house. For an encore Mr. Thornton recited "The Seminole's Defiance," a scene laid in Florida at the time of the trouble between Osceola, the leader of an Indian tribe, and the whites. This selection, too, was warmly approved of.

EDWARD F. SLATTERY.

Edward F. Slattery, an ex-president of the society, spoke reminiscently of the Mathews in the early days and of the times when the good feeling existed between the Mathews of Lynn and the local society. He urged the members to turn out in large numbers on next Saturday and show to the people in Essex county that Middlesex county is yet alive in the temperance cause. The popular probation officer was loudly cheered at the conclusion of his speech.

Mr. Thomas P. Fynn, one of the institute's popular entertainers, gave a whistling solo.

The exercises closed with all singing "The Old Oaken Bucket," accompanied on the piano by Mr. Richard Noonan, who also served in a like capacity during the evening.

The committee in charge consisted of the following members:

Messrs. William F. Boyle, chairman; P. H. Crowley, Bernard F. Kane, Denis J. Sullivan, Henry Thomas, John J. Lyons, Bernard McNally, John M. Coughlin, William Quirk, John A. McKenna, John J. Murphy, James McGreavey, John J. Townsend, James F. Rourke and George L. Hunt.

The institute will meet in special session on Friday evening, at which time new members will be enrolled and also when the railway tickets for the Peabody trip can be procured of the financial secretary.

GOLF EXPERTS

INVITED TO MEET THE BRITISH CHAMPIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7—The invitation golf tournament tendered by Mrs. Griscom to Miss Rhona Adair, the champion of England and Scotland, began yesterday on the links of the Merion golf club at Haverford, a suburb. Among the golf experts who will meet the British champion are Mrs. Charles T. Strout, the 1901 and 1902 American champion; Miss Frances Griscom, the 1900 American champion; Miss Florence Harvey of Hamilton, champion of Canada; Miss Mabel G. Thompson of St. John, N. B., the former Canadian champion, and such well known experts of Mrs. C. E. Fox, Mrs. E. A. Manley, Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Miss Ruth Underhill and the Misses Spence of England.

The course yesterday called for a distance of 5947 yards for 18 holes. The outward journey is 2997 yards and the home coming 2950 yards.

Miss Adair was paired with Miss Maude Adams of this city. The British champion played a splendid game, but suffered through lack of familiarity with the course. Taking her play generally she excelled in direction shots though fair greens and approach shots, but at times was a trifle rattled in putting. Her driving was consistent.

She took 47 for the outward journey, which equalled the men's bogie. The cards of the pair for the outward journey follow:

Miss Adair.....5 6 5 7 4 5 4 7 4—47
Miss Adams.....9 8 5 7 4 6 4 6 3—52

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NOT IDENTIFIED

Headless Body of Man Found

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Two unsuccessful efforts yesterday were made to identify the mutilated body of an unusually large man who was found Thursday in the Hoboken ferry slip with the legs and top of the head missing.

Michael Yorks of Kansas, who came to this city at the request of his aunt, Mrs. Michael Nealy of Philadelphia, who had identified the body as that of her husband, declared that the identification was erroneous. The body was also declared not to be that of Jerome J. Smith of this city, who has been missing since Wednesday. The autopsy revealed the presence of water in the lungs and throat of the dead man but physicians said this might be accounted for by the mutilations of the head and body and did not necessarily indicate death by drowning.

It was at first supposed that the legs were amputated by the propeller of a steamer, but it is now asserted that the cuts could not have been made in that way.

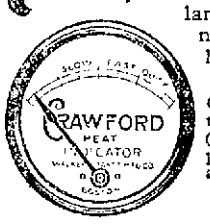
THE FIRST FALL FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION ROOMS TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

CASTO THEATRE

Comedy is the keynote of the offering at the Casto theatre this week, and the show is one of the best ever presented at the Shattuck street theatre. The act of Favor and Sinclair alone is worth the price of admission. Reserved seats may be obtained by calling telephone 815-3.

You Can Be Sure
of the condition of the Oven if you use
Crawford Cooking-Ranges

They have a Heat-Indicator that is *reliable.* It is larger than others, easy-to-read, and the mechanism is not exposed to the direct heat of the oven nor can it be clogged by steam or grease from the cooking.



Crawfords have more improvements than all the other ranges combined. Single Damper (*patented*): Improved Dock-Ash Grate; Improved Oven, with heat-saving, cup-joint flues and asbestos back; Removable Nickeled Rails.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

D. W. HORNE & SON

COAL

ALL SIZES BEST GRADES

$7.25 Per Ton

YARD: Cor. Hale and Thorndike Streets
OFFICE: 15 Central Street.

LUCE LAW EXPLAINED

By Its Author to Fair Sized Audience in Jackson Hall

Simultaneous Nomination Prevents the Packing of Caucuses—Independent Voters Fully Provided for—Advantages of the Law Explained

At Jackson hall last night the Luce caucus law was explained by its author, Representative Luce of Somerville, to a fair sized audience. After the meeting Rep. Luce was tendered an informal reception at the headquarters of the Lincoln club at Barristers' hall

In opening his address Rep. Luce explained the object of the law to be the holding of the caucuses of all political parties at the same time and place. On election day the people hold what was originally a mass meeting, and is still such in character, to select between the candidates put forward as party nominees and those named by independent groups of voters on nomination papers.

On caucus day the members of political parties, and those only, are to hold mass meetings for the nomination of candidates.

In providing that the caucuses of all parties shall be held on the same day, we have not deviated one whit from the long established theory that the work of party caucuses shall be confined to party members. Yet we are criticised by the independent journals of the state, by some party leaders on the democratic side, and by various people who appear not to believe in our American theory of party government, as if we had incorporated some new principle into the making of nominations.

Possibly government by parties may not be the best way of administering the affairs of a republic. Perhaps our fathers were wrong in developing the system. But in trying to provide that whether right or wrong, it should be the best possible, I for one did not undertake to overthrow the established theory.

Party government involves party responsibility. Of late years we have not been able to secure the full benefits of this by holding parties to strict accountability for their nominations, because when taken to task they have been able to say that these were determinated by the aid of members of other parties. Caucus packing has been developed to a fine art. To illustrate, take Ward 25 in Boston, where last year the Foss-Adams contest was raging, 1600 men took part in caucuses; this year 1408 men took part in primaries. Last year the democratic caucus attendance in that ward was 165; this year 780 asked for democratic ballots in the primaries. The fair inference is that last year about 600 democrats helped the republicans in that ward alone to decide whether Mr. Foss or Mr. Adams should be the republican nominee.

The purpose of that bill in this regard was simply to provide that the caucuses of all parties should be conducted under conditions that would carry out the provisions of existing law restricting participation in caucuses to party members. To prevent men from voting in the caucuses of all parties in the same campaign, as they had been doing by hundreds, we provided that the caucuses of all parties should be held at the same time and place, and that no man should receive the ballot of more than one party. To secure that the ballot given to him should be that of his own party, we provided that he must make request for it publicly. We deemed it unwise to insist that he should declare himself a member of the party whose ballot he asked, and as the old oath had resulted in nothing but a great mass of perjury, we avoided its evils by securing our end indirectly through the publicity of the ballot choice and through the proviso that it should act as a party enrollment. It was frequently predicted that this chance for men of one party to call for ballots of another, without question or challenge, would result in an increase of the wrong we were fighting, but on the contrary, the actual test of the law by nearly 50,000 voters of the city of Boston proved our own expectations right, and caucus packing disappeared. For the first time in many years the republican candidates in Boston were nominated solely by republicans and the democratic candidates solely by democrats. For the first time in many years each party can be held strictly accountable for its action.

This has displeased those members of the community who refuse to ally themselves with any party. They are the men who want to share party privileges without sharing party burdens. They want to help name party candidates and evade all responsibility for the result. They want the reward without the work.

It also displeases such party men as have been accustomed to profit by help from the other side.

And it displeases some people who have been deceived by the representation that the secrecy of suffrage given by the Australian ballot has somehow been infringed. On the contrary, in the many places where the Australian ballot has not been used in caucuses, adoption of the new law will secure its benefits. The system does not in the slightest degree disclose a voter's expression of preferences as between the individual candidates of the party to which he chooses to ally himself. It discloses exactly what the old system disclosed—the identity of the party with which he acts.

But it is said that the new system puts his act on record, and makes the record public property. So did the old system, for any 10 voters could get a certified copy of the check list used as the old caucus, by law, and it was frequently done.

There is the further misconception that the voter's action on nominating day is to have some relation to his action on electing day. Misinformed people are saying that the voter's ballot choice at the primary is to restrict him to use of the ballot of the same party on electing day. But the new law has absolutely nothing to do with the electing day procedure. The blanket ballot is still to be used on electing day. Whether a voter will then mark candidates of the party whose ballot he took on nominating day, will as of old, rest entirely with his own judgment and his own conscience.

It was of course absurd to contemplate that once a voter had automatically enrolled himself with one party, he should never be able to change to another for nominating purposes. On the other hand, the opportunity to change at a moment's notice would continue the old evil of selling a caucus vote to the highest bidder. It seemed prudent to stipulate an interval long enough to insure that the change was made in good faith, and not through the use of money, nor by reason of personal friendships for candidates. So we stipulated that a change of enrollment should not take effect until 90 days after request for it had been made of the authorities. We do not believe that any sincere convert will demur at this reasonable precaution.

The machinery of the new law worked with perfect smoothness and to the satisfaction of everybody, so that nothing need be said in its defense. To be sure, there was some criticism of the hours, but they were the choice of the election commissioners, the law leaving the decision in this regard to the local authorities. Such cities and towns as desire to keep the polls open in the evening may so do.

Various useful results were accomplished. Most important of them was the effect in increasing attendance, for all students of our political affairs agree that a most desirable improvement is the increase of attendance at the primaries. The Boston nominating vote this year was the largest on record, being about 600 larger than last year. Compared with the election day vote of the last three off-years it appears that at the very start the primary system brought out 20 per cent. of the natural voting strength of the city. The same thing followed in Minneapolis, Detroit, Baltimore and Grand Rapids upon its introduction. In Boston the democratic vote increased, the republican fell off, but that was partly because the democrats kept in their own primaries this year and the republicans in theirs, partly because there were no republican contests to bring out the vote in most wards, while the democrats had several. The alignment had no relation to the principle of the system.

Attendance will be larger under the new plan because the voter will feel that it is worth his while to vote. Now he thinks everything has been cut and dried in advance, and that it is useless to go to the caucus. Furthermore he will find everything easier than when there is a contest, no standing in line, to delays, no disagreeable surroundings, no ballot distributors and solicitors. In brief, he will find all the conditions of nominating day as convenient and comfortable and simple as on electing day.

The machinery of the plan is not needed in the small towns. Its benefits are most useful in the large cities. Where to draw the line is the problem the legislature has left for each place to determine. My own advice is that the law be adopted in all the places where the caucus has ceased to be a place of discussion and conference, where it is not well attended by representative men of the party, or where members of one party have begun participating in the caucuses of another. But where the town meeting idea still prevails effectively in making nominations, where there are nominating speeches and debates, where attendance is large and where there is no interference from men of opposite political faith, I would counsel adherence to the old system.

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT LUCE.

WANT HYDRANTS

LOCKS & CANALS CO. MAKES REQUEST OF WATER BOARD.

At the regular meeting of the water board, last evening, it was voted to grant the request of the Locks & Canals for 13 hydrants to be located near the mill gates, the hydrants to be set as soon as possible, and the president and superintendent were empowered to make a requisition and to purchase the hydrants and necessary fittings.

Several rebates, for excess of water rates, were granted, and the question of the wisdom of granting rebates came under discussion. There was no action taken.

A rebate was voted to James U. Gage, of $8.50; to S. K. Dexter, of $25; and to Bessie Garland, of $25.

WASTE PAPER

OCCUPIES ATTENTION OF BOARD OF HEALTH.

At the meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon the matter of gathering waste paper was taken up. The Lynn Utilization company offered $100 a year and a Mr. Gallagher of this city offered $60. An Armenian is doing it at present, paying $50 a year for the privilege. The board voted to call for sealed bids on the matter at its next meeting.

The matter of licensing hencoops came up, but it was laid on the table, no member thinking seriously of the proposition to make owners of hens take out a license.

Inspector O'Hare stated that his report of the water supply in the mills of the city was not ready as yet, and he was given another week in which to complete his investigations.

The meeting adjourned shortly after 5 o'clock.

CHARLIE ARMSTRONG

IS COMING HOME FROM ENGLAND.

Jack (Twin) Sullivan received a letter yesterday from Charley Armstrong, who is in England, in which the Lowell boxer says he will sail for Boston Friday.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it is your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the scattering of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in 10 minutes and cure. Sold by Falls & Burkinshaw.—5.

Layers of Eggs

during fall and winter, pay big profits. To make layers, give the hens daily

Sheridan's CONDITION Powder

It helps the older hens, makes pullets early layers, prevents sickness and is always safe and sure. In use over 30 years.

If you can't get it, we send, prepaid, one pack, 25c; five $1. A 2 lb. can $1.20; six, $5. Sample of best poultry paper free.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Let Us Add Your Name

to our list of pleased credit patrons. Our easy-payment plan is simple and without embarrassment even to the most sensitive person. You merely say:

"Charge It"

Men's Hats

All the newest shapes and colors known to high class hatters are here—Derbys and Soft Hats—styles are Cuyer, Dunlap, Stanhope, Youman, Young and L. & H.

$2.00

Boys' Clothing

Boys' All-Wool Two-Piece Suits, Scotch mixtures, broken plaids and other irregular effects, at

$4.00

Ladies' Skirts

Ladies' fine quality Black Broadcloth Skirts, seven-gored flare, trimmed with bands of taffeta.

$5.98

Waists

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Etamine Waists, tucked back and front, and new pocket sleeve,

98c

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220 CENTRAL STREET - - LOWELL, MASS.

"No Money Down Clothier" to Man, Woman and Child.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

FREE FRANCHISES

Alderman Miskella Will Put An End to Them

Significant Remarks by Chairman of Aldermen On Petition for Underground Conduits—$1400 for Storm Guards—Precinct Officers Confirmed—$7000 Was Voted for Cemeteries

Alderman James F. Miskella, at last night's meeting of the board of aldermen intimated strongly that henceforth any corporations obtaining valuable franchises from the city of Lowell while he is a member of the city council will have to compensate the city in some manner or other, and that the time of granting valuable franchises gratis has passed.

The alderman's remarks were made in connection with the reading of a petition for permission to lay underground conduits in Merrimack street and are reported below.

Both branches of the city council met but there was nothing unusually interesting about either session.

Both branches voted $7000 for the cemeteries department, while $2000 for public buildings was held up in the lower branch on notice of reconsideration.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400, for storm guards on the Moody street bridge passed both branches.

The mayor's appointments of precinct officers were confirmed with six exceptions, each a case where the mayor had substituted a name for that sent in by the chairman of the democratic city committee, the aldermen confirming the original list as submitted.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Chairman Miskella called to order at 8.35 with seven members present, Aldermen Burns and McCluskey absent.

A notice of personal injuries from C. H. Bowers, received in a school yard, was referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

The Yorick club's petition, to have Dutton street macadamized from Moody street to a point where the tracks cross the street and run into corporation property, was referred to the committee on wires.

The petition of the telephone company for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street was then read, and after reading the petition Chairman Miskella said: "If there is no objection the petition will be referred to the committee on wires for its very serious consideration, and they will see that no valuable franchises are given away as they were two years ago."

Alderman Hill asked: "Does that go to the committee for final action?"

"I should hope not," replied Chairman Miskella. "It comes back to the board for final action. I will say, though, for your information, aldermen, that two years ago this board of aldermen gave away franchises that have since been recorded as assets."

The following travers jurors were then drawn by Alderman Gerow: John H. Blessington, 53 Second avenue, foreman; Martin L. Kirkby, 84 Clark street, clerk; John McGovern, 31 Pearl street, driver; William Fury, 126 Adams street, operative.

A number of minor reports and petitions were properly referred.

Councilman Livingston's order for $1400 for storm guards on the Moody street bridge was then read. It was expected that the councilman would provide for guards on both bridges, but he feared that the old Pawtucket bridge might not stand the strain and hence the order only included the Moody street bridge. The order was adopted and the faithful representative of ward seven made happy.

Chairman Miskella, after disposing of another batch of minor matters, took up the mayor's appointment of precinct officers, and Alderman Gallagher moved to lay them on the table temporarily.

Alderman Gallagher then called up his motion to reconsider the vote on the matter of grading Christian street at an expense of $1640, which failed to pass the upper branch at the last meeting. Alderman Gallagher made a brief speech on the needs of the street. The order was then put and all the members present voted for it.

A large grist of sidewalk papers were next attended to after which a recess of 10 minutes was voted.

The democratic members held a conference in the mayor's reception room and upon their return to the chamber the list of precinct officers, appointed by the mayor, was read.

On the question of confirmation Alderman Gallagher presented the exception to the original list as follows: James F. Farrell, ward 1, precinct 2; Bernard A. O'Connor and Thomas D. O'Connell, ward 3, precinct 1; William H. Sheehan, ward 3, precinct 2; Michael Sullivan, ward 9, precinct 2.

The acceptance of the mayor's list with the exception of those names stricken off to make room for the foregoing names was then made unanimous.

The report of the appropriations committee, recommending a loan of $7000 for the city cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for public buildings and schoolhouses, then came up, and Alderman Derby informed the board that he had been unable to find out just what for the $7000 was to be used.

Mr. Derby read the following estimates, which he said were handed to him a short time before: Avenues, $300; barn, $1500; signs, $500; piping and plumbing, $700; manure, $200; grading, $500; payroll, $3000; tools, $312; expenses for horse, $214. He said he had been told that it was the idea of the cemeteries to build a new barn. Mr. Derby said he had been called a "damned fool" by one of the cemetery trustees for inquiring into the details, but that he thought it was his duty nevertheless. The vote in favor of the loan was unanimous.

The public buildings appropriation did not reach the upper board, being held up by a disgruntled councilman. Adjourned at 10.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Councilman Andrew Livingston, Ward Seven's faithful representative, furnished the only business of interest last night when he introduced a joint order for $1400 for storm guards on Moody street bridge. Last spring he introduced a similar order but was told that it was too early in the year, and was advised to let the matter rest until fall. Accordingly, he put in his order last evening and in support of it he said:

"Nearly all of the people who go over this bridge are working people who come from the mills. They have not the slightest protection from the cold blasts of the winter storms. The other bridges have the guards and why should not the long suffering folks of Pawtucketville." He asked for protection for the people, not simply a favor, and would have included the old Pawtucket bridge were it not for the fact that some people question the ability of the present structure to support the guards. The order passed both branches unanimously.

The recent Memorial Day appropriation of $1150, was not enough to meet the expense of the celebration. It was found that $141.91 more was needed and the necessary allowance was advanced by the council.

An invitation from the Highland Council, R. A., to visit the lodge on October 15th next, was unanimously accepted.

The new ordinance by Councilman Pinder was passed favorably upon by the city council. It provides that the chief of police shall be given the power to rope or wire off any streets or part of streets in the city in case of any public demonstration, for the safety of the people.

The report of the appropriations committee recommending $7000 for cemeteries and $2000 for public buildings came up. Both were passed but the public buildings order was held up on reconsideration of Councilman Connors, though the latter offered no expressed objection to the measure.

C. H. Bowers, a small lad, attending the Dover street school, wrote the superintendent of schools to the effect that he fell in the school yard not long ago and sprained his ankle and wanted to complain of the sidewalk. He would be satisfied, he said, if the city repaired the sidewalk. The letter was read and referred to the committee on lands and buildings.

Adjourned to next Tuesday.

BIG FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 413 Middlesex street.

DOMINION LINE TO EUROPE

Fast Twin-Screw Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL

N. England . Oct. 11 | Com'w'lth . Oct. 23
Mayflower . Oct. 8 | N. England . Oct. 29
Columbus . Oct. 15 | Mayflower . Nov. 5

1st class, $50 upwards; 2d class, $32.50; 3d class at low rates.

From Boston TO MEDITERRANEAN DIRECT

AZORES, GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Cambroman . . . . . Oct. 31
Vancouver . . . . Oct. 10, Nov. 21

1st class, $70 upwards; 2d class, $50.

Company's Office, 77 State St. Boston, or Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, H. F. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

CUNARD LINE

Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,280 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.
Ivernia sails Nov. 7, Dec. 5.
Ultonia, Oct. 17, Nov. 21, Dec. 26.
Saxonia Oct. 24, Nov. 28.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply ALEXANDER MARTIN, agent, 126 State street, Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton street, Lowell Mass.

J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.

O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.

PHIL. A. WIHEN, 49 Lundberg street, Lowell, Mass.

ANDERS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

Well the name of

"Harrison's"

Town and Country Paint,

and when you need it order by that name.

By doing so you will insure yourself satisfaction and get what you think you are getting.

Good, Pure Paint.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market Street

Home Endorsement

Hundreds of Lowell Citizens Can Tell You all About It

Home endorsement, the public expression of Lowell people, should be evidence beyond dispute for every Lowell reader. Surely the experience of friends and neighbors cheerfully given by them will carry more weight than the utterances of strangers residing in far-away places. Read the following:

Mrs. J. Ring, of 90 Bartlett street, says: "The great value of Doan's Kidney Pills is an established fact. I not only used them myself with most excellent results, but several friends, to whom I recommended them, gave them a trial and they all speak in high praise of them. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s pharmacy and their use benefitted me greatly. I also bought them for a lady friend, something I would not have done had I not confidence in them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Highland Remnant Store

30 PINE STREET

Reorganized and restocked. 10,000 yards of new goods just opened at lower prices than ever before.

Ottoman Waistings, Mercerized Cheviots, Mercerized Sea Island Waistings and Suitings, Madras Shirtings and Ginghams, Silks, Sateens, Outing Flannels and American Prints, etc., over 5000 yards in pound bundles.

Shirt Waist Patterns given free to our customers for next 30 days. Come and see how we do it.

Highland Remnant Store

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itching, Scabby Skin Diseases, Swellings, Carbuncles, Pimples, Scrofula

Permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm. It drives the active Poison in the blood. If you have aches and pains in bones, back and joints, Itching Scabby Skin, Blood feels hot or thin; Swollen Glands, Redness and Bumps on the Skin, Mucus Patch in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples or offensive eruptions; Copper-Colored Spots or Rash on Skin, all run-down, or nervous; Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Carbuncles or Boils, take

Botanic Blood Balm, guaranteed

to cure even the worst and most deep-seated cases where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Heals all sores, stops all aches and pains, reduces all swellings; makes blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition. B. B. B. has cured to stay cured thousands of cases of Blood Poison even after reaching the last stages.

Old Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema

are caused by an awful poisoned condition of the Blood. B. B. B. cures Catarrh, stops Hawking and Spitting; cures Rheumatism, with Aches and Pains; heals all Scabs, Scales, Eruptions, Watery Blisters, with Itching and Scratching of Eczema, by giving a pure, healthy blood supply to affected parts.

Cancer Cured.

Botanic Blood Balm Cures Cancers of all Kinds, Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, ugly Ulcers. It kills the Cancer Poison and heals the Sores or worst Cancer perfectly. If you have a persistent Pimple, Wart, Swelling, Shooting, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer. Many apparently hopeless cases of Cancer cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm

Our Guarantee

Take a large bottle of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) as directed on label, and when the right quantity is taken a cure is certain, sure and lasting. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is

Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens Weak Kidneys and Weak Stomachs, cures Dyspepsia. Sold by all Druggists, $1 per Large Bottle, with complete directions for home cure. SAMPLE SENT FREE by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and special free medical advice, to suit your case, also sent in sealed letter.

Sold in Lowell, Mass., by Ellingwood & Co., corner Merrimack and Central Sts...Call or write...Blood Balm sent by express.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, Phila. Pa.

WOMAN FOUND DEAD

Mrs. Sarah M. Piper Had Been Dead Several Days

The Room Broken Into by Officer Murphy Who Discovered That the Woman Was Dead

Mrs. Sarah M. Piper, a woman about 42 years of age, was found dead in her room, No. 13 Spalding block, at the corner of Central and Prescott streets, last night about eight o'clock. The body was in a bad state of decomposition when found and would indicate that death had occurred several days ago. In all probability death was due to apoplexy, and it is thought that Mrs. Piper passed away sometime Sunday afternoon or evening.

The ghastly find was made by Special Officer J. F. Murphy, who patrols the building. For several days past he has noticed that the gas was lighted in Mrs. Piper's room, but did not think this very strange until yesterday he noticed that a hand bag had been hanging on the door knob of her room all day. Officer Murphy generally sees Mrs. Piper about the building some time during the day, and as the last time he saw her was Sunday afternoon he thought that there must be something wrong.

When Mrs. Piper did not put in an appearance yesterday and as the hand bag had not been disturbed, he knocked on the door, but receiving no response he procured a ladder and placing it against the door climbed up and looked through the transom over the door. The sight which met his eyes was a ghastly one. The body of Mrs. Piper was stretched out on the floor, but a few feet from the door, the face being quite black. Officer Murphy rushed down the stairs into Central street and meeting Inspector Brown informed him of the finding of Mrs. Piper's body.

Accompanied by Officer Burke and Inspector Brown he went up stairs to the room occupied by Mrs. Piper and succeeded in removing a pane of glass in the door. The key was turned and the door unlocked, but the officers found it a rather difficult matter to get into the room without disturbing the body, as it was stretched out close to the door.

The officers finally got into the room and found Mrs. Piper lying on her right side with one hand over her heart and the other stretched out on a sofa pillow which was on the floor nearby. A valuable gold bracelet was on the wrist of the left hand. The odor indicated that decomposition had set in.

In the room were two bird cages which were well stocked with food, but the birds were almost dead from suffocation, as the air in the room was stifling owing to the fumes from the body and on account of the windows being closed.

In conversation with a reporter Mr. Murphy stated that he saw Mrs. Piper alive for the last time Sunday afternoon. She was standing in the doorway of her room at the time and had a short conversation with him. Since that time none of the occupants of the building has seen her.

Letters which were discovered furnished the information that the woman was the wife of Charles A. Piper, a hotel keeper in Derry, N. H., but that husband and wife had been living apart for some time. They were married in Lowell in 1888. Capt. Kew notified the Derry police of the facts and it is probable that Mr. Piper will come to Lowell today to take charge of the body.

The woman had left orders with Mr. McKeown of the Concord Express company to call at her room for an empty case of ale bottles on Tuesday. If the curtain was down he was to take that as a signal to come after the case. She had also ordered another case to replace the empty one. The expressman saw the curtain down yesterday and went up to her room as ordered, but could not arouse anybody.

The body was removed to the warerooms of Undertaker Brooks in Market street, where Medical Examiner Irish viewed it. In all probability the cause of death was from apoplexy, but Dr. Irish has not yet signed the return.

"CHALK TALK"

AT THE IMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH.

At the regular meeting of the Junior Endeavor society of the Immanuel Baptist church last night, Rev. Ralph Gillom gave an interesting "chalk talk" on "The Little Maid" in the incident of "Naaman the Leper," which was greatly enjoyed by the young people.

The society has started out with much earnestness and enthusiasm at the opening of the campaign. At the recent semi-annual election of officers the following young people were chosen for the respective offices: President, Maud Cates; vice president, Gertrude Tallant; secretary, Caroline Pauly; treasurer, Ethel Estabrook.

THE FUN IS ON.

Monday Oct. 12th, J. S. Banford Co. will open their new store at the old stand, 198 and 200 Merrimack street. Black dress goods and laces will be our specialties. Our Black goods are all new and if you want a good, up-to-date dress, come here. All next week we offer a handsome souvenir with all $5 purchases. They are pretty and worth from 50c to $1.00. Be on hand Monday.

ON PAYING BASIS

Edson Cemetery Will Soon be Placed

WELCOME NEWS FOR APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

At Its Fall Meeting Last Night

The appropriations committee met yesterday afternoon and heard for the first time in years an encouraging statement from the cemetery trustees, for the trustees have turned $21,600 into the city treasury this year and have $3000 outstanding.

The committee after hearing the trustees and Supt. Conlon of the public buildings department voted to recommend a loan of $7000 for the cemeteries and an appropriation of $2000 for buildings.

Chairman Derby called to order at 4.30 with five members present and after the reading of the customary communications from the city auditor, Supt. Conlon appeared before the committee.

The latter informed the committee that there were $7 left from the appropriation for public buildings and $20 from the appropriation for schools. He said that $1000 had been spent at the time of the explosion, for repairs. That amount was taken out of the school house appropriation.

Mr. Conlon stated that boilers had been condemned and that a separate appropriation would be needed for them.

Mr. Hilliard wanted to know how Mr. Conlon happened to have spent all of his appropriation.

The appropriation given his department, at the beginning of the year was $15,596.

In response to Councilman Welch's inquiry Supt Conlon stated that the cost of repairing that portion of Huntington hall which fell in came out of the public buildings appropriation and this was $200 more than was figured in at the beginning of the year when the appropriations were made.

Mr. Conlon was then excused.

The cemetery trustees asked for $3000 more and claimed that the city treasurer has received $200 or $1000 more of late than it ever received before.

Mr. Stevens of the cemetery trustees appeared before the committee and said: "Gentlemen, I made the statement that the cemetery can be made a source of income to the city rather than an expense and that the trustees intend to make it so?"

Mr. Stevens said that the trustees wanted money to build a new barn. The barn was built by the city on leased land owned by Mr. Clark, the former superintendent. The lease has run out and Mr. Clark refuses to give the city a new lease and hence the trustees may lose their barn at any time.

In reply to a question by Councilman Welch, Mr. Stevens said that it was his ambition to make the strip of land owned by the city in the rear of the cemetery (17 acres) a burial place, although Mr. Clark had previously told the committee that the land was no good for burial purposes. This land he said had been used by the cemetery trustees this year for top dressing and filling and he believed that it should be planted with grass seed and used for sods.

"But," said Mr. Stevens, "I am not interested in any new cemetery. I only want to see the present Edson cemetery beautified and put on a paying basis and I want to get off the trustees as soon as I can. I have had about enough of it, although I like notoriety that way. I don't give a damn what they say about me, only I am going to see that the city is protected financially while I am on the trustees."

"The trustees ask for $3,000," began Mr. Derby.

"Not to my knowledge," said Mr. Stevens. "I don't know anything about any $3000. We wanted a new barn and some lots graded, but no amount was fixed to my knowledge. I came here to ask for a new barn and the grading of the lots and I want to ask another thing as a matter of justice, man to man. The superintendent has the best kind of laborers and they get only $1.37 a day and they should get $1.75."

Mr. Stevens was excused shortly afterward and Supt. Wotton, armed with a lot of figures, was called.

CEMETERY NEEDS.

Mr. Wotton made a warm opening, stating that the trustees' estimate of the cost of a new barn and other repairs is $7262. The department, he said, had turned into the city this year $14,556.67 for deeds, work, etc. They had turned in $950 for perpetual care and were entitled furthermore to $1050 interest on the perpetual care fund, and $1010 from undertakers and the pauper department for opening graves. The total income of the cemetery department was $24,600. The original appropriation was $7900, and this has been somewhat overrun. Now the trustees ask for $7262, making the total appropriation considerably under the amount of the income.

Alderman Derby didn't believe that the collection of old bills for deeds was income. "An income," said Mr. Derby, "is money that comes in yearly."

Mr. Wotton said that all the money given to the department for grading and the like would be turned back into the city treasury.

Mr. Mountford, secretary of the trustees, was then called and he had the affairs of the department at his tongue's end and set the committee right with regard to cemetery affairs. The $3000 order, he said, was merely an estimate and when the figures were inserted he was under the impression that they could be changed by the committee. After explaining the other needs of the department, he stated that the $7262 asked for, included a raise in pay to $1.75 per day. He said that the men worked nine hours a day for $1.37 and that they would be willing to continue the nine-hour day for $1.75.

"Why don't you put them on eight hours per day?" asked Councilman Welch.

"I am willing," replied Mr. Mountford, "though it is hard, owing to the uncertain nature of the work."

"When you go back you had better rearrange your time schedule so as to put your men on eight hours. They have hard work," was Councilman Welch's parting injunction to the trustees as they were excused.

The orders before the committee were then taken up and Councilman Welch moved that the order transferring $2000 from the general treasury fund to be placed, $1000 to school house sundries and $1000 to the public buildings department.

Councilman Welch said that the department had been run very economically this year when compared with other years.

Alderman Gerow of the lands and buildings stated that he did not know how much it cost other years but he did know that the department had got along as cheap as any other department.

Councilman Hilliard said that he thought the committee should go slow, not in the lands and buildings department alone, but in all departments.

"Suppose the departments need more money to move along with?" asked Alderman Gerow.

"Don't give them any money," said Mr. Hilliard.

"Then they will lay dead," said the alderman.

"Let them lay," said Mr. Hilliard.

Mr. Welch believed in conducting the city departments properly and asked Mr. Hilliard if he was crying economy on account of no license.

"No, I don't consider that because I am a no license man," said Mr. Hilliard. "I believe that the loss of revenue from license money means a good deal to the city," said Mr. Derby.

It was then voted to recommend the order.

On the cemetery trustees' order Councilman Adams moved that a loan of $7000 be recommended. The motion passed unanimously.

Adjourned at 5.40 o'clock.

CHEATED

The merchant who pays for advertising and doesn't get it, cries out that advertising doesn't pay. He is wrong. Advertising pays if you get it. If you pay for any commodity that is never delivered, you lose money on it, just the same as you lose on advertising that you pay for but never get.

When merchants learn to buy their advertising space in the newspapers as they buy their merchandise—by measure and weight, it will pay them. Buy space by the inch per thousand of circulation and see that you get what you pay for. Then you will never be cheated in advertising and it will pay you. The Sun will give you more advertising for your money than any other paper in Lowell. It is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

COLLISION WITH CAR

TEAM DAMAGED ON MIDDLESEX STREET YESTERDAY.

There was considerable excitement in Middlesex street, near Post Office avenue, yesterday afternoon, about five o'clock, when an inbound Middlesex street car collided with a wagon belonging to the Lowell Packing & Provision Co., which was coming through the avenue.

The wagon and the car came together in such a manner that it was found very difficult to disentangle them. The horse was taken out of the shafts and the power on the car was reversed, releasing the wagon. When the power was reversed the car went back with a jerk and threw the conductor off the rear platform, but he escaped with a few scratches.

MEETING OF COMPANY G.

The regular meeting of Company G was held last night in their rooms at the state armory. One new member was admitted to membership. Arrangements were also made for a complimentary dance next month.

PLEASANT SOCIAL

HELD AT THE C. Y. M. L. HEADQUARTERS.

The winter table, connected with the Harvest festival, which is to be conducted by the C. Y. M. L. of St. Patrick's church, held a social last evening in their hall in Suffolk street. There was a good sized attendance and dancing was enjoyed during the evening.

IN AYER COURT

GEORGE NORCROSS CHARGED WITH ILLEGAL SELLING.

In the police court at Ayer Monday, George Norcross was charged with illegally selling liquor. He was arrested at Graniteville Monday.

When asked to plead to the charge of illegal selling the prisoner said he would as yet be unable to plead either guilty or not guilty, as he had not consulted with his lawyer on the matter. On the charge of keeping a nuisance he pleaded not guilty. The case was continued to Saturday.

NORTH BILLERICA.

The Republican club held its semi-annual meeting Monday evening for the ensuing six months, the following being the officers elected:

President, Richard Perry; first vice-president, William Chambers; second vice-president, William Wainright; secretary, D. J. MacDonald; treasurer, J. Thomas Whitehead; executive committee, William McBride, Thomas A. Ellis, Harry G. Sheldon; auditing committee, George H. Perry, Charles Irish and Charles S. Maxwell.

A well attended meeting of the Fr. Mathew Total Abstinence society was held last night in their rooms on Lowell street. Plans were discussed for the anniversary, which will take place on Saturday, Nov. 14. The following committee will have charge of the affair:

James J. Campbell, Edward A. Morris, Edward Riley, Fred Gannon, John Hughes, Frank Hannon, John Bradley, Daniel Twomey, Carrol Delehanty, Joseph O'Toole and Neal Mahoney.

CARDERS UNION MET.

The Carders' union met last evening in McCarthy's block in Palmer street. Twelve members were initiated and 15 applications received. The union has decided to hold a ball on the 23d of October and the following officers have been appointed: General manager, Edward McKeon; assistant general manager, Miss Mary E. Sheridan; floor director, Thomas P. Carthy; assistant floor director, Miss Mary Comiskey; chief aid, John Mullarkey. Arthur Simpson was named as chairman of the reception committee, with a number of aids. All appointments were made by acclamation.

An Expert Druggist's Opinion

Mr. Milton C. Brigham, a prominent druggist of Natick, Mass., states, after having used U-ri-cene, the new Rheumatism Cure: "Without exaggeration I consider U-ri-cene far superior to any Rheumatic Remedy, imported or domestic, for neutralizing uric acid. I am constantly using it, and am receiving much benefit."

U-ri-cene Tablets are guaranteed effective or your money refunded. For sale at leading drug stores everywhere or by mail postpaid upon receipt of price, 50c.

The Woodbury Chemical Co.,
107 Summer Street.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

NO WITCHCRAFT

in Sunlight, though Mrs. A. B. Jones, of 20 9th St., Providence, R. I., says of it: "That there must be witchcraft in Sunlight Soap, for the dirt just seemed to fall out of the clothes." Work in the Sunlight way by using

Sunlight

Costs no more than common soaps — Only Five Cents.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR LAUNDRY SHAPE

Music You'll Enjoy

If you'll only get the right basis for it. We offer the leading and best makes of pianos that have tone and character. They'll hold for years and always satisfy.

If You're Looking

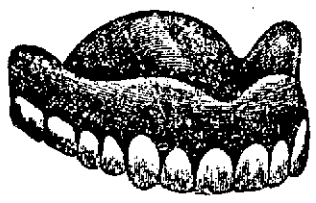
for something that will be a pleasure to you and to your friends, remember here is the right place to find it.

M. Steinert & Sons Co.

130 MERRIMACK STREET

The Most Reliable Piano House.
All the Latest and Most Popular Sheet Music.

TEETH



OUR RULE—PERFECT WORK, PAINLESS PROCESS, POPULAR PRICES.

Patrons ordering a

SET OF BEST TEETH

Will be given a Gold Crown or two Gold Fillings FREE.

GOLD CROWNS .....$3.00 to $5.00
GOLD FILLINGS $1.00
SILVER FILLINGS 50c

HOURS—8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS, Rooms 16-17-18-19 Runels Bldg., Lowell, Mass.

After Baby Comes

there is nourishment for both convalescent mother and nursing child in

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S *Malt-Nutrine* TRADE MARK.

It is an already digested food easily retained by the most delicate stomach.

It restores health and strength—supplies the nutriment needed—builds flesh and tissue.

A real malt extract—not an intoxicant; contains less than 2 % of alcohol.

All druggists sell it. Prepared by the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Cremo is a cigar of invariable goodness that is sold in every town and at the *one price* of 5 cents. Any one that sells it for less does so with the endeavor to reflect on Cremo quality at the cost of profit.

The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

COAL PRICES REDUCED

At prices quoted below we are selling the best quality that can be bought of freshly mined coal. Thoroughly screened.

All Sizes . . . . $6.75 Per Ton
No. 2 Nut . . . . $6.00 Per Ton
Coke $5.00 Chaldron . $2.50 Half Chaldron

DRY BOBBIN WOOD

5 Baskets $1.00

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

LOWELL COAL CO.

43 Central Street 15 Thorndike Street

A Character Study of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria

IT is difficult to strike a balance between the good and the glaringly reprehensible traits of character of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who is just now perhaps the most talked of man in Europe. He is a queer mixture of weakness and strength, of candor and treachery, of bravery and cowardice.

That he is brave seems to be conceded, for in his private life he has done many things from which any but a thoroughly courageous man or a fool would shrink. It is also true that the consuming ambition of his life is to go down in history as the best ruler Bulgaria has ever known. His idea of the means to that end is to be summed up in the two words "territorial aggrandizement." Alexander, his predecessor, was a good soldier; many declared him a military genius. He added to the territory of Bulgaria, and Ferdinand would die happy if he could do so with the knowledge that his country had grown in area under his administration more than under that of Alexander.

But that Ferdinand is also a coward was most fully demonstrated recently by his precipitate flight from his palace in Sofia. News had been brought to him that he was to be assassinated. He doubtless had the fate of his neighbor, Alexander of Servia, in mind, and he fled incontinently. From one city to another he wandered, afraid evidently to return to Sofia. Meanwhile his country had reached a point in her relations with Turkey when an open declaration of war would have ensued, but that Turkey was unwilling thus to dignify a vassal state like Bulgaria. Ferdinand was anxious to be at the head of his armies, for at last there was a chance of the fulfillment of his dream of years—the acquisition of territory, more particularly that of Macedonia, on whose account the difficulty with the sultan was ostensibly begun. But he was afraid to go back; of that there can be no doubt. At last, spurred on by his advisers and probably greatly influenced by the fact that all talk of plotting against the government had been effectually silenced by the danger threatening from outside, he returned to Sofia, but not, it is said, until his mother had exacted from the king of England a promise to keep a war ship within easy reach of her son.

Ferdinand is noted among the members of his official household for his absolute candor in discussing even the most trivial matters, and yet there is ample evidence of his treachery to those whom he has used to further his purposes. For instance, there recently died in Budapest a man named Philip Waldapfel, who after the abdication of Alexander devoted time and money toward making Ferdinand prince of Bulgaria. Toward Waldapfel Ferdinand's conduct was as despicable as can be imagined. When Alexander abdicated, Ferdinand employed Waldapfel to direct a propaganda having for its purpose Ferdinand's selection as Alexander's successor. Immediately thereafter the papers were filled with stories of Ferdinand's fitness for the vacant post. Waldapfel spent a good deal of money in visiting persons supposed to have influence in Bulgaria. When Ferdinand had become the ruler of Bulgaria, Waldapfel, his erstwhile press agent, modestly sent him a bill amounting to about $5,000 for actual expenses. Ferdinand casually sent him a check for $600. Waldapfel was infuriated and went to Sofia to press his claim. But Ferdinand made it so hot for him that he was obliged to leave after having in despair expressed his willingness to compromise for $2,000. Ferdinand refusing, suits were begun in the Austro-Hungarian courts.

The most damaging disclosures were made concerning Ferdinand, but he never paid, and finally succeeded in bringing about Waldapfel's arrest on a charge of conspiracy to get hold of the fortune of a very rich elderly widow, Mrs. Rucker of Vienna. The charge was baseless, and Waldapfel was discharged from custody. Ferdinand evidently concluded at this time that something would have to be done, for shortly after Waldapfel removed to Budapest, where he went into the real estate business. He had very few clients, but seemed to enjoy a comfortable income, supplied, rumor said, by Ferdinand's mother. After brooding over the heartlessness of the prince for some time Waldapfel was committed to an insane asylum, where he died a short time ago.

Another unsavory episode in the career of Ferdinand was the assassination of Stambuloff, prime minister of Bulgaria. Stambuloff was called for in a carriage, which was stopped after it had proceeded a short distance, and the prime minister was literally hacked to pieces by the hired assassins. Stambuloff's widow had her husband's hands embalmed and has since kept them in a case as object lessons to her children of the treachery of monarchs toward ministers whom they are unable to control and as reminders to her offspring that Ferdinand is their inveterate enemy, who must be reckoned with in the future. It was pretty generally admitted that Ferdinand was at least cognizant of the plot to murder Stambuloff, and it was argued that inasmuch as he did nothing to prevent the consummation of the dastardly scheme he was as guilty as the actual slayers. That made him many enemies in Bulgaria, but as Stambuloff was not overpopular with the classes, no matter how he might have stood with the masses, nothing was done to punish his murderers beyond going through the farce of trying some men whose conviction was impossible and who were, of course, discharged.

Ferdinand added largely to his list of enemies by the wide circulation given to the story that he was at the bottom of the abduction of Miss Stone, the American missionary, by Bulgarian brigands. Attempts to prove that he was in no way concerned in the matter were woeful failures, though his actual advance knowledge of the plan was never clearly demonstrated. But it is a fact that Miss Stone's abductors were high in the confidence of the revolutionary committee and that the money paid for her release was used to spread the propaganda of rebellion against the misrule of Turkey.

Ferdinand's position just now is about as follows: If he can assist Macedonia in putting up such a fight against Turkey that the sultan will either find it inexpedient to prolong the struggle or is prevented by the powers from waging a war of extinction Bulgaria's independence would undoubtedly be proclaimed. Naturally, too, Macedonia would have the Turkish yoke lifted from her already well galled shoulders. But Macedonia is confessedly too weak to be permitted to become an independent monarchy, with all the power for making mischief that that implies. What, then, more likely than that Macedonia should be made a part of Bulgaria? If that were done, of course Ferdinand would be the ruler, for is he not now at the head of the government of Bulgaria? And, besides, he would have achieved his consuming ambition to add to Bulgaria more territory than was added by his predecessor, Alexander.

That is Ferdinand's argument, and it affords an excellent illustration of the superficiality of the man. He assumes that in the event of the merging of Macedonia into Bulgaria he, being the ruler of the latter state, would also necessarily be the king of the greater country. While most persons in Bulgaria are doubtless willing to admit that that would probably be the outcome of a coalition following independence, there are very few so bold as to declare that it would be inevitable. Indeed, the smallest politician in either Bulgaria or Macedonia realizes that Boris Sarafoff is a possibility as king of the country, or, rather, as president, for this wily leader of men now declares that he should never consent to wear a crown and that if the people should insist upon honoring him with the rulership of the country he would accept only on condition that a republic be established. He probably does not mean a word of this, but it sounds well and makes friends of the easily deluded Bulgarians, whose ideas of government are vague almost to the point of nothingness.

It has often been said by travelers and keen political observers that Bulgaria is the most lawless country in the world, and there is little exaggeration in this statement. Brigandage there, while not openly countenanced by the state, is winked at and in many cases indirectly participated in by high local and sometimes even national officials. The code of morals of a country in which such crimes are regarded as commonplaces cannot be very high, and the average Bulgarian's idea of meum et tuum are scandalously vague.

The morals of the people might easily have been improved by a man of force determined to do right at all hazards. But he would have to be free from the enervating effect of a hobby. Ferdinand had his hobby, and instead of attempting to lead his people he permitted himself to be led by them, fearing that conscientious action on his part might interfere with that everlasting hobby of his. It is therefore possible that, as many of her enemies assert, Bulgaria is not exactly fitted for strict self government. Certainly with Ferdinand as king she would not be a model for other nations to follow. But, the Bulgarians argue, nothing can be worse than the present conditions, under which they are obliged actually to pay for the privilege of submitting to misrule, and it is therefore not surprising that any demagogue who pitches his song to the tune of "Separation From Turkey" finds thousands of noisily enthusiastic listeners who really imagine themselves to be in earnest. Still it must be admitted that the worst these demagogues can say—and your true Bulgarian politician is nearly always a demagogue—does not go beyond the facts. Turkey's misrule in Bulgaria has been more irritating than in Macedonia, for there is a feeling of resentment toward Bulgaria because of her semiautonomous condition, and the indignities are therefore rubbed into them a little deeper than into the people of Macedonia, whose helpless condition is accepted as a matter of course.

In spite of his unwillingness to do anything to prejudice his people against him, Ferdinand is forever "making a mess" of things. It has always been to his interest to cultivate the friendship of Russia, but the more he tried to do this the further he found himself away from the friendship zone of the Winter palace. At last he hit upon a brilliant scheme. His son and heir, Boris, was about two years old when Ferdinand caused the announcement to be made that the youngster had "accepted the tenets" of the Greek Catholic church, the official church of Russia. All of the little fellow's relatives are Roman Catholics, and from them, including his mother, and a large section of the Bulgarian public arose a hue and cry which caused Ferdinand to realize that he was not such a great diplomat as he had imagined. But the farce was gone through with to the bitter end, and the princelet was formally received into the Greek Catholic church, the czar sending a prominent representative and a handsome present. He also wrote a letter of congratulation, but letters do not bear arms, and while since then there has been a nominal friendship between Ferdinand and the czar the latter has never done anything to forward the plans of the former. Indeed, in the present trouble with Turkey he has appeared to be totally against Ferdinand. At any rate no act of the czar's has warranted Ferdinand in assuming that in the event of serious trouble he will interpose in behalf of Bulgaria. So that, while Ferdinand by his absurd act concerning the changing of the religion of little Boris has really got nothing from the czar in return, he has unquestionably succeeded in alienating the sympathies of hundreds of thousands of his subjects, who would rather enjoy their monarch's discomfiture so long as no danger threatened from the outside. That is why the pretensions of Sarafoff would be more than an empty sound in the event of Bulgaria's securing complete severance from Turkish domination. Sarafoff is popular with the people, and, though in the opinion of keen observers he is as thorough a demagogue as ever lived, circumstances have never afforded him the opportunity to show the cloven foot.

In addition to his other evidences of incapacity, Ferdinand has succeeded in making his country bankrupt. If her present deplorable financial condition is not directly the result of his mismanagement it may at least be charged against him upon the theory that the wise ruler is he who will permit nothing to occur the authorship of which he would not gladly assume. For several years even the Turks have been unable to collect in full from Bulgaria, and when the Turkish government is unable to collect it is pretty safe to assume that there is nothing to collect. Since 1900 not one cent of the eastern Roumelian tribute, payable by the Bulgarian treasury to the council of administration of the Ottoman public debt at Constantinople and pledged to foreign bondholders, has been paid, and it is only through the financial assistance of Russia that the Bulgarian treasury has been able to pay the interest on the debt contracted in France. Russia finds her advantage in lending money to Bulgaria by exacting 6 and 7 per cent interest and obtaining it in Germany and Holland at 4 per cent., being very careful to secure handsome collateral in the shape of hypothecation of customs revenues and in the obtaining of monopolies of one kind and another, all of which strengthen the Muscovite hold on the unfortunate country. But this sort of thing cannot go on forever. Even Ferdinand recognizes that fact, and it is doubtless one of the many causes which have impelled him to welcome war as a temporary diversion.

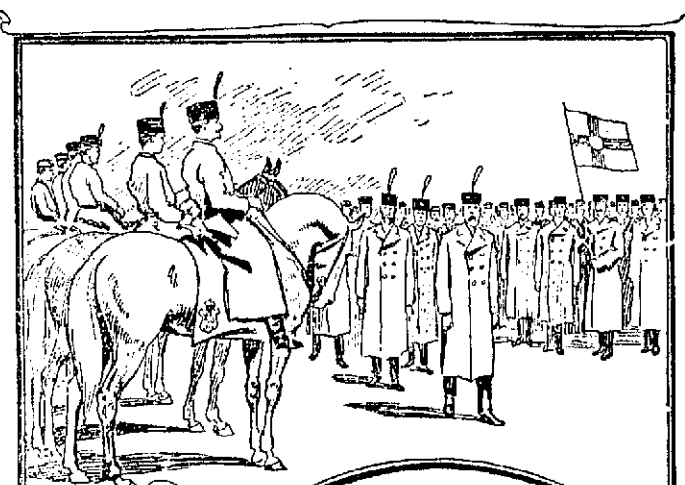
In his personal relations Ferdinand is said to be usually a genial fellow, although when angry he is apt to adapt his rage to the influence of the person who has offended, even here showing that he never has the courage of his convictions. He is generous so far as actual giving is concerned, even though he does not always stop to consider where the money is to come from when the day for settlement shall roll around. He is a fine looking man and socially is very agreeable, alike to men and women. He has never disgraced himself by mingling openly with that class of women who are to be found about every court, women who are supported by the bounty of distant relatives and are not overparticular in the selection of their intimates. Ferdinand is not extravagant in his tastes and spends barely enough money to maintain his dignity as the ruler of a state. He is not much of a sportsman, although he occasionally indulges in hunting in the mountains. Some years ago he was very fond of walking, but since he has been prince of Bulgaria he prefers to ride; walking is so much work. He is credulous to a degree and, like all supercredulous persons, is extremely suspicious. That explains why he has so few men who may be relied upon to support his cause to the death.

Ferdinand's career prior to his advent in Bulgaria is not in any way notable. He was born in February, 1861, his parents being the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg. He was elected ruler of Bulgaria in July, 1887, upon the recommendation of a committee of three appointed to scour Europe in search of an available successor to Alexander, who had abdicated. Six years later Ferdinand married Princess Marie Louise of Bourbon, daughter of the Duke of Parma. She died in 1899, leaving four children. Prince Boris, the heir apparent, is not yet ten years of age; Prince Cyril is eight, and the Princesses Eudoxia and Nadjeda are, respectively, five and four years old.

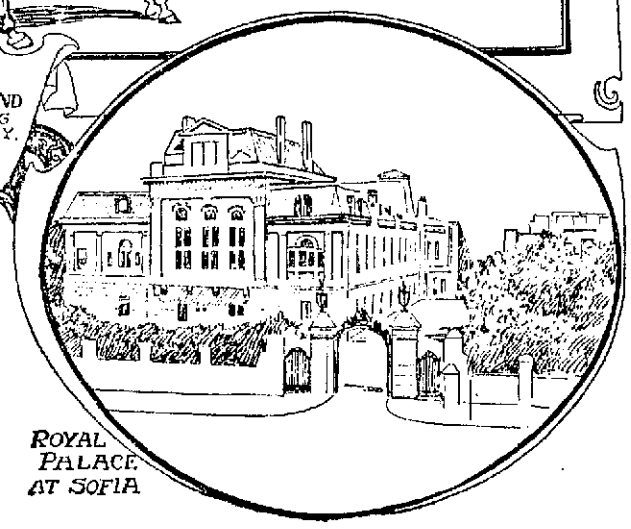
ARTHUR CRISPIN.

PRINCE FERDINAND.

REVOLUTIONISTS FORAGING IN A MACEDONIAN TOWN



PRINCE FERDINAND REVIEWING HIS ARMY.



ROYAL PALACE AT SOFIA

A Mammoth City Extending From Boston to Washington

IMAGINE if you can a city 450 miles in length with a width of from five to ten miles and embracing a population of at least 60,000,000! Never in the history of the world has there been anything approaching such a mammoth municipal organization, and yet in view of conditions developing along the Atlantic seaboard sociologists are freely predicting that within from fifty to seventy-five years the United States will possess just such a city stretching from Boston to Washington and swallowing in its immensity such minor aggregations of humanity as are contained in New York, Philadelphia, Newark, Jersey City, Baltimore, Providence, New London, Stonington, New Haven, Bridgeport, Hartford, Elizabeth, Trenton, Chester, Wilmington and their intermediary connections. The prophecy seems visionary in the extreme, yet those making it advance some very plausible arguments.

They point out, for example, the way in which the various cities and towns comprised in the area named above are yearly growing closer and closer to one another, the villages lying between them being practically suburbs of the larger places. They show further how trolley extension is proceeding on such a gigantic scale that it will not be long before we are able to ride by trolley all the way from Boston to Washington. Today one can ride in trolley cars from Boston to New York with a break of but a few miles. In New Jersey the trolley links town with town in like fashion. Similar conditions prevail in the country around Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore.

All along the route, the prophets argue, may be seen ample signs that the cities are fast eating up what was not so long ago open country. They cite the fact that in the railroad journey from New York to Boston the traveler beholds little but a vivid panorama of flying towns. He scarcely loses sight of the houses and stores of one center before his eyes are greeted by the houses and stores of another. The country is being turned into an almost unbroken line of mansions, villas, tenements, shops, factories, lampposts and electric light and trolley wires. The land unoccupied by buildings is not given up to farms as in the past, but to truck and flower gardens, small pastures, orchards and meadows, and even these are vanishing in the ever greater demand for house lots.

Indeed, it was as much the remarkable growth in population as anything else that first attracted the attention of the scientists who are now planning the colossal city. Between Lynn, Mass., and Mount Vernon, Va., the limits assigned to the coming city by Professor Giddings of Columbia university, who has made a thorough study of the existing conditions, there is a population, according to the last census, of fully 8,500,000, at least 7,500,000 of whom live in twenty cities. If the increase shown in this territory between the years 1890 and 1900 continues at the same average rate for fifty years the total population will be not less than 36,000,000. The chances are, however, that the rate of increase will be much higher than in the decade just cited owing to the increasing attractions of city life and to the fact that immigration from Europe is constantly assuming greater proportions. In view of this the estimated population of the future city at 60,000,000 may well be said to be conservative.

The prophets do not go into detail regarding the solution of the great problems that will inevitably arise if the monster city become a fact. In a rough way they hint what may have to be done and suggest ways of doing it. For instance, there would be the problem of transportation. This they would solve by means of air ships, pneumatic tubes and submarine and supramarine vessels of great speed. They suggest, further, that as a corollary to the development of aerial navigation skyscraper buildings higher than any yet built will inevitably appear, the roofs of the highest being used as landing stages for air ships needing elevated points from which speedily to acquire momentum. Trains will be used to carry heavy freight only; travelers who do not take kindly to air ships being shot in carriages through pneumatic tubes at the rate of 300 miles an hour. Then there will be endless chains of moving sidewalks from New England to Virginia, which will take the place of the present systems of rapid transit. The sidewalks may be built very wide and in parallel strips, each strip moving at a varied speed, so that pedestrians may be carried along at three or sixty miles an hour, as they may elect.

Automobiles of every kind will be in use, but horses will be an absent quantity, save perhaps in the vast system of parks which it is expected will be developed along the seashore and at various inland points as breathing places for the struggling millions.

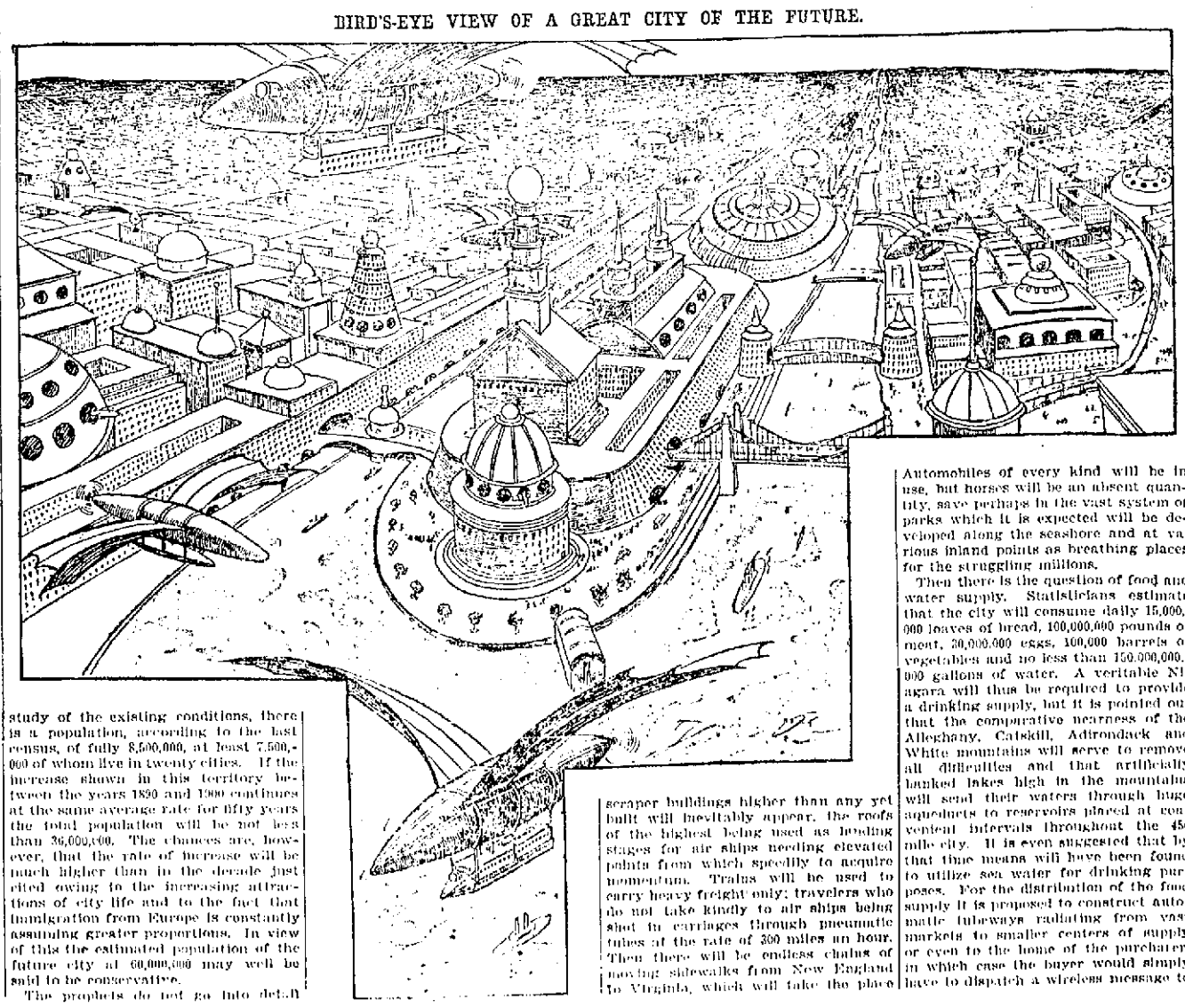
Then there is the question of food and water supply. Statisticians estimate that the city will consume daily 15,000,000 loaves of bread, 100,000,000 pounds of meat, 30,000,000 eggs, 100,000 barrels of vegetables and no less than 150,000,000 gallons of water. A veritable Niagara will thus be required to provide a drinking supply, but it is pointed out that the comparative nearness of the Alleghany, Catskill, Adirondack and White mountains will serve to remove all difficulties and that artificially banked lakes high in the mountains will send their waters through huge aqueducts to reservoirs placed at convenient intervals throughout the 450 mile city. It is even suggested that by that time means will have been found to utilize sea water for drinking purposes. For the distribution of the food supply it is proposed to construct automatic tubeways radiating from vast markets to smaller centers of supply or even to the home of the purchaser, in which case the buyer would simply have to dispatch a wireless message to the central market, and his larder would be replenished in double quick time.

Then there are the purely municipal problems to be answered. The prophets do not venture even to guess at the value of personal property in this stupendous organism, but they estimate that the assessed valuation of real estate will be at least 100 times greater than that of the New York of today, or approximately $385,600,000,000! Think of the amount that will annually accrue to the city from taxation! But the civic expenses will be correspondingly heavy. The seers aver, for instance, that a police force of nearly 300,000 men will be necessary to safeguard life and property. In other words, the city will have to maintain a standing army for its internal defense. There will be 42,000 miles of paved streets to be cleaned and kept in repair, and for this an army of "white wings" will be necessary. Still another army will be required to fight fires. Just how the city shall be governed will be a knotty problem, for it is certain that present methods will have to be modified considerably.

So certain of fulfillment do the sociologists deem their prophecy that they are already beginning seriously to consider the question of naming the city. It has been suggested in some quarters that a fitting name would be Atlantis, in memory of the lost continent lying beneath the mighty ocean on which the newborn colossus will raise its head. Possibly a more appropriate name, however, would be Cosmopolis, for the citizens of foreign birth will be numbered not by the hundreds of thousands, but by the millions. Every nation on earth will be represented, and the new city will thus be the most truly cosmopolitan ever known.

ELI J. MILTON.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF A GREAT CITY OF THE FUTURE.



IS IVY INJURIOUS?

So long as the walls of a building are sound and the bricks or stones, well cemented together, offer no fissures or cracks for the plant to force its way into there is nothing whatever to fear. Should the ivy, however, find an opening and so thrust itself into the wall the natural and continuous expansion of its parts will tend to loosen the stones and hasten the decay of the building.

A fair growth of ivy on sound walls that allow of no advances beyond the superficial attachment of the claspers, or aerial roots, as they are called, is altogether beneficial. It promotes dryness and warmth, counteracts the corrosive action of the atmosphere and is at once a shelter and an ornament.

These aerial roots are not sources of nutrition, but merely serve as mechanical support to the climbing ivy. The contention that they sap the whole of the moisture from mortar, leaving it excessively dry and crumbling, has therefore no foundation in fact.

JAPANESE WEDDING GIFTS.

Japanese wedding presents are not of the practical character favored in Europe, but are chiefly intended to express some suitable sentiment. Thus at a recent native wedding the most prominent gift was a mountain formed of rolls of white and red floss silk, the ends of each roll being tied with particolored twine in hard knots, emblematic of the indissolubility of the marriage tie. The floss silk typified gentle but enduring constancy, the strength of its skeins contrasting with their softness and flexibility. Round the base of the mountain were ornaments of fresh rice straw plaited into the forms of the storks and tortoises of longevity and the pine bamboo and plum of perpetual bloom, while into the loops of the plants were thrust pieces of the dried bonito fish, a favorite accompaniment of wedding presents, its name, katsu wobushi, being a homonym for the three Chinese characters signifying victorious, manly and brave.

THE SHREWD THAKOOR.

Dilatory railway travelers who are in the habit of missing their trains should take a hint from a certain thakoor of Jaipur, who once had important business to transact at Akbarabad, but missed his train on the Rajputana state railway. Nothing daunted, the thakoor gathered up his quilted skirts for a race with the train to the next station, feeling confident he would arrive in time to obtain the vexatious ticket. He was soon ahead, and then knowingly ran in front of the engine between the rails, for he rightly conjectured that it would be manslaughter were he run over. The driver whistled and the stoker shouted, but in vain. At length both driver and stoker jumped off the engine, and, giving chase, caught the breathless thakoor and deposited him in the luggage van. He was fined eight annas (a shilling), a sum considerably less than the cost of a railway ticket, and he caught the train, which was what he wanted.

A TRICK WORTH KNOWING.

Cut a common radish in two, hollow the interior slightly, then rub it gently upon a dinner plate. In a moment you can lift up the radish by the tail and the plate with it, for the plate will adhere as tightly as if the two objects were pasted together. This is known as the "Hercules radish trick."

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
5.43	6.50	6.00	7.07
6.22	7.40	6.30	7.26
e6.39	7.50	7.54	8.54
6.42	7.53	8.25	9.01
6.51	8.02	e9.00	9.85
e7.24	8.10	9.20	9.57
7.31	8.50	e10.00	10.37
7.45	8.35	10.17	11.34
8.50	9.40	e11.30	12.07
9.40	10.40	12.00	12.56
11.00	12.03	e1.00	1.38
e11.43	12.25	1.15	1.52
s12.14	1.03	2.00	3.01
1.40	2.50	e3.00	3.38
e1.56	2.28	3.47	5.00
3.03	4.00	4.14	5.50
e3.47	4.30	e5.00	5.38
4.03	4.45	5.38	6.26
4.25	5.30	5.47	6.54
e5.22	6.15	6.14	7.27
5.44	7.10	e7.30	8.08
e5.22	7.05	e8.30	9.08
e7.19	8.00	10.30	11.34
8.42	9.55	11.20	12.23

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
e5.39	7.50	9.00	10.07
7.24	8.10	1.00	1.57
5.45	9.45	5.00	6.58
8.20	10.12	e7.30	8.08
e4.25	6.30	e8.30	9.08
e5.58	7.00	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
6.50	8.00	7.30	8.34
8.06	8.54	9.25	10.32
9.25	10.39	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.02	12.50	1.08
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.10
12.45	1.57	3.30	4.35
2.30	3.44	4.25	5.45
3.10	4.10	4.50	5.20
3.55	5.04	6.04	7.05
5.00	6.43	6.35	7.45
6.15	7.15	9.30	10.40
7.00	8.00	B11.15	12.15
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.26	12.00	1.03
4.05	5.18	6.00	6.25
5.30	6.55	8.40	9.40
8.45	9.45		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

e Express.

s From Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St. Printer—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

Miss Edith A. Browne is with Mrs. W. F. Courtney, milliner.

Finest Wedding Hacks at O'Donnell's stables, 84 Jefferson street. Tel. 459-4.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF FURNITURE AT KEYES' AUCTION TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

MRS. E. TURNER
PERMANENTLY REMOVES
Superfluous Hair and Moles
61 CENTRAL STREET.
Office Hours 9 to 4.

THE ORIENTAL BAZAAR.

Mr. George E. Trabit, a native of Damascus, respectfully invites you to inspect his new establishment of Eastern Art work, including embroideries, table covers, piano covers, silk draperies Egyptian Zouave jackets and dress trimmings; also crockery, china, jewelry, shoes, caps, etc. In fact the collection comprises rare and valuable pieces from Japan, China, India, Turkey, Persia and Egypt. It is the only store of its kind in Lowell. Patronize home industries. 218 Merrimack street.

BOSTON BEATEN

Collins' Men Made a Great Rally

THREE MEN CROSSED PLATE IN NINTH

Phillippe and Dineen in the Box

By Associated Press to The Sun

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 7.—Boston gave Pittsburg a great scare yesterday and came near winning in the last inning. As it was three runs were scored, making the final figures 5 to 4. Boston had two runs in, three men on bases and only one hand out in the last inning. Farrell was sent in to bat for Criger and had his ball landed safely there would have been trouble indeed, but he hit to Clark and was out, Parent scoring on the play.

Then O'Brien was sent to the bat and two strikes were called on him on the first two balls pitched, after which he went out on an easy fly ball to Ritchey and the game was over. In this inning the Bostons made four of their eight hits.

It was the third consecutive win for Phillippe and he has been in the box in three games out of the four. He was extremely effective up to the last inning, for but four hits were made off his delivery in eight innings and but one man got beyond second base off him up to the last inning. He was superbly supported, a dropped thrown ball by Bransfield being the only fielding error for the National league pennant winners. Boston had high hopes that "Bill" Dineen would win, and although hits were more plentiful off him than off Phillippe, he pitched great ball. An omission that was fatal was his failure to cover first in the seventh inning when Beaumont hit to Lachance.

Beaumont afterward scored. Boston played finely, the only error was Dougherty's fumble off Phillippe. At that the play at second was very close. Both Ferris and Parent appealed to Umpire Connolly for an out but were denied.

Beaumont, Leach and Wagner were very much in the game with their sticks. Beaumont made his first hits in the series and made up for lost time. Leach did extremely effective work and Wagner drove in what proved to be the winning run by a fly to short centre that Stahl could not reach. Stahl was the only one of the Bostons who managed to get more than one hit.

It was a regular nip and tuck game up to the seventh inning, the score then standing 2 runs to 1.

The score by innings:

Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	—4

Earned runs—Pittsburg 5, Boston 2. Three-base hits—Beaumont, Leach. Stolen bases—Wagner. Double plays—Ritchey and Bransfield, Criger and Parent. First base on balls—Off Dineen 1. Struck by Phillippe 1, by Dineen 7. Time—1h. 30m. Umpires—O'Day and Connolly. Attendance—7600.

C. F. KEYES - - Auctioneer
OFFICE, OLD B. & M. STATION, GREEN ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Thursday, Oct. 8, 1903, at 1.30 o'clock

AN ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF THE CONTENTS OF TWO HOUSES AT KEYES' AUCTION. THE FURNITURE CONSISTS OF PARLOR SUITS, PIANO, SIDEBOARD, BEDDING, ODD CHAIRS, 3 PARLOR STOVES, ONE INVALID'S CHAIR (RUBBER TIRE, ALMOST NEW), 3 OAK CHAMBER SETS, ONE VERY HANDSOME SIDEBOARD, CUSTOM-MADE, COST $125.00. THE GOODS WILL BE ON EXHIBITION AFTER WEDNESDAY EVENING. THE SALE COMMENCES AT 1.30 SHARP ON THURSDAY, AND EVERYTHING WILL BE SOLD FOR JUST WHAT IT WILL BRING, AS I TAKE NO FURNITURE ON LIMIT.

Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1903, at 3.30 o'clock

A FOUR-TENEMENT HOUSE CONTAINING 20 ROOMS AND ABOUT 2700 SQUARE FEET OF LAND AT NOS. 4 AND 5 BROUGHTON AVENUE, CENTRALVILLE.

The house consists of four tenements, two tenements of four rooms each and two tenements of six rooms. It has the best of sewerage, water closet in cellar, and with little care and attention this property would pay a very large percentage on the amount it will be purchased for. It is always rented for $5.50 a week.

Broughton avenue runs from Lakeview avenue to Front street and is in an excellent neighborhood for small tenements.

As I have not the time to care for property, I have made up my mind to dispose of it on the day advertised, regardless of the weather, for the best bid.

TERMS: $200 must be paid as soon as the property is struck off. Make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneer, who has full charge.

Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1903, at 4 o'clock

A VERY CHOICE BUILDING LOT AT THE CORNER OF WESTFORD AND GIBSON STREETS. THE LOT HAS A FRONTAGE OF 55 FEET ON WESTFORD STREET AND ABOUT 100 FEET ON GIBSON STREET. IT CERTAINLY ADDS GREAT VALUE TO THIS PARCEL BEING A CORNER LOT. IT IS ALSO RIGHT IN THE LOCATION OF MANY BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCES. IF YOU WANT TO LOCATE IN THE HIGHLANDS, YOU WOULD DO WELL TO GIVE YOUR ATTENTION TO THIS SALE, AS IT WILL POSITIVELY BE SOLD ON THE DAY ABOVE ADVERTISED.

TERMS: $150 must be paid as soon as the property is struck off. Make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneer.

C. F. KEYES, in charge.

GIRL STRIKERS

Started Street Riot in New York

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Twenty-five striking girl rag sorters, formerly employed in the factory of Steinberg Brothers, in First street, made an attack upon the fifteen girls who were employed in their places as the latter were about to enter the factory early today.

Encouraged by 1,000 spectators, the rioting girls tore the clothing of the workers and pummelled them with their fists.

All the windows in the front of the building were broken by missiles thrown by the combatants. A man who tried to protect the working girls, was struck on the head with a brick and after being rescued from the rescuers by the police, sent to the hospital and the police reserves were summoned, but two policemen had quelled the disturbers before the reserves arrived.

One girl, said to be the ring leader, was arrested. The strikers had been out three weeks.

MARY G. HARRINGTON
VIOLIN
Residence, 110 Fremont Street. Room 9, Old City Hall Building

Miss Nano M. Gallagher
VOICE CULTURE
will receive a limited number of pupils at residence.
26 Lawrence Street

Wilfred Kershaw
(Organist at St. John's Church.)
TEACHER OF PIANO
ROOM 27, ASSOCIATE BLDG.
WEDNESDAYS FROM 2 TILL 7 P. M.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
320, 322, 324 Market St.
Personal attention given to every detail. Funeral chapel, also morgue, connected with this establishment Tel. 489-3.

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Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
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1024 CENTRAL STREET.

CHALIFOUX'S "CHALLENGE SALE"

A Profound Success

How could it be otherwise? What man of good, sound judgment could resist such values as we advertise in this "Challenge Sale?"

Entire Stock Marked at Challenge Prices

We challenge any Clothing or Shoe House in New England to duplicate our goods and our prices at the same time. This may sound big. It does, but we will back it up by delivering the merchandise.

Buy Here and You'll Save From 20 to 50 Per Cent.

Here are a few of the cut prices to give you an idea of what's going on:

The Most Liberal Clothing Offer Ever Made at any Time

$10.00 Warranted All Wool, Black Cheviot Suits, all sizes. Challenge sale price..... $6.00

$10.00 Fine Scotch Mixed Suits. Challenge sale price..... $7.00

$12.00 Handsome Scotch Cheviot Suits, "Coburn cut." Challenge sale price $8.00

$15.00 Extra Nobby Fancy Cheviot, plain Black Thibet and Fancy Worsted Suits, made by "Jour" tailors. Challenge sale price $10.00

$18.00 Suits, the "Lafayette," in beautiful fancy cheviots. Challenge sale price..... $12.00

$20.00 Fancy Overplaid Mixed Suits, hand finished collars, perfect fitting neck and shoulders. Challenge sale price.....$15.00

$22.00 "Donegal" Scotch Mixed Cheviot Suits, finished in the best possible manner. Challenge sale price $16.00

$25, $30 and $35 Suits made and trimmed better than average custom tailor work. Challenge sale prices .....$20.00, $22.00 and $25.00

Double Breasted Suits, in Black Cheviot, Scotch Mixtures and Fancy Worsteds, made with long roll, narrow, graceful lapel, prices $8.00 to $18.00

An Unprecedented Sale in Fall Underwear

42c Men's Fleece Winter Underwear. Challenge sale price.... 23c

50c Men's Derby Ribbed Fleeced Winter Underwear. Challenge sale price 29c

50c Extra Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear. Challenge sale price. 33c

69c Men's Natural Wool, Camel's Hair Underwear. Challenge sale price 45c

69c Heavy Jersey Ribbed Underwear, superior finish, blue, black, brown and bolbriggan color. Challenge sale price..... 45c

69c Double Breasted, Heavy Fleeced Underwear. Challenge sale price 45c

75c Blue Centaurwool Ribbed Underwear. Challenge sale price..48c

$1.00 Wright's Sanitary Fleeced wear, slightly soiled. Challenge sale price $1.00

$1.50 Lamb's White Wool Underwear. Challenge sale price...$1.00

$1.50 Fine Wool, Scarlet Medicated Underwear. Challenge sale price $1.00

$2.00 Men's Mottled Sanitary Wool Underwear, double breasted. Challenge sale price.....$1.69

Boys' Underwear

38c Boys' Fleeced Underwear. Challenge sale price..... 23c

$1.00 Boys' Worsted Sweaters. Challenge sale price..... 50c

$1.50 Boys' Striped Sweaters, all colors. Challenge sale price.... 95c

Stirring Values in Fashionable Footwear

OUR $2.00 "Frazer Shoes" for men, in velour, viel enamel, patent colt and box calf, calf lined, in all the latest lasts, are equal in wear and style to any $3.50 shoes sold elsewhere.

OUR $1.98 Men's Shoes, in box calf, velour and viel kid, lace, and blucher cut, heavy double and light soles, are equal to $3.00 shoes sold elsewhere.

Ladies' Shoes

$2.00 Ladies' dongola and box calf, heavy and single soles. Challenge sale price.....$1.49

$3.00 Ladies' viel, velour, box calf, and patent colt, heavy and light soles, lace and blucher, also Cuban heels. Challenge sale price...$1.97

$4.00 Ladies' warranted patent colt, made on the very latest last, button, lace and blucher, also Cuban heels. Challenge sale price $3.00

Children's Suits

Handsome Red and Blue Serge Sailor Suits, beautifully trimmed, at.....$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 and $4.00

$5.00 Norfolk Blue Cheviot Suits, sizes 4 to 15 years. Challenge sale price $1.50

$3.00 Norfolk Cheviot Suits, sizes 8 to 15, in neat mixtures. Challenge sale price.....$2.00

$4.00 and $5.00 Norfolk Suits, in handsome Scotch cheviot and cassimeres. Challenge sale prices $3.00 and $4.00

Style, Quality and Economy never stood out so boldly as they do in our present "Challenge Sale."

J. L. CHALIFOUX
47 to 59 Central Street

Lowell, Wednesday, Oct. 7, 1903

A. G. Pollard & Co.

At Our Clearing Out Sale

In the Garment Section Which Begins

Tomorrow Morning

We offer the most extraordinary low prices ever seen in this city. Read the list through thoroughly—you'll find every item one of the greatest money values.

LADIES' SUITS

In making the closing-out prices for our last season's suits, we have marked them so low that the prices make the skirts—which are always good style—bargains themselves.

We offer 20 Ladies' Suits, made from cheviots, fancy mixtures and etamines, worth from $10 to $25, at only **$5 Each**

We offer 10 Ladies' Suits, made from blue and black cheviots and etamines, worth from $25 to $43, at only **$12.50 Each**

LADIES' JACKETS

You may have your choice from the lot of six Jackets for only **$5.00**

One Black Silk Blouse, was $12.75; one Broadcloth, was $13.75; four Covert Cloth Coats, were $10.00 each.

LADIES' DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS

We offer 21 Skirts, finely tailored, made from blue and black mohair, etamines, cheviot, broadcloths, and three Velvet Skirts that have been from $7.50 to $15.00, at only **$5 Each**

Also 16 Dress and Walking Skirts, mohairs, cheviots and novelties, worth from $5.00 to $7.98 each, at only **$3.98 Each**

Two Silk Velvet Skirts, one a gun metal shade, the other a very handsome bluette, have been $26.50, at only **$10 Each**

LADIES' SHIRT WAIST SUITS

There are eight Suits here—your choice for only **$1.19**

Five Muslins, two Piques, one Gingham. They have been $3.98 to $5.50.

SHIRT WAISTS

Just the thing to wear for the next couple of months with the heavy suits and in the house. Here are about five dozen Lawn and Linen Waists that have been from $1.98 to $5.50, only **98c. Each**

Also eight dozen Shirt Waists, made from Lawns, Piques, Ginghams, etc., were 98c to $1.50, only **49c. Each**

SILK PETTICOATS

For $4.50 Each—We offer a half dozen last spring Petticoats that were $6.98 each, black and colors.

For $5.50— There are four colored and three black skirts, were $7.00 to $10.00 each.

LADIES' LONG WINTER COATS

We offer these heavy warm coats at much below the cost prices. 30 Coats made from Kerseys, Oxfords, Greys and Heavy Novelty Cloths; they once sold from $7.50 to $15.00, only **$5 Each**

Also 12 finer Coats, worth from $15.00 to $25.00, are offered at only **$7.50 Each**

LADIES' THREE-QUARTER COATS

At only $5.00 Each—We have four coats—one black, one brown, one castor kersey, and one oxford, marked $10.00 to $20.00.

LADIES' SMALL COATS

Some Misses' sizes among this lot, 13 in all, made from castor, kerseys and fancy cloths, have been $7.50 to $14.75, only **$3.98 Each**

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL COATS

We have 10 in the three-quarter length, handsome coats, that have been $3.98 to $6.50, your choice only **$1.98 Each**

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS

Thirty-four Wrappers, made from Lawns and Percales, odd sizes that have been 98c and $1.25, only **49c. Each**

FINE DRESS WAISTS

Four White Japanese Silk Waists, were $3.98 each, only **$1.49 Each**

Thirteen White Silk and Chiffon and Lace Waists, have been from $7.98 to $16.75, only **$5 Each**

Six Fancy Mercerized Cheviot Waists, with fagoted yoke and sleeves, were $5.49, only **$2.98 Each**

BLACK SILK WAISTS

We have 12 Black Peau de Soie Silk Waists, were $5.50 and $6.49, **$4.50 Each**

Also 12 Black Peau de Soie and Black and White, were $7.50 and $8.50, for only **$5.98 Each**

KIMONAS, ETC.

Ten Flannelette Kimonas, have been 49c and 75c each, only **39c. Each**

One French Flannel, full length Kimona, with green silk trimming, was $12.50, only **$5.00**

One Japanese Silk Long Kimona, was $10.00, only **$5.00**

Two Short Japanese Kimonas, were $6.00, for **$2.98 Each**

Sale Tomorrow Morning, East Section, Second Floor